"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair to-day, preceded by showers in the morning; fair to-morrow; light to moderate winds.
☞ For full weather report see Page 18.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,913. * * * NEW YORK, THURSDAY, AUGUST 1, 1912.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. } Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

WILSON FAVORS SLOW REVISION

Opposes Sweeping Reductions That Would Upset Business Men's Calculations.

FOR YEARLY TARIFF CUTS

For Example, 5 Per Cent. Off a Year for Four Years for a 20 Per Cent. Decrease.

SPEECH DELIGHTS REDFIELD

Democrats Pleased by Jersey Bull Moose Movement, Expecting Big Gains by Republican Split.

Special to The New York Times.

SEA GIRT, N. J., July 31.—Stenographers working under the direction of Gov. Wilson completed to-day the task of writing out a preliminary draft of the ,000-word speech the Governor will deliver when he is formally notified on Aug. that he is the Democratic nominee for President.

The speech greatly pleased Congressman William C. Redfield, who came up from Washington just in time to be the first visitor to see the completed draft. Mr. Redfield was especially delighted because reform in tariff schedules was urged upon so slow and considerate a basis that business men would view the changes with confidence and not with unnecessary panic and alarm. He returned to Washington after looking over carefully the portion of the speech having to do with the tariff and discussing tariff issues with Gov. Wilson for more than an hour.

While other visitors of the Governor have refused to discuss opinions expressed to them on the grounds that he was entitled to the Presidential prerogative of giving out all news about interviews, Congressman Redfield discussed his conference at length. He was mentioned by Gov. Wilson in a speech before the Democratic Club on the tariff as the man who knew more about tariff schedules than any other person:

"I am tempted to tell you nothing about my interview at all," said Mr. Redfield when reporters surrounded him at the railroad station after he had left the Little White House, "but I found Gov. Wilson so completely in accord with my own tariff views that to tell you my views seems to be practically to tell you his views. There is not the slightest change I would make in his draft of the tariff paragraphs in his speech.

"He is not for free trade. He is not for drastic action of any kind. He is willing to work through a series of years to accomplish the result of a tariff for revenue, at which he aims. He is not disposed in any way to inflict changes that would upset and destroy business. His views are clear and sound, and he has no rash or hasty ideas.

"I outlined the situation to Gov. Wilson in this way: 'I told him that a big manufacturer had all his capital tied up in his plant, and that the tariff was a large figure in the cost of his goods. I said this manufacturer could not turn his stock over in a week or a month or even a year, as a wholesaler could. If the tariff on his goods were 50 per cent where it ought to be only 20 per cent., then there would be an opportunity for the display of great wisdom.

Revision by Gradual Stages.

"In outlining this case I did not urge clemency upon the Governor. I said the revision ought to be as full and complete as the case demanded, but that the revising ought to be done in gradual stages, not in sudden jumps. I suggested stages of say 5 per cent. a year until the 20 per cent. basis was reached. That would do justice and conserve business interests at once.

"I compared the tariff problem to the case of a man who owed you $5,000. If the whole lump sum were demanded at once you would probably put him out of business, but if you agreed to take $50 a month until the sum was paid you could get your money in full and your debtor could save his business. I want to see the Governor give every business a chance, and yet I believe that every schedule in the present Tariff bill could be improved by a downward revision."

"We talked of the need of a general downward revision on almost every schedule in the tariff. The revision should be thorough, but should be made by degrees, we should make progress slowly, in my opinion, instead of trying to clear too much at one jump. We want to reform the tariff, but we do not want to do more harm than good. Business men have money invested in their plants, machinery and stock, and this money cannot be turned over like a department store turns over its goods. A store gets rid of its stock quickly, a manufacturer slowly. The work need not be less thorough if done by steps, instead of by a single leap.

"The Governor has his own views as to thoroughness and moderation in dealing with the trusts. We talked considerably about them. It is my opinion that the Governor believes that the Government should first establish its own policy so clearly that it can be readily understood instead of being misinterpreted.

"Business men and lawyers and everybody else have been divided as to what the Sherman Anti-Trust Law really means. What this law means should be established clearly, then it should be enforced impartially."

The Governor was deeply interested, Mr. Redfield said, in scientific training of young men in farming. This, Mr. Redfield said, the Governor thought would mean much in reducing the high cost of living, as the farmers of America did not produce as much acre for acre, as the farmers of other countries and were producing no more, and in some cases less than they did years ago.

"If the production per acre is increased," he said, "the farmer makes more money and at the same time the price of his products is lowered."

After Congressman Redfield had gone Gov. Wilson talked about him to the reporters.

"I enjoyed him," said the Governor, "and was greatly instructed by him. Most people who talk tariff talk about general principles. Mr. Redfield talked facts almost exclusively. He is a big manufacturer, who has sold things all over the world and he knows specific cases."

"Did Mr. Redfield speak to you in favor of a general downward revision at a slow rate of speed?" some one asked.

"Oh, as to that," replied the Governor, "we are perfectly agreed. You fellows sent to your papers some extracts from a speech on the tariff I made some time ago. The extracts you printed give my views exactly. I am not for free trade, but for gradual downward revision."

As it was a rainy day at Sea Girt the usual flocking of Jerseymen did not occur. William G. McAdoo dropped off between trains to bring a message from the campaign committee that its members

Continued on Page 3.

MARSHALL BORROWS FUNDS.

Banker Agrees to Honor Drafts for Governor's Campaign Expenses.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 31.—Gov. Marshall arranged to borrow money today for his campaign as Democratic nominee for the Vice Presidency. It is well known that the Governor, as fortunes are measured nowadays, is a poor man, and it was necessary for him to arrange for a considerable sum of ready money to be drawn on in whatever campaigning he is called on to do.

To meet his expenses the Governor arranged with a banker who is his close personal friend to honor whatever drafts it may be necessary for him to draw for campaign purposes. The name of his friend, the Governor declined to make public. The Governor's friends expect he will be called on to spend between $3,000 and $5,000. Mrs. Marshall will accompany him on all his trips.

"The men that offered to take over my campaign expenses have high political ideals, and I cannot conceive that they would seek to have the value of their money returned in political favors," said the Governor, "but I never have been under obligations to any person for campaign funds, and now is not the time to begin. I have little available cash, but I shall be amply able to meet this loan."

TO FIGHT ROCKEFELLER.

Catholic Society Says It Has a Contract for Oussani Property.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., July 31.—John D. Rockefeller will have the fight of his life to hold the Oussani property at Pocantico Hills, according to John M. K. Ewing, attorney for the Catholic Foreign Missionary Society.

"I have heard from Cardinal Farley," said Mr. Ewing to-night at his home, in Cobb Lane, "and this is to be a fight to the finish. We have a bona fide contract, not an option, with Oussani, and we do not care whether he gives a deed to J. Alva Jenkins or John D. Rockefeller. Father Walsh, representing the society, negotiated the sale, and Oussani dictated the contract. It was witnessed by Father Price. The only question about the acceptance of the contract was a provision about closing a road that runs through the estate. We could renounce the contract if the road was not closed if we wanted to. However, we decided to waive that point and notified Oussani verbally and in writing. I think Mr. Rockefeller was taken in when he paid $68,000 for what we purchased for $45,000."

The Oussani estate contains 52 acres and adjoins the Rockefeller domain on the north. As soon as the oil king heard that it was for sale he had his agents on the job and they closed the deal, Oussani naturally accepting the larger price. It is reported that Oussani intends to return to Egypt, his native country.

J. Alva Jenkins, who is private financial secretary for Mr. Rockefeller, with Nichols and Hebbie closed the deal. They say that they have a perfect title and that the paper signed by the priests and Oussani was not legally correct and that it was an option, not a contract, which expired within a week.

MISSING PASTOR DROWNED.

The Rev. Dr. Byrt's Body Discovered in Lake Oscawana.

Special to The New York Times.

PEEKSKILL, N. Y., July 31.—Late tonight a searching party found the body of the Rev. Arthur W. Bryt, partly submerged near the shore at the northern end of Lake Oscawana. The clergyman, who formerly lived in Brooklyn, had made his home recently with his wife and her mother in the Francis G. Ladd cottage. He was suffering from nervous prostration and was a victim of melancholia. Last Sunday evening while walking with his mother-in-law ,he eluded her vigilance and disappeared in the woods.

Dr. Byrt was born in Chicopee, Mass., and was 48 years old. He was the pastor of the Ozone Park Church, and afterward went to Morris Park, where he organized a Methodist society and raised the funds for the erection of a church.

Overwork affected his health and he finaly collapsed under the mental strain and was forced to give up his pastoral activities. His wife, who was Miss Eleanor Summerfield McLean, daughter of the Rev. Alexander McLean, and a grandniece of John Summerfield, is prostrated with grief.

VETERAN LOSES HIS MEMORY.

Found by a Policeman with His Shoes, Papers, and Medal Gone.

Policeman Hughes of the Classon Avenue Station found an old man moaning on a doorstep in Grand Avenue, near Gates Avenue, Brooklyn, at 10 o'clock last night. The old man had no shoes. He complained to the policeman that he had lost his shoes and also his discharge papers from the army, a G. A. R. button, and a medal for bravery won at Antietam. He couldn't tell where he had lost the things or how.

Hughes tried to learn his name, but the old man shook his head and it brought no gleam of awakened memory to his eye when the policeman discovered sewed in his coat and read to him the name of Thomas Kane.

Hughes led the old man to the station house, where he called an ambulance from the Kings County Hospital and the old man was taken there.

MAYOR ACCUSES GOV. BLEASE

Says Governor Admitted Campaign Expenses Were Paid by Railroad.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 31.—Mayor John P. Grace of Charleston, formerly the ally of Gov. Blease, but who broke with Blease after the graft revelations, charged to-day that Blease admitted soon after he was nominated two years ago that his campaign had been financed by the Southern Railway and that the same corporation also paid the campaign expenses for McDuffie Hampton, son of the late Gen. Wade Hampton, who was nominated for member of the Railroad Commission.

According to Mayor Grace, Gov. Blease said:

"I paid the campaign expenses of McDuffie Hampton out of money furnished me by the Southern Railway and gave them vouchers signed by McDuffie for the amount. I was charged also with the duty of wet nursing him through the whole campaign. You know he's a terrible drinker."

Gov. Blease said he would answer Grace's charge on the stump.

COLE YOUNGER ROBBED.

Pickpocket Steals $95 from ex-Bandit at a Lecture by Bryan.

Special to The New York Times.

LEES SUMMIT, Mo., July 31. — Cole Younger, while attending William J. Bryan's lecture at the Pleasant Hill Chautauqua last night, was robbed of $95 by a pickpocket. Younger says this is his first experience of the sort.

Had it not been that he was chaperoning a Lees Summit party and was looking out for their welfare, it would not have happened, he says. He declares he does not mind the loss of the money, but he hates to be a victim.

AMERICANS HANGED BY MEXICAN REBELS

Governor of Sonora Tells President Madero of the Finding of Two Bodies.

FEDERAL TROOPS AS A GUARD

7,000 Rushed to Chihuahua Border—Orozco Won't Recognize Our Right to Warn Him.

MEXICO CITY, July 31.—Two Americans were hanged near Cananea, Sonora, within the last forty-eight hours. Their bodies were found to-day and the incident reported to President Madero to-night by the Governor of Sonora.

The Governor has ordered an investigation. He believes the two men were killed by rebels in order to precipitate American intervention. The victims have not been identified.

From a Special Correspondent of the Central News, London.

MEXICO CITY, July 31.—The Mexican Government has taken adequate steps to protect American lives and property on the border along the State of Chihuahua by dispatching an army of several thousand men to the scene of the trouble is the substance of a reply transmitted to Ambassador Calero at Washington by Foreign Minister Lascurain. The message was sent in answer to an inquiry by Señor Calero, made at the request of the United States Government, as to what was being done. Troops left Chihuahua City some time ago, and I learn now that their number is about 7,000, composed of infantry and cavalry, their destination being Casas Grandes, where the rebels are concentrating their forces. As the Federals are due there within forty-eight hours, severe fighting may soon be expected. The Federals are commanded by Gens. Tellez and Trucy Aubert. While these forces are advancing from Chihuahua, Gen. Sanjines's column of 3,000 men is approaching from the west and is reported to be within a short march of Casas Grandes.

Foreign Minister Lascurain denied last night that he had received a protest direct from President Taft similar to that lodged with his department last April, although Washington dispatches report the transmission of such a protest to President Madero and another to Orozco.

A serious uprising in Tenango, about forty miles southwest of the capital, is authoritatively reported. Yesterday several hundred regulars were hastily dispatched to the scene. Fighting for three days is reported with a mysterious rebel body believed to be composed of both Zapatistas and Salgadistas, who crossed the borders of Morelos and Guerrero respectively.

Several hundred Zapatistas who on Monday night attacked Santiago Tiaguistenco, near Toluca, forty miles to the west of this city, were reported to have been driven from an entrenched position in the hills to-day by troops from Pachuca and Mexico City which were rushed there with machine guns.

The attack on Santiago Tiaguistenco was opposed by the garrison of rurales, of whom more than thirty are reported to have been killed. The garrison was reinforced by other rural guards from Tlalnepantla, on the edge of the Federal district, and the combined force stood off the rebels until the arrival of a special train with additional troops. The rebels, though outnumbering the Federals, are said to have fled after a brief fight.

JUAREZ, Mexico, July 31.—Gen. Orozco, chief of the rebels, declared to-day that he did not seek to provoke American intervention. He said:

"If the United States will throw down the barriers and let us have all the ammunition we can buy, I promise in sixty days to have peace restored in Mexico and a stable government in charge. If anybody wants intervention, it is Madero and his family, who are worth millions, which they fear the revolutionists may convert."

Gen. Orozco told Thomas Edwards, American Consul here, who called at the rebel leader's quarters to deliver a message from Secretary Knox relating to the treatment of Americans in Mexico, that he did not receive the American as a representative of the United States, which Government, Orozco said he did not recognize. He was glad, however, he said, to see Mr. Edwards, and to receive him as an American citizen. Orozco accepted the message from the American Consul without further comment.

CASAS GRANDES, Chihuahua, July 31.—Rebel soldiers looted many homes of Mormons near here yesterday. All the Mormon families have fled to El Paso. Although Gen. Salazar had two of his soldiers executed yesterday for robbing Mormons, he has not made any attempt to stop his men looting the unprotected homes of Americans.

Last night's and to-day's trains carried many Americans from Pearson, Madera, and other localities outside the Mormon settlements.

EL PASO, Texas, July 31.—Fears are entertained for 100 Americans in the Dolores mining camp in Mexico. It is reported that the rebels have taken the camp and seized all pack animals, probably leaving the Americans with no means of getting to the United States.

Refugees from Mexico continued to pour into El Paso. About 100 came last night, the majority of whom were men. Heretofore few men came.

STRIKE BREAKERS MOBBED.

Policeman Protected Them in a Doorway Until Reserves Arrived.

Policeman O'Brien of the West Seventeenth Street Station undertook yesterday afternoon to escort two strikebreakers from a fur shop in West Twenty-fourth Street to the elevated station at Twenty-third Street and Sixth Avenue. A mob of men and women strikers surrounded them, and when they reached Sixth Avenue attacked them.

O'Brien dragged the men into a doorway and blew his whistle. Word was carried to the station house and the reserves were ordered out. Meantime the crowd struck and kicked at the policeman and his charges. O'Brien, with his hand on the butt of his revolver, was threatening to shoot when the reserves came running up and the crowd scattered.

Nine persons were caught by the police, among them being two women and one of the strikebreakers. The latter, Morris Reis of 173 Jefferson Street, was charged with having struck Anna Twersky of 40 Essex Street on the head with a club. Her skull was thought to have been fractured, but later it was found she only had a scalp wound. The other woman, Esther Greenstein of 651 East Fifth Street, was dragged into the doorway by O'Brien after she had tried to attack the men he was guarding.

FOR HEAT PROSTRATION, headache, insomnia, nervousness, and impaired digestion, take Horsford's Acid Phosphate. A healthful, refreshing tonic.—Adv.

Yuan-Shi-Kai's Appeal to the World for China

Striking interview with the President of China on the needs of his country and his desire for the help of all other Nations, in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

PUT 36 FEET OF WIRE ON HEART ARTERY

Rare Operation Successfully Performed by Bellevue Surgeon.

ELECTRIC CURRENT USED

Which Reduces Swelling of the Aorta and Allows Heart to Function Normally.

An operation on the heart was performed yesterday afternoon in Bellevue Hospital by Dr. William C. Lusk, in which thirty-six feet of gold wire were wrapped around the aorta, the great artery leading from the heart, and a current of electricity sent through the wire which reduced the swelling of the artery sufficiently to allow it to perform its natural functions.

The operation took place in the Crane Room, and was witnessed by the Medical Faculty of Bellevue and about fifty of the leading surgeons of New York. No anaesthetic was used during the operation, but the incision, which was made in the back of the patient between the fifth and sixth ribs, was sprayed with cocaine. At the close of the operation, which lasted about four hours, Dr. Lusk expressed himself as satisfied, and while the operation is not expected entirely to cure the patient, it is expected to prolong his life.

The patient who underwent the operation was Oscar Nielson, 50 years old, a cabinetmaker, who was removed from the Pennsylvania Hotel, Thirty-fifth Street and Eighth Avenue, on July 16. At the time of his entrance he was taken to Ward 6, in charge of Dr. Cody. He was examined by several surgeons, who pronounced his case hopeless. Dr. Lusk was called in, and after an examination of the patient decided that there was a possible chance. The patient was found to be suffering from a swelling of the aorta, which had grown to such an extent that it was only a question of a short time when the vessel would break and death follow.

The patient was acquainted with these facts, and told of the risk of an operation, but readily consented, and the date of the operation was set for yesterday. Owing to the seriousness of the operation the regular operating room was not chosen, but instead the Crane Room was decided upon, and a supervising nurse was stationed at the door to prevent interruption. Only physicians were admitted to the room.

The patient was brought into the room on a stretcher, weak and suffering. An examination was made by Dr. Lusk, who announced that the administering of an anaesthetic, such as ether or chloroform, would be a needless risk. He decided to use cocaine locally.

After the incision was made the gold wire, attached to a cannulated needle, was run through and wrapped around the aorta. The wire was thinner than a hair, and after it had been wound around the heart in spring fashion the end in the needle was taken out, and attached to an electrical machine, the current of which was turned on and sent through the wire. The electricity hardened the artery, and in a short time the blood started to circulate freely through the aorta, and at the same time the heart was allowed to perform its functions. The patient was under observation for a period, after which the wound was closed.

This is the second operation of its kind performed in this country. The previous operation was performed in Bellevue by the same surgeon. The operation took place five months ago, the patient at that time being Henry Griffin. Twelve feet of gold wire were used on Griffin, after it was said that he would not live a week. Two weeks later he left the hospital, and is to-day well and hearty.

It was said at the hospital last night that Nielson had already shown improvement, and that it was only a matter of time when he would be ready to leave the hospital.

COLONEL DRANK MINT JULEP.

And Prevented a Photographer Snapping Him, Said Western Paper.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, July 31.—An article unearthed from a local paper printed on Oct. 11, 1910, recalls Col. Roosevelt's recent statement in reply to the attacks of a Western editor, that he was not in the habit of drinking more intoxicating liquor than did Dr. Lyman Abbott.

The article in describing the Colonel's movements here on the day named, tells of the Colonel sipping a mint julep, and when a photographer wanted to snap him he turned the camera around and finished his drink.

ASK MRS. HARRIMAN'S AID.

Union Pacific Strikers Attempt to Present Petition at Train in Omaha.

Special to The New York Times.

OMAHA, Neb., July 31.—Mrs. E. H. Harriman and members of her family went through Omaha early to-day en route to the mountains of Idaho for a vacation. The party traveled on a special train of three cars.

Representatives of the striking shopmen of the Harriman system were at the station with a petition asking Mrs. Harriman to intercede for them and obtain an adjustment of their troubles. They were unable to present the papers as Mrs. Harriman was asleep.

ROSENTHAL'S MURDER TEN DAYS EARLIER PREVENTED BY SIGHT OF A BURNS MAN

TAMMANY INDORSES A POLICE INQUIRY

Organization Aldermen Told to Vote for It, and Mayor Issues the Call.

FEAR PARTISAN INQUISITOR

Tammany Men Will Insist That Man Selected by the Corporation Counsel Shall Conduct the Investigation.

There is to be an open investigation by the Aldermen of the Police Department, in so far as it is involved in the graft revelations following the Rosenthal murder. This was made plain yesterday when Mayor Gaynor issued a call for a special meeting of the board to consider the appointment of an investigating committee, and by the statement of Alderman Frank Dowling, Tammany leader of the board, that every Democrat would be in his seat, and would vote with the Republican members for a full and fair inquiry.

The Mayor, who was against issuing a call for a special meeting when it was first brought to him by Alderman Henry Curran in the form of a petition signed by him and sixteen other Republican or Fusion Aldermen, changed his mind when Mr. Curran threatened to mandamus the Mayor and compel him to issue the call, and when Corporation Counsel Watson informed the Mayor that the Aldermen were within their rights.

The special meeting was called for next Monday afternoon, Aug. 5, at 2 o'clock. The Tammany members were said to be afraid to be caught on the wrong side, and as soon as it became known that the Mayor had issued the call Minority Leader Dowling sent letters to every Democratic member urging him to be in his seat next Monday. Mr. Dowling also quietly sent out word that the Tammany men were expected to vote for the appointment of an investigating committee as well as for the appropriation which will be asked for. The matter, he pointed out, was entirely too serious for the Tammany men to make a fight over or to make it appear that they do not welcome a thorough sifting of police graft charges.

Tammany Dreads Partisan Inquisitor

There is one thing, however, which the Tammany men are afraid of, and that is the engaging of a lawyer to conduct the investigation who may be inclined to be partisan.

"We will not stand for the hiring of a political lawyer to act as counsel for the investigating committee," said Mr. Dowling. "If the Corporation Counsel says that he has not the right man on his staff for the work, or that all of his assistants are engaged elsewhere, we shall insist that the man named as counsel be approved by the Corporation Counsel, as required by law."

The call follows closely the wording of the petition submitted by Mr. Curran, and says:

> In pursuance of Section 37 of the Charter of the city, and the request, signed by seventeen members of the Board of Aldermen, which is hereby annexed, I hereby call a special meeting of the Board of Aldermen to be held on the 5th day of August, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of voting upon the appointment of a special committee to inquire whether the laws and ordinances of the city relating to the Police Department are being faithfully observed, and whether the duties of the officers of such department are being faithfully discharged, and to examine and report whether there are any unnecessary, inefficient, or unfit employes of said department; and generally in respect of any and all matters which will conduce to the orderly and economical administration of the affairs of said department; and to consider a resolution for the issue of special revenue bonds for funds to pay the expense of the said inquiry.
>
> W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

After signing the call the Mayor sent this letter to the Corporation Counsel:

> City of New York, Office of the Mayor.
> July 31, 1912.
>
> Sir: I have this day called a special meeting of the Board of Aldermen for next Monday, to consider the appointment of a committee to investigate the Police Department. Please look into the law of the matter in advance, and be prepared to render all the assistance in your power to the investigation. I have done so much in the way of removing long-standing graft from the Police Department that I would like to have this investigation as thorough as possible, and every effort strained to find any existing graft in that department. Some may think that the investigation by a committee of the Board of Aldermen may interfere with the work of the District Attorney, but I do not think that will be the case if everybody acts unselfishly and for the public interests. We must all bear with one another; and especially should there be no nagging from partisan motives. There should be no partisanship in the government of the City of New York. Very truly yours,
>
> W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.
>
> Archibald R. Watson, Esq., Corporation Counsel, City of New York.

Police Organ Approves.

A short time later Joseph J. O'Reilly, editor of The Chief, the official organ of the Police Department, sent the Mayor a letter approving his action in issuing the call, and praising Police Commissioner Waldo for his efficiency and honesty. The Mayor then sent this reply:

> City of New York, Office of the Mayor.
> July 31, 1912.
>
> Dear Mr. O'Reilly: I am very glad indeed to receive your letter concerning the Police Department, for you are a competent judge. You also know what the Mayor has done to eliminate graft from the Police Department during the last two years, and to what a large extent he has succeeded. If we can now have a full and fair investigation, it will go far in aiding me in my effort to entirely extinguish graft in that department.
>
> Sincerely yours,
> W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.
>
> Joseph J. O'Reilly, Esq., Editor The Chief, 5 Beekman Street, New York City.

Forty votes are required for the Aldermen to pass the resolution selecting a committee and to issue special revenue bonds. Without the aid of the Democrats the Republican members would not have enough votes, but it is now understood that the board will vote unanimously for the inquiry.

ASKS INSPECTORS TO EXPLAIN.

Commissioner Interviews Them Preparatory to Aldermen's Inquiry.

Commissioner Waldo talked with three Inspectors yesterday in preparation for the investigation into the Police Department that is to be made by the Aldermen. On the surface it was a dull day at Headquarters, but underneath the dullness there was much excitement and a good deal of delving into old records. Inspectors Hughes, Cahalane, and Hayes had long talks with the Commissioner. All three were promoted to their present high places in the department by Mr. Waldo.

Inspector Hughes was formerly stenographer to some of the Inspectors. Then he was sent to the Detective Bureau, and later was rapidly promoted by Mr. Waldo to be a Lieutenant, a Captain, and an Inspector. Mr. Waldo came to know him while Hughes was attached to the police station next to Fire Headquarters, when Mr. Waldo was Fire Commissioner. When the Commissioner was asked yesterday about Hughes's promotion he said:

"Well, somebody has to be promoted."

Inspectors Cahalane and Hayes were also promoted to their present places by Mr. Waldo. Inspector Hughes denied that he had ever had anything to do with the gambling business or with gamblers. His work kept him tied to the Detective Bureau, he declared. Inspector Cahalane has charge of the First Inspection District that takes in the lower east side of this borough. When he came to Headquarters yesterday morning to see the Commissioner he was clad in full uniform. He was surrounded by reporters, and asked to say something about the confessions of the gamblers who are being questioned by District Attorney Whitman.

"I know Rose and Vallon, and they have very good reason to remember me," he said. "I drove Rose out of my district when he was in Fourth Street, and I raided Vallon five times. Every time I closed him up he would open in some other place. I raided him five times in eleven months. He was a hard man to get rid of, but I finally accomplished it by keeping at him. Oh, yes; Vallon knows me. I would like to say that the First Inspection District is 50 per cent. cleaner now than it was when I took command of it, a short time ago. If it is not I will resign."

Inspector Hayes has charge of the district north of Forty-second Street, and Inspector Lahey, who was also made an Inspector by Mr. Waldo, is in charge of the district to the south. In this section was the cream of the gambling business. It was said yesterday by men who ought to have a true knowledge of the situation that when the gamblers were driven out of one of these districts they would move to the other one, and in this way keep up the business. If south of Forty-second Street was "clean," north of it would be open, or the other way about.

Waldo Shows He Is Worried.

Mr. Waldo was disturbed about this, and he showed it plainly enough in his talks with the Inspectors yesterday. The gambling industry thrived best in the first five inspection districts, that are in charge of Inspectors Cahalane, Daly, Lahey, Hayes, and Titus. Daly and Titus are old Inspectors. It was said that anything persistently wrong with the police administration in any section of the city must ultimately be laid at the doors of the Inspectors. The inference was that if the evil was not eradicated the Inspector was either incompetent or corrupt.

Some of the Inspectors have a good many enemies among the uniformed force it was said, and it was declared yesterday that this ill-feeling must be taken into account in considering rumors affecting the character of any police official whose position made it necessary for him to discipline others members of the force. When Inspector Hughes first came to Police Headquarters he put in force orders from the Commissioner that were distasteful to the patrolmen. One of these orders was the sending back on patrol duty more than 1,200 men who had easy details.

The Inspectors who saw the Commissioner yesterday were questioned by him concerning the condition of their districts, and whenever any one of them said he knew of a gambling house or even one that was suspected of being used by gamblers, he was told to get after it and see that it was closed. When the day's work ended there was every prospect that within the next week this borough would be freer of gambling houses than ever before in its history. From now on there are to be no tender raids, in which property or persons are respected It is to be "rough work" right from the start. The gamblers, it was said, were greatly frightened and were going out of business for the present so rapidly that they were treading on each other's heels in their efforts to get under cover.

Early yesterday Commissioner Waldo was asked to comment on the disclosures at the District Attorney's office on Tuesday, and especially he was asked to say something about his private secretary, Winfield R. Sheehan, who was said by Rose to have participated in the alleged protection fund to the extent of $600,000. He declined then to say a word about the matter, but later in the day he sent this statement to the reporters:

"Mr. Sheehan has never exercised any authority over members of the department, nor had any connection whatsoever with the enforcement of the gambling laws or the men assigned to that work. His position is that of Secretary."

Commissioner Waldo had a list made up of all of the gambling houses that flourished in this borough before the killing of Rosenthal, when they were raided, who raided them, and the outcome of these raids. It is not a very long list so far, but it is growing, and all of the raids that it did not contain yesterday will be added to it in time to submit to any investigating committee. In this list the attacks on the places run by Herman Rosenthal, the dead gambler, hold a prominent place. The list shows that his place was closed since by Inspector Hayes, and that when he opened again and word was sent out that he must be driven out, Lieut. Becker was assigned to the work.

Becker Forced to Raid Rosenthal.

From this record it would appear that Lieut. Becker did not find Rosenthal's place by himself, and that he did not bother with it until after its existence became known to his superiors. It was suggested by an official who knew the facts in the case that Rosenthal misjudged Becker, and that the latter was willing to "look out" for Rosenthal, but that first he wanted to take care of himself.

Commissioner Waldo was said to be of the opinion that the greatest force the police had to overcome in the matter of cleaning out gamblers was that wielded by politicians. He has repeatedly said that if politics could be kept out of the Department, the work of the Police Commissioner would be much easier. But those who know the Commissioner's methods said yesterday that this condition would never be reached by Mr. Waldo. The reason was, it was said, that he believed in secrecy. Nothing that he ever did, was done in the open light, it was declared. He thinks, it was said, that the way to get the best results is to cover up his tracks. If he had his way, it was said, the simplest police case would be kept away from newspapers.

Yesterday some of the reporters complained to Inspector Hughes that a Lieutenant in the West Thirtieth Street Police Station refused to furnish to the reporters the facts of a small accident. The Inspector replied:

"I refer you to the Commissioner in regard to keeping news from reporters in stations."

The Commissioner was questioned and he said:

"I don't believe in this promiscuous talk in station houses."

The Commissioner was asked if he had offered his resignation to Mayor Gaynor on Tuesday. He said that he did nothing of the kind and that the talk he had with the Mayor was of the most friendly character.

For Tight Fitting or New Shoes use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE, the antiseptic powder for tired, aching feet. Sold everywhere. 25 cts.—Adv.

Assassins Faced Him in Garden Restaurant As He Was Dining With His Wife.

'GYP THE BLOOD' WEAKENED

Quit the Job with "Lefty Louie" and Two Others Because the Detective Was Present.

"COWARDS," CRIED BECKER

"I'll Have to Do the Job Myself," He Said, According to Rose; Then Set a Time Limit.

SULLIVAN IN ON FIRST PLAN

Invited Doomed Informer and His Wife to Dinner on Night Set for the Killing.

NO CLEMENCY FOR BECKER

Rose Expects Him to Confess, but Whitman Thinks He Can Expose the "System" Without Him.

MORE DISCLOSURES OF GRAFT

Yearly Tribute May Be Shown to Exceed $2,400,000 — Schepps to Surrender To-day.

When Police Lieut. Charles Becker ordered his graft collector, Jack Rose, to "go and get Rosenthal, he's lived too long," he should have added, according to the confession of Rose, the words "just ten days too long." For Rose and "Bridgey" Webber, continuing their disclosures yesterday to District Attorney Whitman, swore that an unsuccessful effort to murder Rosenthal had been made ten days before the crime actually was committed.

The plan was to kill Rosenthal in the Garden Restaurant, Fiftieth Street and Seventh Avenue, where he sat at dinner with his wife. Four hired assassins, among them "Gyp the Blood" and "Lefty Louie," went to the restaurant and were ready to shoot the informer down in the crowded room, taking a chance of getting away in the excitement, when "Gyp the Blood" caught a glimpse of a Burns detective at one of the tables. "Gyp's" nerve weakened, and the murder was postponed.

The story was another amazing chapter in this most amazing of tragedies. As on the second and successful attempt to do away with Rosenthal, it was Becker who, according to these new disclosures, instructed Rose to lose no time in putting Rosenthal out of the way.

In Rose's story of the first attempt to slay Rosenthal he brought in the name of Jacob A. Reich, who calls himself Jack Sullivan, the man who rode uptown with Becker on the night of the murder and who was dropped by Becker at the gambling rooms of "Bridgey" Webber, at Forty-second Street and Sixth Avenue, where "Gyp the Blood" and the other assassins were assembled to receive final instructions from the directors of the crime.

The story of the first attempt to murder Rosenthal was told to Mr. Whitman yesterday afternoon in the West Side Prison. "Bridgey" Webber, the financial backer of the murder plan, was present and nodded his head frequently in corroboration of what the bald-headed gambler said. It was a story that took Rose an hour to tell, and Mr. Whitman was appalled no less by the boldness of the attempt than by the cold-blooded manner in which these men set out to do murder at the bidding of a peace officer.

Mr. Whitman believes every word of the story to be true, and Rose has made it possible for him to corroborate it in detail by other witnesses.

The Order to Kill.

It was immediately after Rosenthal called on Mr. Whitman the first time and told him he wanted to tell about Becker that the murder was ordered. This was ten days before the actual assassination. In some way Becker was informed that Rosenthal had gone to see Mr. Whitman and he knew that he was the subject of whatever conversation the gambler had with the District Attorney.

The afternoon of that first visit to Mr. Whitman Rose was in the Lafayette Baths. He told Mr. Whitman that Becker called him up on the telephone, and said:

"Rosenthal has been down to the Criminal Court Building to see Whitman. Get him out of the way."

Rose knew what Becker meant, and immediately began to make his plans. Becker had told him that his power in the Police Department was almost absolute; that anything he wanted put through would go through, and that he had the power to keep those who "put it through" out of trouble.

Rose scurried about, "dropping a hint here and another hint there," as he puts it, until he had rounded up four gangsters who were willing to kill Rosenthal for money. Two of these men were "Gyp the Blood" and "Lefty Louie," both of whom figured in the actual assassination ten days later. The other two members of the original murder party got "cold feet," Rose said, when they learned how near they had been to "doing a trick" with a Burns man looking on, and refused to have anything more to do with the case. From which it would appear that the accidental presence of the Burns detective in the Garden restaurant was sufficient to save a pair of tough gangsters from the electric chair for a time at least.

Jack Sullivan's Treachery.

The plan was hurriedly perfected. Mr. and Mrs. Rosenthal and their host, Jack Sullivan, showed up at the Garden Restaurant, Fiftieth Street and Seventh Avenue, the place selected for the crime, soon after 7 o'clock. "Hymie," as Sullivan called Rosenthal, had been one of his best friends. Rosenthal was the best man and Mrs. Rosenthal was the matron of honor when Reich, who likes to be called Sullivan, got married.

"It was probably 7:30 o'clock when I got the tip that Herman and his wife and Sullivan were dining in the Garden," said Rose. "I had my gang of four ready and hustled up to the place to do the job. Becker was down at Forty-second Street and Sixth Avenue waiting to hear that the trick had been turned. I was to report what happened to him.

"We walked up Broadway to the restaurant, entering through the Fiftieth Street door. The gang took a table and promptly spotted Herman and his wife and Sullivan. An excuse of ordering a drink or something sufficed to give the gang a reason for being in the place. Herman was chatting with Sullivan.

"Everything was ready and the gunmen were just about to get busy. I felt that Herman Rosenthal then had about one minute more of life left to him, when 'Gyp' got up in a hurry and said:

Scared Off by a Burns Man.

"'It's all off for to-night. That guy over there is a Burns man. He'll make a pinch, sure as hell. Let's beat it.'

"And that is exactly what the gang did."

It was a sore and disappointed gang that left the Garden that night. Every man among them, Rose in particular, knew that they were in for a lashing from Becker, whom Rose now calls "a big plug-ugly." Becker, according to Rose, was as cool as a cucumber, but he was the most surprised man in New York when he found out that the gang "had fallen down on the job."

"Becker was waiting for us at Forty-second Street," Rose said in his confession, "and when we showed up and he found out that the thing had gone wrong he was ugly and mad clear through.

"'You are a lot of damn cowards,' he said. 'I guess I will have to do the work myself.'"

The gang cowered in the face of Becker's wrath and tried to soothe him by assuring him that "the next time the thing'll go through."

The next day, and the day after that, and every day up to the night of the murder, Rose says, Becker kept "pounding and pounding us to make us fix Herman."

But for some reason or other everything went wrong and Rosenthal still lived, and the longer he lived the madder Becker became, according to those who have confessed their part in the crime. When Rosenthal went to see Mr. Whitman on his last Monday on earth Becker, as he had done on the occasion of the previous visit to Mr. Whitman, quickly found out all about it.

Rose was at the Lafayette Baths again that afternoon, again waiting to hear from Becker. He had not long to wait. An attendant called Rose to the telephone. "Somebody wants to talk to you," he said.

It was Becker, and he was in a rage, Rose told Mr. Whitman. He gave his orders brutally, and he let Rose understand that Rosenthal must die that very day. His message was:

"You've Got to Get Him To-day."

"That ——— ——— has been down to see Whitman again. You've got to get him to-day."

Charles Plitt was in the baths when this order was given, Mr. Whitman was told.

There was then no time to lose, and Rose got busy. He communicated with "Gyp the Blood," "Lefty Louie," "Whitey" Lewis, and "Dago Frank" Cirosici, and he told them to be at Webber's place soon after 1 o'clock the next morning. They were told to be ready to "do the job."

Rose told Mr. Whitman the gunmen were not taken to the rendezvous in an automobile. They started uptown by different routes, some by the Subway and some by elevated. "Gyp the Blood" was the first to arrive. He entered Webber's for final instructions about two hours before the murder. "Whitey" Lewis, "Lefty Louie," and "Dago Frank" drifted in one by one soon after "Gyp the Blood."

Then "Bridgey" Webber started out to look over the field. He reported that Rosenthal was in the Metropole, and that the time to act was near at hand. The assassins were then assembled in front of the hotel, and, as everybody knows, the murder followed as planned.

While Rosenthal lay dead in the street the gangsters made their getaway in the gray automobile, and Rose ran to the Times Building, called Becker up on the public telephone, and told him about the "horrible thing" that had taken place. Becker hurried downtown to get the details, and met Rose and Webber in the shadow of the Murray Hill Baths.

Slayers Paid Off and Told to Leave.

Becker, according to Rose, at once brought up the question of getting the actual murderers out of the city. While the three were in whispered conference in front of the Murray Hill Baths, Becker turned to "Bridgey" Webber and said:

"'Bridgey,' you will have to give the boys some money to get out of town. I'll fix it up with you."

Webber then, according to Rose, and Webber corroborates the statement, gave to Rose $1,000 in $100 bills to give to the murderers.

At this point Sam Schepps, who has promised to surrender to-day, gets into the plot. He was the person selected to give the $1,000 to the murderers.

Rose told Mr. Whitman that he gave the $1,000 to Schepps, and that Schepps communicated with "Gyp the Blood" and "Lefty Louie," and told them to meet him in front of THE NEW YORK TIMES baseball bulletin board on Seventh Avenue at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of the day of the murder.

That the murderers had absolutely no fear of arrest was shown by the fact that they did not hesitate to revisit the scene of their crime only a few hours after the murder was committed.

Schepps was on time to make the payment, and found "Gyp the Blood" and "Lefty Louie" waiting for him. He handed to them the $1,000, according to Rose, told them to share it with "Dago Frank" and "Whitey" Lewis, and to leave town.

It is not certain that "Dago Frank," the only one of the actual murderers now under arrest, ever got his part of the blood money.

"Schepps," Rose said in his confession, "gave the fellows their money near the Subway kiosk, at the northern end of the Times Building, and then they beat it. I don't know where they went."

Schepps to Surrender To-day.

Rose and Webber have been maintaining that they did not know that Rosenthal was to be killed when the gangsters were ordered to go out and get him the morning of the murder. Rose's story of the attempt to kill Rosenthal in the Garden restaurant does not bear him out in this statement, and Mr. Whitman is understood not to take any stock in that part of the story of the other two. Murder was the intention from the beginning, in Mr. Whitman's opinion.

Sam Schepps, the paymaster of the conspiracy, is expected to surrender to Mr. Whitman this morning. He will be surrendered by Bernard Sandler, the lawyer retained by Schepps's relatives to look after his interests when suspicion was directed against him. Schepps will not call at Police Headquarters en route to the District Attorney's office, and it is understood that this promised slight of the police is not disapproved by Mr. Whitman.

Mr. Sandler arranged for the surrender at a conference with Mr. Whitman yesterday. Schepps, it is said, will make a clean breast of all he knows about the murder, but it all depends on him whether or not he benefits by his confession. If he tells the whole truth he will be protected and will escape the electric chair for his part in the crime.

A bit of interesting information imparted to Mr. Whitman by Webber, Rose, and Vallon yesterday was to the effect that one of the things that Jack Sullivan, the friend of Becker, told the gamblers who paid tribute to Becker was that District Attorney Whitman himself was one of those who was "in on" the graft."

"I know Whitman like a book," Rose says Sullivan said to him, "and I can deliver him any time that it's necessary. He's in on the big graft, and he knows that I know it."

Rose also says that Sullivan told this same story to Inspector Hughes, the Chief of the Detective Bureau, and that he did tell Hughes that he knew the District Attorney was indicated by a remark that Hughes made to Mr. Whitman after Sullivan was arrested.

"You know Sullivan pretty well, don't you?" Mr. Whitman says Hughes remarked to him following the man's arrest.

"I do not know him. I have seen him hanging around the building, and that's all I know about him," Mr. Whitman replied.

When Reich or Sullivan was first arrested as a material witness in the case (he is now charged with being implicated in the crime) he shared a cell in the Tombs with Rose. That was before Rose confessed and prior to the arrest of Becker.

Rose told Mr. Whitman yesterday, while he and Becker's man were in the cell together, that Sullivan spent much of his time begging him (Rose) not to confess to his part in the murder, but to hold his tongue and not say a word.

"Whitman will double cross you," Rose says that Sullivan told him. "He will get some kind of an admission from you, and then he will send you to the chair. I know all about Whitman, and you had better keep quiet."

Speaking of his former relations with Becker, Rose made a remark to Mr. Whitman which shows that Rose believes Becker will break down and make a confession.

Rose Expects Becker to Confess.

"I know Becker through and through," Rose said to Mr. Whitman, "and he's just a great big plug-ugly. But the Tombs will get him sure. You watch. He'll weaken and come across all right. Just wait."

Rose, Webber, and Vallon also gave to Mr. Whitman much additional information yesterday concerning the gambling situation and "graft conditions" in the Police Department. Rose reiterated that the men he named are the men who distribute the money paid for "protection," and he is certain that Becker can, if he will, tell who "the men higher up" are and expose everything about the so-called "system" in the department.

The amount of the money paid to the police for "protection," Rose says, is probably more than $2,400,000, the sum named in his confession. Mr. Whitman likewise says that he thinks this amount is a conservative figure, since Rose knows nothing about "collections" south of Fourteenth Street, his operations being confined entirely to the territory north of that street.

Rose gave to Mr. Whitman the names of many men, some of them powerful in the gambling world, who can throw a lot of light on police "graft." These men will be subpoenaed in the course of the investigation now under way, and every effort will be made to get them to tell what they know about "the system." Rose's tabulated list of those who pay tribute and the amounts they are said to be assessed by "the system" is not yet finished. This document gives promise of being one of the most remarkable ever turned over to a District Attorney of New York County.

Many Gambling Houses Were Open.

Webber told Mr. Whitman the amount of his assessment was $200 a month for running a small poker room. Fifty dollars of this money went to Rose as commission for collecting. Webber also told Mr. Whitman what some of his gambler friends are said to pay for protection. According to Rose's estimate, at least one hundred big gambling houses were running wide open at the time of the Rosenthal murder.

Mr. Whitman has come into possession of the names of two reputable witnesses who are ready to swear they saw Becker in conference with Webber and Rose just after the murder. The conference referred to is that mentioned by Rose as having taken place in front of the Murray Hill Baths. One of the witnesses is a Miss Lund. In addition to these witnesses the District Attorney has the names of others who are ready to corroborate the statements made by Rose, Webber, and Vallon.

Becker refused to comment on the confessions naming him as the instigator of the murderer. Neither would John W. Hart, his lawyer, talk about the case. One of Becker's friends was quoted as saying that Mr. Hart was "just lying low," so as to give Webber and Rose and Vallon a chance to confess their case out of court."

Won't Accept a Becker Confession.

Mr. Whitman has made up his mind not to accept a confession from Becker, if in order to get it he has to promise the policeman any kind of immunity. He considers his case against Becker such a good one that he does not think that confession would help it much, if at all. A few days ago Mr. Whitman might have considered granting mercy to Becker, but that time has passed, and now every effort will be made to convict Becker of murder in the first degree. He said yesterday:

"The crime is so heinous that if it can be proven a police official instigated the murder of Rosenthal, immunity could not be granted. But we must bear in mind the legal maxim that the defendant is innocent until proven guilty."

Contrary to expectation, Lieut. Dominick Reilly was not called to testify before the Grand Jury yesterday, District Attorney Whitman being engaged on other phases of the case. Reilly, however, will be the next important witness in the Grand Jury investigation.

Mr. Whitman does not place a great deal of credence in the stories told by Shapiro and Libby, owners of the auto in which the murderers escaped. He is inclined to believe that the men claim knowledge of conditions that they really know nothing of.

John W. Hart spent several hours with Becker in the Tombs. Becker, it was said, had passed a restful night and seemed to be more cheerful. Harford T. Marshall, attorney for Jack Sullivan, arrived at the Tombs shortly after Mr. Hart, and went at once to his client, spending some time with him. Caesar De Barra, representing "Dago Frank" Cirosici, also went to see his client. None of the attorneys would talk.

Mrs. Webber Says She's Happy.

Mrs. "Bridgie" Webber called on her husband in the West Side Court prison about noon yesterday. She talked with Webber for nearly two hours. As she left the prison she was approached by newspaper men, who asked if she would make a statement.

"No," she said hesitatingly. Then she added: "I am very happy."

"Why are you very happy?" was asked.

Mrs. Webber smiled and declined to answer. She hurried away, leaving the newspaper men perplexed.

"Dago Frank" Cirosici was arraigned before Coroner Feinberg in the afternoon for further hearing preliminary to the inquest. Assistant District Attorney Moss, in the absence of Mr. Whitman, asked for an adjournment for the purpose of getting additional evidence. Caesar De Barra, counsel for "Dago Frank," agreed to put the case over until Tuesday afternoon, and the prisoner went back to the Tombs. He is held without bail charged with homicide.

His mother, in mourning and heavily veiled, was in court. She was accompanied by the prisoner's brother. She talked with her son and his counsel for a few minutes before he was marched back to his cell. Lawyer De Barra says he will produce three witnesses who will testify that at the time of the shooting "Dago Frank" was at 121st Street and Sylvan Place trying to obtain bail for a woman who had got in trouble with the police.

"Dago Frank" was in a state bordering on collapse when taken back to his cell in the Tombs after the adjournment of the hearing. He wept continually while the guards were escorting him across the "Bridge of Sighs," and continued to sob after he was placed in his cell.

After the hearing had been adjourned, Assistant District Attorney Frank Moss and Deputy Commissioner Dougherty had a short conference in the corridor. Neither official would say what the talk was about, but it was rumored about the District Attorney's office that Cirosici would make a statement to the District Attorney.

TRANSFER BECKER'S AIDS.

Members of His "Strong Arm" Squad Sent Back to Patrol Duty.

There was a little "shake-up" in the Police Department yesterday, but the only interesting part of it was the transfer of four policemen who used to work with Lieut. Becker as part of his raiding squad. The four men were James C. White, sent to the Leonard Street Station; Charles C. Steinert, to the East Sixty-seventh Street Station; Joseph B. Shepherd, to the Lenox Avenue Station, and Herman Schwartz to the Mercer Street Station.

White and Steinert were the men who arrested Jack Zelig and arraigned him on the charge of carrying a pistol. In their confession to the District Attorney Rose and Webber said this arrest was a "frame up" and that the pistol was put in Zelig's pocket. But Zelig was held in $3,000 bail.

The story told was to the effect that Zelig had become offensive to certain members of Becker's squad because of his talk about graft, and that it was decided to show him that the members of that squad could put him in jail. White was one of the four men recently assigned to the squad under Lieut. Daniel Costigan, who protested against using him so vigorously that it was determined to send him out on patrol duty.

LET INQUIRY COME; WALDO WELCOMES IT

Takes Responsibility for Everything in the Police Department Under Him.

CRIME RECORD IS LOWER

Commissioner Gives Statistics to Show Complaints from Those Requiring Police Aid Have Decreased.

"I have been my own man in the office of Police Commissioner," said Commissioner Rhinelander Waldo in his office at Police Headquarters yesterday. "The Mayor has given me absolutely free rein in the conduct of this office. I am responsible and I welcome an investigation.

"Whenever, in my judgment, a Police Inspector was to be reduced and a Police Captain promoted to his place I have made the demotion and the promotion without consulting the Mayor. Until they have been made the Mayor has known nothing about my appointments within the force or details to duty, whether in assignments for gambling raids or for the protection of the city in any other of the varied departments of police work.

"If there is a 'system' that is more corrupt than in previous years—indeed, if there is nearly so much collusion between members of the force and the criminal elements as in any previous police administration of which there is record—I am here to accept the whole responsibility.

"Since I assumed the Police Commissionership on May 23, 1911, my task has been to reorganize the department. Its business primarily is that of detecting crime and in deterring and bringing criminals to justice. The record of complaints of criminal misdoings made by citizens has during the last six months notably decreased; the record of convictions obtained has correspondingly increased.

Latest Crime Statistics.

"The department has been placed, for the first time, in a position to welcome the fullest and freest investigation of its organization and activities. Here are the comparative figures of what it has accomplished, both in the way of lessening occasions for complaints of crime and of increased efficiency in convicting felons and misdemeanants during the first half of 1912, compared with the first half of 1911:

The complaints of assault and robbery have decreased from 646 to 313, a decrease of 333.

The complaints of burglary have decreased from 5,006 to 4,054, a decrease of 952.

The complaints of pocketpicking have decreased from 533 to 90, a decrease of 443.

The complaints of homicide, including accidental deaths, &c., have increased from 81 to 140.

Total complaints have decreased from 22,080 to 19,395.

Convictions for homicide have increased from 9 to 17. There are 59 awaiting trial. Six have been sentenced to death during this period, against none for the corresponding period last year.

Convictions for assault and robbery have increased from 58 to 90, and for burglary from 401 to 566.

Total convictions have increased from 4,575 to 7,668.

Aggregate sentences obtained have increased from 4,990 years to 6,996 years, while suspended sentences have increased from 765 to 2,085.

In the first half of 1911 $1,410,893 worth of property was reported lost, and $549,342 recovered, or 39 per cent. In the first half of 1912, $1,668,347 worth of property was reported lost, and $950,015, or 57 per cent., recovered.

Seven thousand six hundred and sixty-eight convictions were obtained in this half year, against 7,007 for the entire year of 1909, 7,645 for the entire year 1910, 4,575 for the first half of 1911, and 7,628 for the last half of 1911.

Aggregate sentences of 6,699 years were obtained, against 6,383 years for the entire year of 1909, 7,286 for the entire year of 1910, and 4,990 for the first half of 1911.

In the first half of 1911, $1,410,893 worth of property was reported lost, and $549,342 recovered, or 39 per cent. In the first half of 1912, $1,668,347 worth of property was reported lost, and $950,015, or 57 per cent., recovered.

Welcomes Inquiry, He Says.

"I have repeatedly told how I placed in the hands of less than 150 men the enforcement of the law against gamblers. There are more than 10,000 men on the police force who, if they were minded to be corrupt, had no influence to sell in the way of keeping gambling houses open or of protecting gamblers from arrests or convictions. I have told, also, how I have not depended upon one raiding party alone, nor upon the Inspector in any district. I have used freely my power of reducing Inspectors who failed to get evidence against gamblers within their jurisdiction, when such evidence existed sufficient to convict. Not content with that, since the courts are reluctant to admit the testimony of the police and have restored the gambling instruments to the places raided, I have proceeded to close up these houses and keep them closed. I have heard plenty of accusations, plenty of statements that gambling is more prevalent in this city than ever before, all sorts of vague charges and inuendos. What I have not seen, and should like very much to see, is a list of notorious establishments that have not been visited by my men, closed, and kept closed.

"Lieut. Becker may himself, for all I know, have murdered Rosenthal. The District Attorney's office may have evidence that he was 'grafting.' But it is an indisputable fact, a fact that can be verified, that his activities for this department were checked at every turn, that he could not have 'sold out,' for he had nothing to sell. I had other men at work around and over him, men whose assignments he could not have known, who could not have known each other's assignments. These assignments for gambling raids have been shifted on many occasions, and could be shifted at a moment's notice among such a number of men, that it would be necessary to accuse them all of being partners in the 'system' in order to establish the possibility of their working in concert.

"There has been a sensational murder, followed by a storm of popular indignation. It is the time of year when 'crime waves' start in the hazy distance and overwhelm the city. It does not need a Rosenthal murder to fan into flame the public belief that the Police Department is demoralized; that the town is at the mercy of criminals. The public is taught to believe this regularly every Summer, and the murder of Rosenthal, which was a desperate deed, and may implicate one policeman, will confirm that belief until the true state of facts is disclosed by a thorough investigation. Let it come. I welcome it."

GRAFT HARVEST IN 1900

Was $3,095,000, According to Facts and Figures The Times Published.

The statement of Jack Rose that an annual tribute of $2,400,000 has been exacted by the police from gamblers and others for "protection" is not considered extravagant by those familiar with conditions in the underworld. As a matter of fact, the amount stated is nearly $700,000 a year less than was collected some twleve years ago. In an exposé of the gambling situation in New York in THE TIMES of March 9, 1900, it was shown that $3,095,000 was the yearly tribute of keepers of gambling houses and other resorts to the police and other powers of the City Government for "protection."

The public at the time was simply dumfounded by the array of facts and figures published by THE TIMES. This enormous amount of money, it was shown, was handled by what was known among the gamblers as the "Gambling Commission," composed of a Commissioner at the head of one of the city departments, two State Senators, and the dictator of the poolroom syndicate, who was before the Mazet Committee, and who was allied with Tammany Hall.

The frequent assertion that men "high in the councils of Tammany Hall" had been receiving money from the gambling combine led to the appointment of a committee of five, of which Lewis Nixon was Chairman, to investigate the truth of the charges. In his official report Mr. Nixon said:

Times Found Gambling Commission.

"There is an organization of men, known as the 'combine,' that is organized for systematic blackmail, and they cloak their workings by pretending to be paying Tammony Hall the money they collect for the protection they are supposed to furnish in its name.

"The men who wish to open places know whom to see, and having found that certain men who act in defiance of the 'combine's' orders are given short shrift, are naturally inclined to believe that these men do collect this money on account of Tammany Hall, and that if matters reach a climax this organization will protect them. This accounts for the almost defiant attitude of the gamblers."

The investigation and report of Mr. Nixon's committee followed the exposure made in THE TIMES of March 9, 1900, when the functions of the "Gambling Commission" and its methods of conducting a levy on gamblers for protection were related in detail. THE TIMES said at the time:

"This so-called commission meets weekly in the apartments of one of its members, not far from Forty-seventh Street and Broadway. The money is not only apportioned at these conferences, but licenses to run gambling houses are virtually issued there.

"Not a gambling house is running in this city to-day that is not known to this board, and not a place is running that does not pay its tax to this board. Its system is as complete as any branch of the City Government. There are no leaks, and no unauthorized place can run for twenty-four hours without either putting up or shutting up.

"The requisite for opening a gambling house, large or small, and this includes poolrooms, is to go to the Captain of the precinct. The request to be allowed to open is accompanied by the 'initiation' or 'introduction' fee of $300, and the Captain tells the applicant that his case will be acted on in time.

"A week later the applicant is notified of his fate. If he cannot open, his fee is returned to him, though cases of this kind are rare. The matter has in the meantime been reported to the Gambling Commission, and the case passed on much as a Board of Governors passes upon the application of a man for club membership.

The Tribute Then Exacted.

"If the application is passed, it is not accepted without an investigation, tending for the most part to find out the ability of the would-be member to pay his dues promptly and whether he is a person who is to be relied upon. The Captain of the precinct is responsible for that part of the matter. For his work therein he is allowed to retain the initiation fee.

"From that time on little that comes from the gaming crib sticks to the Captain's fingers. There are regularly organized collectors, among them ward men and Inspectors, and there is not much leakage before the money finally lands in the Gambling Commission's hands.

"The amount that lands there is made up as follows:

Poolrooms, 400, $300 each per month, or per year	$1,440,000
Crap games, 500, $150 each per month, or per year	900,000
Gambling houses, 200, $150 each per month, or per year	360,000
Gambling houses, large, 20, $1,000 each per month, or per year	240,000
Envelope games, 50, $50 each per month, or per year	30,000
Policy, per year	125,000
Total	$3,095,000

The revelations made by THE TIMES came as the result of a complaint on the part of the gamblers, who contended that the Gambling Commission, in its desire to make all it could in as short a time as possible, was licensing gambling houses indiscriminately, and that the business was to a large extent being ruined through too much competition. The article further stated:

"A gambler who knows every ramification of the 'protection' business said that there were in the greater city more than 2,000 illegal 'joints' which pay for non-molestation. Every one of these was required to put up an initiation fee of $300 before it could open. This part of the plunder went to the Police Captain and his henchmen, so that in the last three years over $600,000 had been paid to this part of the protection combination."

Nixon Named Blackmailers.

Later, when Lewis Nixon, speaking for the investigating committee, stated that he had the names of fifteen men in the gambling combine to present to the District Attorney, John D. Crimmins made the following comment:

"There are probably fifty men in the Democratic Club who could tell you all about the gambling combine. When THE TIMES printed the article some time ago about the gambling commission, I made inquiries and learned that the statements made in THE TIMES were the truth. The system of levying blackmail was in that article fully exposed. I heard from a man who is authority on such matters that the information printed by your paper was correct."

Drawing a line between what Tammany Hall did as an organization and leaders of Tammany did as individuals, Mr. Nixon concluded that men who were leaders in the Tammany Society, though not as high up as Richard Croker, might have received money from the gambling combine.

Referring to the statement about Mr. Croker, Mr. Crimmins had this to say:

"If you go to certain disgruntled men—men who have a grievance, and there are many of them—you will learn all about the levying of blackmail, and the percentages which certain forms of law-breaking pay for protection. Tammany Hall is a big political machine. On Election day it has crowds of workers. Of course this large sum is not turned into the hands of the politicians at one time. It is collected and held for use on Election Day. There are many people who can tell about such matters. These matters are discussed by certain politicians at their clubs, and it ought to be a simple matter to get the truth about blackmail and where the money comes from."

PARIS PAPERS INTERESTED.

The Temps Thinks Little Reform Will Result from Rosenthal Case.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 31.—The Rosenthal murder takes up much space in the newspapers here. Commenting on the case, The Temps says:

"The inquiry will be extremely difficult to conduct. District Attorney Whitman will have to contend against the machinations of powerful accomplices. The Rosenthal affair is only one section, and a small section, of the formidable organization which fleeces New York. Tammany Hall is said to be implicated in it. Even if this allegation is false in the present instance, beyond doubt the responsibility for the demoralization of the public service lies with this organization. It is the latter which makes graft, the open wound of present-day America.

"From New York and on the pattern of Tammany groups of politicians have been created in richer cities which systematically bleed all those depending more or less on the good will of the municipalities. We venture to doubt whether, in spite of the present scandal, the Government will be able to make a breach in this phalanx of malefactors. Too many bonds unite those most open to attack with certain men in high office. Rosenthal's case will, as happened in other scandals, cost a few subordinates their places, but it is to be feared 'graft' will flourish just as much as ever."

MANY HOMICIDES IN JULY.

Record for the Month Without Parallel in the History of the County.

In the twenty-eight days between July 3 and the 30th there were twenty homicides in this county. This record is almost without parallel so far as the records of the District Attorney and the Coroner's office show. Nearly all of the persons killed were shot or stabbed to death.

In eight of these killings there were no arrests, in three the persons arrested were not held, and one of the guilty persons committed suicide.

HOPE SOON TO GET VERRELLA SLAYERS

Detectives Say They Know Who the Other Two Men Are Who Killed Resort Keeper.

WON'T DISCUSS MOTIVE

But Brother of Verrella Admits "Dago Frank" Had Visited Cafe in Which Proprietor Was Shot.

Detectives investigating the murder of James Verrella, proprietor of the Dante Café at 163 West Thirty-fourth Street, who is believed to have been killed because he was suspected of betraying the hiding place of "Dago Frank" Cirocisi, spent yesterday in an effort to find the companions of the two Italians who were arrested after the shooting of Verrella early Monday morning.

Detective Trojan of the West Thirtieth Street Police Station, who arrested William Lorenzo and Albert Contento for the murder, said last night that he had learned who their two companions were. He said that he expected to run them down without much delay. The two men who are now being sought made it possible for Lorenzo and Alberto, who did the shooting, to get into the Café Dante. Both Lorenzo and Alberto were strangers to the resort and would have been refused admittance by the lookout on guard after midnight, except that they were accompanied by two men whose faces had been seen before at the café. The two men, who escaped after the murder of Verrella, were sufficiently acquainted with the building to escape by climbing through the rear window to the roof of an adjoining building.

Ernest Verrella, a brother of the murdered man, said yesterday that he did not think the death of his brother was connected with the Rosenthal case.

"I never knew," he declared, "that 'Dago Frank' came in here till one of our customers, George Casiala, told me this morning that he had seen him here occasionally. If my brother did know 'Dago Frank' he never would have given him up to the police. The men who committed the murder might have planned to do it before they came into the place, because, after ordering drinks, they went right upstairs without stopping to drink them, and in a minute or two began shooting. I've heard that they followed a woman upstairs and got into a quarrel there, and then I've heard that they tried to hold up my brother. I don't understand it."

"Dago Frank," who had for several months been a regular visitor at the Café Dante, was arrested last Thursday night in a Harlem flat. He was the member of the murder party which killed Herman Rosenthal at the Hotel Metropole. "Dago Frank" had eluded detectives for more than a week, and that he was finally caught was said by many of his friends to be due to information given to the police by Verrella. Several detectives had been seen visiting the Café Dante a few days before his arrest, and this was one of the things which brought the betrayal home to Verrella.

"There were four plainclothes men in here one day last week to see me," said James J. Cain, the ex-detective who now manages the café. "Former friends of mine on the force drop in on me occasionally, but none ever came to see Verrella, so far as I know. They never talk police business to me. If they did I would walk far away. I know too much to get mixed up in any such business as that.

"I wouldn't say why I think the men arrested killed Verrella. I'm not a detective any longer, and I want to have as little to do with the business as possible. I don't know that Verrella ever had anything to do with 'Dago' Frank. He generally told me all his affairs, and he never mentioned 'Dago' Frank to me. But there is nothing in the theory that these men intended to try to hold up a pinochle game. There was only a two-handed game going on between Verrella and his friend, and the murderers opened fire without making any effort to rob them."

Detectives Upton, Cassassa, and McKenna, who arrested "Dago Frank," denied yesterday that they had received information from Verrella, and refused to say how they had got on his trail.

OFFICIALS TO SUE FOR LIBEL.

Cohalane, Dougherty, Sheehan, and Hughes Proceed Against American.

Police Inspector Edward P. Hughes, in charge of the Detective Bureau at Headquarters; Winfield R. Sheehan, secretary to Commissioner Rhinelander Waldo; Inspector Cornelius F. Cohalane of the First Inspection District, and Deputy Police Commissioner George S. Dougherty announced yesterday that they intended to bring suit for libel against The New York American.

The suits will be based upon the publication of their pictures in connection with a story of graft in the Police Department embodied in the confession of Jack Rose, upon whose statement in conjunction with others obtained from Harry Vallon and "Bridgey" Webber, the indictment of Lieut. Becker for murder in the first degree was based.

The article which accompanied the pictures said that Rose's confession mentioned by name high police officials as recipients of graft collected from gamblers and other beneficiaries of police protection. A few paragraphs further on the article says:

> The names are all known to the New York American and are withheld by request in order that the far-reaching investigation now under way may not be impeded.

At the side of the story under a four column head appeared the pictures and names of the four plaintiffs in the libel suits. The headlines above the pictures read:

> Four High Police Officials Mentioned in the Confessions Involving Lieut. Becker.

Edward Lauterbach, who has been retained as counsel in the libel proceedings by Inspector Hughes, said last night at his home, 301 West 106th Street, that papers in the case would probably be served to-day. He added:

"This is a flagrant and most dastardly libel. The case is clear. Inspector Hughes has had no connection with the gambling situation. He had nothing to do with raids which were made. He is an honest man and has always borne a well-deserved reputation for integrity. The publication of his picture under such a headline is equivalent to the bald statement that he was one of the four police officials alleged to have been implicated in the so-called confession of Jack Rose, a notorious gambler.

"Whether Rose made such a statement or not is immaterial. His statement, if he made any, so far as it reflects upon my client, is of no consequence. Even if Inspector Hughes's name has been mentioned by Rose in such a connection it does not justify a newspaper in repeating the accusation in veiled form. Inspector Hughes has brought this suit in order to invite the fullest investigation, and, incidentally, to obtain such reparation for the wrong which has been done him as the law will grant. Whether or not criminal action will be brought against the men responsible for the publication of the story has not been decided."

Winfield R. Sheehan, Commissioner Waldo's secretary, it was learned last night, had retained James M. Osborne to bring a similar suit on his behalf. Deputy Commissioner George S. Dougherty has put his case in the hands of William Nelson Cromwell.

Mr. Dougherty, at his home at Bath Beach last night, declined to discuss the matter.

"All I can say at this time," he declared, "is that no one can possibly have any grounds upon which to accuse me of graft. They can't do it. My hands are clean, and I intend to stop the bandying about of my name in such a connection."

Efforts to reach Inspector Cohalane last night were futile. It is not known what lawyer will represent him as counsel in the libel action.

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"DOLLAR DINNER"

CITIZENS' UNION ON THE CASE.

Would Give Commissioner Power to Dismiss Subordinates.

The Searchlight, published by the Citizens' Union, contains an article in its issue of yesterday entitled "Rosenthal Murder's Lesson," in which methods are discussed by which the "political monopoly" may be eliminated and the Police Department freed from its control. These remedies are proposed by the Citizens' Union:

1.—Destroy its control of nominations by a thoroughgoing direct primary law, with a fair primary ballot.

2.—Destroy its control of elections by a Massachusetts ballot, a non-partisan Municipal Elections act, and a short ballot.

3—Enable the Police Commissioner to destroy the "system" by giving him power to dismiss or demote police officers. Take away the policeman's privilege to be reinstated by the courts because of technical errors in his trial.

After asking why such men as "Bridgey" Webber were prominent among the workers rolling up a vote on the east side in the last Mayoralty election, The Searchlight answers it in this paragraph:

"After all, the police are an arm of the City Government. To have a free police we must have a City Government free from the control of the existing political monopoly. And to free the City Government we must have a primary and election machinery that will destroy the political monopoly, and make all city officials responsive to real public opinion. So long as the nominations are made by the Murphys and the Sullivans, the best strategic positions on the ballot given to their nominees, and the city ballot lengthened out with a long list of minor offices, so that votes may be counted for candidates upon whom the attention of the voter is not concentrated even to the extent of knowing their names, public opinion may be impotent in its attack upon 'the system.'"

The crooked politician, The Searchlight declares, is back of the crooked policeman, and the same influences which control city politics also control State politics; there is the same proportion of honesty and the same degree of corruption.

"To purify the police," the article continues, "we must have city administrations controlled by the people and responsive to public opinion.

"The 'system' is even protected against the 'outside' chance that some Police Commissioner may make war upon it. His most effective weapons—reduction to the ranks and dismissal from the force—are blunted by the provisions of State law. Commissioner Greene once removed a Captain for failing to close a disreputable resort in West Thirty-third Street, and the courts put the Captain back on the force because at the trial certain evidence was—introduced which constituted 'reversible error.' The Court of Appeals has established the rule that a Commissioner 'must not act upon his own knowledge,' but must determine the guilt of a police officer on the basis of evidence presented at the trial. It would be interesting to get the opinion of the Pinkertons or William J. Burns as to how it would affect the efficiency of their bureaus to be hedged about by such technical rules in discharging an untrustworthy man."

SCANDAL IN PHILADELPHIA.

Police Said to Have Known of Costly Jewel Thefts There.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 31.—Disclosures that may shake the Philadelphia Department of Public Safety are expected to follow the capture here of Edward Frazier, also known as George Kelly of Newark, N. J., who is in the city prison charged by Captain of Detectives Richard Whalen with robbing the Summer homes of a score of Philadelphians here.

Frazier, who is well known to the Philadelphia police, is said to have confessed to the Atlantic City authorities early today that at least one Philadelphia detective was aware of the disposal of thousands of dollars' worth of diamonds stolen by Frazier and his associates in their operations, covering a period of several weeks, at the shore, and that a man formerly very high in the Philadelphia police service did his utmost to prevent an investigation, which would have bared the plot.

Captain of Detectives Whalen denied to-night that Frazier, the man under arrest, had confessed. It is known, however, that the local authorities and some of the victims in the robberies have put at the disposal of Director Porter of the Philadelphia Department of Public Safety facts disclosed by the investigation leading up to Frazier's capture at midnight on Monday, that may result in the suspension and possible arrest to-morrow of one or more members of the Philadelphia Detective Bureau.

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HYDE'S TRIAL NEAR AFTER LONG DELAY

Bribery Case, Many Times Put Off, Is to be Heard in the Supreme Court in October.

CHANGE OF VENUE DENIED

Chronological Record of the Moves by Which the Defendant Has Postponed the Issue.

Former City Chamberlain Charles H. Hyde, who was indicted for bribery as a public official on May 1, 1911, and against whom a second indictment on the same state of facts was found on the following May 12, is to be called for trial at the October term of the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court this Fall, unless a new excuse for delay is found meantime. The chronology of his case reveals the ingenuity by which he has thus far managed to postpone his trial.

The charge against Hyde was that he forced the Northern Bank of New York, which later failed, to loan $130,000 to the Carnegie Trust Company, which also collapsed later, and in return got a loan of $13,800 from the Carnegie Trust Company in the name of his secretary, John V. Smith. The lever he used to force the $130,000 loan by the Northern Bank to the Carnegie Trust Company was declared to be his power over deposits of city money, which the Northern Bank officials desired.

First Talked of a Plot.

The chronology of the Hyde case follows:

June 3, 1910—Appointed City Chamberlain by Mayor Gaynor, his former law partner.

April 9, 1911—Hyde makes a public statement that there is a political plot to discredit him in connection with the large deposits of city money found in wrecked banks controlled by the Cummins crowd.

May 1—Hyde indicted.

May 3—Hyde resigns. Resignation accepted by Mayor Gaynor with regret and a statement that he had always found Hyde "honest and correct."

May 11—New indictment, strengthening original charge against Hyde, found by Grand Jury. The new indictment followed a Grand Jury inspection of the contents of William J. Cummins's private safe at the Carnegie Trust Company.

May 16—Hyde pleaded not guilty before Supreme Court Justice Davis.

June 10—Hyde demanded immediate trial, preceding trials of Joseph B. Reichmann and William J. Cummins.

June 12—Supreme Court Justice McCall decided Hyde must wait for trial until after the trial of Reichmann and Cummins.

July 13—Justice McCall transferred Hyde's case to the calendar of the Court of General Sessions from the Supreme Court calendar, a victory for Hyde.

July 17—District Attorney Whitman had Hyde's case restored to Supreme Court calendar by Justice McCall, after obtaining an order from the Justice staying trial of Hyde in General Sessions.

July 18—Hyde appealed to the Appellate Division from this order of Justice McCall.

The Israel Tilden Affidavit.

July 20—The Appellate Division denied Hyde's appeal for an order vacating the stay of trial in General Sessions signed by Justice McCall.

Dec. 26—Hyde moved before Supreme Court Justice Lehman for a change of venue. He produced affidavits from various persons, including one of a law clerk named Israel Tilden. Tilden swore that 300 men he had interviewed expressed belief in Hyde's guilt.

Dec. 27—THE NEW YORK TIMES discovered that Tilden was the same man who had collected similar statements from citizens in the Sullivan case in Kings County. TIMES reporters interviewed men quoted in the Tilden affidavit, who denied making the statements Tilden had attributed to them.

Dec. 28—District Attorney Whitman sent affidavits of men mentioned in the Tilden affidavit, together with a copy of that document, to the Grand Jury.

Jan. 2, 1912—Supreme Court Justice Stapleton in Brooklyn granted Hyde a stay of trial pending decision of his motion for a change of venue.

Jan. 3—Mr. Whitman served his answer in the change of venue motion on Hyde.

Jan. 5—Justice Lehman heard argument on the motion for change of venue.

Jan. 8—Justice Lehman denied Hyde's motion for a change of venue, stating that affidavits in its behalf were of no great weight, even "if not intentionally false."

Marean Grants a Stay.

Jan. 10—Hyde appealed from Justice Lehman's decision to the Appellate Division.

Jan. 12—Supreme Court Justice Marean in Brooklyn granted to Hyde an order staying his trial. Hyde announced that he would appeal to the Court of Appeals if necessary to get a change of venue.

Feb. 15—The Appellate Division denied Hyde's appeal from Justice Lehman's decision denying him a change of venue in an opinion which rejected all of Hyde's pleas that the Tilden affidavit and newspaper clippings showed he could not get a fair trial in New York County.

Feb. 27—Hyde served notice of his appeal to the Court of Appeals from the decision of the Appellate Division.

March 9—Hyde withdrew his appeal to the Court of Appeals for a change of venue, and demanded a trial on the earliest possible date. Controller William A. Prendergast issued a statement that he had investigated Hyde's conduct with reference to city money and was convinced that he had been an honest and circumspect official.

Attacks Justice Davis.

March 14—Supreme Court Justice Seabury fixed April 1 as the date of Hyde's trial in the Criminal Branch of that court. Justice Seabury refused to answer a question of Hyde's counsel as to whether he would be sitting in that court at the time of Hyde's trial, saying that the question was not a proper one. Later in the day it became known that Justice Davis had been assigned to sit in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court for the April term of the Appellate Division. Without consulting his counsel, Hyde issued a statement attacking Justice Davis and Presiding Justice Ingraham of the Appellate Division and insinuating that there was a desire to force him to trial before Justice Davis, whom he feared as possibly unfair. Justice Davis had presided during the trials of Cummins and Reichmann, who were convicted.

March 16—John B. Stanchfield and Max D. Steuer, attorneys for Hyde, censured him for making this statement.

Tries Writ of Habeas Corpus.

March 27—Hyde went to the Tombs with his bondsman and surrendered to Warden Fallon. He then applied to Justice Woodward of the Supreme Court in Brooklyn for a writ of habeas corpus. Justice Woodward granted the writ. In his application for it Hyde alleged that he could not get a fair trial in New York County. He declared to newspaper men that he feared a trial before Justice Davis. This coincided with a letter which he had written to District Attorney Whitman on March 6, in which he stated that he would prefer not to go to trial before Justice Davis, but stated he did not wish to give his reasons.

March 30—Justice Woodward adjourned hearing on the Hyde writ because of notice that the Appellate Division of the First Department would be invoked against it. Hyde announced that he would not appear before Justice Davis for trial.

April 1—Date set for Hyde's trial. He did not appear. Justice Davis adjourned trial until the following Monday.

April 2—Appellate Division of the First Department granted District Attorney Whitman's application for a writ of prohibition forbidding Justice Woodward to interfere in the Hyde case with further hearings on the writ of habeas corpus.

Beaten, but Got Delay.

April 3—Justice Woodward by counsel opposed the writ of prohibition by Manhattan Appellate Division.

April 4—Manhattan Appellate Division decided it had no jurisdiction over Justice Woodward and withdrew the writ of prohibition.

April 7—Brooklyn Appellate Division granted writ of prohibition against Justice Woodward's Hyde habeas corpus proceedings to District Attorney Whitman.

May 2—Brooklyn Appellate Division ruled that Justice Woodward must send Hyde habeas corpus proceedings to New York County.

May 27—Justice Woodward complied with this ruling.

June 6—Supreme Court Justice Blanchard in New York heard arguments on Hyde's writ of habeas corpus.

June 16—Hyde's trial set for the October term of the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court.

New York Merchants, Here's a Field Worth Cultivating!

Thousands of Summer visitors, (*tourists with money to spend while here*) will arrive in New York today, and tomorrow and the next day, and every day during the coming month.

These people all plan to take home some remembrance for relatives or friends. To say nothing of the purchases they will make on their own account.

They are not familiar with New York and know little if anything about where to go to find the best assortments and values. *They will welcome information which will aid them in purchasing to the best advantage.*

For the most part these visitors stay at the leading hotels; they depend upon the daily newspaper for their news and they depend upon their hotel newsstand for their daily newspaper.

In the leading New York hotels, the sale of The New York Times exceeds that of any other newspaper. Here are a few examples.

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TIMES	40
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DILLON DECLARES FOR TAFT.

Refusing to Run for Ohio Governor, He Protests Against Party Split.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, July 31.—Judge Edmund B. Dillon announced to-day by letter to the Republican State Central Committee his withdrawal as the party's candidate for Governor. He will, he said, support Mr. Taft for the Presidency, and he declared against any movement that would jeopardize the chances of the State ticket.

His resignation was at once accepted and the committee adjourned to Aug. 10, when a new candidate will be selected and an Executive Committee elected with power to name its own Chairman. The committee decided a contest between two Executive Committees in Athens County, recognizing the Roosevelt organization.

Taft leaders are jubilant over Judge Dillon's letter. They say it proves the contention that it was the Roosevelt element, and not the Taft men, that had caused Mr. Dillon's retirement from defeat. Lewis C. Laylin, Taft's personal manager in the State, to-night said to the representative of THE TIMES:

"While Judge Dillon's withdrawal is to be regretted, he must be commended for the spirit of his letter, his emphatic indorsement of Taft, and his declaration that the nominee for Governor should give the President loyal support. I believe the Central Committee at its next meeting will follow the advice of Judge Dillon and select a candidate who will support the entire State and National tickets."

Walter F. Brown is not willing to accept the imputation that the followers of the former President are responsible for the deplorable situation in which the party now finds itself. At the same time he made it exceedingly clear that there is to be a third party ticket in Ohio from Presidential Electors down to candidates for the county offices.

The Roosevelt leaders assert that Judge Dillon admitted to them that he was for Col. Roosevelt as against Mr. Taft. When the talk began about his withdrawal for honor's sake they urged him to remain.

CINCINNATI, July 31.—President Taft's home county will be one of the few to present contests at the organization of the Progressive Party in Chicago next week. The original Roosevelt committee named two delegates from Hamilton County some time ago, but to-night another faction will hold a convention here to select opposing delegates.

The original delegates declare they have assurance of recognition from Progressive headquarters, while Amos Foster, head of the contesting wing of the party, shows a letter he received to-day from James R. Garfield congratulating him on "taking hold of the Progressive movement in Hamilton County so vigorously."

Idaho Socialists Name Ticket.

BOISE, Idaho, July 31.—The Socialists of Idaho nominated a State ticket at their convention at Nampa yesterday. L. A. Coblentz of Idaho Falls was nominated for Governor and Sewall Chapman of Boise for Lieutenant Governor. S. W. Moley of Twin Falls and G. E. Beloit of Summit are the nominees for Congress.

There's a reason—Pusey for Good Printing. Pusey Press, 136 West 42d. 5447 Bryant.—Adv.

CITY SENDS WOMEN TO VOTE FOR COLONEL

First Bull Moose County Convention Names Four to Go to Chicago.

BUT SUFFRAGISTS BALK

Won't Give Third Party Their Indorsement, Though It Urges a Votes for Women Referendum.

For the first time in political history, women will go from this State as delegates to a National Convention with a voice and vote in its deliberations. Two women delegates and two women alternates were elected, at the County Convention of the National Progressive Party held last night in the Carnegie Lyceum, as district representatives to the National Convention in Chicago, where Theodore Roosevelt is to be nominated as a third term candidate for President of the United States.

As a further earnest of its good will toward women who wish to take a hand in the game of politics, the convention adopted a resolution recommending a referendum in the different States on the question of woman suffrage at the general elections this Fall.

For all that, the Colonel's third party in this State failed to receive the indorsement of the woman suffragists. Mrs. Martha Wentworth Suffern, prominent in the work of the Woman's Equal Suffrage Party, who went before the Committee on Resolutions and urged the adoption of the resolution recommending the suffrage referendum, got the floor and tersely explained why. She said that the woman suffragists would give their indorsement only to the party that agreed to give them the ballot. The Socialists and Prohibitionists, she said, had favored votes for women from the depths of their hearts for years and had been seeking the indorsement of woman suffragists in vain. Under the circumstances it did not seem fair to her and her suffragist sisters that this indorsement should be given to the new party.

"I had the courtesy of a platform seat at the Republican Convention in Rochester," said Mrs. Suffern in her speech. "I listened to the keynote speech of Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler and as I looked into the faces of the splendid men from all parts of the State who were there as delegates, I wondered whether they would stand for the bombast and the insincerity of that speech of Prof. Butler. I am glad to see that they wouldn't.

"Now you can come to us for anything. If you want to learn how to put some color and life into the melancholy campaigns that men run, come to us and we will tell you. If you want advice on how to run a new party—if you want anything short of our indorsement, come to our headquarters and you can have it for the asking."

Cheers for Mrs. Suffern.

Half the men delegates in the hall got up in their seats and cheered Mrs. Suffern, waving red bandana handkerchiefs with Col. Roosevelt's picture on them. These emblems were distributed free to every ticket holder who entered the hall.

There was no lack of enthusiasm at this first New York County Convention of the Bull Moose Party. A huge stuffed bull moose, a complimentary contribution of a taxidermist, stood on the stage and looked down with glazed eyes on the audience in the hall. The hall was filled, as were the boxes and the balcony and the stage. In all there attended something like 1,000 persons, all the Lyceum could hold conveniently.

Oscar S. Straus was Temporary Chairman of the convention, and the temporary organization being made permanent, acted as Permanent Chairman, too. In his keynote speech he roundly denounced the methods invoked by the Republicans at their National Convention in Chicago, through which Col. Roosevelt was defeated for the Presidential nomination.

"The convention at Chicago repudiated the rule of the people, therefore the larger part of the Republican voters have determined to repudiate the Chicago Convention, its crooked methods, its beneficiaries, and its candidates," said Mr. Straus.

"The time comes in the public life of a people as in its social order, when it becomes necessary to overhaul conditions, to instil the basic virtues, not only to rediscover the Ten Commandments, but to enforce them, and to lead the people from the worship of false gods to the recognition of those principles which hallows the memory of a Lincoln and glorifies the steadfast principles and the rugged honesty of a Cleveland.

"It is easy to proclaim Progressive principles; it is quite another thing to live up to them. I am quite sure Barnes, Murphy, Crane, and Taggart all claim to be Progressives. Even Mr. Taft announced himself as no longer a 'man of straw,' but a Progressive, and yet he holds fast to a nomination procured by fraudulent delegates—a nomination which could not have been secured except by substituting the tyrannical power and crooked methods of the bosses for the deliberate will of the people.

Must Free the People.

"But why dwell on the past? The platform of the Progressive Party is not written in words but in deeds accomplished, and in their logical sequence following their accomplishment. In order to carry forward this progressive work first and foremost it is necessary to release the people from the domination of the bosses, and restore their Democratic rights to them so that the people shall rule. Secondly, to eliminate the Taggarts, Murphys, Cranes, and Barneses. That this cannot be done in the old party lines the conventions in Chicago and Baltimore and the insincere catch-vote platforms there adopted are a proof.

"We are in a new age, with new and changing conditions; old party formula and old party methods will no longer deceive the people. We must go forward with courage for the right, under a leader who trusts the people and in whom the people have confidence, and whom the people trust. To condone a wrong of the stupendous magnitude which involves and discredits the title of a candidate for the Presidency is to inflict upon the body politic an injury which endangers not only civic righteousness, but the whole fabric of our democratic institutions."

It was an unbossed convention, but it moved with clockwork precision, in accordance with a typewritten programme, made up in advance. After Mr. Straus was through with his speech, the regulation committees retired and returned with reports, which apparently had been written before the convention was called to order. There was such complete harmony and such complete confidence in the management, however, that every report was adopted by unanimous vote.

List of Delegates.

Here is the list of delegates and alternates chosen—two for each Congressional district in Manhattan and the Bronx, but all elected at large by the delegates to last night's convention:

DELEGATES.	ALTERNATES.
Ernest Harvier,	Dennis B. Carey,
Francis W. Bird,	Woods Hutchinson,
J. A. Frankelin,	Charles Nauss,
F. R. Gleed,	William Hoetzel,
Timothy Healy,	Charles Lowy,
George W. Perkins,	Michael Schaip,
Irving M. Crane, (substitute;)	Dwight W. DeMotte,
Samuel McC. Lindsay,	Miss Augusta C. Houghton,
Mrs. Wm. G. Brown,	Robert P. Levis,
Miss Clara B. Morrison,	W. A. Ferguson,
James J. Fitzgerald,	Edward A. Johnson,
Bainbridge Colby,	Julius H. Reiter,
Nathan Elsberg,	William J. Scott,
George W. Kirchwey,	Louis Lande,
Jacob Lesser,	W. L. Ranzom,
Henry Moskowitz,	G. H. Seull,
Francis J. Lantry,	S. S. Miller,
William Halpin,	Bernard Rosenblatt,
Amos Pinchot,	Abraham J. Bongy,
Patrick Egan,	Moses R. Fertig,
Daniel E. Sickles,	Joseph L. Conte,
Joseph Murray,	Col. H. H. Andrews,
Dr. J. E. Armstrong,	Miss Pauline Goldmark,
Paul Block,	Arthur C. McKeever.
Geo. Henry Payne.	

Referendum on Suffrage Urged.

The feature of the resolutions presented by E. W. Bloomingdale as Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions was the plank recommending a referendum on woman suffrage. The rest of the resolutions were devoted to denunciation of the old parties and declarations in favor of the National Progressive Party to usher in a better era in politics and public life. The resolutions follow:

> A new party, dedicated to the promotion of social and political justice, equality of opportunity, and the prosperity of all the people, has been formed in the Nation.
>
> We of New York County have assembled to choose delegates to its first National Convention. At such a time it is proper that we should state the reasons which have compelled us to help create this new party.
>
> The people of this party have given a fair trial to both the Republican and the Democratic Parties. These old parties have served their purposes in their time, but today are found wanting. Both old parties are dominated by the combination between money and politics.
>
> New economic and industrial developments have presented new problems to our Nation—problems which must be solved because they touch the happiness and welfare of every citizen. These problems cannot be solved by the parties which are dominated by special privilege and which do not represent the people.
>
> The only hope of meeting present conditions and of bringing to a halt the exploitation of our people by a minority of politically and industrially powerful persons is by forming a new, free, and righteous party and placing in its hands the reins of government.
>
> Such a party has been formed. We have joined it and will support it with all our power, firm in the belief that it will face the new problems of our civilization honestly and in a spirit of service to all.
>
> The natural wealth of the United States is many times that of any European country. But the prosperity of our people is not proportionate to our resources. We believe that this is because, under the administration of the two old parties, our Government has failed in its primary test of protecting the people from the exploitation and in securing to them a fair share of political power and industrial prosperity. Under these conditions widespread agitation and unrest prevail and will continue to prevail until our Government is in the hands of an honest progressive party representing all the people and conducting the Government for the benefit of all the people. No country can endure and prosper under party government which the people, with justice, mistrust.
>
> In neither the Republican nor the Democratic platforms, nor in the history of the administrations of these parties, can we find a message of hope, or prosperity, for business large or small, for the farmer, the wage-worker, or their families.
>
> The development of our Nation demands a new party to meet the new problems of civilization in a spirit of humanity and service and to see to it that hereafter the Government of the United States shall be conducted in the interests of the whole people of the United States. We, therefore pledge ourselves to support the Progressive Party, and we recommend that to further its purposes and to fulfill the great task that our country demands shall be fulfilled by the Progressive Party, the delegates elected by this convention shall support the nomination for President of the United States of Theodore Roosevelt, who has been and is the most consistent exponent of these principles.
>
> We recommend that the question of giving the ballot to women be submitted to the voters of the individual States at the earliest possible moment.

While the convention was waiting for the committees to bring in their reports there was vocal and instrumental music to divert the audience. Prof. George W. Kirchwey of Columbia Law School, also made a speech which was warmly applauded.

Anarchist or Reactionary.

"They call us a discontented mob," said the professor. "Well, the discontented mob is made up of the American people. We do not arrogate too much to ourselves when we proclaim that we are here as representatives of the American people.

"We shall be called Socialists and Anarchists. Well, I would rather be a Socialist or an Anarchist of a mild type than a reactionary and a standpatter. As such I would be infinitely more useful, though in all probability I would be deported by the order of a Federal Judge. We are unusually favored to be permitted to stand with our great leader at Armageddon and battle for the Lord."

The Colonel's name was applauded for about thirty seconds when it was first sprung by Mr. Straus in his keynote speech.

Some comment was caused by the fact that among the delegates to the convention was found the name of Francis J. Lantry. Mr. Lantry has been a very active Tammany man. He has been Tammany leader of the Sixteenth Assembly District on the east side, but broke away from Murphy when the friends of ex-Mayor McClellan attempted to build up an anti-Murphy faction in Tammany Hall.

Another political expert of the old school chosen is William Halpin, B. B. Odell's old political factotum in New York County, and at one time Chairman of the Republican County Committee as Odell's representative.

Of the women delegates, Mrs. William Grant Brown is very prominent in women's clubs. She was at one time President of the League of Women's Clubs. Miss Morrison is a sister-in-law of Timothy L. Woodruff.

It was said last night that one of the delegates at large to be chosen at Buffalo on Saturday, in all probability, would be a woman.

BARTHOLD FLAYS COLONEL.

Says He Went to Chicago Convention Bent on Treachery.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The Bull Moose cry of "theft" over the nomination at Chicago was again answered on the floor of the House to-day in a speech by Representative Richard Barthold of Missouri, who defended the methods employed in the nomination of President Taft, and attacked those employed by the Roosevelt forces at Chicago. Challenging the third party advocates, Mr. Barthold asserted that Col. Roosevelt went to Chicago with a stack of bogus contests in an effort to bluff the party into nominating him, and was bent on treachery when he did so.

"Col. Roosevelt went to Chicago," Mr. Barthold exclaimed, "fully determined to bolt if things were against him. The cries of fraud were premeditated, and the shameless ejaculation of 'thieves!' was the battle cry of the new party. If he had been nominated he would have made the race on any old platform with his frantic followers shouting 'Hosanna.'"

WILSON'S PLAN OF TARIFF CUTTING

Continued from Page 1.

wished to know about the arrangements for delivering the speech of acceptance on Aug. 7. Gov. Wilson told him he could not tell about arrangements, as he had not yet seen Ollie James, Chairman of the Committee on Notification. Gov. Wilson said Mr. James had an appointment for luncheon with him to-morrow and that at this luncheon the arrangements for the notification ceremony would be completed.

Henry Morgenthau came to see Gov. Wilson, but found him busy on the golf links, and did not disturb him. The Governor played golf throughout the afternoon and then spent an hour before dinner correcting the draft of his speech of acceptance as submitted to him by his stenographers. In some New York and Philadelphia newspapers articles had been printed purporting to outline the Governor's speech.

"I wish I knew who perpetrated some of those things," he remarked. "It would be almost worth while to camp on the trail of such people and make them known. Lying should have a penalty attached to it. Things find their way into publications that are downright lies, and while they are not libelous they are often annoying. An inexpensive way should be devised to enable persons about whom gratuitous lies are told to recover damages, although the lies may not be actual libels.

"Last year a newspaper sent a man to me, for instance, to ask about the employment of Mr. Burns at Atlantic City. I told him I knew utterly nothing about the matter, yet on the next day a full detailed story appeared, telling how I had been in consultation with Burns and had arranged for his employment. That kind of journalism is an outrage."

Gov. Wilson's friends in New Jersey expressed themselves as much delighted tonight over the Bull Moose movement in the State.

"I am sure," said National Committeeman Hudspeth, "that the Bull Moose movement will split the Republican vote asunder and drive a large number of disgusted voters into the Democratic ranks. That is the consensus of the reports brought in from all our workers. The young men of the Republican Party are not for Taft, and they do not like the mad scramble of his opponent, so we are going to get their votes."

Most of the advice brought here by Jerseymen and others is that Gov. Wilson will keep aloof from a campaign of personalities and avoid the disputes in individual States.

"He is like a rider on a fine horse, who has got away ahead of the field," was the way Congressman Hughes of New Jersey expressed the Governor's status. "All he has to do is to gallop and gallop, and he can't help but come under the wire first. He has not got to spurt or get excited or whip up. He's just got to keep steady. No one is in a position to head him off. It can't be done. He can let Taft and Roosevelt hurl verbal bombs at each other all they want to, and he can let them destroy themselves, but he merely has to keep going to be the winner. The field is too far behind. I favor a campaign in which he spend most of the time at Sea Girt and make set speeches only if he does decide to take the field."

Gov. Wilson's speech will go to the printers this morning, and advance copies will be ready for distribution on Friday.

Among the Governor's visitors to-day was a delegation of young men, headed by J. E. O'Toole of Wilmington, President of the First Voters' Club of Delaware. Mr. O'Toole told the Governor that the membership of his organization consisted of 600 young men, all of whom had yet to cast their first vote, and that they would all vote for Wilson.

CLUB FRIENDLY TO WILSON.

Manner of His Nomination to the Manhattan Caused Withdrawal.

A report that the name of Woodrow Wilson had been withdrawn as an applicant for membership in the Manhattan Club led to the authoritative announcement yesterday that the action leading to the withdrawal was prompted by friendliness toward the Democratic candidate.

The explanation was furnished by Philip J. Britt, Vice President of the club, who called at Democratic National Headquarters in the Fifth Avenue Building to contradict rumors that hostility of certain club members would make the election of Gov. Wilson impossible, and that for this reason his name had been withdrawn. This explanation came after authoritative information had come from Sea Girt that Gov. Wilson had not taken the initiative in the application for membership.

It appeared that the Governor's name had been presented by Major James Otis Woodward, at one time Commander of the Albany Burgess Corps. The name of Major Woodward figured prominently in the newspapers at the time the corps wis dissolved after an investigation conducted by the Adjutant General. The name of Col. William F. McCombs had been given as seconding the application of Gov. Wilson.

This is Mr. Britt's explanation:

"Upon the discovery by some of the officers of the Manhattan Club that Gov. Woodrow Wilson's name was proposed without his request, knowledge, acquiescence, or consent, and after learning that the name of William F. McCombs as seconder of the nomination was without authority, they insisted upon Mr. Woodward withdrawing the proposal of the name, I feel that every member of the Board of Governors would be much gratified and honored at the opportunity of voting for Gov. Wilson as a member of the club. There would have been no meeting of the Board of Governors until September to act upon applications, and none of the influences mentioned in the newspapers this morning had the slightest influence in the withdrawal of the nomination."

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847 Broad St., Newark.

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ROOSEVELT JILTING MISS DEMOCRACY

He Is Told That a Republican Must Be Named for the Vice Presidency.

MANY TANGLES TO UNRAVEL

Uncertain Still About Negro Question—Only Sure of Two Senators' Support.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., July 31.—The problem of handling the negro question in connection with his efforts to break the solid South, and whether it would or would not be advisable to have a Democrat as his running mate on the National ticket of the Progressives, are two matters which are causing Col. Roosevelt and his leaders no little worry now. He hopes to handle the first problem successfully in a statement which will be made public Saturday morning. As to the question of a nominee for Vice President, however, things are all at sixes and sevens.

To add to the muddle the Colonel at the urging of some of the Democrats who have joined the third-party movement let it be known that he would favor John M. Parker, a Southern Democrat from New Orleans, for Temporary Chairman of the Progressive Convention. To-day he came out with the assertion that he did not believe Parker would be selected, but that some other Democrat from the South might be named if the right man could be found. The fact is that the question is still an open one. The third-party managers, however, realize that some definite stand must be taken soon, and if they hope to hold the Democrats in line, they must give the deserters from that party some prominence in the movement.

From States such as Pennsylvania, Minnesota, South Dakota, and others, where the Progressives are working with the Republican organizations, it is understood that a protest has arisen over the selection of a Democrat for Vice President, or even for Temporary Chairman of the third party convention.

Democratic Hope Small.

These leaders, it is declared, have told Mr. Roosevelt that if he hopes for even a measure of success he must work with the Republican Party, and that a Democrat as his running mate would mean that many Progressive Republicans, unwilling to leave the party ranks, will not support him. The support that he may hope for from the Democrats since the nomination of Gov. Wilson, he has been told, it is said, is bound to be insignificant.

The Roosevelt workers in California have urged him to favor the selection of Gov. Johnson, a Republican of that State, for the Vice Presidential nominee, and it is known that Roosevelt would like to have Johnson on the ticket with him.

Roosevelt all along has contended that he would make inroads on the Democratic majorities in the South, and would win some of the Southern States away from that party. As a result he found himself face to face with the problem of dealing with the negro voters, and they have sought to find out just where he stands. The Colonel expected to issue a statement to-day, but announced this afternoon that it would be withheld from publication until Saturday.

These problems Roosevelt and his managers hope to cope with successfully when they get together at Chicago, but there are new indications every day that there will be many tangles to unravel, and there are more indications, too, that the motives of all those in the third party movement are not entirely unselfish. This was shown to-day when one of the newspaper men told Col. Roosevelt that there had been stories to the effect that while several of the Senators seemed willing to work out the situation in their own States they did not seem anxious to come out in the open as bolters from the Republican Party.

Certain of Dixon and Bristow.

"Yes, so I have heard," replied the Colonel with a smile. He mentioned two Senators who, he said, were unquestionably with him—Dixon—and here he smiled again—and Bristow. About the rest he didn't know.

Late to-day he had as his visitors Harry Cochems of Wisconsin and a delegation from Vermont.

"The Vermont men told me," said Mr. Roosevelt, "that in Vermont I had no indication how strongly the people were moved. Of course my opponents have the regular Republican organization, the politicians and the machinery, and the money. I have no politicians of experience. But we have the people with us to a degree which the politicians don't understand, and we feel very confident as to the outcome."

Cochems had come on, the Colonel said, to talk over the situation in Wisconsin. It was Cochems who tried to throw the La Follette vote to the Roosevelt forces at the National Convention of the Republicans at Chicago, and by his conversation he seemed to think that Senator La Follette was losing his grip in his home State. By making a hard fight he thought the Roosevelt workers had a good chance of carrying things for the Colonel. But he admitted it was going to be a hard fight.

Talking over the action of the Taft Republicans in Kansas in endeavoring by making an appeal to the Federal courts to overthrow the decision of the Kansas Supreme Court, which was to the effect that the Roosevelt Electors would have the right to a place on the Republican primary ticket, the Colonel was bitter in his criticism.

"The Taft men, so William Alen White wrote," said Mr. Roosevelt, "aided by Mulvane, rear brakeman of the Chicago steam roller, are now taking the case before Justice Pitney. The Kansas people feel that the appeal cannot be successful, and that it is a fresh illustration of the wicked way in which an effort is made to twist the Constitution so as to cause it to protect privilege against the people, instead of to protect the people against the privilege.

Primary May Be Invalidated.

"The Kansas people feel, in accordance with the formal protest made by Gov. Stubbs, that if the case is not decided by Thursday the whole primary may be invalidated, as printers may be unable to print or clerks legally to deliver the ballots for the primary on Aug. 6. The action is simply a fresh illustration of the attitude of the Republican bosses, as shown in the Republican National Convention, and in every action since taken by the boss-ridden and privilege-ridden machine which masquerades as the Republican Party.

"Mr. Hilles, on behalf of Mr. Taft, practically takes the position in his just published defense of the National Committee that the people of Washington, California, and Arizona have no right to express their will at primaries contrary to the wish of the fifty-three irresponsible politicians of the National Committee. Mr. Mulvane and the Taft managers of Kansas are now endeavoring to use the Supreme Court to prevent the people of Kansas from themselves saying whom they wish to vote for as candidates.

"There could be no better proof of the urgent need for the foundation of a new party, which shall in good faith and in reality and not as a sham accept and act upon the doctrine that in this country the people themselves shall rule themselves."

Col. Roosevelt received a letter to-day from R. Heber Newton of Easthampton, written to Regis H. Post, ex-Governor of Porto Rico, and now Chairman of the Suffolk County Committee of the third party. Mr. Newton was formerly a clergyman in New York. In his letter he bitterly assails the manner in which President Taft received his nomination at Chicago, and adds:

"The just nemesis for Mr. Taft's wrong will be found when he sits in the carriage escorting Mr. Roosevelt to his inauguration on March 4, 1913."

PRENDERGAST QUITS CLUB.

Resigns from Brooklyn Union League After Taft Men's Victory.

As a result of his experience at a meeting of the Brooklyn Union League Club on Tuesday night, when a resolution indorsing the Taft-Sherman ticket was adopted and Roosevelt men who spoke against it were cried down, Controller Prendergast resigned his membership in the club yesterday. It is expected that the resignations of other members who are in sympathy with the Bull Moose Party movement will follow. Friends of Timothy L. Woodruff, the ex-county leader, who was interrupted with cries from the Taft men when he spoke in opposition to the resolution, said last night that he, too, would resign from the club within a few days. He was one of the organizers of the club.

In a speech at a meeting of the National Progressive Party in Liederkranz Hall in Manhattan Avenue, Brooklyn, last night, Mr. Woodruff told, with some bitterness, of the treatment which he and other Rosevelt speakers had received at the Union League meeting. It showed clearly, he said, that the supporters of the Chicago ticket had reached "the last stage of desperation."

In his letter of resignation Controller Prendergast said that those at the meeting who "called themselves Republicans" had no "conception of the fundamental precepts of the Republic Party, otherwise they would not have violated the principle of free speech."

COLBY AGAINST THE RECALL.

To Fight Against Its Inclusion in the Bull Moose Platform.

It became known yesterday in Newark that ex-State Senator Everett Colby, one of the leading Roosevelt leaders of New Jersey, was preparing to ko to the third party convention in Chicago next week to fight against the adoption of any plank favoring the recall of any officer judges in particular. He also intends to fight before the platform committee any plank which will make the physical valuation of railroads the sole basis upon which rates can be fixed.

His reasons for opposing the recall, Mr. Colby says, is because he thinks such a club held over the heads of public officials will ruin their independence and usefulness.

On the question of the physical valuation Mr. Colby expected to have as one of his chief opponents George L. Record of Jersey City. Both men argued the question at the Asbury Park convention.

READY TO RING UP BULL MOOSE SHOW

Stage Manager Dixon Arrives in Chicago Ahead of the Main Attraction.

COLONEL TO BE THE STAR

Promptly at Nonn Next Tuesday He Will Make His Entrance and Say His Piece.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 31. — Col. Roosevelt's personally conducted National Progressive Convention will open with the blare of many trumpets at the Coliseum on Monday morning, at which time, according to Senator Dixon, who arrived from New York this afternoon, the Colonel will be on the scene to start a new political machine of his own manufacture.

Senator Dixon said that the contests over delegates' seats in the convention would be settled by the National Roosevelt Committee "absolutely on their merits," and that the convention would have all the "paraphernalia of a regular convention"—whatever that might be.

Specifically he mentioned that it would have a Committee on Permanent Organization, which would go through the formality of approving Col. Roosevelt's selection of John M. Parker as Permanent Chairman, and a Credentials Committee, which would pass upon the convention roll, making sure, however, that no man who would dare to oppose Mr. Roosevelt's judgment on anything would be allowed to sit as a delegate.

There is also to be, according to Senator Dixon, a real Committee on Resolutions, which is to "frame" the platform on which the Colonel is to run, although he will really write it himself.

'Col. Roosevelt will make a speech before the convention on Tuesday noon, by invitation," said Senator Dixon, "in which he will set before it his confession of faith, his views on the politics of today, his remedies for the existing political and economic evils. If the convention decides that it agrees with his views it will nominate him; otherwise—"

The Senator left the alternative unexpressed.

The only additions to previous enunciations from Oyster Bay which Senator Dixon brought was the declaration that a woman's suffrage plank would be included in the platform.

"A large majority of the delegates to our convention," he said, "will favor a National woman's suffrage plank."

Senator Dixon added that by Col. Roosevelt's demand there would be a separate ticket in every State, including Illinois. In Ohio, Missouri, and Utah, he declared, the problem had just been settled, and the other States would fall quickly into line.

Capt. J. H. Gregory, Jr., of Florida, who came to Chicago to-day with Senator Dixon, was the treasurer of the Roosevelt Campaign Committee prior to the Republican Convention. It is probable that he will be treasurer of the Campaign Committee which will work on behalf of Progressive success in November. The programme of the convention will be practically as follows:

Monday, Aug. 5.—Assembly of delegates at noon, preceded by a procession of Confederate and Union veterans to the platform; reading of call for the National Progressive Convention by Ralph C. Otis, Chairman of the Committee on Arrangements; invocation; keynote speech by ex-United States Senator Albert J. Beveridge of Indiana, Temporary Chairman; temporary organization; adjournment, followed by committee meetings.

Tuesday, Aug. 6.—Call to order; reports of committees, including those on Credentials and Permanent Organization; establishment of permanent organization; adjournment at noon to hear Col. Roosevelt's address.

Wednesday, Aug. 7.—Call to order; invocation; speeches on President and Vice President nominations; platform; final adjournment.

Senator Dixon announced that Miss Jane Addams of Hull House, Chicago, and Mrs. H. M. Wilmarth, President of the Woman's City Club, also of Chicago, would be delegates to the Illinois State Progressive Convention on Saturday, and might be named as delegates to the National Convention.

Medill McCormick declared that the opposition to a State third ticket in Illinois had been greatly exaggerated in reports from various parts of the State.

"Of the more than 1,100 delegates who will attend the State Convention," said Mr. McCormick, "only 80 are instructed against a third ticket and I believe that not more than 150 hold serious opposition to the third ticket."

ALBANY CHOOSES DELEGATES.

W. E. Ward Tells Followers Roosevelt "Is Greatest Man in the World."

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 31.—"Theodore Roosevelt is the greatest man in the world to-day," ex-Assemblyman Walter E. Ward told the twenty Albanians who had assembled in his office this afternoon to lend their support to the National Progressive Party. He declared that the Republican Party "no longer has any principles except the greed of its bosses," and having outlived its usefulness, should be allowed to die.

Mr. Ward said that the Albany County roll of third term adherents would number 250.

The Twenty-eighth Congressional District Convention of the National Progressive Party to-day elected John C. Ward of Westerlo and John H. Murphy of Cohoes as delegates, and Smith O'Brien of Albany and Arthur E. Smith of Cohoes as alternates to the Chicago National Convention.

ORGANIZE IN DELAWARE.

Progressives Meet to Elect Delegates to Chicago Convention.

DOVER, Del., July 31.—The Progressive State Convention met here to-day to organize the new party and elect three delegates to the Progressive National Convention at Chicago. The active leaders announced their intention of having a later convention called for the purpose of nominating a State and Congress ticket of the new party.

The delegates from all parts of the State who assembled were delighted by the receipt of a message from Theodore Roosevelt extending hearty good wishes to the Progressive movement in Delaware.

Before the opening of the convention county caucuses were held, at which it was decided to send six delegates to the National Convention, each with half a vote. Among the delegates selected by the caucuses was former United States Senator J. Frank Allee of Dover.

SEPARATE TICKET IN MISSOURI

Progressives Will Nominate Congressional and County Candidates.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 31.—Congressional and county candidates will be nominated by the Progressive Party in Missouri this year. This was ordered by the State Progressive Convention here to-day after a stormy discussion that occupied the entire morning session. A full city ticket also will be nominated in St. Louis.

The State Committee was instructed to call Congressional and county conventions in the various districts and counties to nominate the candidates. It was evident that the majority of the delegates had determined that the Progressive Party in Missouri should not affiliate with any other party in any way.

The convention completed its business and adjourned this afternoon. The State Committee then went into session to organize and outline the State campaign.

TIME RIPE FOR NEW PARTY.

Roosevelt Tells Maine Progressives They Alone Can Work Reform.

PORTLAND, Me., July 31.—Greetings from Col. Roosevelt were read to-night at the convention of Progressive Republicans of Maine in the Armory Auditorium. They were in the form of a telegram, which said in part:

"The time is ripe for the institution of a new National party of Progressives, which shall serve the people in sincerity and truth, undistracted by compromise with the forces of privilege and corruption in both the old parties.

"We believe in aligning ourselves on the new issues, which vitally affect our people to-day and which will continue vitally to affect them in the future. Only the Progressives can deal with these new issues on a Nation-wide, non-sectional, and wisely constructed basis."

ONLY ELECTORS IN WISCONSIN

Roosevelt's Followers Not to Put Up a Third State Ticket.

Special to The New York Times.

MADISON, Wis., July 31.—Wisconsin Roosevelt men will not nominate a candidate for the Governorship or for any other State office. They will not run a candidate for Congress in any district, and they will probably abandon any idea they may have entertained of capturing the Republican ticket. With this course in view, they are planning to nominate an Electoral ticket of their own and by petition to place it on the ballot in an independent column.

"The reason of this is," said a Roosevelt leader to-night, "that for us to nominate a full ticket would be treachery toward the Progressive cause in Wisconsin. In State politics we are Progressive Republicans."

Flexner to be Rockefeller's Neighbor.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., July 31. — Dr. Simon Flexner, head of the Rockefeller Institute, is to be a neighbor of John D. Rockefeller. Mr. Rockefeller is fitting up the Saportas house for the doctor and he bought the Bryant Place so that he could build a road through from Dr. Flexner's home to his estate.

ENTANGLING ALLIANCES

We conform, not only to the Sherman Law, but to the American Constitution, in that we have no "entangling alliances."

We are not interested in any brick plants, marble quarries, steel mills, or any other enterprises subsidiary to our own.

We play no favorites, not because we are any less human than our neighbors, but because we refuse to put ourselves in that position where we would have favorites to play.

We are builders, first, last, and then some.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

A Trip that Will Live Forever in Your Memory

Other journeys may fascinate, but the memory of the beautiful scenery of the Lehigh Valley, enjoyed amidst the palatial luxury of America's most perfectly appointed all parlor car train, the Black Diamond Express, New York to Buffalo, will remain with you as long as you live. Here is no jarring note; no dust, no soot, no fatigue, no monotony. The train is complete with all the comforts of the most exclusive club. The service is all that the courteous attentions of perfectly trained attendants can make it, a cuisine that the most famous hostelries cannot excel; and outside, on either hand, the Switzerland of America.

Lehigh Valley Railroad

Railroad and Pullman Tickets delivered at home or office on request.

New York: 1460 Broadway, near 42nd St., Telephone 4212 Bryant.
401 Broadway, corner Walker St., Telephone 1601 Franklin.
84 Broadway, corner Wall St., Telephone 3434 Rector.
Hudson Tubes, 33d St. and Broadway, Telephone 6889 Madison Sq.
Hudson Tubes, Cortlandt and Church Sts., Telephone 4200 Cortlandt.
Brooklyn: 30 Flatbush Ave., Telephone 97 Main.
Newark: 211 Market St., Telephone 287 Market.

B. Altman & Co.

THE DRESSMAKING DEPARTMENT

WILL ACCEPT ORDERS BETWEEN SEASONS FOR WOMEN'S TAILOR-MADE SUITS, DRESSES AND RIDING HABITS, AT CONSIDERABLY LESS THAN THE USUAL PRICES.

TAILOR-MADE SUITS AND DRESSES TO ORDER
$55.00 AND UPWARD
USUAL PRICES $85.00 AND UPWARD

B. Altman & Co.

COMMENCING THIS DAY, (THURSDAY), WILL OFFER THE REMAINDER OF THEIR STOCK OF
WOMEN'S SUMMER DRESSES
MADE OF THE POPULAR COTTON FABRICS IN DESIRABLE STYLES AT $3.75 & 6.00

A NUMBER OF HIGHER-PRICED MODELS WILL ALSO BE OFFERED AT DECIDED REDUCTIONS.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York

If You Destroy Flies for Sanitary Reasons

Why Not Do It in a Sanitary Way?

POISONED Flies drop into the food, the baby's milk, everywhere, or are ground into the carpets, rugs and floors. A poisoned fly is more dangerous than a live one. The poison is an added danger and does not kill the germs on the body of the fly. Fly traps are offensive and unsanitary, the care of them disgusting. The fly destroyer that catches both the flies and the germs they carry and coats them over with a varnish from which they never escape, is

Tanglefoot Fly Paper, Non-Poisonous, Sanitary

Sold by all first-class grocers and druggists

'A Mistake—Not Ours is the cause of this
Shirt Sale
of 7,500 Beautiful Shirts
90c

WE ordered 2,500 of these shirts for our four stores.
Maker thought we meant 2,500 shirts for EACH store.
He made up and delivered 10,000 shirts.
We refused to accept the extra 7,500.
It's too late in the season for him to find another buyer.
So he let us have the shirts at less than they cost him.
He loses MORE than we profit.
And you get a remarkably good $1.50 and $2.00 value for 90c.

FANCY NEGLIGEES. Madras, Percale, many highly mercerized fabrics. An almost unlimited assortment of patterns and color combinations. Stiff laundered cuffs and soft French double cuffs. All shirts coat style. All sizes and sleeve lengths.

Sale of Summer Suits

There's only one reason on earth why we should have a sale. In July there are hosts of men (who don't know us) who believe that the only proper way to buy a suit is at a sale. We must in some way reach these men who are only attracted by prices. So we make a Reduction in a limited way on certain lines.

SUITS which were sold up to last Friday at $25, $22.50 & $20, now $17

Come and learn just why—if everybody knew us—we would never need to announce a sale.

Smith Gray & Co.
Under Same Control and Ownership Since 1845.
Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.
Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

"Better Goods for the Same Money or the Same Goods for Less Money Than Elsewhere"

THE BIG STORE
GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO.
BOTH SIDES OF 6th AVE.
18th & 19th STS. J.B. GREENHUT. Pres. NEW YORK.
IN NEW YORK'S SHOPPING CENTER

These Great Sales Are Featured For Today.
Hundreds of other equally tempting events in progress here.

MAIN BUILDING—Devoted to Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Wearing Apparel, Groceries, Etc.
MIDSUMMER CLEARANCE OF WOMEN'S COATS, DRESSES, SUITS AND BLOUSES—A thorough dispersal, taking our entire stocks of these lines in one sweep. All former selling prices deeply pared.
WOMEN'S $3.50 and $4 HOUSE AND PORCH DRESSES, at......$1.95
WOMEN'S $3 and $3.50 FOOT-MOULD LOW SHOES, at..........$1.85
MEN'S HALF SILK-LINED SUITS—Values to $20; at............ $10
12,000 PILLOW CASES at WHOLESALE PRICE; each.......... 12½c
FIRST-OF-THE-MONTH SALE OF GROCERIES BEGINS TODAY.

The Greenhut Building
10 Acres Devoted to Furniture and Housefurnishings

THE MIDSUMMER FURNITURE SALE
The Very Pieces You Want And At a Saving of At Least ¼.
A few of today's specials:
THREE-PIECE SOLID MAHOGANY PARLOR SUITES—Regularly $65; at.......... $50
THREE-PIECE MAHOGANY-FINISHED PARLOR SUITES—Regularly $45; at..........$32.50
THREE-PIECE MAHOGANY-FINISHED PARLOR SUITES—Regularly $25; at.......... $19
PRINCESS DRESSERS—Mahogany, golden oak or tuna mahogany finishes; regularly $22.50; at..........$14.50
OAK TABLES—Fumed oak finish; writing desk in drawer; book shelves at each end; regularly $17.50; at..........$13.50
Other specials include library and parlor tables, early English chairs, rockers, settees, tables, buffets and china closets, bookcases.
ASSOCIATE SALES OF ALL OTHER THINGS FOR THE HOME.
Double S&H Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock

At seashore, mountain, lake, or, best of all, at home, the call is C. & C.

C. & C. Ginger Ale

Note: To those using spirits add half a wine-glass of Burke's ★★★ Irish Whiskey to a Bottle of C. & C.

THE TIMES'S DAILY TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

WRONGED WIFE KILLS AMERICAN WOMAN

Mme. Bloch, a Writer, Shoots Mrs. Bridgman in Latter's Apartment in Paris.

THEN GIVES HERSELF UP

The Husband of the Dead Woman, an Englishman, Began Suit for Divorce Six Months Ago.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, July 31.—A drama of jealousy was enacted within a stone's throw of the Church of the Madeleine this morning. An American woman, Mrs. Bridgman, formerly Miss Minnie Berhart of Milwaukee, the wife of James Bridgman, who is said to be an Englishman, and is an official of the Paris branch of the New York Life Insurance Company, was shot dead by Mme. Bloch, a well-known writer. Mme. Bloch's husband, it is alleged, deserted her for Mrs. Bridgman.

Mme. Bloch, who has no children, had long known of her husband's friendship for Mrs. Bridgman, but believed that it ended several months ago. She made several appeals to Mrs. Bridgman to give up her husband. An unknown man called at her house this morning, told her that Mrs. Bridgman continued to see her husband, and offered to sell Mrs. Bridgman's address for 60 cents. Mme. Bloch paid the price, armed herself with her late father's revolver, and went out to search for her rival. She appeared at Mrs. Bridgman's flat at 9:30 in the morning and asked for a few minutes' conversation in private.

Once more she appealed to Mrs. Bridgman to break off relations with Bloch. She read to her letters she (Mme. Bloch) had recently received from her husband, who is absent from Paris, showing that he still entertained affection for his wife.

There was a moment's silence after the reading of the letters. Then Mrs. Bridgman said nonchalently:

"This is all the same to me. I have got your husband, Madame, and I mean to keep him."

Thereupon, maddened with jealousy, Mme. Bloch drew from her handbag the revolver and fired two shots in quick succession at her rival, who fell to the ground without uttering a word. One bullet pierced her brain.

Mme. Bloch then placed the revolver back in the bag, walked downstairs into the street without being stopped, walked along the boulevard as far as the Flower Market beside the Church of the Madeleine, and there, accosting a policeman, handed him the revolver, saying: "I have killed my husband's mistress."

At the police station she described the crime and gave a pathetic description of what she had gone through.

Mme. Bloch, who is 35 years of age, has, under the pseudonym of Frédéric Beaulieu, contributed numerous articles and children's stories to magazines. She is a member of the Lyceum Club.

Mrs. Bridgman's son, who is 20 years old, is living in London. Mr. Bridgman began suit for divorce six months ago. It is stated that Mrs. Bridgman's father was Henry Berhart of Milwaukee.

Mme. Bloch, in her efforts to break off the relations between her husband and Mrs. Bridgman, even approached the latter's son. She also appealed to Mr. Bridgman to intervene, and Mr. Bridgman remonstrated with his wife, whereupon she left her husband, and the divorce proceedings were begun.

Mme. Bloch, on being interviewed this evening, said she had no intention of killing her rival. She only purposed to make yet another appeal to her and to read the letters from M. Bloch.

"I regret now what I did," she said, "on account of my children and my husband, whom I love in spite of everything."

PARIS, July 31.—Mrs. Bridgman, who was shot here to-day by Mme. Bloch, was born in Milwaukee in 1873 and was married to Mr. Bridgman in Paris in 1891.

An effort was made to-night to obtain a statement from Mr. Bridgman, who occupies a small villa at St. Cloud.

"My personal affairs concern nobody," he said. "This business is sad enough. Discussion would only make it worse. I have done my duty, my whole duty. That is all I can say to you."

Mr. Bridgman received a request that he go to the office of the examining Magistrate, but he replied that he had nothing to say.

MILWAUKEE, July 31.—All efforts to obtain information as to the identity of Mrs. James Bridgman, said to have been the daughter of a Henry Berhart of Milwaukee, were without avail here up to a late hour to-night.

No one could be found who knew anything of Mrs. Bridgman or of Mr. Berhart.

CLAIMS A CANCER CURE.

German Doctor Says 44 of 57 Patients Have Recovered.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 31.—Dr. Adolf Zeller has presented before a conference of physicians forty-four patients whom he declared he had entirely cured of cancer without operation.

Ten of the original fifty-seven are still under treatment, and only three have died.

The method of treatment has not yet been divulged.

REPEATS BRYCE WILL QUIT.

London Paper's Report—Question to be Asked in Parliament.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, Aug. 1.—The Daily Telegraph, reviving the report of the impending retirement of ambassador Bryce, says that in official circles it is considered improbable that he will return to his duties at Washington.

A question will be asked in Parliament to-day on the subject.

GREAT STORM IN CHINA SEA.

Two United States Destroyers Take Refuge at Amoy.

AMOY, July 31.—The United States torpedo boat destroyers Chauncey and Decatur, which were on their way from Shanghai to Hongkong, have arrived here. They will remain until the great storm which is raging at sea abates.

AMERICAN BOGEY'S PART IN ART SALES

Lord Curzon and Lady Algernon Gordon-Lennox Write a Letter of Protest.

RECENT CASES ARE CITED

Alarm Over Tattershall Castle and Globe Room at Banbury Used to Obtain Big Dealers' Profits.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, Aug. 1.—Lord Curzon of Kedleston and Lady Algernon Gordon-Lennox have sent a long letter to The Times protesting against the methods used by London dealers in order to run up prices of English antiquities for sale.

"From time to time," the writers say "a report is spread that some relic has been sold by its owners for pecuniary reasons. Sometimes it is alleged to have been acquired by a London dealer, at other times by an American millionaire, the latter being the more familiar bogey man. The price is thus forced up 100 or 200 per cent."

The writers take Tattershall Castle as an illustration. All sorts of ridiculous stories as to the castle being torn down and re-erected in the United States were designedly spread, they say, until the price mounted to thousands of pounds, whereas the castle and its famous fireplaces might at one time have been rescued for less than £2,000, ($10,000.)

The writers then refer to the analogous story of the Globe Room of the Reindeer Inn at Banbury. The inn was originally bought for £3,000 by a brewery company. It was recently announced that a London dealer, Mr. Lenygon, acting on behalf of a "well-known American," had obtained an option on the Globe Room. It then transpired that Mr. Lenygon had bought the room for a sum which, the writers believe, was about £1,000. A resident of Banbury whom the writers designate as "Lady L.," and who is obviously Lady Algernon Gordon-Lennox herself, was approached both by the brewery company and by Mr. Lenygon with the object of rescuing the premises. She received assurances from Mr. Lenygon that he was most anxious that the room, which was then being dismantled, should be restored to Banbury, and he said he would defer the removal of the ceiling and let her know what moderate profit he was prepared to accept on the transaction.

The next stage was the re-erection of the room in Mr. Lenygon's London premises and a well-placed advertisement in the newspapers, with rumors of mysterious purchasers, including the inevitable American millionaire, calculated to excite public interest and raise the value of the treasure.

"Lady L." then inquired the price of the room, the reply being £4,500, ($22,500.) "Lord C.," who is apparently Lord Curzon, then intervened without success, and shortly afterward received information that the room had been sold, Mr. Lenygon declining to give the name of the purchaser.

The writers conclude:

"There the matter rests. Whether the Globe Room has passed into the hands of some unknown but public-spirited benefactor acting in the interests of the public, or whether it has been made the subject of an arrangement designed to extricate those who are involved from an uncomfortable position, or whether it has entered upon one more phase of its career of unabashed profit-hunting, or whether it is fated to disappear from our shores and turn up in a transatlantic mansion or Continental museum, we have no means of ascertaining.

"We call attention to the matter, however, to show what are the proceedings, at Banbury as at Tattershall, with which those who would fain save the antiquities of our country from vandal hands have to cope, and how rapacious are the instincts which will tear out panelling and mantelpieces from their ancient surroundings in order to make a dealer's profit out of what should be the nation's glory.

"Until Parliament accepts such legislation as will render these outrages impossible, we know of no alternatives but to expose the methods by which they are only too successful. We hope that as occasion occurs others will follow our example."

"KID" McCOY STILL HELD.

Must Stay Another Fortnight in Prison—Wife Blames Belgian Police.

LONDON, July 31.—"Kid" McCoy (Norman Selby) the American boxer, who was arrested last Saturday on a provisional extradition warrant, brought up at the Bow Street Police Court on a charge of larceny alleged to have been committed at Ostend and remanded by the magistrate without bail, must spend another fortnight in police detention until the Belgian extradition papers are ready. In the meantime the efforts of his attorneys to obtain bail have been unavailing.

The Belgian Legation here is unwilling to permit him to be liberated and the magistrate is obdurate on account of the recent increase of bail jumping in England.

Mrs. Selby has appealed to the American Embassy, declaring that her husband is a victim of the Belgian police, who are seeking to force him to testify against the alleged jewel thieves.

Asquith Not Going to Canada.

LONDON, Thursday, Aug. 1.—While it is practically certain that the Prime Minister, Mr. Asquith, will not visit Canada, Winston Spencer Churchill, the First Lord of the Admiralty, is, according to The Daily Telegraph, considering an invitation, and is likely to go to Canada in the Autumn.

JAPAN'S NEW RULER. ASKS FOR LOYALTY

Yoshihito Issues an Edict Proclaiming His Accession to the Throne.

HE RECEIVES AN OVATION.

Decision as to the Date of the Funeral of Emperor Mutsuhito Is Expected To-day.

TOKIO, July 31.—Business in the capital and generally throughout the country, which came to a standstill with the death on Tuesday morning of the Emperor Mutsuhito, was resumed to-day. Emperor Yoshihito expressed a desire that there should be no further cessation, realizing the losses entailed by it on poor people and its interference with international exchanges. Nevertheless, deep national sentiment is discernible everywhere, while international sympathy is pronounced.

Emperor Yoshihito was kept busy throughout the day. He issued an edict proclaiming his accession to the throne, which he read at 10:30 A. M. before an immense gathering of officials and representatives of all branches of the services. The Emperor said:

> The death of the former Emperor has caused great sorrow to the nation, but the throne cannot be left empty and the State administration cannot be neglected, even for a day. We, therefore, immediately ascended the throne, and will administer the affairs of the country under the protection of our imperial ancestors and under the provisions of the Constitution.
>
> In this administration we hope not to be misled. We shall endeavor to sustain and further the great work done and undertaken by the former Emperor.
>
> You, our subjects, do your best for your country, as you did for the former Emperor, and be loyal to us.

The proclamation of the Emperor also pays a lengthy tribute to Mutsuhito, the dead ruler.

Marquis Saionji, the Premier, replied to the Emperor's proclamation, commencing his speech with the words: "I most respectfully reply to your Imperial Majesty." After a laudatory tribute to the late Emperor, the Premier pledged his unremitting loyalty to the new sovereign.

The Emperor also personally proclaimed his succession to the army and navy.

The Foreign Office has notified the foreign powers that the imperial birthday has been changed from Nov. 3 (Mutsuhito's natal day) to Aug. 31, (Yoshihito's birthday.)

Following the farewell taken of the late Emperor's body by the members of the imperial family to-day, the body was to-night deposited in a casket with a quadruple covering, the outer covering measuring 9 by 4 feet, and then placed in a special mourning chamber.

On his way to the Aoyama Palace, where it is understood that he will reside until after the funeral, Emperor Yoshihito received a great ovation, immense crowds gathering along the streets, where they stood with heads bared.

The date of the imperial funeral has not yet been announced. The special bureau which has been formed for the purpose of making the funeral arrangements, of which Prince Fushimi, Sr., has been appointed chief and Viscount Watanabe subchief, with forty-one high officials, will meet to-morrow and will then probably reach a decision as to the date.

It is believed that the principal ceremony will take place on the Aoyama Parade Ground, where formerly the grand birthday reviews were held.

Sailing for New York To-day.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 31.—Among the passengers who are booked to sail in the Celtic for New York to-morrow are the members of "The Pink Lady" company, including Frank Lalor and Hazel Dawn; C. M. S. McLellan, tho librettist; Commissioner James Sullivan, Matt Halpin, and others of the American Olympic team; Alfred Sutro, the dramatist; Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Billings, Mrs. Travers Browne, Frank Cutting, Col. Sidney Hedges, Mr. and Mrs. Milton Paige, and Lawson Robertson.

ANOTHER NICARAGUA REVOLT

Mena May Bombard Managua—We Send a Ship to Corinto.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The feud between President Diaz of Nicaragua and his former War Minister, Gen. Mena, has developed into a revolution, and to protect American interests the 500-ton gunboat Annapolis has been ordered to proceed from San Juan del Sur to Corinto. There the gunboat will restore communication with American Minister Weitzel, who has not been heard from since the rebels cut off Managua from the outside world.

Commander Terhune of the Annapolis succeeded in forwarding to the Navy Department to-day by wireless a message which gives as much information of the situation as he has been able to obtain.

President Diaz recently asked to be taken on board a United States war vessel, from there to demand the resignation of Mena as Secretary of War. This was refused, and subsequently Diaz demanded the reisgnation of the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy. Following this Mena organized an army, and he began military operations against Mangua last Monday.

The condition of affairs in Nicaragua has been going from bad to worse, partly owing to a series of crop failures and partly to bad management of the national finances and the delay of the American loan, due to the failure of the United States Senate to ratify the treaty covering the conditions of the loan. Many of the people are now without food or means of earning a livelihood.

Commander Terhune's information is that Mena threatens to bombard Managua. This would menace Americans there, and efforts will be made to prevent it. It is believed that the situation is grave, and that prompt measures must be taken to prevent an attack on Americans.

The feeling against Americans has been intense for some time. In the course of Secretary Knox's recent visit to Nicaragua it was manifested in a violent demonstration.

TRUSTEES
are authorized by law to invest in our 4½% Tax Exempt Guaranteed Mortgages on New York City Real Estate
LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President
CAPITAL & SURPLUS,
$8,500,000
59 Liberty St., Manhattan
184 Montague St., Brooklyn

BEQUESTS BY ALMA-TADEMA.

Residue of Estate to Royal Academy if Daughters Leave No Children.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 31.—Among the bequests in the will of Sir Lawrence Alma-Tadema, R. A., which was probated to-day, are the following:

To the Luxembourg Museum, Paris, the picture by Sir Lawrence, entitled "The Slave."

To the Rijks Museum at Amsterdam the picture by Sir Lawrence, entitled "The Death of the First Born."

To the museum at Leeuwarden, Holland, a silver filigree bouquet holder made by Alma-Tadema's grandfather and other objects.

Twenty-five hundred dollars is bequeathed to the Artists' General Benevolent Institution.

Numerous pictures are placed in the hands of Trustees for the benefit of the daughters of the dead artist. He also leaves to his daughters for their joint use his household and personal effects, plate, linen, &c. The residue of the property is left in trust in equal shares to his daughters for life. The whole residue of the property, if neither daughter should leave issue, is to go to the President or governing body for the time being of the Royal Academy to found an Alma-Tadema scholarship, which is to be subject to such rules and regulations as the governing body may direct.

The value of the estate is placed at $220,000.

American Teachers Visit Kaiserin.

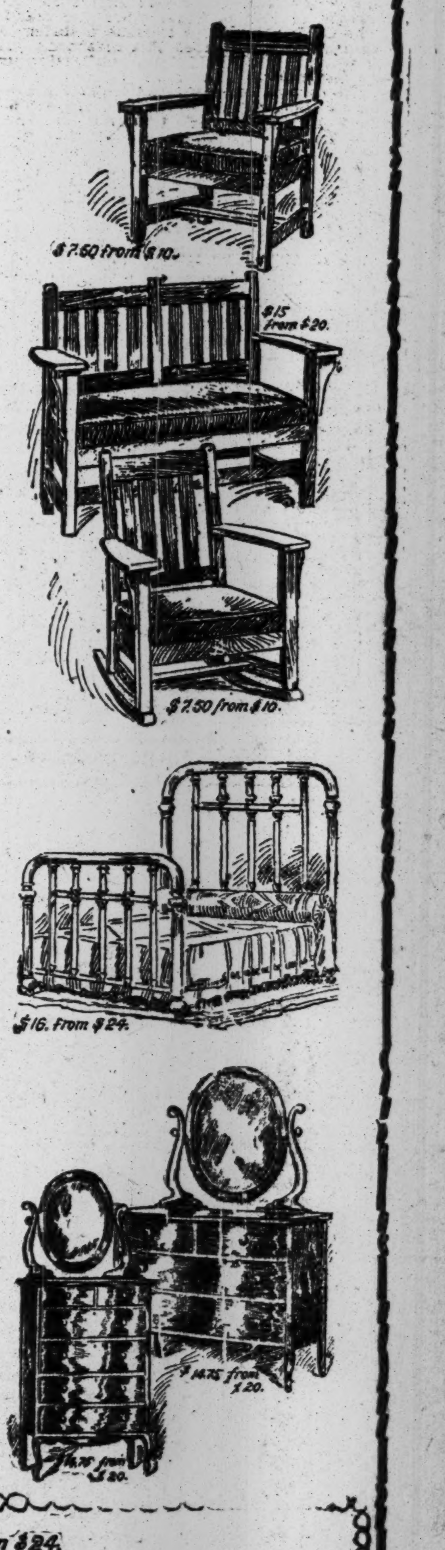
CASSEL, July 31.—The Empress to-day received in audience at Wilhelmshohe Castle the German-American teachers who are making an extended visit to Germany.

We Give and Redeem Surety Stamp Coupons
O'NEILL-ADAMS CO.
Sixth Avenue, 20th, 21st and 22d Streets
The Sale Event of the Day is at
O'Neill's Store for Dad and the Boys
6,800 Men's High Grade New
SHIRTS
Bona Fide Values, $1.25 to $2.50

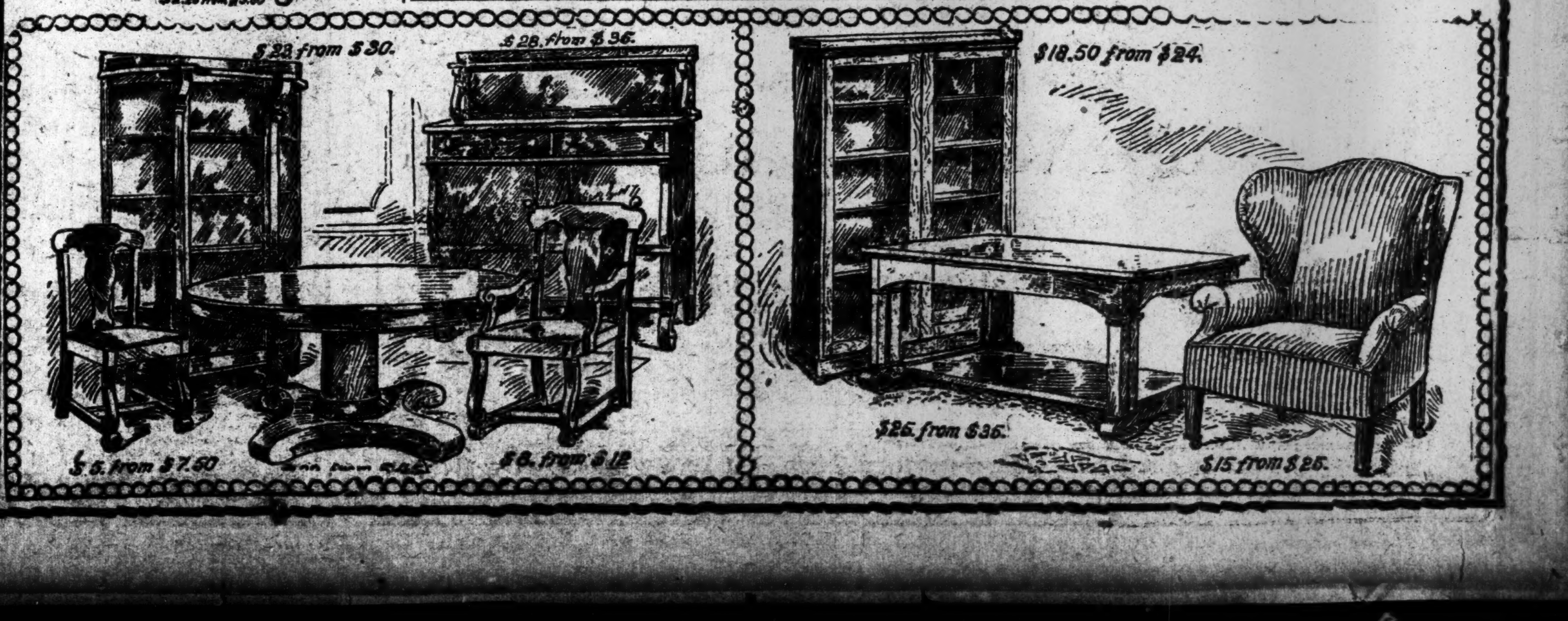
at 69c each
Six Shirts for $4.00
Materials are high grade Madras, Soisette, Woven Stripes, Percales, Mercerized Materials, etc., in smart stripes and neat figures, in many attractive effects.
Styles are plain or pleated bosoms, with attached cuffs, soft bosoms, with soft turn-back cuffs and outing styles, with attached soft collars. All sizes.
Arranged on large tables according to sizes—with plenty of room, and enough competent salesmen to care for the crowds without delay or inconvenience.
Last Call! Final Clearing of Men's Straw Hats 54c
We had a big special sale of $2.00 to $3.00 hats at $1.25 a little while ago. This lot is the remainder.
Milans, Sennits, Splits, Pencil Curls, with high crowns and narrow brim, or low crown.
O'NEILL-ADAMS CO., SIXTH AVENUE, 20th TO 22d STREET, NEW YORK CITY

Today Brings Forward the Second and Best
August FURNITURE SALE
At GIMBELS

$30 from $40.
$15 from $20.
$18. from $22.


$7.50 from $10.
$15 from $20.
$7.50 from $10.
$16. from $24.

Presenting $600,000 Worth of Excellent Furniture with Savings of $1 to $5 on Each $10 Invested
¶ This vast assemblage of thoroughly good and carefully selected Furniture commands the interest of every housekeeper within several hundred miles of Gimbels. Planned with knowledge, experience and skill, it brings gratification and large and definite economy for the home furnishers who share in its wide distribution.
¶ You cannot but be impressed by the GOOD TASTE used in selecting the Furniture. Not a stick in the whole collection is overladen, or garish in decoration. Quality, not gaudiness, is its chief merit. SIMPLICITY is a steadfast characteristic, in the lower-priced pieces, as well as in the finest.
¶ The Sale is particularly rich in the well-made, less expensive pieces, providing the SAFE economies that are so welcome, when so many housekeeping costs are advancing.
¶ This Sale is not an aggregation of "job lots." We have had nothing to do with factory mistakes, and styles that wouldn't sell. Most of the pieces have been CAREFULLY and SPECIALLY MADE for Gimbels, during slack times in factories.
Some of Our Special Purchases Are
25 styles of Brass Bedsteads, from two of the best makers, at savings of 20 to 50 per cent. ALL WITH LACQUER BEARING a FIVE-YEAR GUARANTEE—though our responsibility does not stop there, by any means.
A delightful collection of fine Bedroom Suites, hardly two alike, at savings of one-third.
The most remarkable display of Mission Furniture we have ever gathered.
Bedroom Suites and Dining-room Suites in the simple dignified Colonial style that proved such a favorite in our February Sale. But these are even better value.
August Is a Great Housefurnishing Time
Even though you live far from New York, the savings you can make at Gimbels this month will more than repay your expenditure of time and money in the trip to town.
Plan to come—come EARLY—and READ THE PAPERS—they will tell you all about the Sale from day to day. We will, of course, hold our Furniture bought during August until you are ready for it later in the season.
GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.


$22 from $30.
$28. from $36.
$18.50 from $24.
$25 from $36.
$15 from $25.

ONE WARSHIP SURE, STILL URGING TWO

Democratic Leaders Plan to Rescind Caucus Action on Monday Next.

30 DEMOCRATS PLEDGED

Sulzer Also Has Assurances from 30 Others That They Favor Two Ships —House Programme Arranged.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Thirty Democratic members of the House have now signed the Sulzer pledge in favor of two battleships, and another thirty have given assurances that they are in favor of two battleships, but unwilling to sign the pledge. The two-battleship men are in the minority among the Democrats, but the strength of the revolt against the Democratic caucus action is strong, and the warnings received from constituents so ominous that the political effect of a mistake on the battleship question is keenly realized.

The result of the Sulzer campaign has been a substantial agreement among the Democratic leaders to grant not less than one battleship. Speaker Clark, Mr. Underwood, and their followers on the floor are now all working for one battleship. They still have to reckon with the opposition of the "pork barrel" members, who have been opposing battleships because they want the money for public buildings. Enough votes have been swung into line to insure one battleship, and the only question now is whether the Democrats who have been forcing the fight will be able to bring about the authorization of two vessels.

The conference report on the Naval Appropriation bill will be called up to-morrow afternoon, but not until the Republican members return from the Taft notification meeting at the White House. An agreement was reached to-day between the party leaders under which no important legislation will be undertaken for three hours to-morrow. This will enable the Republicans to attend the notification of President Taft. Under urgent call Republicans and Democrats will return to Washington, and there will be a larger attendance in the House to-morrow than at any time since the two big political conventions adjourned. It is hoped enough Democratic votes may be mustered to enable a coalition of Democrats and Republicans to put through a two-battleship programme.

The partial conference agreement on the Naval bill will be reported to-morrow. Chairman Padgett will move that the naval increase part of the programme be returned to the conferrees with instructions to stand by the original instructions of the House for no battleships. This will be merely a play for time. The programme for the House Democratic leaders to-night is as follows:

Accept the partial conference report on the body of the Naval bill; send the naval increase programme back into conference, and call a caucus for next Monday night, when a motion will be made to rescind the caucus declaration against battleships. The floor leaders of the party will then try to put through the caucus a resolution binding the Democrats to vote for one battleship, and enough votes will be mustered to carry this.

In the caucus the two battleship men will endeavor to have a resolution adopted providing that every Democratic member shall be free to follow his own convictions on the naval increase programme when the conferrees make their next report to the House.

The object of this resolution, which will be advocated by Representatives Sulzer, Curley, and others, who have signed the two battleship pledge, is to take the naval issue out of the realm of partisanship, where it was placed by Democratic caucus action. If this resolution can be put through the caucus enough Democrats favoring two battleships would be able to vote with the Republicans to carry the day. But the failure of this resolution will result in the adoption of caucus instructions for one battleship.

Representative Foss of Illinois, former Chairman of the House Naval Committee, now ranking Republican member of that committee and an advocate of two battleships, has been contemplating the offering to-morrow of a motion to concur in the Senate amendment allowing two battleships. If this motion is made most of the Republicans will vote for it. There are enough two-battleship Democrats to put through this motion by voting with Republicans on the Foss motion, but these Democrats assert to-night they will not vote for such a motion until released from the caucus action.

INDICTS ROAD OFFICIALS.

Boston Jury Charges Them with Perjury in Strike Testimony.

BOSTON, July 31.—Six Division Superintendents of the Boston Elevated Railway Company appeared in the Superior Court this afternoon and furnished bonds of $1,000 each after being arrested on indictments charging perjury. The alleged offense is said to have been committed when the Superintendents testified at a strike hearing before the State Board of Conciliation and Arbitration.

The Superintendents indicted are Herbert A. Pasho, Joseph L. Webber, Thomas E. Williams, Karl S. Barnes, John A. Smith, and John H. Harrington. They were released under bonds. It is understood that before they are arraigned the validity of the indictments will be contested by the company's attorneys.

In calling a special session of the Grand Jury, the District Attorney stated in open court that at the hearing before the State Board of Conciliation and Arbitration that certain charges of a criminal nature had been made by counsel for the strikers. The counsel, former State Senator James H. Vahey, declared that the six Division Superintendents,, in their testimony before the State Board, had committed perjury in swearing that they did not discharge men for joining the union. He also charged that the same Superintendents had conspired to import strikebreakers from Philadelphia, New York, and other places to incite riots and end the strike speedily, and furthermore, that the law prohibited the coercing of men into agreements not to join or continue membership in the union.

In the past two weeks the Grand Jury has heard 199 witnesses, including carmen, the Division Superintendents, President William A. Bancroft, Vice President Brush, and James M. Prendergast and James L. Richards, Directors.

FATAL LONDON STRIKE RIOTS.

Unionist Dockers Try to Return to Work, and Find Places Filled.

LONDON, July 31.—Seven strikers were shot, one of them dying later in a hospital, and twenty other men were seriously wounded by sticks and stones in rioting at the Victoria and other docks in London to-day.

The most serious encounter occurred at the Victoria Docks, where 2,000 of the laborers who had been on strike for over ten weeks appeared at the docks in compliance with the manifesto of the Dock Workers' Federation ordering them to resume work. They found, however, that their places were occupied by non-unionist or "free" laborers who had been taken on during the strike, and who were determined to continue at work. They defied the men belonging to the union to eject them, and a severe fight ensued.

Bullets, bricks, and stones flew in all directions. The police, of whom only about a dozen were present, were taken by surprise and were powerless to suppress the disturbance.

Another hot fight centred around the steamer City of Columbia, which was being loaded at one of the wharves. Unionist workmen tried to board her, but were repelled by the non-unionists with revolvers, bottles, and belaying pins. Many men were hurt here, some of them with bullets.

Large reserves of police were called up, and finally succeeded in quelling the disturbances. The unionists and the non-unionists accuse each other of starting the trouble.

BOY FUGITIVE KEEPS WORD.

Returns to George Junior Republic to Redeem Promise He Made.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., July 31.—John McReynolds, a 19-year-old youth, who escaped from the George Junior Republic on May 29, appeared in Ithaca this afternoon on his way back to that institution to redeem a promise made to William R. George, founder of that institution, to the effect that if he ever ran away he would return within sixty-five days, Mr. George agreeing to undergo the jail punishment in the Republic jail himself if the youth did not keep his word.

McReynolds had no compunctions about making his break for liberty, and said that he got all the way to the Pacific Coast. He convinced the local authorities that he had been there. In Los Angeles, however, he began to think about his promise to Mr. George and try as he would he could not banish it from his mind. His sixty-five days will be up Saturday night. McReynolds said he boarded a fast freight at Los Angeles eight days ago and by continuous riding across the continent on fast freight trains he reached here to-day. McReynolds reached Freeville to-night, three days within the limit set by Mr. George.

FAVORS STRONGER MONROE DOCTRINE

Senate Committee Accepts Resolution to Safeguard Strategic Points in Latin-America.

BARS FOREIGN INTERESTS

And Is Aimed to Prevent Incidents Like That Connected with Magdalena Bay Recurring.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations accepted to-day word for word the report of its sub-committee recommending the extension of the Monroe Doctrine to prevent the possibility of any incident like that of Magdalena Bay recurring. The report, embodying a resolution which was later presented to the Senate by Mr. Lodge, declares that "this Government could not see without grave concern" the acquisition even by a private corporation of the strategic points in the Western Hemisphere which might ultimately be turned over to a foreign power as a base for military operations. The report expressly declares that no proof has been forthcoming that Japan had ulterior designs on Magdalena Bay. It does assert, however, that it is apparent that American interests holding title to the land around the body did negotiate first with the United States and then with the Japanese syndicate with a view to the military occupation of the bay. Though the report did not name these interests, in spite of the request of Senator Nelson of Minnesota that "these unpatriotic Americans be pilloried before the public," it is known that the reference is to a New England lumbering concern which had large interests in the Development Company of Lower California. That company was originally a California corporation, but through loans to New England concerns became its directing force. It owned 4,000,000 acres on the coast north and south from the bay and running inland fifteen miles, and it was reported that the Oriental Steamship Company had been approached to take over this holding for ultimate fortification by Japan.

At the request of the Senate the State Department investigated the matter several months ago, made public the correspondence thereon, and disclosed what information it had. None of this information showed any willingness on the part of Japan or the Japanese syndicate to accept the American company's offer, but the existence of certain Japanese fishing rights along the coast of Lower California tended to confirm the suspicion of Mr. Lodge and others that the inland stretch reaching back to Magdalena Bay might ultimately become a great military naval base. The text of the resolution setting forth the Senate's revised idea of the Monroe Doctrine is as follows:

> Resolved, That, when any harbor or other place in the American Continents is so situated that the occupation thereof for naval or military purposes might threaten the communications or the safety of the United States, the Government of the United States could not see without grave concern the possession of such harbor or other place by any corporation or association which has such a relation to another Government, not American, as to give that Government practical power of control for national purposes.

Mr. Lodge in offering the resolution also submitted a report setting forth the facts his sub-committee had found and their reasons for suggesting an extension of the Monroe Doctrine to private foreign corporations. The sub-committee consisted of Senator Lodge and Senator Root for the Republicans and Senator Hitchcock and Senator Rayner for the Democrats.

Consideration of the resolution went over until to-morrow as a parliamentary formality, but when the subject is taken up it is expected that the Senate will indorse the committee's report.

NURSE'S BODY SENT SOUTH.

Relatives Think Miss Snodgrass Fell Into Creek While Ill.

The body of Miss Dorcas I. Snodgrass, the nurse of the Mount Vernon Hospital who disappeared two weeks ago, arrived in Mount Vernon yesterday. It was sent from there to Martinsburg, West Va., where it will be buried in the family plot. Mrs. John Leland Crider, of 140 Wallace Avenue, Mount Vernon, the dead woman's sister, with whom she lived, said to-day that the $500 reward for finding the body would be paid to James Young, of Catskill, N. Y., who discovered it while canoeing on Dubois Creek, Sunday afternoon. Neither Mrs. Crider nor F. Eugene Schmidt, of Mount Vernon, to whom Miss Snodgrass was engaged, went to West Virginia with the body. But Mr. Schmidt accompanied it to Jersey City. Mrs. Crider said last night that she would not go home to attend the funeral, but intended to leave Mount Vernon to-morrow for Oakland, Cal., to join her husband, who had charge of the construction of a new railroad there. She said she thought her sister fell into the creek in which her body was found while bewildered, owing to a severe headache from which she was suffering, when she went away from home.

It was learned yesterday that Miss Amelia Danby, Miss Snodgrass's friend, who has been missing since July 13, four days before the disappearance of Miss Snodgrass, had photographs of herself made at a studio in Mount Vernon the day before she left home. Police Lieutenant George Atwell said, he believed Miss Danby had the pictures made so that her parents might have a recent likeness of her.

Special to The New York Times.

CATSKILL, N. Y., July 31.—Unable to find any trace of the yacht mentioned in connection with the death of Miss Snodgrass, the police here have decided the nurse committed suicide. The theory that she might have taken an overdose of headache powder is corroborated by the fact that a train for Greendale, the New York Central station for Catskill, departs from the Grand Central Station at about the same time the train starts for Mount Vernon. The amount found in Miss Snodgrass's pocketbook—$2.65, with the $3.50 paid for shoes and the $2.54 required for her fare to Catskill, would have left her a balance of $1.31 for her fare from Mount Vernon and whatever small purchases she might have made. The 4:03 o'clock train from the Grand Central Station brings its passengers to Catskill Landing at about 7:15 P. M., and is a popular train with those spending the day in New York.

GRIEF AFTER DISGRACE KILLS.

Nurse, Discharged from Hospital, Dies Exhausted by Hysteria.

Twenty-four hours after she had been dismissed from the service of the Jewish Maternity Hospital, where she was a nurse, Miss Ruth Price, 21 years old, died yesterday morning in her parents' apartments at 664 East 166th Street. Physicians said that violents fits of hysteria followed by despondency caused by her dismissal had led to her death. Dr. John Riegelman, Coroner's physician, will investigate.

Supt. Arnow of the hospital, which is at 270 East Broadway, said the young woman had been discharged for violation of rules regarding the care of patients. She had worked there for five months, he said.

Dr. Riegelman performed an autopsy and found that the girl had a weak heart.

CONCERT BY NEGRO CHILDREN

Jenkins Orphan Band Plays to Raise Funds for Institution.

The Jenkins Orphan Band, composed of twenty-four negro childern from the Jenkins Orphanage, at Charleston, S. C., gave a concert on the Broadway side of the Times Building yesterday morning and attracted an audience that filled both Broadway and Forty-third Street. The band has a thirty-day permit and is being used by the management of the orphanage to attract attention to the work being done by that institution.

The Jenkins Orphanage at Charleston is well known all over the South as a place where negro children of both sexes are cared for and educated so that they may fill useful positions. It is supported in part by the City of Charleston, but most of its income is from voluntary contributions. The Rev. D. J. Jenkins, President of the orphanage, who is in charge of the band, hopes to raise $5,000 by means of the present tour, and already he has received over $1,200. To-night he will give an old-fashioned southern picnic at Harlem River Park, Second Avenue and 127th Street, with an ox roast and a band contest, the proceeds of which will be devoted to the orphange fund.

DROWNS TESTING ROWBOAT.

Hospital Employe Leaps Overboard When It Begins to Leak.

Charles Murray, 23 years old, an elevator runner in the Willard Parker Hospital, was drowned yesterday in the East River, at the foot of East Sixteenth Street, while trying out a new rowboat which he and several of the hospital orderlies had bought a few days ago.

Murray took the boat out into the stream, while Charles Capello and John Hemp, orderlies, watched from the shore. Several hundred feet from shore the boat began to leak, and Murray, apparently frightened, jumped overboard and started to swim to shore. There is a strong current at this point and he sank soon after he hit the water. Capello jumped into the water and tried to get to Murray, but he was not seen again. Murray lived at Corona, L. I.

"CHURCH WORKER" IN JAIL.

W. M. Lawrence, Who Stole $8,000, Gets from Five to Ten Years.

William M. Lawrence, the "church worker" of Brooklyn, who, when arrested on July 10, was spending what was left of $8,000 he had stolen in treating himself and a few friends to a joy ride, and who asked the detectives to lend him a revolver that he might blow his brains out and end it all, was sentenced to not less than five nor more than ten years in Sing Sing by Judge Mulqueen, in General Sessions, yesterday.

Lawrence pleaded guilty to having appropriated $8,000 belonging to his employers, Daniel Talmage's Sons Company of 112 Water Street, by whom he was employed as a bookkeeper, by means of false entries. He lived with his wife and children at 16 South Elliott Place, Brooklyn. He was the Superintendent of a Sunday school. Lawrence is 44 years old.

J. B. Wittick Hurt in Car Crash.

A man describing himself as J. B. Wittick, 69 years old, Postmaster of Stonehouse, Dutchess County, N. Y., sustained fractures of several right ribs and possibly of the skull yesterday afternoon when a northbound Lexington Avenue car in which he was a passenger collided with a Twenty-third Street crosstown car at Broadway and Twenty-third Street. He was taken to the New York Hospital.

A smoke that generates man's good humor.

Velvet

"The Smoothest" TOBACCO

10¢ TINS Handy 5¢ bags—or one pound glass humidor jars

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

Our Big Semi-Annual

Sale of Suits

$25, $22, $20, $18 and $15 Suits

Reduced to

$13.50

Our Season's Clean-up Sale—in it we offer you Blue Serge Suits, Gray Serge Suits, Black Serge Suits and a large assortment of blue, gray and brown mixtures—*our own regular stock*—made for us by tailormen who know the rigid requirements to which Brill clothes must measure. Smart, stylish models, good, durable fabrics and numerous neat designs—every suit was unusually good value at its original price of $25, $22, $20, $18 or $15; at this sale price—$13.50—they offer men and young men an extraordinary opportunity to buy a big bargain in a suit.

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY, at 49th St. 279 BROADWAY, near Chambers St.
47 CORTLANDT ST., near Greenwich. 125th STREET, at 3d Ave.
UNION SQUARE, 14th Street, West of Broadway.

Hot—Tired—Thirsty!

When you seat yourself at the fountain, one name inevitably comes to your mind.

Coca-Cola

The one best beverage to cool and refresh you. Remember Coca-Cola is not only pure and wholesome but

Delicious—Refreshing Thirst-Quenching

Demand the Genuine—Refuse Substitutes

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY

ATLANTA, GA

Free Our new booklet, telling of Coca-Cola vindication at Chattanooga for the asking.

3

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

The purpose of a journey is not only to arrive at the goal, but to find enjoyment on the way

HENRY VAN DYKE

ENJOYMENT ON THE WAY is assured to all who travel via the New York Central Lines. The gradeless "Water Level Route" insures solid comfort by day and refreshing sleep by night. The scenic beauties of the Hudson and the Mohawk Valleys and the shores of the Great Lakes are a constant delight to the eye. The luxurious modern equipment and courteous service—affording every convenience of home, club and hotel—make your enjoyment complete.

20th Century Limited

This world-famous overnight train between New York and Chicago saves a business day. Its equipment is the recognized standard for train service throughout the world.

Lv. New York 4.00 p.m. Lv. Chicago - 2.30 p.m.
Ar. Chicago - 8.55 a.m. Ar. New York 9.25 a.m.

Railroad and Pullman tickets delivered by special Messenger without extra charge. For further information address Gen'l Eastern Pass. Agent, 1216 Broadway.

New York 'Phone: 6310 Madison Brooklyn 'Phone: 167 Main

"Water Level Route"

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

You Can Sleep

We've steam-rollered prices.

15683 Irish linen handkerchiefs.

Mostly white cross-barred, hemstitched linen—a few colored linen with embroidered initials.

50 cent values.

25 cents.

7500 Bow Ties—the "batwing" shape.

A manufacturer's cleanup.

6420 regularly 50 cents.

1080 regularly 75 cents.

25 cents.

526 bathing suits.

A cleanup of our own stock.

Sweater-knit and flat-knit worsteds.

335 were $3.50 and $4.50.
$2.85.

144 were $5.00 and $6.00.
$3.85.

47 were $7.50.
$5.00.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY,

Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

TRUSO HOSIERY For Men

With or without (preferably with) Regal Ties, TRUSO Half-Hose "certainly do look good."

And their wearing qualities are not a whit behind their looks either.

Keep TRUSO in mind and lay in a supply when you next see any of the

Regal Shoe Stores Everywhere.

Gilbey's SPEY-ROYAL ALL SCOTCH WHISKY

It's ALL Scotch and ALL ten years old.

For Sale by
ACKER, MERRALL & CONDIT CO.
CHARLES & CO.
WINE GROWERS' ASS'N
and all High-class Cafes and Wine Merchants.

1 HOUR & 50 MINUTES TO PHILADELPHIA VIA THE NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
YOUR WATCH IS YOUR TIMETABLE

OFFICE FURNITURE
Quality that DEFIES Comparison; Prices that WELCOME it.
FRANKLIN OFFICE FURNITURE CO.
46 & 48 E. 20th St. (bet. B'way & 4th Av.)

Grape-Nuts
FOR THOSE WHO LIVE BY BRAIN WORK.

$5.70 Brings $15,000

The following letter was received by The New York Times recently:

The New York Times:
The writer inserted a Business Opportunity advertisement in The New York Times a few months ago that cost $5.70 and closed a deal for $15,000 through it within thirty days after the advertisement was inserted.
(Signed) J. L. COBURN, Manager, Hartford, Conn.

The New York Times reaches more people with money to invest than any other New York newspaper.

The New York Times
Bryant 1000

OLYMPIC ATHLETES WELCOMED HOME

Forty-two of the Victorious American Team Arrive on the Vaderland.

MURPHY PRAISES JACKSON

How Big Jim Mitchel Escaped Fighting a Duel with a Fiery German—Greatest Meet Ever, Say All.

With the arrival yesterday of the advance contingent of the American Olympic team which performed in all-around winning fashion at the Stockholm games last month began the home invasion which is to end in what is expected to be a National demonstration and carded to take place in this city Aug. 24.

The greeting tendered to the competitive heroes as the Red Star liner Vaderland steamed into the harbor and was towed to her pier was almost the equal of the rousing send-off they got when the complete team started away nearly seven weeks ago on the specially chartered Finland.

Several thousand relatives and friends of the half hundred who made up the home-coming party put in an appearance at the dock, despite the early time of landing, and as the various members of the team hurried down the plank the consensus of opinion was that they were mighty glad to get back to New York.

Among the voyagers were twenty-five track and field men, eight riflemen, three revolver and pistol experts, two fencers, and four cyclists.

These included Charles D. Reidpath of Syracuse University and New York Athletic Club, winner of the 400 meters; Sergt. L. H. Adams, U. S. A.; Capt. E. L. Anderson, Alabama N. G.; Capt. C. L. Burditt, West Virginia N. G.; Capt. F. S. Hird, Iowa N. G.; Sergt. J. E. Jackson, Iowa N. G.; Sergt. W. H. Leushner, New York N. G.; Lieut. Col. William Libbey, New Jersey N. G., all of the rifle team; J. A. Dietz, P. J. Dolfen, and Dr. H. E. Sears, pistol shots; J. Pike, Jerome Steinert, Al Kruschel, and Fred Meissner, cyclists.

Samuel H. Bellah, Olympic Club, San Francisco, pole vaulter; R. L. Byrd, Adrian College, Michigan, second in the best hand discus; Ira N. Davenport, University of Chicago, third in 800 meters; Howard P. Drew, Springfield High School, who was unfortunate enough to break down in the semi-final of the 100 meters; Clarence S. Edmundson, Seattle; Joseph Erxleben, Missouri A. C., Marathon; Simon P. Gillis, New York A. C., hammer throw; H. H. Hellawell, New York A. C., cross country; John Paul Jones, Cornell University, 1,500 meters; Thomas H. Lilley, Boston, Marathon; Hugh F. McGuire, North Attleborough, 10,000 meters; A. M. Mucks, University of Chicago, discus; Frank D. Murphy, University of Illinois, pole vault; James R. Nicholason, University of Missouri, hurdles; Andrew Sockalexis, Oldtown, Me., Marathon; Gaston Strobino, South Paterson A. C., Marathon; Norman S. Taber, Brown University, third in 1,500 meters; Louis Tewanima, Carlisle Indian School, second in 10,000 meters; James Wendell, Wesleyan University, second in hurdle race; Lawrence A. Whitney, Boston A. A., third in best hand shot; Harry T. Worthington, Boston A. A., running broad jump; R. F. Piggott, Boston, Marathon; Benjamin F. Sherman, New York A. C., hammer.

Dr. S. D. Breckinridge of Washington and J. A. McLoughlin of Boston of the fencing team also accompanied the others.

In charge of the athletes was Michael C. Murphy, the dean of American coaches, who, when not talking about the prowess of the various men, showed the extreme strain he has been under keeping the men in line since the trip began.

Then there was the patriarch of American athletes, Harry Buermeyer, one of the first official champions of the United States. Others in the party were Glen Warner, Bill Hayward, and A. N. Smith, each of whom had men on the team to whom they gave the benefit of their knowledge as coaches and trainers.

Murphy enthused over what the men had done, and had nothing but praise for Jackson, the Englishman, who won the 1,500 meters, defeating such Americans as Abel Kiviat, Norman S. Taber, John Paul Jones, and Melvin Sheppard. "You can't say too much for that fellow," said he, "for he put England on the Olympic map. He's a wonderful runner. I saw that in the trial heat in which he beat Jones, although Jones perceptibly eased up.

"Before the final heat I told our men that they could afford to take no chances with such a man, but every one knows the result. He's a grand runner.

"Our marathoners didn't run fast enough in the early part of their race. At the turning point, a bit over twelve miles, Mike Ryan was four minutes ahead of the nearest American and four minutes behind the leaders. And when he stopped he was still leading his mates. Gallagher and Sockalexis, the men I most fancied of our team, failed utterly to realize just what the proper pace should be during the early part and ran far too slow, coming along with plenty of go when it was too late.

"Strobino ran grandly and showed capital judgment, finishing strongly, earning third place, saving the American team from a blank in the point column.

"The starting was a joke, and any man who would do other than Ralph Craig, our double winner, did—break over the mark at every opportunity—would have committed competitive suicide. No one knew when the gun might go. It was as likely to be fired when some one had run several yards as not.

"A sample of this was seen in the hurdle race in which there were five Americans and one Englishman in the final. As an excuse for giving one of our men, Hawkins, a two-yard flier the starter said that it made no difference, as the race was between the Americans and the Englishman had no chance. This bad start warranted overanxiety on the part of three of our men, none of whom ran his true race. Nicholson, the favorite, in his endeavors to catch the flying Hawkins, fell at the ninth hurdle when he seemed to have a chance for victory even after the poor start.

"Reidpath, the only man we brought back with us who was a winner in the track and field sports ran a grand race in the 400 meters, and the greatest I have ever seen at the distance. Because of the running of the race in lanes neither he nor Lindberg were able to do themselves justice. Reidpath was in the middle lane and Lindberg on the extreme outside, with Braun, the German, in the lane inside 'Reidy,' where he had eye command of the field.

"That Braun's position was advantageous is clearly seen when it becomes known that he outran Reidpath by nearly four yards in the first '220.' In a race without strings there isn't a man in the world who can do that. With but 70 yards to go Braun was still in front, and in the dash to the tape Reidpath made three distinct tries to get by, only doing so in the last ten yards and just winning.

"The ship proposition was not a good one. The men were caged up too much and getting to and from shore at Stockholm was a task no one relished. Never again would I tackle the landing of a team under such conditions. The conditions as to weather were fine, and the Swedes said that they had not experienced such balmy conditions in forty years.

"I am going to rest up for a couple of months before taking up my University of Pennsylvania training work."

In discussing the trip and the games, Mr. Buermeyer said that the games were the greatest he had ever witnessed. "You could have taken over all the champions we have ever had, or their equals," he said, "and they could not have performed as well as the boys of this team. The strange thing about it was that a number of our first-string men fell down."

Inquiry developed that there were several cases of insubordination on the trip over, and three of the athletes behaved so badly that they had to be warned by the Finland's officers. It was stated by one of the team's rooters that at least forty of the men practically broke training during the short stay at Antwerp, and that subsequent performances of some of the men reflected the fact.

Glen Warner, the Carlisle Indian School coach, brought back with him the Pentathlon and Decathlon trophies won by Jimmy Thorpe, the Sac and Fox Indian, who, by his victories, attested his right to the title of world's champion all-around athlete. The pentathlon prize is a bronze bust, life size, of King Gustaf V., presented by the King of Sweden, while the decathlon trophy is a replica of a viking galley, a gift of the Emperor of Russia.

James S. Mitchel, a former American champion, had in his care the trap-shooting trophy, a perpetual prize presented by Lord Westbury, which will find a place in the trophy room of the New York Athletic Club because the majority of the members of the team belong to the Winged Foot organization.

His fellow-voyagers told a good story on Jim, who is a physical giant. It appears that he was making snapshots during the progress of the sports from the grand stand. Several times, when he had got a focus, an excitable German jumped up and spoiled the taking of the picture. This occurred again and again, when finally Mitchel banged the unruly one into his place and told him if he didn't keep still he'd throw him over the fence.

Directly Mitchel was handed a card by the German, and a friend of his immediately began a parley with the giant, who assented to the duel, and proposed sabres as the weapons to be used. More talk ensued, with Mitchel insisting on fighting the duel.

Some one got word of the affair to a member of the German Olympic team, a Col. Deam, who spoke of the impulsiveness of the young German, winding up with the request that the burly Irishman accept an apology and forget the incident, which was done.

The rest of the members of the team will be back before the middle of the month. It is expected that James E. Sullivan, the American Commissioner, and Col. Robert M. Thompson and party, will arrive on the Olympic, which is expected to land here about Aug. 14. Great preparations are being made for a big celebration in honor of the team, which will include a theatre party on the evening of Aug. 23, a parade the morning following, and a dinner on Aug. 24.

PATERSON'S OLYMPIC DAY.

Jersey Town Welcomes Her Athletes Who Competed at Stockholm.

PATERSON, N. J., July 31.—The Paterson "boys," Strobino, Scott, Hellawell, and Mueller, who competed for Uncle Sam at the Olympic games in Sweden, and who returned to this country on the Vaderland early this morning, got a rousing reception in this city later in the day, when a parade through the principal streets of Paterson was held in their honor. It seemed as though all of Paterson turned out to march in the parade or to witness it. Hundreds also from near-by places came here to cheer the young athletes. Jim Kinloch, trainer of Strobino and Scott, who left with them for Stockholm, also got a great ovation along the line of march. George Hattersley was grand marshal of the parade.

Strobino, it will be remembered, was the first American to cross the line in the Olympic classic; Louis Scott finished with the American team, the winners of the team race of the meet; Hellawell, carrying the colors of the New York A. C., who is a resident of the Riverside section, was the first man of the United States entrants in the cross-country run to make the tape, and Mueller, also of Riverside, and a member of the Irish-American A. C., heaved the discus.

On the reviewing stand in front of the City Hall was Mayor McBride and a number of other prominent citizens.

All over the city houses and stores were appropriately decorated for the occasion, and it was the biggest day of its kind the citizens of this city ever saw.

A banquet this evening, at which the Olympic participants were the guests of honor, was the crowning event of the day's festivities.

LIGHTNING STRIKES JANITOR.

Metal Gas Lighter He Carried Acts as Conductor.

John Meyer, janitor of the flat house at 1,411 Longfellow Avenue, the Bronx, came up from his home in the basement in the height of the electrical storm last night to light the gas through the house. He carried a long metal gas lighter in his hand. As he reached the sidewalk there was a vivid flash of lightning, and he tumbled backward down the steps against his wife, Helen, who had been following him up to close the windows in the halls.

Meyer was carried into his home by neighbors whom the shrieks of Mrs. Meyer had summoned, and Dr. McSweeney was called from Fordham Hospital.

He found that Meyer, though there was not a burn on his body, had been so shocked by the lightning that his whole right side was paralyzed. He hurried him to the hospital.

Held for Girl's Murder.

BANGOR, Me., July 31.—J. Sherman Gray, the Carmel farmhand charged with the murder of fourteen-year-old Naomi Mitchell, was brought here from Brooks to-day and locked up in the county jail. Gray was arrested at Brooks last night. At first he denied his identity, but under pressure of sharp questioning he finally admitted that he was the man sought. Gray denied all knowledge of the crime.

FEAR CANAL OPENING MAY BE DELAYED

Unless Provision Is Made Now for Its Administration Ships Cannot Use It Next Year.

TOLL DISPUTE HINDERS BILL

But Contentious Matter May Be Placed in Separate Measure—President May Send Special Message.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The Senate to-day took a step that practically foretold the postponement until next session of the debatable items in the Panama Canal bill. That means the section relating to the collection of tolls and the section relating to railroad-owned ships.

It is thought here that the failure of Great Britain to present her long-awaited formal note on the subject came as a result of her suspicion that the Senate would delay consideration and her desire not to waste her ammunition too early in the struggle.

Chairman Brandegee of the committee in charge of the bill announced to-day his intention of yielding day by day the rights of the Panama bill for first consideration in favor of the Post Office Appropriation bill. This yielding to appropriation bills is a perfectly normal procedure, but in this case it will postpone the Panama bill to close to the day of final adjournment, and the hope now is that to facilitate the winding up of the session the leaders may decide to separate the bill into two parts, and to allow immediate action without debate on the routine provisions, providing for the reorganization of the canal force to prevent its disintegration.

The President has discussed the matter with many Senators, and his chief desire is to have the bill passed in some form as soon as possible.

Unless Congress takes action to provide at the present session for the operation of the canal, he and Secretary of War Stimson believe that it will be practically impossible for the army engineers to keep their promise and open the big ditch to the ships of the world next year.

But, according to the information brought to the White House to-day, the prospect of this action at this session is growing dimmer. Mr. Stimson was understood to believe that there was little contention over the proposed administration and operation of the canal, but questions of tolls and of railroad-owned steamships have now stirred up controversy in both houses and to-day neither the President nor his Secretary of War are so hopeful of settling it.

The only ray of comfort that filtered through to the White House to-day was the news that Representative Adamson of Georgia, Chairman of the House Committee on Inter-State Commerce, was considering the introduction of a joint resolution providing administration machinery for the canal. He was understood to be ready to bring in such a resolution whenever it became apparent that there was no chance of a compromise and that the two houses were deadlocked over the other questions.

President Taft, in many of his speeches as President, has predicted that the Atlantic and the Pacific would be joined at Panama in 1913. At one time he even believed that during his present term he would be able to steam through the canal at its formal opening on the old battleship Oregon. When he broke ground at San Francisco last October for the Panama-Pacific Exposition, he practically promised to have the canal ready next year.

So far the President has refused to write a special message to Congress on the canal, and he told visitors recently that he did not believe it was necessary for him further to advise Congress of his position. Within the last few days, however, members of the House have notified him that they would oppose any legislation in regard to Panama that did not settle all the points involved.

Secretary Stimson has taken issue with the Congressmen, but the President has not made his attitude known. It was said to-night that he might decide to send in a special message.

TAFT TO BE NOTIFIED TO-DAY.

And "Joe" Cannon Will Be There in as Informal Attire as He Likes.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—President Taft will receive the official notification of his renomination shortly before noon to-morrow in the East Room of the White House. The President's first intention to have the ceremonies in the south grounds of the White House was changed to-night, as the weather man would not agree to fine weather for to-morrow.

Speeches will be made by Senator Root of New York, notifying the President that he is the choice of his party, and by Mr. Taft in accepting the nomination. After these formal addresses the President will receive the official committee and invited guests.

"Uncle Joe" Cannon, wearing a thin pongee silk suit and a gray soft hat, hurried out of the White House executive offices to-day.

"I just came to find out if I had to wear my Prince Albert at the notification ceremonies," said the ex-Speaker. "They told me they would be entirely informal, and I could come in my shirt sleeves if I wanted to."

Senator George Sutherland of Utah will head the committee to notify Vice President Sherman of his renomination on Aug. 3. Thomas F. Devine, who was originally chosen to head the committee, will be unable to act.

Stern Brothers

Have made Radical Reductions in their entire stock of

Women's Summer Dresses

And will offer To-day, Thursday, the following

Extraordinary Values

Women's Tub Dresses
of Flaxons, Tissues, Lawns, Voiles and Linens,
at $2.75, 3.25, 4.50, 6.50
Heretofore from $7.75 to 19.50

Women's Lingerie Dresses
of Sheer Batiste, Imported Voiles and Marquisettes, trimmed with Valenciennes and Cluny laces,
at $7.75, 9.75, 13.50, 19.75
Heretofore from $15.50 to 37.50

Women's Tailored Linen Suits
simple and trimmed models,
at $5.00, 7.50, 10.00, 16.50
Heretofore from $12.50 to 35.00

Stern Brothers

will inaugurate To-day, Thursday,

Their Autumn Exhibition and Sale of

Artistic Furniture

embracing an unusually large collection of Period Reproductions from the Foremost American Makers.

In addition they will offer a large assortment of

Odd Pieces and Discontinued Lines including Bed Room, Dining Room and Living Room Furniture which will be closed out at Reductions varying from

20 to 40% Below Their Regular Values

West 23d and 22d Streets

J. M. Gidding & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE AT 46TH ST.

BEGINNING TODAY, AUGUST 1st—

Final Clearance Sales
Of Entire Stocks of Summer Apparel
For Women and Misses
At Mere Fractions of Former Prices

48 Tailored Suits at $22.50
Formerly $45 to $58

62 Tailored Suits at $32.50
Formerly $65 to $95

55 Imported Model Suits at $42.50
Formerly $95 to $175

35 Tailored Linen Suits at $15 & $20
Formerly $35 to $65

28 Novelty and Motor Coats at $15
Formerly $35 to $55

37 Silk and Cloth Afternoon Coats at $25
Formerly $50 to $85

42 Linen Dresses at $10
Formerly $25 to $38

50 Hand-made Lingerie Dresses at $15
Formerly $32 to $48

55 Silk and Net Dresses at $25
Formerly $45 to $95

33 Silk and Net Dresses at $35
Formerly $65 to $125

15 Afternoon Gowns at $45
Formerly $85 to $175

15 Evening Wraps, $35—Formerly $65 to $85

27 Afternoon Coats and Wraps at $25
Formerly $55 to $85

12 Silk Coatees, $10—Formerly $18.50 to $35

35 Street and Dress Hats at $7.50
Formerly $18 to $35

No sale goods sent on approval, reserved or exchanged.

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Though the cost is but
five cents, Uneeda Bis-
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The latest rage—Philately.
Real foreign postage stamps
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in each package.

Some smokers are
mighty hard to please.
They have to have Helmars.

HELMAR
The Superb

S. ANARGYROS MAKER A CORPORATION

10 Cents.

WILL PUT TARIFF BILLS UP TO TAFT

Democrats and Insurgents to Make President Responsible for Promised Revision.

CUMMINS OF IOWA BOLTS

Only Insurgent Who Refuses to Join with Democrats in Support of Lower Wool Duties.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 31.—The Democrats and the insurgents in the Senate completed a programme to-day by which they confidently expect to send to the President the excise bill, three tariff bills, and possibly a fourth. The Democratic Senators had a conference this morning, at which the whole situation was reviewed.

With the aid of the insurgent votes the Democrats will force the Senate to recede from the extraneous amendents repealing Canadian reciprocity imposing a duty on print paper and creating a permanent Tariff Board.

The Steel bill, which has reposed for many weeks without any prospect of agreement, will be passed under the new arrangement, and probably the Cotton bill. The Wool bill will be sent to conference to-morrow by the Senate, and a Board of Conferrees will be appointed to meet the House managers on the sugar and the excise measures. On all the bills the procedure will be practically the same, with the result that the President will be forced to choose between signing these measures or vetoing four bills, each of which has received the partial support of the party.

The Democrats think it better to send to the President measures which have a chance of receiving his signature. The regulars have been persistent in offering them a plan for passing straight-out Democratic measures by withdrawing themselves from the chamber, but the Democrats know that this plan is partly for the discomfort of the insurgents and in part for the purpose of saving President Taft. He could veto Democratic measures, and the country would expect nothing else; but with measures supported by a dozen Republican Progressives such a course would be bad.

To-morrow for the first time in many weeks the conferees on the Steel bill will meet. That was the measure which passed the Senate substantially as it came from the House, except for the Canadian reciprocity amendment. That amendment put the bill in the hands of the regulars under Mr. Penrose, and he and Mr. Lodge dominate the Senate managers, who include Mr. Simmons of North Carolina as the only Democrat. The result will be that the conferees will report a disagreement to the Senate, as Mr. Penrose and Mr. Lodge have no intention of receding from the reciprocity amendment, which so far has killed the entire bill in the Democratic House.

How Bills Will Be Passed.

The solution will come when the disagreeing report is made. Mr. Simmons will at once move that the Senate recede from the Canadian amendment, and with the aid of the insurgent vote his motion will prevail. That will send the bill back to the House carrying its Senate amendments, and a few reductions in steel products used on the farm. These amendments were all put on by Democrats. The House will accept them, and the bill will be passed and sent to the President in its present form minus the reciprocity amendment. It is probable it will have behind it about a dozen Republican votes in the Senate, and a sprinkling of Republican votes in the House.

The Wool bill as sent back from the House will come up in the Senate tomorrow, and will be sent to conference. On account of the Senate amendments, which constitute complete substitution of the La Follette bill, the House failed even to ask for a conference, leaving the initiative to the Senate. But under to-day's ironclad understanding between Democrats and insurgents, the Senate will ask for the conference, and insist that the conferrees be favorable to revision downward. These will be named from the floor, if any objection is made, though the fact that Senator Bacon of Georgia will be in the chair will probably obviate this necessity.

The conferrees on this bill, as on the others to be taken up later, will be Mr. La Follette for the Republicans and Mr. Bailey and Mr. Simmons for the Democrats. This leaves the regular Republicans entirely out of consideration, and they will be ignored for the rest of the session. In conference they will patch up an agreement on the Wool bill, similar to the agreement reached last year, and it will be passed through both houses and sent to the President.

If it should be identically the bill which he vetoed last year no one would be surprised, though if he vetoed it again he would have to find some other reason for doing so besides the one that Congress did not have before it the information collected by the Tariff Board.

Mr. Cummins of Iowa supported the La Follette Wool bill last year, as he did this year, and voted for the lower reduction carried in the conference agreement by the La Follette measure in the original Democratic House bill, but today, with the tariff report before him, he said that the President was justified in his last year's veto. The report of the conferrees last year was too low for adequate production, he said, and he would not again vote for so low a measure. The La Follette bill as it passed the Senate was just as low as he would go, he said, and as the House insisted on further reductions he would vote against the conference report.

Cummins and La Follette Part.

This marks the final separation between Cummins and La Follette. They have long been friends in the Progressive movement, but their Presidential aspirations have carried them far apart. It was understood when Mr. Cummins came back from a trip last year from the Panama Canal Zone that he would support the candidacy of Mr. La Follette. Later he became a candidate for the Presidential nomination himself, though the assumption was that he intended simply to keep the State out of the Taft column and would throw his strength to La Follette.

Gradually Mr. Cummins came to take his own candidacy seriously, and to look to a general break to him in case of a Taft-Roosevelt-La Follette deadlock. His relations with La Follette were strained, and in June it was reported that they no longer spoke as they passed by. Talk in the Senate to-day was to the effect that Cummins would find himself isolated among the Progressives in his position taken on the Wool bill. Mr. Simmons and the Democrats are confident that they have enough insurgent votes to put all the bills through without Mr. Cummins's support. But Mr. Cummins's declaration to-day will be a welcome sound to Mr. Taft. It is the first word in justification of his tariff course from an insurgent source in the last three years.

The Excise bill will go into conference to-morrow laden with the permanent Tariff Commission amednment, but this will also be in the hands of Mr. La Follette, Mr. Simmons, and Mr. Bailey. Those managers will at once recede from the offensive Senate amendment, and promptly report back an agreement with the House. Their agreement will be accepted in both houses, and the bill will be sent to the President.

This leaves only the Sugar bill, which is without outside amendments. The Senate simply raised the rates from free sugar to $1.65 a hundredweight, but the Democrats were never very enthusiastic for revision of the sugar rates, as sugar is strictly a Southern product. They will now assert that the Senate amendment gives so little revision that it is practically worthless, and that the bill will die in conference as a result. This will be agreeable to all parties concerned, except a few insurgent Republicans. The regulars are viewing this alliance with stoicism. The yrealize that it undoes all their work, but they also see that it gives the best opportunity for early adjournment. Even the Cotton bill will meet with no serious opposition from the regulars. They will report it adversely from the Finance Committee, and the insurgents and Democrats will put it through.

SAYS NEWS SELLS A PAPER.

Don Seitz Discusses Newspaper Costs Before Madison Conference.

MADISON, Wis., July 31.—"How is news service affected by the constantly increasing cost of the newspaper plant; the increasing proportion of total newspaper revenue derived from the advertisers, and the non-journalistic interests of the capitalist owner?" was answered in a paper prepared by Don C. Seitz of The New York World and read before the National Newspaper conference to-day:

"Newspaper plants are expensive only relatively. When measured by efficiency, while costly in the initiative, they are extremely economical from a standpoint of production. Otherwise, how would it be possible to produce the marvelous one-cent newspapers of to-day such as dominate the field in New York and Chicago? The cheap newspaper is only cheap because its mechanical co-ordination is economical.

"There is no cheap and easy way left, of course, to start a great daily, but this is only because the field is so thoroughly well guarded by its present possessors. It is the cost of the news service and not the cost of the plant that makes starting a newspaper difficult. Three-fifths of the cost of operating a modern daily are what might be called overhead charges. I mean by that, news service, editorial writers, pictures, cablegrams, and the various bureaus. The mechanical side only represents two-fifths of the remainder. I do not know a single progressive newspaper that is not constantly increasing its news outlay far faster than it piles up its mechanical expenditures. The wise editor knows that it is the news that sells the paper, and not the press that prints it.

"The second query: How is the service affected by the increasing proportion of total newspaper revenue derived from the advertisers? It is only affected by the extent to which the various revenues enable it to spend more money for news and better editorial service.

"The strong newspaper acquires its power on a basis of public confidence. The advertiser finds a constituency which has faith in its newspaper much more productive of business results than a subsidized sheet could possibly find. Not only do advertisers not run the policy of newspapers, but they seldom or never try. I have been for twenty years in the business office of The New York World, and I do not recall a half dozen attempts on the part of advertisers to influence it, and of these attempts only one was a matter of public concern, about which there were two very fair opinions. We did not accept the advertiser's view. It is some five years since I have had an advertiser ask me to do anything even in his personal interest, unless perhaps to print a wedding notice or the mention of some social affair, and in this I rather think the editors treated him more shabbily than if it had been some one else. Good editors are not interfered with on great newspapers. If they were, there would be neither good editors nor great newspapers.

"The third question asked: How is news service affected by the non-journalistic interests of the capitalist owner? In my wide range of newspaper acquaintance, I do not know any capitalist owners, nor do I know any successful newspapers that are not owned by themselves. It is not possible for a newspaper to be successfully run in a private interest. The newspaper is a public concern, and when it ceases to serve the public, it ceases to be a successful newspaper."

Charles H. Grasty of The Baltimore Sun said he believed the newspapers could not afford to ignore their advertisers and that the whole question of the relation of news service to the commercial element of the publishing business was a matter of economics.

Mr. Grasty said:

"The pioneer period of independent journalism is nearing its end. What a few editors like Halliday and Richards of Indianapolis, Nelson of Kansas City, Stone and Lawson of Chicago, Samuel Bowles of The Springfield Republican, and others did a quarter of a century ago, in a fine spirit of heroism, all will do, as a matter of course, when the science of journalism, toward which we are working more and more each year, is thoroughly established.

"The power of capital and of the advertising interest may be a little inconvenient at times—it may even amount to a menace. But the greatest single trouble I have had is to meet the public demand for an interesting paper without going the full length of sensationalism. We need a change in our forms that will subject government to control by public opinion. Which is another way of saying that we should have rule by the people."

W. K. Lovett of Grand Rapids, Mich., said there were cases when news should be suppressed in the interest of both the public and the newspaper. He said a very generous restraint is exercised by editors and publishers of which the public knows little or nothing, but which, if generally known, would elevate the press in popular esteem.

FETTRETCH WILL FILED.

Lawyer Killed by Litigant Leaves Estate to Wife.

Joseph Fettretch, the lawyer who was murdered by a disappointed litigant in his office, 41 Park Row, July 24, left all his property to his wife. His will was filed in the Surrogates Court for probate yesterday, and by the terms Mrs. Emma G. Fettretch of 335 West Eighty-eighth Street receives an amount which will exceed $20,000.

Mr. Fettretch's estate consists of both realty and personalty. No provision is made in the disposition of this for his five children, who are Mrs. Sarah M. Knight of East Walden, N. Y.; Mrs. Edith B. Marsh of Arlington, Mass.; Charles S. Fettretch of 441 Fort Washington Avenue, and Mrs. Elsie L. Still and Grace Fettretch of 338 West Eighty-eighth Street.

WOULD SELL CALHOUN HOUSE

Creditor Seeks to Recover $2,000 from Street Railway Investor.

CLEVELAND, July 31.—An order of court for the sale of Patrick Calhoun's handsome residence on Euclid Heights was asked to-day by the McIntosh Hardware Company, which alleges that the street railway investor is indebted to the petitioner in the sum of $2,000.

Mr. Calhoun is on his launch in Southern California waters. In a telegram he stated that the mansion was owned by his wife, Mrs. Sallie M. Calhoun.

For ten days Marshal George Morris of Nottingham, the suburban village in which the property stands, has occupied the house as an uninvited guest, an attachment having been issued at the instance of a contracting firm which alleges a debt of nearly $8,000.

NOT A SPEEDER, SAYS DIX.

Not Aware Whether Amsterdam Police Will So Charge Him.

ALBANY, July 31.—Gov. Dix's recent experience with a motor cycle policeman who attempted to arrest him at Amsterdam on the charge of speeding was the subject of comment by the Governor today.

"I am always careful to drive slowly through cities and incorporated villages," he said, "and on my recent trip through Amsterdam I was driving at the rate of sixteen miles an hour. The officer who stopped me was none too courteous. I came back through the city and stopped to inquire about the road to Schenectady. If there is a charge against me on the police docket I have not been informed of it by the officials."

Derelict May Be Lost Tug.

NORFOLK, Va., July 31.—The revenue cutter Unalga has discovered a derelict that may prove to be the tug Nina, which foundered in a gale in January, 1910, while en route to New York from this port. Twenty-nine men went down with the tug, and for two weeks the Navy Department had revenue cutters hunting for the missing boat.

Pardoned by Foss at Bank's Request.

BOSTON, July 31.—After serving half of his two years and a half sentence in the House of Correction, Albert S. Hoogs, who embezzled $10,000 from the Beverly Savings Bank while Treasurer, was pardoned to-day by Gov. Foss. The pardon was favored by the bank Trustees and recommended by the Executive Council of the State.

SENATE VOTES DOWN VETO OF PRESIDENT

Relief to Corbett Tunnel Sub-Contractors Through Defection of Six Regular Republicans.

HOUSE TO FOLLOW SENATE

Matter Considered a Local Issue by Senators—First Time Mr. Taft's Veto Has Been Overridden.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 31.—After two days' debate, the Senate this afternoon by a non-partisan vote of 42 to 17 reversed the President's veto of the act reimbursing certain sub-contractors on the Corbett Tunnel of the Shoshone irrigation project. The vote and its bi-partisan make-up came as a distinct surprise.

Six regulars, all but one of whom were considered loyal Taft men, voted to pass the bill, the President's objections to the contrary notwithstanding. The vote of five of them was probably explained by the local nature of the question, and Mr. Warren of Wyoming had a personal grudge against the President. But the Democrats, eager to discredit the Administration, seied upon the opportunity to vote solidly on what they will undoubtedly make somewhat of a campaign issue. In all, sixteen Republicans voted against the President, while only one insurgent, Mr. Works of California, voted to sustain him.

Though under the precedents of the Senate pairs on a question involving a two-thirds vote are considered abrogated, unless two affirmative votes are matched against one in the negative, the regulars to-day, rather than strain a point to aid the President, allowed their single pairs to stand, and so many of them who were present did not vote.

The bill that the President vetoed was important enough in itself. It seems that when the tunnel was first undertaken the work was left to a contractor, who, in turn, sublet contracts for digging and for materials. He failed, the sub-contractors were not paid, and the Government, through the Reclamation Service, took up the work. That has since been carried on, and the sub-contractors, who, under the statute of 1905 have claims, second to the claim of the Government, have not received a penny for their work.

Mr. Meyers of Montana, a Democrat, came to their aid, and a bill was passed granting relief to the sub-contractors by giving their claim priority over the Government's. The bill went to the President early in June, and he referred it to Secretary Fisher of the Interior. It was on Mr. Fisher's report that the President based his veto message, which contained less than 200 words. The general provision of the law is that settlers shall pay in the end the cost of reclamation. The President, therefore, thought that relief to the original sub-contractors, whose work figures little in the ultimate result, would simply add to the total, which the settlers must repay to the Government for the lands.

Since July 18 the President's veto measure has lain on the table of the Senate. Yesterday Mr. Meyers called it up, and after extended debate forced the question to a vote this afternoon. It is a noteworthy fact that though the President has vetoed measures of National importance, like the Tariff bill of last year, his veto heretofore has always been sustained in both houses. It is believed that the action of the Senate to-day will be supported by a similar vote in the House, and that the bill will become a law without the President's signature.

The regulars who voted against the President were Mr. Catron and Mr. Fall of New Mexico, Mr. Heyburn of Idaho, who for almost the first time in his life voted with his insurgent colleague, Mr. Borah; Mr. Massey of Nevada, Mr. Smith of Michigan, and Mr. Warren of Wyoming. The insurgent Republicans who voted against the President were Mr. Borah of Idaho, Mr. Bourne of Oregon, Mr. Bristow of Kansas, Mr. Clapp of Minnesota, Mr. Cummins and Mr. Kenyon of Iowa, Mr. Gronna of North Dakota, Mr. Jones and Mr. Poindexter of Washington, and Mr. La Follette of Wisconsin.

A. D. Call Heads Peace Society.

HARTFORD, Conn., July 31.—Arthur D. Call of this city, a school Principal, has resigned to become the executive head of the American Peace Society, with headquarters in Washington, D. C. Mr. Call is President of the Connecticut Peace Society. He is a graduate of Brown University.

"It's the True Bitter Taste that Appeals to Me!"
Whatever Beer Quality You Demand,
Imperial Gold Label Beer
Bottled only by the Brewers.
Beadleston & Woerz,
New York.
Order from any dealer.
Will Suit You! It is Bright, Sparkling, Snappy, Pure!

BANKER'S WIFE DISCHARGED.

Mrs. Guerin, Too Ill to Appear, Gets Case for Theft Dropped.

Mrs. Joseph A. Guerin, wife of the President of the Dorchester Bank of Summerville, S.C., who was arrested on July 16, in a downtown department store charged with trying to steal a piece of jewelry worth $18, was not in court yesterday morning when the case was called in Special Sessions. She was released on bail a short time ago after Magistrate Murphy had ordered her held for trial.

Mark Alter, counsel for Mrs. Guerin told the justices that she was at her home in Summerville, ill of nervous prostration. He submitted a physician's certificate. A representative of the department store he said, was present to withdraw the complaint, if the justices permitted him to do so. Assistant District Attorney Wilmot sided with Justice O'Keefe in believing that the woman should be brought to trial on the larceny charge, but Justices Duell and Foraker decided no harm would be done if the matter were dropped They constituted a majority, so the case was dismissed.

When Mrs. Guerin was arested, she explained that she took the jewelry after she had laid down money on the counter to pay for it. She said she was only following out the practice of her home town in doing so.

REMEMBERS RIVALS IN WILL.

Leaves Fortune to "Zion Society of the Suffering Jews of Russia."

While engaged in the furnishing and clothing business at Beaver Falls, Penn., in 1897, William Nixon, who died in 1905 in the Adelaide Hospital, Dublin, Ireland, found his keenest competitors among the Jewish merchants, but there were the kindliest of relations between them. The friendship went so far, that when Nixon became financially involved these competitors came to the rescue of his enterprise and enabled him to recoup his fortune.

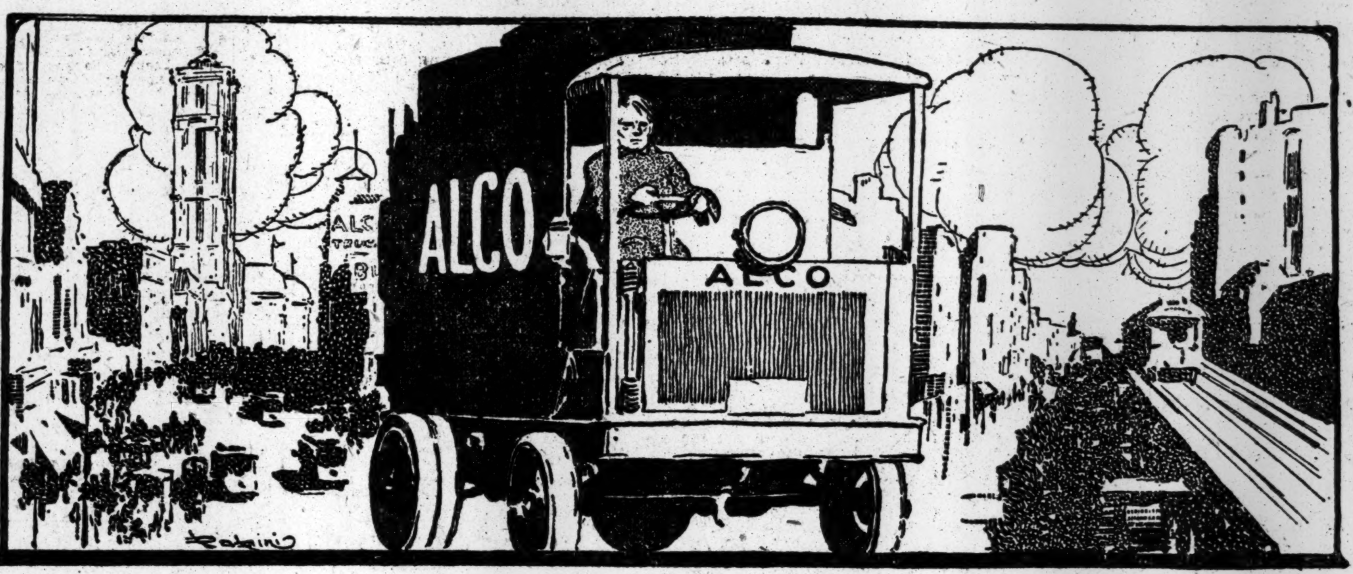
Mindful of the aid he had thus received, Nixon, before his death, made a will leaving his entire estate, with the exception of several bequests to intimate friends, and after the payment of his debts and testamentary expenses, to the "Zion Society of the Suffering Jews of Russia of New York City." After litigation affecting the distribution of the residuary estate, amounting to $1,324.86, the award was made recently by the Pennsylvania courts to the Federation of American Zionists, represented by Maurice L. Avner.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

GUARANTEED REBUILT CARS

They are going and going fast. Why, because they are not overhauled, but rebuilt and carry our regular guarantee. Get busy and get busy quick, if you want a reliable well-known car at a low figure. User Car Dept.

STODDARD MOTOR CO.,
225 West 57th St., near B'way.



The Alco Truck is now Supreme in New York

RIDE two miles down Broadway at any point, travel up Seventh Avenue or over Forty-second Street, cross the Queensboro Bridge at any time of the day—you will constantly run across Alco trucks.

They are numerous today in New York. You see more of them than of any other truck.

One year ago the Alco was sixth in New York. Today it *leads*. The year has been an *Alco* year—in big orders and in little orders.

Behind this rise to popularity is a reason as powerful as the tide. An analysis discloses the following factors:

Factory—the most completely equipped motor truck shops in America.

Experience—movers of the world's goods since 1835—77 years.

Capital—$50,000,000.

These mighty factors have aided in accomplishing the following:

Sales—increase in one year 205 per cent.

Agencies—increase in one year 364 per cent.

Engineering—line includes 6½ ton, 5 ton, 3½ ton, 2 ton trucks.

Manufacturing—production increase in one year 205 per cent.

Service—most extensive facilities of any truck sold in New York.

Transportation—Transportation Cost Bureau supplies expert transportation engineering advice to prospects and customers.

ALCO
Motor Trucks
6½ ton 5 ton 3½ ton 2 ton

To the logical mind there is but one conclusion: *A motor truck is only as strong as the organization that builds it.*

The Alco today has the strongest organization in the motor truck business. It is the best known truck not only in New York City but in America.

We back every truck we make with a strong guarantee and we liberally interpret that guarantee as only a responsible, financially able and willing organization can do. We do not cut our prices. We do not give away our trucks to "get them in." We have enough in now to prove the position of the Alco.

This much we know and we feel the motor truck buying market of New York knows also; for we have received orders *over the telephone,* that seem to indicate a degree of confidence common only to a long established business and to a long established company.

An order for an Alco truck now means its delivery to you in a few days' time—possibly before the next hot wave.

AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVE COMPANY, - - 1886 Broadway, NEW YORK
Builders of Alco Motor Trucks, Alco Motor Cars and Alco Taxicabs

Asbury Park, N. J., Mark Guy, 21 Main Street.
Bridgeport, Conn., Erwin M. Jennings Co., 277 Fairfield Avenue.
Hartford, Conn., Buick Garage Company, 356 Main Street.
Newburgh, N. Y., Youngs & Company, 249 Grand Street.

New Haven, Conn., W. A. Maynard Company, 45 High Street.
Trenton, N. J., John L. Brock, Canal Street.
Philadelphia, Pa., Longstreth Motor Car Co., 257 N. Broad St.
Providence, R. I., Frank J. McCaw Co., 186 Washington St.

Movers of the World's Goods Since 1835. Capital, $50,000,000

Automobile Exchange

REACH those who have the means to purchase by advertising Used Cars, Auto Tires and Accessories in the Automobile Exchange of The New York Times.

Telephone 1000 Bryant.

Advertising rates per agate line: One insertion, 30c.; three insertions in one week, including one on Sunday, 75c; seven consecutive insertions, $1.40.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

Cole, 1911 fore-door touring car; Cole 1911 torpedo tonneau; both in excellent condition; fully equipped; just rebuilt and painted; backed by the same guarantee adopted by the National Association of Automobile Manufacturers for new cars. Colt-Stratton Company, Broadway, at 68th St. Telephone 6000 Columbus.

EXCEPTIONAL bargain, late 1911 Velie, 40-horse power, fore-door touring car; fully equipped; new last October; maker's guarantee; wonderful chance to get good car; cash or installment. 360 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.

"ELECTRIC AUTOMOBILES."
New and used "Hup Yeats" passenger and commercial electrics; second-hand electric cars of other makes, overhauled and painted, at very low prices. R. C. H. Corporation, 1,989 Broadway.

PIERCE ARROW, LARGE FIVE-PASSENGER Touring, fully equipped, thoroughly overhauled; 1907 model, 28 H. P.; price $750. SANFORD, 481 Park Av., corner 58th St.

1907 Packard 30, complete with touring and limousine bodies; in perfect order; bargain. W. M. Gage, 2,000 Broadway, at 68th St, Phone 6000 Columbus.

Beautiful 40 H. P. 5-pass. touring car, almost new; foredoors; full equipment; nickel trimmings; big bargain. Thomas, B'way & 64th.

FOR SALE.—100 second-hand taxicab bodies in good condition; price low. Mason Seaman Co., 622 West 57th St.

Special Bargains.—Cadillacs, Chalmers, Hudson, E. M. F., Regal underslung, Hup, Ford, Buick, Stearns, Taxicabs, 100 others. 20th Century Co., 1,700 B'way.

Garage, brand new, steel portable, fireproof; can be put up in a few hours; 10x16.4. F 158 Times.

Packard 1908 30 touring, fore door; full equipment; bargain. George Lamberty, 1,581 Broadway.

Velie (fully equipped) touring car, good condition; big bargain. Thomas, B'way & 64th.

Buick, Rumble Seat Roadster, No. 10; must sell. F. C. Bowdish, 223 West 51st St.

AUTOMOBILES FOR RENT.

THE PACKARD GARAGE CO. WISHES TO ANNOUNCE REDUCTION IN THEIR RATES FOR PACKARD TOURING OR CLOSED CARS AT $4 PER HOUR. CONEY ISLAND, 4 HOURS, $15. 1911-1912 MODELS. PHONE 2760 BRYANT.

PACKARD CARS.
Up-to-date service only,
$4 per hour.
By day or trip.
Telephone 3486 Bryant.

Packard 7 passenger touring car; late model; for hire, $3 hour; Coney Island, round trip, $12; cheap for month or season; to help defray owner's expenses. Telephone Frank, 100 Morningside, 208 West 124th St.

For Hire.—New cars; Packards, seven-passenger touring; special rates for monthly service during Summer; we send cars everywhere. Universal Taximeter Cab Co., 153 East 53d St. 'Phone Plaza 2100.

LIMOUSINE Thomas 4-60; first-class appearance, with high-grade body; exceptional proposition for rental purposes. Thomas, Broadway and 64th St.

Private modern 5-passenger touring car, with careful chauffeur, during August very reasonable; day, trip, or afternoon. Phone Harris, 772 Gramercy.

PACKARDS, open, closed; elegant; 7-passengers; regular customers, $3-$6 hour; monthly, $200-$600; good service—experienced chauffeurs. Murray Hill 91.

Packard 7-passenger, classy touring cars, $3.50 per hour; Coney Island and return, $12. 'Phones 1624-2921 Harlem.

Packard touring; late model; hour, day, month; reasonable. Folliot Co., 254 West 54th St. Col. 3422.

AUTOMOBILES WANTED.

AUTOMOBILE WANTED.
Spot cash for your automobile, any make, or will accept same on sale at 5 per cent. commission. GREEN'S AGENCY, Broadway and 48th.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

During the next two weeks will sell five brand new well-known 1912 cars that listed, equipped, $2,750.00, for $2,000.00. These cars are absolutely perfect. We can refer to one hundred and fifty satisfied owners in New York City as to quality.

Act quick for they are real bargains. Good reason for sale. V 161 Times.

MIDSUMMER BARGAINS
of the largest and most complete line of
SLIGHTLY USED CARS
Runabouts .... $100 to $1,000
Small Touring Cars .... $200 to $1,000
Large Touring Cars .... $350 to $1,500
Special attention is called to
1911 Elmore, 7-passenger.
1911 Allen Kingston Roadster.
1909 Packard, 7-passenger.
WE GUARANTEE EVERY CAR.
EASY PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
DEMONSTRATIONS GIVEN.
Will exchange, buy, or accept on commission or store your car. Call or write.
GREEN'S PURCHASING AGENCY,
Cor. 48th St. and Broadway.
'Phone 1873 Bryant.

Peerless
RENEWED AUTOMOBILES are cars of distinction, quality, and service. They are in perfect mechanical condition and are guaranteed the same as our new cars.
Write for Booklet describing our various models.
PEERLESS MOTOR CAR CO. OF N. Y.
1760 Broadway, near 56th St., N. Y.

Jandorf Automobile Co.,
Biggest, Oldest, Cheapest House in This Business.
Prices $100 to $3,000.
Demonstrations Given; Examinations Invited; Everything as Represented.
Tubes and Shoes, $1 to $15.
Lamps, Horns, Shields, Magnetos, &c.; Rock Bottom.
Bodies for Winter, 30 to 50% Saving.
Leave Deposit and have ready when wanted.
Entire Building, 42 & 44 W. 62d St., near B'way.

Automobiles
Ready Reference for Buyers

ABBOTT-DETROIT MOTOR COMPANY, 1670 Broadway, cor. 52d St. Telephone 7166-7167 Columbus.

BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th St. 'Phone 4040 Columbus.

CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage. Columbus Circle. Tel. 7700 Col.

FIAT "THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,778 Broadway. 'Phone 6445 Col.

KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4336 Col.

NATIONAL Poertner Motor Car Co. HERRESHOFF 1922 Broadway, (64th St.) 'Phone 8166-7 Col.

COMMERCIAL VEHICLES.

AUTOCAR. Autocar Sales Co., 435 West 19th St. Tel. Chelsea 6969.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.

SCHEBLER CARBURETOR
Special Exchange Offer
J. C. NICHOLS
1673 Broadway, N. Y.
Exclusive New York—Factory Distributor.
The Model "L"—Winner of the Indianapolis Race. If your old Model Carburetor is giving trouble, get our New Model L in exchange at one-half the regular price.

GWILLIAM CO., BEARINGS, ALL TYPES
253 W. 58th St., cor. B'way. Col. 3350.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. Individual road work. Small Shop Classes. Booklet, 318 West 57th St.

GIANTS SHUT OUT CINCINNATI, 7 TO 0

Manager O'Day Takes Out Pitcher Fromme, Who Puzzled New York.

New York...0 0 2 0 0 0 0 5 .—7
Cincinnati ..0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	BB	SO	PO	A	E
Snodgrass, lf	5	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Doyle, 2b	5	0	2	0	0	5	4	0
Becker, cf	2	1	1	3	0	3	0	0
Merkle, 1b	3	1	0	1	0	12	1	0
Murray, rf	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Herzog, 3b	4	0	0	0	0	1	2	0
Meyers, c	4	1	2	0	0	4	1	0
Fletcher, ss	4	2	1	0	0	1	7	0
Ames, p	3	1	2	1	0	1	1	0
Total	33	7	9	5	2	27	16	0

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	BB	SO	PO	A	E
Bescher, lf	4	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
Bates, cf	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
Marsans, cf	1	0	1	0	0	3	0	0
Hoblitzel, 1b	4	0	0	0	1	8	2	0
Mitchell, rf	4	0	1	0	0	1	0	1
Grant, 3b	3	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
Egan, 2b	2	0	0	1	1	3	3	1
Esmond, ss	3	0	1	0	0	3	2	0
McLean, c	3	0	1	0	0	2	2	0
Clarke, c	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fromme, p	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
*McDonald	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Moore, p	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	30	0	6	1	3	24	12	4

*Batted for Fromme in the eighth inning.

Sacrifice hit—Murray. Stolen base—Doyle. First base on errors—New York, 2. Left on bases—New York, 9; Cincinnati, 4. Double plays—Egan and Hoblitzel; Ames, Doyle, and Merkle. Struck out—By Ames, 3; by Fromme, 2. Bases on balls—Off Ames, 1; off Fromme, 4; off Moore, 1. Hit by pitchers—By Moore, (Merkle.) Hits—Off Fromme, 4 in 7 innings, (at bat, 25;) off Moore, 5 in 1 inning, (at bat, 8.) Umpires—Messrs. Finneran and Rigler. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes.

The easiest task the Giants have had for the last few weeks was defeating Cincinnati at the Polo Grounds yesterday by a score of 7 to 0. The victory would not have been so easy if the master mind of the Cincinnati team, who is the reformed umpire Henry O'Day, had not made a sizeable error of judgment in taking Pitcher Fromme from the game when that young gentleman was pitching about as well as one can pitch. Manager O'Day took Fromme out in the eighth inning to allow McDonald to cast his lot as a pinch hitter. McDonald failed in his trust.

The score at this time was 2 to 0 in New York's favor, and Fromme had pitched every bit as well as Leon Ames, who did about as well as he has done this season. Four hits had been made off each pitcher up to this time. Succeeding Fromme, O'Day sent in a pitcher named Moore, recently acquired from Galveston. Moore's Manhattan début assumed the proportions of a very warm reception, and with a sharp volley of five hits the Giants added five more runs in the brief time Moore was intrusted with the pitching duty. It is not argued that Cincinnati might have had a chance to win if Fromme had not been taken out, but the main idea of the discussion is that the New Yorks would probably have not made more than the two runs, and therefore Cincinnati's position in the ultimate reckoning would not look so embarrassing.

This game yesterday was the quietest game ever played in the Brush Stadium. The crowd was one of the smallest of the season, not many more than 1,200 witnessing the proceedings. There was no rooting; the crowd just looked on silently. It was so quiet at times that the ticking of Umpire Rigler's watch could almost be heard in the grand stand.

A few weeks makes a big difference in a ball club. The last time Cincinnati was here the visitors were in second place in the League race and citizens of Cincinnati were imbibed with the idea that Henry O'Day was about to land a pennant for the Ohio commonwealth. The big Brush Stadium at that time was well filled with excited people to see the teams battle.

In the meantime Cincinnati has gone backward fast, and the club to-day is but a shadow of what it was early in the season, when it was leading the race for the pennant.

The stillness of the afternoon was slightly rippled for a moment in the sixth inning by Bates when he was called out at first. He dared to protest above a whisper and Umpire Finneran raised his voice for a moment and exiled Bates to the clubhouse. Breach of silence was the charge against the player.

The game was a pitchers' battle for eight innings between Ames and Fromme. The Giants were quick to take advantage of circumstances in the third inning and got two runs. Fletcher got on first on Fromme's error, the pitcher falling over himself trying to field an easy grounder. Ames singled and Snodgrass went out at first, Fletcher scoring while Snodgrass was being disposed of. Doyle's hit to centre field scored Ames.

When Moore went in to pitch in the eighth inning the Giants landed on him hard. Becker got a hit, Merkle was hit by the ball, and Murray sacrificed. Then Meyers, Fletcher, and Ames singled, and so did Doyle, and this encouraging display of aggressiveness netted New York five more runs.

The teams play a double-header to-day.

Orth Does Excellent Work.

PHILADELPHIA, July 31.—St. Louis and Philadelphia broke even in a double-header here to-day. St. Louis won thte first game by 4 to 2 and the home team the second by 6 to 0. In the closing contest Brennan held St. Louis down to two hits and gave them only one pass. As two of the base runners were victims in double plays, St. Louis had only 28 men step to the plate in this game. President Lynch of the National League witnessed the games in order to watch the debut of Al Orth, the former major league pitcher, as an umpire. Orth did excellent work. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hug'ns, 2b	5	1	3	4	6
L. Magee, lf	4	1	1	2	0
Mowr'y, 3b	4	0	1	0	2
K'netc'y, 1b	3	0	1	12	0
Evans, rf	3	0	0	0	0
Hauser, ss	4	0	1	1	4
Oakes, cf	4	1	1	0	1
Wingo, c	3	1	1	4	2
Steele, p	4	0	2	0	3
Total	34	4	11	27	17

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Paskert, cf	2	1	0	2	0
Lobert, 3b	4	0	1	5	0
S. Magee, lf	4	0	2	0	1
Crav'th, rf	4	0	2	0	0
L'der's, 1b	4	1	0	6	2
Knabe, 2b	3	0	1	0	4
Doolan, ss	3	0	1	4	1
Killifer, c	4	0	1	9	4
Moore, p	1	0	0	0	1
Seaton, p	1	0	0	1	1
*Miller	1	0	0	0	0
†Walsh	1	0	0	0	0
Total	32	2	8	27	14

*Batted for Moore in the fifth inning.
†Batted for Seaton in the ninth inning.
Errors—Evans, Doolan, Moore.

St. Louis ....2 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—4
Philadelphia ....0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0—2

Sacrifice fly—Knabe. Stolen bases—Oakes, Cravath. Double play—Hauser, Huggins, and Konetchy. Left on bases—St. Louis, 7; Philadelphia, 7. First base on balls—Off Steele, 2; off Moore, 2; off Seaton, 2. First base on errors—St. Louis, 2; Philadelphia, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Steele, (Paskert.) Struck out—By Steele, 3; by Moore, 2; by Seaton, 4. Hits—Off Moore 10 in five innings; off Seaton, 1 in four innings. Umpires—Messrs. Orth and Klem. Time of game—Two hours.

SECOND GAME.

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Paskert, cf	5	2	2	3	0
Lobert, 3b	3	0	2	1	1
S. Magee, lf	2	0	0	5	0
Crav'th, rf	4	0	0	4	0
L'der's, 1b	4	1	2	8	0
Knabe, 2b	3	1	0	4	4
Doolan, ss	3	0	1	2	2
Dooin, c	4	0	1	4	0
Brennan, p	4	1	3	0	1
Total	31	6	12	27	9

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hug'ns, 2b	4	0	1	1	1
L. Magee, lf	3	0	0	1	0
Mowr'y, 3b	3	0	1	2	2
K'netc'y, 1b	3	0	0	4	0
Evans, rf	3	0	0	3	0
Hauser, ss	3	0	0	1	3
Oakes, cf	2	0	0	5	1
Bres'han, c	3	0	0	6	1
Geyer, p	2	0	1	1	3
*Killifer	1	0	0	0	0
Total	27	0	2	24	9

*Batted for Geyer in the ninth inning.
Error—Hauser.

Philadelphia ....0 0 1 2 1 0 1 1 .—6
St. Louis ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Huggins, Luderus, Lobert. Three-base hits—Brennan, Doolan. Sacrifice hits—Lobert, S. Magee, Doolan. Sacrifice fly—S. Magee. Stolen bases—Paskert, 2. Double plays—Cravath and Doolan; Knabe, Doolan, and Luderus. Left on bases—St. Louis, 1; Philadelphia, 7. First base on balls—Off Geyer, 2; off Brennan, 1. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 1. Struck out—By Geyer, 4; by Brennan, 3. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Orth. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes.

Nashville Secures Brooklyn Player.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., July 31.—The local baseball management announced to-day that Outfielder Jud Daley of Brooklyn and Player James West of Toledo had been purchased and that Pitcher Walker had been sold to Cleveland.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 7; Cincinnati, 0.
Chicago, 11; Brooklyn, 4.
Pittsburgh, 7; Boston, 6.
(19 innings.)
St. Louis, 4; Philadelphia, 2.
Philadelphia, 6; St. Louis, 0.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 12; Chicago, 3.
Boston, 4; St. Louis, 1.
Detroit, 4; Washington, 1.
Philadelphia-Cleveland, rain.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Montreal, 12; Jersey City, 6.
Jersey City, 5; Montreal, 1.
Newark, 7; Toronto, 2.
Toronto, 6; Newark, 5.
Rochester, 8; Providence, 6.
Rochester, 7; Providence, 6.
Baltimore, 12; Buffalo, 5.
Baltimore, 8; Buffalo, 8.
(Called.)

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.	W.	L.	P.C.
New York	67	24	.736
Chicago	57	34	.626
Pittsburgh	52	37	.584
Philadelphia	45	43	.511
Cincinnati	45	49	.479
St. Louis	41	55	.427
Brooklyn	35	59	.372
Boston	25	66	.275

AMERICAN LEAGUE.	W.	L.	P.C.
Boston	67	30	.693
Washington	60	37	.619
Philadelphia	55	41	.573
Chicago	48	46	.511
Detroit	48	50	.490
Cleveland	45	52	.464
New York	31	61	.337
St. Louis	29	66	.305

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.	W.	L.	P.C.
Rochester	58	43	.574
Toronto	55	44	.556
Baltimore	52	42	.553
Newark	51	48	.515
Jersey City	52	51	.505
Buffalo	44	51	.463
Providence	42	56	.429
Montreal	40	59	.404

Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cincinnati at New York.
(Two games.)
Chicago at Brooklyn.
Pittsburgh at Boston.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.
Washington at Detroit.
Boston at St. Louis.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Jersey City at Montreal.
Newark at Toronto.
Providence at Rochester.
Baltimore at Buffalo.

WON IN NINETEENTH.

Pittsburgh Defeats Boston, 7 to 6, in Longest Game of Season.

BOSTON, July 31.—In the longest game of the season, Pittsburgh defeated Boston at the South Side Grounds to-day in the nineteenth inning by a score of 7 to 6. Marty O'Toole, the Pirates' $22,500 pitcher, did excellent work, but was taken out in the thirteenth inning to allow Dodd to run for him.

Hess held Pittsburgh in control up to the eighteenth inning, but he weakened, and the visitors got two runs. Boston, undaunted by the sudden rally, came back in their half of the inning, and because of Robinson's wildness and Devlin's single off Camnitz tied the score again. Hess was hit hard in the nineteenth inning, Pittsburgh making three runs. Again Boston rallied and got two runs, but failed in the attempt to again tie the score.

The game was the most exciting contest played by the Boston club this season, and excitement ran high at all times. The Boston team showed plenty of fighting spirit and were able to hit Robinson and Camnitz at timely moments. The score:

PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Mensor, cf	5	2	1	5	0
Carey, lf	7	1	3	5	1
Byrne, 3b	3	0	0	1	0
M'K'nie, 3b	2	0	0	0	1
Viox, 3b	2	1	1	1	0
Wagn'r, ss	6	2	2	4	4
J. Miller, 1b	7	0	0	23	2
Wilson, rf	6	0	0	3	0
Donlin, rf	0	0	0	0	0
M'C't'y, 2b	8	0	1	4	8
Kelly, c	8	0	3	11	0
O'Toole, p	5	0	1	0	5
Rob'son, p	2	0	0	0	1
Camnitz, p	1	1	1	0	2
†Dodd	0	0	0	0	0
‡Hendrix	1	0	0	0	0
§Gibson	1	0	1	0	0
Total	64	7	14	57	25

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'D'ld, 3b	8	0	0	3	3
C'pbell, cf	9	2	2	4	0
Sw'ney, 2b	7	3	3	4	6
Jacks'n, lf	7	1	0	6	1
Titus, rf	6	0	1	3	1
Devlin, 1b	6	0	2	26	6
O'R'ke, ss	7	0	1	2	7
Rariden, c	7	0	1	8	4
Hess, p	7	0	1	1	6
*Houser	1	0	1	0	0
Total	65	6	12	57	32

*Batted for Hess in the nineteenth inning.
†Ran for O'Toole in the thirteenth inning.
‡Batted for McKechnie in the thirteenth inning.
§Batted for Wilson in the eighteenth inning.
Errors—McDonald, O'Rourke, (2;) Wagner, (2.)

Pittsburgh—
1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 3—7
Boston—
0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 2—6

Two-base hits—Titus, Sweeney. Hits—Off O'Toole, 6 in twelve innings; off Robinson, 3 in 5 and one-third innings; off Camnitz, 3 in one and two-thirds innings. Sacrifice hits—Jackson, Titus, Miller, Carey, (2;) Viox. Sacrifice fly—Titus. Stolen bases—Mensor, (2;) Campbell, Devlin, Wagner, (2.) Double plays—Titus and Devlin; Devlin and O'Rourke; O'Rourke, Devlin, and Rariden. Left on bases—Boston, 14; Pittsburgh, 12. First base on balls—Off Hess, 8; off O'Toole, 4; off Robinson, 3; off Camnitz, 1. First base on errors—Boston, 2; Pittsburgh, 2. Hit by pitcher—By O'Toole, (Titus.) Struck out—By Hess, 3; by O'Toole, 6; by Robinson, 5. Wild pitch—Robinson. Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Eason. Time of game—Three hours and fifty-two minutes.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

New England League.

At Worcester—Worcester, 5; Lawrence, 3.
At Fall River—Fall River, 5; Haverhill, 4.
At Lynn—Lynn, 6; Lowell, 3.
At New Bedford—New Bedford, 8; Brockton, 6.

American Association.

At Columbus—Columbus, 4; Milwaukee, 2.
At Louisville—Louisville, 4; Kansas City, 8. Louisville, 5; Kansas City, 1.
At Toledo—Minneapolis, 3; Toledo, 0. Toledo, 2; Minneapolis, 0.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 7; St. Paul, 6. St. Paul, 7; Indianapolis, 2.

Connecticut League.

At Hartford—New Haven, 5; Hartford, 0.
At Waterbury—Waterbury-Bridgeport—Rain.
At Springfield—Springfield-Holyoke—Rain.

Tri-State League.

At York—York, 8; Reading, 2.
At Atlantic City—Atlantic City, 1; Trenton, 0.
At Allentown—Allentown, 4; Wilmington, 1.
At Harrisburg—Harrisburg, 14; Johnstown, 3.

State League.

At Wilkesbarre—Wilkesbarre, 5; Syracuse, 3.
At Binghamton—Binghamton-Albany—Rain.
At Scranton—Utica, 3; Scranton, 2.
At Elmira—Elmira, 5; Troy, 3.

Virginia League.

At Newport News—Newport News, 9; Norfolk, 4.
At Petersburg—Petersburg, 5; Richmond, 3.
At Portsmouth—Roanoke, 3; Portsmouth, 2.

Southern League.

At Nashville—Nashville, 6; Montgomery, 4.
At Memphis—Memphis, 3; Birmingham, 2.
At Chattanooga—Chattanooga-Mobile—Rain.
At Atlanta—Atlanta-New Orleans—Rain.

Pacific Coast League.

At San Francisco—Portland, 6; Oakland, 5.
At Los Angeles—Vernon, 6; San Francisco, 4.
At Sacramento—Los Angeles, 4; Sacramento, 2.

HAL CHASE MAKES SENSATIONAL PLAY

Puts Bodie Out at First Base on Backward Throw—Score, 12 to 3.

New York..5 0 0 0 2 1 4 0 0—12
Chicago ...1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1—3

CHICAGO.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Rath, 2b	4	1	2	2	3	1
Zeider, 1b	5	1	2	10	2	0
Collins, cf	5	1	2	1	0	0
Lord, 3b	5	0	1	3	3	0
Callahan, lf	4	0	1	4	0	0
Bodie, rf	3	0	2	1	0	0
Weaver, ss	4	0	0	2	5	4
Kuhn, c	0	0	0	0	1	0
Block, c	2	0	0	2	0	0
Mayer, c	2	0	0	1	0	0
Cicotte, p	2	0	0	0	1	1
Peters, p	2	0	0	1	0	1
Total	38	3	10	27	15	7

NEW YORK.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Daniels, lf	6	2	1	2	0	0
Chase, 1b	5	1	1	8	1	0
Sterrett, cf	5	2	0	1	1	0
Zinn, rf	6	1	1	2	0	0
Simmons, 2b	4	2	2	3	1	1
Paddock, 3b	5	2	2	2	3	0
Martin, ss	5	0	2	3	2	0
Sweeney, c	5	1	5	5	0	0
Ford, p	5	1	2	1	3	1
Total	46	12	16	27	11	2

Two-base hits—Collins, (2,) Bodie, Zeider, Simmons, Daniels. Home run—Zeider. Hits—Off Cicotte, 10 in 5 innings; off Peters, 6 in 4 innings. Sacrifice fly—Chase. Stolen bases—Sterrett, (2,) Chase, Zinn. Left on bases—Chicago, 10; New York, 10. Bases on balls—Off Cicotte, 2; off Ford, 2. Struck out—By Ford, 1; by Cicotte, 1; by Peters, 1. Passed ball—Mayer. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Sheridan.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 31.—The Yankees defeated Chicago this afternoon in a farcical game by the score of 12 to 3. The contest was one of the most poorly played exhibitions that has ever been seen at the home of the South Siders. While the Chicagoians made eight misplays behind Cicotte and Peters, New York, led by Ed Sweeney, who compiled five singles in as many times at bat, secured fifteen hits, and by judiciously mingling these with Chicago's errors, they had little difficulty in run making. Russell Ford pitched for New York and was hit freely. Ford didn't exert himself much, however, as his teammates scored five time during their first appearance at the plate, and this lead would have been enough for a Yankee victory.

Weaver and Rath were the worst offenders in the error making. The former made four separate and distinct misplays, while his mate made two. Aside from the hitting of Sweeney, the game was featured by a sensational play by Chase. In the seventh, Ping Bodie hit a bounder to Chase's right and Hal just succeeded in taking a little speed off the drive. Chase, however, was not satisfied with this effort, but pursued the ball into short rightfield. With his back to Ford, who had run over to first, Chase grabbed the ball with one hand and threw it in the general direction of the sack. Just as the scorers were about to credit Bodie with another hit, Ford caught the toss and Sheridan yelled "You're out!" The Yankees were so surprised by this play that it was several seconds before they threw off their gloves and started for the bench, and Ford was so excited that he almost forgot to catch the ball.

The work of Third Baseman Paddock of the New Yorks, who was tried and found wanting by the White Sox during the 1912 training season, was excellent. Paddock had five chances and performed all of them in errorless fashion. In addition, he got two timely hits which tallied three men, scored twice himself, and was deprived of a third hit by a one-handed catch by Rath.

The details of the game show a succession of marks in the error column. Two errors by Weaver, one by Cicotte and Rath, and singles by Paddock, Martin, and Sweeney, gave New York five runs in the first inning. One of these came back to the Sox in their half of the inning on two singles. The visitors made three errors in this inning. Chase and Sweeney dropped two fouls off Collins's bat, but Shano struck out. The other misplay was Martin's muff of a throw to second.

New York then rested until the fifth inning, when Simmons's double was followed by singles by the three succeeding batters. Peters was asked to pitch the next inning. During his stay New York scored five times and secured six more hits.

Ford eased up in the ninth and Zeider hit one through the left-field fence for a home run.

Boston Takes Opening Game.

ST. LOUIS, July 31.—Boston won the opening game of the series with St. Louis to-day, 4 to 1. Errors figured in the visitors' scoring. A base on balls, an out, and a single gave the locals their tally. The fielding of Capt. Wagner featured. The score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper, rf	4	0	1	1	0
Yerkes, 2b	5	1	2	2	3
Sp'ker, cf	5	0	1	2	0
Lewis, lf	3	0	0	2	0
G'dner, 3b	4	1	1	0	2
Stahl, 1b	3	0	0	11	0
Wagner, ss	3	1	1	4	5
Car'gan, c	4	1	1	5	2
Bedient, p	3	0	1	0	3
Total	34	4	8	27	15

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shotten, cf	4	0	1	2	0
Austin, 3b	4	0	2	3	3
Pratt, 2b	4	0	1	2	3
Kutina, 1b	3	0	0	8	0
W'liams, rf	4	0	0	1	0
Daly, ss	3	0	0	3	3
Hogan, lf	3	0	1	4	0
Snell, c	2	0	0	3	1
K'chell, c	0	0	0	1	0
Adams, p	2	0	0	0	0
E. Brown, p	0	0	0	0	1
*Laporte	1	0	0	0	0
C'pton, lf	1	0	1	0	0
†Stovall	1	0	0	0	0
Total	29	1	5	27	11

*Batted for Hogan in eighth inning.
†Batted for Adams in ninth inning.
Errors—Daly, Hogan, (2.)

Boston ....0 0 1 0 0 3 0 0 0—4
St. Louis ....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Sacrifice hits—Lewis, Hooper. Double plays—Pratt, Daly, and Kutina; Yerkes, Wagner, and Stahl. Passed ball—Snell. Stolen bases—Stahl, Wagner. Bases on balls—Off Adams, 3; off Bedient, 2. Struck out—By Adams, 3; by E. Brown, 1; by Bedient, 5. Hits—Off Adams, 7 in 8 innings; off E. Brown, 1 in 1 inning. Left on bases—St. Louis, 3; Boston, 8. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Brien and Dineen.

Senators Drop Game to Detroit.

DETROIT, July 31.—Washington was defeated in the West for the second time this year by the Tigers to-day. The score was 4 to 1. Both Lake and Cashion pitched good ball. Lake hit a home run over the left field fence, a feat that only one other player, Pitcher Willett, Lake's teammate, has accomplished. Bashang, a recruit, played his first game in the major league. The score:

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
B'sh'g, lf	3	1	1	1	0
Bush, ss	3	1	2	4	4
Cobb, cf	4	0	1	3	0
C'ford, rf	4	0	0	0	0
Louden, 2b	3	0	1	2	6
Mor'ty, 1b	4	0	1	11	0
Deal, 3b	4	0	0	2	3
Stanage, c	3	1	1	4	1
Lake, p	3	1	1	0	2
Total	31	4	8	27	16

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moeller, rf	4	1	3	2	1
Foster, 3b	3	0	1	1	1
Milan, cf	4	0	1	0	0
Gandil, 1b	3	0	1	5	0
Morgan, 2b	4	0	0	2	2
A'smith, c	4	0	1	8	0
McBride, ss	4	0	1	2	2
Shanks, lf	4	0	1	3	0
Cashion, p	3	0	0	0	0
Total	33	1	8	24	6

Error—Ainsmith.

Detroit ....0 0 1 0 1 0 2 0 x—4
Washington ....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1

Three-base hits—Gandil, Stanage. Home run—Lake. Stolen bases—Moeller, (2,) Shanks, Cobb, Crawford. Left on bases—Washington, 7; Detroit, 6. First base on balls—Off Cashion, 3; off Lake, 2. Struck out—By Cashion, 7; by Lake, 4. Wild pitches—Cashion, 2. Balk—Cashion. Umpires—Messrs. Hart and Connolly. Time of game—One hour and fifty-eight minutes.

Feared Riot, Postponed Game.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., July 31.—Rain was given as the reason for postponing the Holyoke-Springfield game scheduled for to-day, though the sun shone all afternoon. A slight shower about noon brought the announcement of postponement, with the explanation that the Springfield management deemed it advisable to call off the game, being fearful of a riot because of the serious injury to W. H. Genest of the Springfield team in Holyoke yesterday. Manager Jack Zeeller of the Springfield team went to Holyoke to-day and swore out a warrant charging Jimmie Curry, the Holyoke second baseman, with criminal assault on Genest, who is in the Holyoke City Hospital with a double fracture in his right leg, the result of contact with Curry's spikes.

Outfielder Green Dangerously Ill.

CHICAGO, July 31.—Danny Green, formerly an outfielder for the Chicago National League Club and later for the Chicago Americans, who has been in poor health for two years, is critically ill in a hospital here.

CHICAGO'S EASY VICTORY.

Brooklyn Loses First Game of the Series, 11 to 4.

Brooklyn and Chicago opened a four-day series at Washington Park yesterday afternoon, and the game proved little more than a tryout for the Brooklyn pitching staff. Manager Dahlen had to use four pitchers during the engagement, but none proved very effective. The combination of fourteen hits for twenty-one bases by the visitors and nine passes by the Brooklyn pitchers gave Chicago an easy victory by the one-sided score of 11 to 4.

Leifield worked the full nine innings for Chicago, and excepting the second inning, when he handed out two of his four passes and was reached for three of the nine hits which Brooklyn gathered, he held the home team well in his grasp. In no other inning could Brooklyn get more than one hit, and only three of the home team passed second base in the last seven innings. Two were stranded at third base and the other scored.

Allen was selected to start the game for Brooklyn, but he lasted less than three innings. He retired the visitors in order in the first inning, but in the second chapter three hits were bunched, and in the third six men faced him, five of these getting three doubles, a single, and a pass. With one out in this inning, Curtis came to the rescue, but he was recalled early in the fifth. Curtis allowed only one hit during his sojourn, but could not locate the plate, issuing five passes. Knetzer, who succeeded Curtis, pitched fine ball during his term of service, but was taken out of the game in Brooklyn's half of the eighth inning to let Phelps bat for him. Kent finished the game, and his one inning furnished three Chicago hits after two passes, and netted three more runs.

Both teams were retired runless in the first inning, and then got busy in the second. With one out in Chicago's half, Leach beat out an infield hit and advanced to second on Saier's drive through short. After Evers had flied out to Wheat, Archer singled to left. The ball got away from Wheat, and before it was returned Leach and Saier counted and Archer reached second base.

Brooklyn batted around in the same inning, collected three runs, and went out with the bases full. Cutshaw walked, Hummel beat out a bunt to Saier, and Fisher bunted. Zimmerman threw wildly to Saier, allowing Cutshaw to score and Hummel to reach third. Hummel scored on Miller's infield hit and Allen sacrificed, putting Fisher on third and Miller on second. Moran's single to centre scored Fisher and put Miller on third. Northern flied out to Leach, a pass to Smith filled the bases, and Wheat ended the inning with a fly to Schulte. Brooklyn's other run came in the ninth inning on Moran's double to left, his steal of third base and Northern's sacrifice fly to Leach.

Chicago sent ten men to the plate in the third inning and also went out with the bases full after scoring four runs. Sheckard doubled to left, Schulte fanned, and Tinker scored Sheckard with a double to centre. Zimmerman scratched a single past Smith and Leach walked, filling the bases. Saier's double past third scored Tinker to Zimmerman and put Leach on third. Evers walked and Leach scored while Cutshaw was throwing out Archer. A pass to Leifield again filled the bases and Sheckard popped to Cutshaw.

A pass to Evers and Archer's double to deep centre field added another run in the fifth inning. The same combination, with Schulte getting the pass and Zimmerman the triple, netted another in the eighth. With Kent pitching in the ninth, passes to Saier and Evers, Archer's sacrifice, and successive singles by Sheckard, Schulte, and Tinker added three more runs. The score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sheck'd, lf	6	2	2	0	0
Schulte, rf	5	1	1	1	0
Tinker, ss	5	1	3	1	3
Zim'm'n, 3b	5	1	2	0	5
Leach, cf	3	2	1	4	0
Saier, 1b	4	2	2	14	0
Evers, 2b	2	1	2	1	4
Archer, c	4	0	2	2	0
Leifield, p	4	0	0	1	2
Total	39	11	14	27	15

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moran, cf	5	1	2	2	0
North'n, rf	4	0	1	0	0
Smith, 3b	4	0	1	0	3
Wheat, lf	4	0	1	4	0
C'tsh'w, 2b	2	1	1	2	4
Hum'el, 1b	4	1	1	15	1
Fisher, ss	3	1	0	0	2
Miller, c	4	0	3	3	1
Allen, p	0	0	0	0	2
Curtis, p	1	0	0	0	0
Knetzer, p	1	0	0	0	1
Kent, p	0	0	0	0	1
*Phelps	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	4	9	27	14

*Batted for Knetzer in the eighth inning.
Errors—Evers, Zimmerman, Fisher, Wheat.

Chicago ....0 2 4 0 1 0 0 1 3—11
Brooklyn ....0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—4

Two-base hits—Sheckard, Tinker, Saier, Miller. Three-base hits—Archer, Zimmerman. Sacrifice hits—Fisher, Allen, Archer. Sacrifice flies—Northen. Stolen bases—Leach, Moran, Zimmerman. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 2. Left on bases—Chicago, 11; Brooklyn, 9. Double plays—Evers, Tinker, and Saier; Leifield and Saier; Cutshaw, Hummel, Fisher, and Cutshaw. Struck out—By Leifield, 2; by Allen, 1; by Knetzer, 2. Bases on balls—Off Leifield, 4; off Allen, 2; off Curtis, 5; off Knetzer, 1; off Kent, 2. Hits—Off Allen, 7 in two and one-third innings, (at bat, 14;) off Curtis, 1 in one and one-third innings, (at bat, 6, none out in fifth;) off Knetzer, 3 in four innings, (at bat, 14;) off Kent, 3 in three innings, (at bat, 5.) Umpires—Messrs. Owens and Brennan. Time of game—Two hours and four minutes.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Buffalo.

FIRST GAME.

										R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	1	1	2	1	0	0	2	0	5	12	13	3
Buffalo	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	5	8	3

Batteries—Danforth and Payne; Stroud and Schang.

SECOND GAME.

													R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	1	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	8	19	2
Buffalo	1	1	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	0	0	0	8	11	0

(Called on account of darkness.)

Batteries—Martin, Walker, and Payne; Hightower, Beebe, and McAllister.

At Toronto.

FIRST GAME.

										R.	H.	E.
Newark	0	0	2	0	2	2	0	0	1	7	12	3
Toronto	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	8	1

Batteries—McGinnity and Higgins; Rudolph and Graham.

SECOND GAME.

										R.	H.	E.
Newark	1	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	5	12	4
Toronto	3	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	6	13	1

Batteries—McGinnity and Higgins; Lush and Graham.

At Rochester.

										R.	H.	E.
Providence	1	0	2	1	0	2	0	0	0	6	9	4
Rochester	3	3	0	0	0	2	0	0	.	8	11	3

Batteries—Lafitte and Schmidt; Hughes, Wilhelm, and Blair.

SECOND GAME.

										R.	H.	E.
Providence	1	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	6	11	3
Rochester	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	2	1	7	12	8

Batteries—Covington and Schmidt; Wilhelm, Kiepfer, and Jacklitsch.

At Montreal.

FIRST GAME.

										R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	2	0	6	8	6
Montreal	0	0	1	0	2	1	4	4	.	12	12	2

Batteries—Doescher, Curtis, and Rondeau; McTigue, Madden, and Burns.

SECOND GAME.

										R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	5	11	1
Montreal	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	8	4

Batteries—Manser and Rondeau; Taylor and Burns.

Ward Out of Boston Club.

John M. Ward of this city, President of the Boston Club of the National League, has sold his interest in the club to James E. Gaffney, also of this city, who is now sole owner of the team. Mr. Ward has resigned the Presidency. Mr. Ward was formerly shortstop on the Giants several years ago, and is now an attorney here. Last Fall Mr. Gaffney and Mr. Ward bought the Boston franchise from the estate of the late William Hepburn Russell at a price said to have been $169,000. Fred Tenney was deposed as manager and John Kling was made manager. The Boston Club has had poor success this season, and Mr. Ward does not care to be identified with the club any longer.

Giants Get Two New Pitchers.

Manager McGraw announced yesterday that he had purchased Pitcher Demaree of the Mobile Club of the Southern Association. Mike Finn, the former Giant scout, is now manager of the Mobile Club, and predicts a great future for Demaree, who has been something of a sensation this season. The Giants have also purchased Pitcher Bader of the Dallas Club of the Texas League.

Motor Cycling at Brighton.

Arthur Chapple of New York races "Johnny" Albright of Denver next Saturday night in the feature event of the big speed carnival to be staged at the Stadium Motordrome at Brighton Beach over the four-mile distance, best two heats out of three. This is the second meeting of the two stars who have been flaying their opponents right and left this season. Chapple has yet to meet defeat, while Albright has been sent to the scrap heap but twice out of eleven starts. Chapple came out on top in a previous battle, and Tuesday night Harry Thomas sprang a surprise by lowering the Denver lad's colors. Sunday night Ray Peck of Newark will clash with Harry Thomas of Philadelphia. This race should be one of the best battles staged this season, as Thomas has shown his class successfully and made one of the hits of the season.

BRYN MAWR LEADS FOR POLO HONORS

Quakers Defeat Westchester Perroquets for Open Championship at Narragansett.

Special to The New York Times.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., July 31.—Three games were played for the Army and Navy cups and the opening game decided between the Westchester Perroquets and Bryn Mawr for the National open title to-day at the Point Judith Polo Club. This trophy is a free-for-all challenge cup and was won in 1910 by the Ranelagh team from England, F. A. Gill, the two Grenfells, and the Earl of Rocksavage. To-day's game was high class and of course without handicaps. Joshua Crane was No. 1 for Bryn Mawr instead of Alexander Brown, as usual, the others being Harrison, Strawbridge, and Snowden. The junior and senior Princes and R. L. Agassiz were in front for the Perroquets, with A. Balding, the English player from Roehampton, as back. The game was called at 7½ to 3½ in favor of Bryn Mawr, for, as it happened, the last three minutes of the eighth period were unplayed. Balding had a fall through his saddle girth slipping, but was not hurt, and the Perroquets did not think it worth while to claim the full time, as to win they would have had to score four goals in that short interval. Meadow Brook and Cooperstown meet in the open championship to-morrow.

Three games were decided for the Army and Navy cups and all were of interest. The most spirited was the one captured by the Army team from the Meadow Brook Canaries, a group of Long Islanders who, with one exception, are new men. The Army forced matters and after the early periods took the lead by wearing down the defense of the Canaries. The score was 6 to 3½, two of the latter by handicap. The line-up and summaries:

ARMY AND NAVY CUPS.

ARMY.	H'cap.	MEADOW BROOK CANARIES.	H'cap.
1—Lieut. A. L. P. Sands	3	1—Philip Stevenson	1
2—Lieut. C. Parker	3	2—E. D. Morgan, Jr.	2
3—Lieut. R. E. Derhoyle	3	3—A. S. Burden	3
Back—Lieut. A. L. Beard	2	Back—M. Belmont	3
Total	11	Total	9

Army—Earned goals, 7; less 2, foul. Total—6. Canaries—By handicap, 2; earned goals, 2; less penalty for foul, ½. Total—3½. Individual goals—Lieut. Parker, Lieut. Sands, Lieut. Beard, and Mr. Stevenson, 2 each; Lieut. Derhoyle, 1. Penalties—Lieut. Parker, 2 fouls; Mr. Burden, 1 foul. Referee—H. H. Holmes.

KANSAS CITY.	H'cap.	PHILADELPHIA FREEBOOTERS.	H'cap.
1—P. H. Noland	2	1—T. Stokes	2
2—T. A. Velie	2	2—E. L. Stokes	2
3—S. H. Velie	2	3—A. C. Schwartz	2
Back—M. F. Simes	2	Back—W. L. Goodwin	2
Total	8	Total	8

Freebooters—Earned goals, 6. Total—6. Kansas City—Earned, 1 goal; less penalties, ¾. Total—¼. Individual goals—T. Stokes, (4,) A. C. Schwartz, E. Lowber Stokes. Penalties—S. H. Velie, 1 foul; T. A. Velie, 1 safety. Referee—H. H. Holmes.

BRYN MAWR 2D.	H'cap.	DEDHAM 2D.	H'cap.
1—W. P. Stewart	2	1—W. Grosvenor	0
2—A. J. A. Devereaux	3	2—J. Amory	3
3—W. H. Smith	3	3—P. W. Wrenn	3
Back—A. J. D. Paul	1	Back—J. P. Bowditch	2
Total	7	Total	8

Bryn Mawr Second—Earned goals, 3; by handicap, 1. Total—5. Dedham Second—Earned goals, 3; less penalty for foul, ½. Total—2½. Individual goals—J. A. Devereaux, (2,) W. H. Smith, (2,) J. Amory, (2,) W. Grosvenor. Referee—Robert Bullock.

OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP.

BRYN MAWR.	WESTCHESTER PERROQUETS.
1—Joshua Crane.	1—J. Prince, Jr.
2—H. W. Harrison.	2—F. H. Prince, Sr.
3—R. E. Strawbridge.	3—R. L. Agassiz.
Back—C. R. Snowden.	Back—A. Balding.

Bryn Mawr—Earned goals, 9; less penalties for fouls, 1½. Total—7½. Perroquets—Earned goals, 4; less foul, ½. Total—3½. Individual goals—H. A. Harrison, (5,) C. R. Snowden, (3,) Joshua Crane, F. Prince, Jr., (2,) R. L. Agassiz, A. Balding. Referee—R. Bullock.

MARYLAND RACE MEETING.

Jockey Club Stewards Sanction Havre de Grace Track.

At a meeting of the Stewards of The Jockey Club to-day the approval of the Stewards was granted to the Harford Agricultural and Breeders' Association of Havre de Grace, Md., to conduct a race meeting from Aug. 26 to Sept. 11, and from Sept. 13 to Sept. 30, and approved the appointment of the following officials: Steward, representing the Harford Agricultural and Breeders' Association, W. S. Vosburgh; clerk of the course, F. Rehberger; judges, C. H. Pettengill and C. J. Fitzgerald; handicapper, W. S. Vosburgh; clerk of the scales, H. U. Homan; timer, W. H. Barretto; patrol judge, W. F. Schaut.

Many Golfers at Stroudsburg.

STROUDSBURG, Penn., July 31.—Many golfers arrived here to-day to play a round over the Shawnee links preliminary to the start of the invitation tournament of the Shawnee Country Club, the qualifying round of which is scheduled to begin to-morrow morning. It is evident that the Philadelphia representatives will outnumber those from the metropolitan district. The early arrivals included Spotswood D. Bowers of Brooklawn and Hugh J. Donnelly of Brooklyn-Forest Park as the only players of prominence from the vicinity of New York. Philadelphia was represented by George A. Crump and Howard W. Perrin, who are the favorites for the chief cup.

Vermont Golf Championship.

Special to The New York Times.

MANCHESTER, Vt., July 31.—All the clubs in the Vermont State Golf Association are well represented in the annual championship competition which will start to-morrow over the Dorset Field course. The qualifying round at eighteen holes will be followed by the first round of match play to-morrow. The team representing Ekwanok will be C. H. Gardner, H. K. Kerr, F. A. Martin, and Paul Waterman. The cup is at present held by Ekwanok.

Swimming at Steeplechase Pool.

The New York Athletic Club swimming team will clash with the newly organized City Athletic Club team this evening in the new Steeplechase pool, Coney Island. The affair will be the midsummer swimming carnival of the Glenmore Athletic Club of Bath Beach. In the special ninety-yard race Frizelle, the Western crack, will be opposed by the best Eastern swimmers.

Dr. Tarrasch Loses at Chess.

BRESLAU, July 31.—A distinct surprise was furnished by the play in the twelfth round of the international chess masters' tournament by the defeat of Dr. Tarrasch of Nuremberg, the leader, by K. Treybal of Prague, one of the tail-enders, which relegated the German champion to second place, where he is tied for the time being with Rubinstein. This unexpected incident enabled Teichmann, who was paired with and drew against Schlechter, to edge up into first place, which he holds by one-half a point. Rubinstein had Balla for an opponent and won his game. Duras made a further game and tied with Schlechter by defeating Lewitzky, but could not shake off Marshall, inasmuch as the United States champion defeated Cohn of Berlin in a lively encounter. Przepiorka placed another win to his credit at the expense of Spielmann, winner of the Abbazzia tournament. Mieses won from Carls, and the game between Lewitzky and Burn was drawn.

Durnan Leads by Four Lengths.

RAINY RIVER, Ont., July 31.—Durnan of Toronto, holder of the American sculling championship title, defended it to-day by defeating Packett of this place, the former champion. The Toronto sculler won by four lengths. The race had been postponed from yesterday.

Billings' Trotting Horses Return.

The Hamburg-American liner President Grant arrived yesterday from Hamburg with twelve valuable horses belonging to C. G. K. Billings, which were in charge of Charles Tanner and nine men. The horses were quartered on the main deck in most luxurious stalls and a deck space for them to exercise each morning had been made by cutting away some of the cross wooden bulkheads that were used for dividing cargo. Seven of the animals were American light harness horses and the remaining five were Russian trotters. The list included Uhlan, whose record is 1:58¾ for the mile, and The Harvester, 2:01. The horses stood the voyage splendidly, Mr. Tanner said, and landed in excellent condition.

GLIDDEN PATHFINDER STARTS

Westgard Begins Journey in Flanders Car to New Orleans.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, July 31.—Bearing a handsome little silk American flag on a gold-tipped staff presented to him by Mayor Thompson, W. O. Westgard of New York, official pathfinder for the Glidden tour, with his companion travelers, left Detroit Wednesday morning on the 1912 pathfinding trip to New Orleans. The pathfinder car is a handsome Flanders electric, taken from stock from the factory in Pontiac. More than 1,000 people gathered to witness the pathfinder's start.

The car in which the long trip to New Orleans is to be made is splendidly fitted up for the gruelling experience. Two speedometers are placed in front of the driver's seat, and one will be used to check the other and make accuracy certain. A meter will show the amount of valuable current in the batteries.

Driving the car is "Charlie" Ross. The car will be on the road for three weeks at least, and the men have a big job on their hands making a minute road map of the entire distance from Detroit to New Orleans, marking them off every one-tenth mile and marking each schoolhouse, church, or distinctive dwelling that will serve as a landmark.

A dispatch from Adrian to-night says: "The Flanders pathfinder did great work on the first day of the Glidden pathfinding trip, reaching here, seventy-eight miles, in half a day."

Mulford Enters Elgin Race.

Ralph K. Mulford, winner of the last Vanderbilt Cup race, the 1910 Elgin race, and numerous other speed events, entered the coming Elgin National race yesterday. In the big meet scheduled for the latter part of August on the famous Illinois course Mulford will be at the wheel of the same six-cylinder Knox car which he drove at Indianapolis and Tacoma recently. The mount has a motor built up almost to the 600 cubic inch limit. "Bill" Chandler, who has ridden in numerous races and who took the wheel of the Knox at Tacoma when Mulford was disabled, will be his mechanician at Elgin.

ANDY MORRIS KNOCKED OUT.

Gunboat Smith Defeats Boston Heavyweight in Two Rounds.

Gunboat Smith of San Francisco knocked out Andy Morris of Boston last night at the St. Nicholas A. C. in the second round of their scheduled ten-round bout. Morris was ten pounds heavier than his opponent who scaled 181 ringside. Morris began operations early in the first round, and rained blows almost at will, his opponent backing off as though outclassed. Toward the end of the session, however, Smith came back and evened matters up.

When they showed for the second Morris made a half across the ring rush and landed lightly on his opponent's face. Smith handed out two facers in the shape of stiff left leads, which sent Morris's head back. He then began to follow up his advantage, and with a shower of rights and lefts soon had the Bostonian in trouble. A lead followed with a right cross felled Morris so that his head hit the boards with a resounding smash.

He reeled around in an endeavor to arise, but took the count of nine before he really knew where he was. Once on his feet again he came in for another vicious attack, and, lying on the ropes, was beaten in terrible fashion, finally going to the floor in a heap after which the referee ordered Smith to his corner.

Willie Jones of Brooklyn defeated Young Wagner in the semi-final, his body blows and two-handed fighting wearing Wagner down so that at the end he failed to be able to deliver an effective punch. Tommy Coleman beat Hock Bones in the first of the ten-round bouts in a battle which showed the loser taking apparently more than his share of punishment.

Johnson Pleads for Colored Thief.

CHICAGO, July 31.—Jack Johnson, champion pugilist, showed yesterday that he could fight as fairly in court as in the prize ring. He appeared as the complaining witness against a colored youth whom he had arrested for stealing a tire from his racing machine. The evidence was against the prisoner, and the Judge was about to send him to the criminal court when Johnson spoke. "Your Honor," he said, "I know this boy is guilty, but sending him to jail won't get my tire back, and it may do him harm. If you are willing, I am satisfied to have the charge changed to one of disorderly conduct and a small fine imposed." The offender was fined $1.

O'Rourke Not Managing Palzer.

"Al" Palzer yesterday issued a denial of the story that he and "Tom" O'Rourke have settled their differences and that O'Rourke is again acting as his manager. The suit between the two men is still in court, and Palzer says he will await the result of this suit before engaging in any more bouts. The big fellow is living at New Dorp, S. I., where he trained for his recent bout with "Bombardier" Wells at the Garden Athletic Club.

Wolgast Denies Signing to Fight.

LOS ANGELES, July 31.—Tom Jones, manager for Ad Wolgast, said to-day he had received a telegram from Wolgast denying reports that he had signed to meet Packey McFarland. "I think Rivers will be Ad's next opponent, and that will be some time in the latter part of the year," said Jones.

Owen Moran Sails for England.

Owen Moran, the pugilist, accompanied by his wife, sailed yesterday for England on the Cunard liner Caronia, and was seen off by a number of prominent fighters.

McLOUGHLIN AND BUNDY WIN.

Californians Will Play Little and Touchard for Tennis Title.

LAKE FOREST, Ill., July 31.—Maurice McLoughlin and Thomas C. Bundy of California will play R. D. Little and G. F. Touchard of New York for the National tennis doubles championship at Newport, Aug. 20. The Californians earned the honor of challenging the title holders by defeating Walter T. Hayes, Illinois singles champion, and J. H. Winston of Chicago this afternoon at the Onwentsia Club. The Chicagoans succumbed in straight sets, 6—0, 7—5, 6—3.

Miss May Sutton and Bundy won the finals of the mixed doubles event, defeating Miss Mary K. Browne and McLoughlin, 6—4, 6—4. All the players were from California.

Tennis Finalists at Narragansett.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., July 31.—Six players of the fifty-two original entrants in the singles, and the twenty-three pairs bracketed in the doubles of the Point Judith Country Club's open tennis tournament now survive as the result of to-day's play.

Inman entered the final round with a comparatively easy victory over Hoffman Nickerson of Pittsfield, Mass. The double semi-final matches were played late in the day. Jones and Henshaw won easily over E. E. Kennedy and A. E. Kennedy, Jr., of Philadelphia, in straight sets, 6—4, 6—2, 6—4.

The battle of the day lay between the Mackinney-Beals team and the Washburn brothers of New York, and it went to five sets, the former pair ultimately winning through their effective lobbing. The score of the match was 5—7, 6—3, 3—6, 7—5, 6—3.

New York State Tennis Tourney.

Fortune favored a well-balanced draw in the singles for the New York State lawn tennis championship, in which eighty players will begin competitions this afternoon on the turf courts of the Crescent Athletic Club at Bay Ridge. Maurice E. McLoughlin of California, who won the title last year, is drawn in the second quarter. Three former champions also appear on the list, Frederick C. Inman being in the same quarter with McLoughlin, while Raymond D. Little and Harold H. Hackett fell into the last section of the list. A notable entry is Henry W. Slocum, the veteran National champion of 1888-89.

The draw was made in the library of the Crescent Athletic Club at Bay Ridge yesterday afternoon by the blind system. Miss S. Charlock, the Chairman and referee, drew the slips, while Charles M. Bull, Jr., Henry C. Martin, and G. H. Middlebrook tabulated the names. R. Norris Williams, the National clay court champion and Pennsylvania State champion, was a spectator.

Hillman's Long Contract.

Harry Hillman, the Dartmouth athletic trainer, who has had such success with the Hanover track and field men for several years past, yesterday renewed his engagement with the college athletic forces and signed a five-year contract. His most recent good work was reflected in the winning of the New England intercollegiates and the great showing made by Marc S. Wright, the pole vaulter, who at the Boston tryouts for places on the American Olympic team cleared 13 feet 2¼ inches, the world's record.

SPORTING EVENTS.
Baseball, Polo Gr'ds, To-day, 2 gms.; 1st gm. 2 P.M. Giants vs. Cincinnati. Reserved Seats and Boxes at Club's office, 5th Av. Bldg., 9 to 12 A.M.

FOURTEEN HEATS AT PARKWAY TRACK

Second Day's Harness Racing Furnishes Good Sport—Nat Ray Has Lucky Escape.

Fourteen heats were required to decide three events yesterday at the Parkway track, Brooklyn, but the long drawn-out contests did not diminish the interest in the sport. More than 2,000 followers of light harness racing crowded the clubhouse, porches, and grand stand and witnessed some interesting races. The 2:19 trot was captured by Border King in straight heats. Five heats were necessary before Directum I. was returned the winner of the 2:15 pace, and Johnny Medium won the 2:16 trot after six heats.

Nat Ray, driver of Emily Morris, had a narrow escape in the third heat of the 2:16 trot, when he was thrown out of his sulky in rounding the upper bend of the track. Ray was quickly on his feet, and Emily Morris was caught at the stables after galloping around the track. Ray secured a new sulky and started in the next heat, but was unplaced.

The feature event was the 2:16 trot. Johnny Medium, a bay gelding driven by E. P. O'Neil of Montreal, Canada, won the first money after taking the last three heats of the six which required a decision. John H. Phillips, a Brooklyn driver behind his bay stallion King Edward, was considered a strong favorite after it had taken the second and third heats, and finished third in the initial meeting to Hickory Girl.

The only event to go in straight heats was the 2:19 trot, in which the first money was captured by W. L. Rhodes of Guttenberg, N. J., who was behind the bay stallion Border King. All three heats of the race required an unusual amount of scoring, but after once getting away Border King led its field over the two circuits and won with a comfortable margin. To-day's programme consists of a 2:09 pace, purse $1,000; 2:27 trot, purse $400, and 2:17 pace, purse $400. The summaries:

2:16 Class, Trotting.—Purse, $1,000. Mile heats; three in five.
Johnny Medium, b. g., (E. P. O'Neil) 9 12 4 1 1 1
King Edward, b. s., (J. H. Phillips) 3 1 1 2 3 2
Hickory Girl, b. m., (Erskine). 1 2 11 6 4 3
Maid of Athens, br. m., (G. Ticehurst) 6 6 2 3 3
Bistan, br. g., (Goode) 2 5 10 5
Baronward King, b. s., (Post). 7 4 3 4
Alice Victor, b. m., (B. Cohen).11 3 5 11
Emily Morris, br. m., (N. Ray) 4 8 12 8
Alfred V., ch. g., (Moore).....10 9 8 9
Little Bride, b. m., (Burdick).. 8 7 6 10
Prodigal Mac, b. g., (A. C. Cornwall) 12 11 9 12
Time—2:14¼; 2:14¼; 2:15½; 2:16¼; 2:17¼.

2:15 Class Pacing.—Mile heats; best three in five. Purse, $1,000.
Directum, ch. s., (Ryan) 6 1 *2 1 1
Joe Mapes, b. g., (J. H. Phillips)..2 2 1 8 4
Directneer, blk. s., (C. E. Pitman)..1 5 9 8 2
Vera B., br. m., (N. Ray) 3 3 3 2 3
Dick Mason, blk. g., (Smith) 7 4 4 4
Phoebe Fuller, b. m., (Packer)......5 6 5 6
Marjorie C., br. m., (J. Martin)..8 8 6 5
Kentucky Bell, b. m., (Leese)......11 10 7 7
Lake Gregory, b. s., (Morris)......9 9 8 9
Anda H., blk. s., (M. F. Hartley)..10 7 dis.
The Earl, br. g., (McKenny)......4 dis.
Hal Erum, b. g., (C. Mallon)......dis.
Time—2:12¼; 2:11½; 2:14¼; 2:12¼; 2:16.
*Set back one position for running.

2:19 Class Trotting.—Purse, $400; mile heats; 3 in 5.
Border King, b. s., (W. L. Rhodes)... 1 1 1
Keenworthy, ch. g., (J. R. Crawford). 2 2 10
Lucy Van, b. m., (H. Dutton)......5 5 2
Better One, b. g., (Middagh)......7 4 3
William K., b. g., (J. O'Donnell)......3 5 5
Kitty Autograph, b. m., (J. B. Shaw.) 6 3 6
Doctor Bill, ch. g., (Hully)......4 7 8
Sim Kohl, b. s., (Burgess)......9 6 4
Jonah Man, ch. g., (Brusie)......8 10 7
Wood Olcott, b. s., (Moore)......10 9 9
Time—2:17½; 2:20; 2:21¼.

ANVIL TAKES FASIG STAKE.

Geers Drives Winner of Feature Event at Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 31.—The Fasig stake, $2,000, for 2:08 trotters, was the feature at North Randall in the Grand Circuit meeting to-day. First money was won by Anvil, the bay son of St. Valient Vincent, with "Pop" Geers, the veteran, in the seat. Six thousand people cheered as Geers drove Anvil into first place in two straight heats, and they cheered again when Geers was called to the judges' stand and presented with the silver trophy cup.

Helen Stiles was the chief contender for first honors, and she ruled favorite at the opening, selling at 2 to 5, while Anvil was bringing 2 to 1. Helen Stiles was not on her best behavior, and Geers got a lead on Durfee at the jump and held it to the finish, winning the heat in 2:07½. In the second heat Helen behaved better, and Geers came near having to make Anvil show the best there was in him. This heat was in 2:07, just half a second above Anvil's record.

The fastest heat of the day was 2:05½, made by Jones Gentry, who won the 2:11 pacing event in three straight heats. Gentry negotiated one-quarter in 29¾ seconds, the fastest of the meet. Gentry was an unknown quantity before the race, this having been the first appearance of the Chester (N. Y.) horse in the Grand Circuit. The 2:05½ he paced is his mark. The summaries:

2:11 Class Pacing.—Purse, $1,000; 3 in 5.
Jones Gentry, b. g., (Murray)........1 1 1
Princess Patch, b. m., (Gray)........4 3 3
Mansfield, b. h., (Cox)........3 2 6
Fanny Stanton, br. m., (Dodge)........2 4 5
Hal D., b. g., (Easson)........6 5 4
Dr. W. W. Z., b. g., (Castle)........8 7 2
Ideal, b. g., (Simon)........7 6 7
Fern Hal, blk. m., (McPherson)........9 9 8
Clara Paul, b. m., (Pennock)........5 8 dis.
Time—2:05½; 2:08½; 2:10¼.

The Fasig Stake, 2:08 Trotting.—Purse, $2,000; 2 in 3.
Anvil, b. h., (Geers)........1 1
Helen Stiles, b. m., (Durfee)........2 2
Baron May, br. h., (Cox)........4 3
Jack London, ch. g., (Murphy)........3 6
King Brooke, b. g., (Higgins)........5 4
Todd Mac, b. h., (Saunders)........6 5
George Todd, b. h., (Andrews)........dis.
Time—2:07½; 2:07.

2:09 Pacing.—Purse, $1,000; 2 in 3.
Babe, br. g., (Jamison)........3 1 1
George Penn, b. h., (Valentine)........1 2 4
The Assessor, ch. g., (Geers)........4 3 2
Mollie Darling, b. m., (Dean)........2 5 5
Forest Prince, b. g., (Cox)........6 4 3
Francona, b. m., (Parker)........5 6 6
Susie Bell, b. m., (Murphy)........7 7 dis.
Pan Boy, ch. h., (Fleming)........8 dis.
Time—2:09¼; 2:08¼; 2:07¼.

2:12 Trotting.—Purse, $1,000; 3 in 5.
Oakdale, gr. g., (Snow)........1 1 2 2 2
Derby Boy, b. g., (McCarthy)........7 2 1 1 1
Marigold, b. m., (Murphy)........2 3 3 3 3
Victor Star, b. h., (Valentine)........3 4 4 4
Pretoria Mac, b. m., (Pennock)........4 6 6 5 5
Robert Milrol, b. g., (Stutt)........5 5 5 dis.
Major Chimes, br. g., (Shackleton).6 7 dis.
Time—2:09¾; 2:10¼; 2:09¾; 2:09¼; 2:11¼.

J. E. Madden Buys Baldy McGregor.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 31.—The sale of Baldy McGregor, three-year-old trotter, that yesterday finished in the money in the trotting sweepstakes at North Randall, by George B. Dougan of Richmond, Ind., to John E. Madden was announced to-day. It is understood the price was $7,500.

New Record for "Matt" McGrath.

DUBLIN, July 31.—"Matt" McGrath, New York Athletic Club, and a member of the American Olympic team, in the games here to-day threw the fifty-six-pound weight from a nine-foot circle 41 feet 7½ inches. This establishes a new record under the conditions.

King Smith Defeats L. H. Martin.

Special to The New York Times.

MOUNT PLEASANT, Bretton Woods, N. H., July 31.—A battle royal was the result of the third round match in the singles tennis contest of the White Mountain championship, played to-day between King Smith, Seventh Regiment, New York, and L. H. Martin, a veteran Massachusetts player from Lowell, the former winning, 6—3, 6—8, 6—3. In the morning, when these two contestants started their match, two sets were completed before a heavy shower drenched the courts and prevented further play. The summary:

Singles—Third Round.—King Smith, Seventh Regiment Armory, New York, defeated L. H. Martin, Lowell, 6—3, 8—6, 6—3.

Semi-finals.—W. A. Bradford, Longwood, defeated W. A. Barron, Jr., Harvard, 6—3, 6—2.

Doubles—Second Round.—J. G. Nelson, Dartmouth, and F. H. Harris, Longwood, defeated S. F. and M. F. Partridge, Watertown, 6—1, 6—0; F. A. Hinchcliffe, Sharon, and W. A. Everts, Jamaica Plain, defeated W. A. Barron, Jr., Harvard, and R. B. Batchelder, 6—0, 5—7, 6—0.

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MASTERLY INACTIVITY.

Deadlocks between Houses of Congress of opposing politics are no novelty, but it may be doubted that there are any precedents for a Congress which knew so many ways of doing nothing when there was so much worth doing. This Congress knows even how to undo what it has partially done, and to set itself back a long distance behind the starting line. For one example, to enact Canadian reciprocity, and then to repeal it, is worse than not to have touched the subject. This has not yet been completely accomplished, but the number of Democrats who are ashamed or afraid of their own good deeds is increasing in successive votes. This policy of progressing backward is conceived at the very time that the prospects of reciprocity are brightening. For instance, The Toronto Globe in a recent issue said:

> It would be no surprise to those who are closely watching the drift of public opinion in the Canadian West and the development of the country's food-producing capacity to see the Borden Government—driven by the necessity of finding markets for our surplus grain—making overtures to a Democratic Administration for the larger markets that were so despised and scorned last September. Much stranger things than that have happened in politics. Time is on the side of those who fight for freedom. Food taxes in America will not long survive. The food taxers may even now be fighting a last losing battle across the border.

Since then an entire province in the West has joined another province in the East in taking a position adverse to the Government which rejected reciprocity. While the prospects are thus brightening the Democrats think it a good time to write themselves down food taxers, and to insist that the country shall take note of the party's inconsistency upon the leading question of the approaching campaign. If the Democrats gave their entire attention to proving their lack of convictions on tariff reform they could not make a better job of it than by presenting this issue to the President. Like an honest gentleman, and a statesman of convictions, he has said that he regretted that some portions of the country, for selfish reasons, sought to obstruct the untaxing of food, and the promotion of trade with our neighbor, but as for himself the welfare of all must be superior to the interests of some. On this the Democrats think it well to join issue, and to take the back track. They call this putting the President "in a hole."

The Wool bill presents another phase of obstruction to tariff reform. The schedule is indefensible. The substitutes are preferable. But the subject is large enough to be dealt with upon its individual merits, and without obfuscation by personal opinions or party tactics. Yet, upon a collision between the House and Senate bills, the House rejected the Senate bill, and did not even ask for a conference to settle the differences. The point is that the Democrats want to embarrass a Republican President by giving him an entirely Democratic measure to sign, or to put himself wrong before the country by a veto. The Democrats of the Senate played the game by unbending sufficiently yesterday to ask the House to accept a measure of the same hybrid sort as the President vetoed once before. Just how Congress can acquire merit by putting the President "in a hole" does not appear. The argument is that this bill meets now the President's requirement in that it accords with the report of the Tariff Board. But this proves too much. There are several Wool Tariff bills, and the report justifies one as well as another. It might embarrass the President to veto a Republican Wool Tariff bill, and there is more than one in substantial agreement with the board's report. But the House and Senate can agree only to send the President a bill prepared by his enemies, and for which no party responsibility or support can be pretended.

It would be too tedious to detail the similar manoeuvres with other bills. The resultant inactivity preserves the conditions under which the parties joined issue and appealed to the country. It leaves the offer of reciprocity open to Canada. It balks the preposterous "excise," alias income, tax. It postpones the unsettlement attending tariff amendment until the people have given their mandate as to the principle upon which it should be conducted. It is always a mistake to send a boy to do a man's work, and it is clear that the popgun bills reforming the tariff are inadequate as measures of tariff reform.

TITANIC DAMAGE SUITS.

The report of Lord Mersey's Court of Inquiry upon the responsibility for the sinking of the Titanic clears Managing Director Ismay of "privity or knowledge" of negligence in driving the ship ahead at full speed through the ice fields. Mr. Ismay was aboard. He had been made acquainted by Capt. Smith with the wireless warnings sent out within a few hours of the accident from the steamship Baltic, from the Californian, and from the Amerika, the last message reporting icebergs about nineteen miles to the southward of the course which the Titanic kept. But the Committee on Commerce of the United States Senate, headed by Chairman Smith, found as follows:

> The ice positions, so definitely reported to the Titanic just preceding the accident, located ice on both sides of the track or lane which the Titanic was following, and in her immediate vicinity. No general discussion took place among the officers; no conference was called to consider these warnings; no heed was given to them. The speed was not relaxed, the lookout was not increased.

The Court of Inquiry headed by Lord Mersey said, respecting the wireless dispatch giving warning of ice near by, handed by Capt. Smith to Mr. Ismay: "It was irregular for the Master of a vessel to part with the document, and improper for Mr. Ismay to retain it." Nevertheless, according to the finding, Lord Mersey "did not believe Capt. Smith was improperly influenced by Mr. Ismay's presence on board the Titanic." The Captain was not to blame for the collision, Mr. Ismay was not to blame, the White Star Line, of which Mr. Ismay was a Director, a member of the Executive Committee, Chairman of the Finance Committee, and President, had through him no "knowledge or privity" of negligence or recklessness in running the ship. Nobody was to blame. The prisoner convicted at the bar of this court was that abstract thing, "excessive speed."

Now, mere speed is not susceptible of punishment. The White Star Line, according to the report of Senator Smith's Committee, has a total stock and bonded liability of about $180,000,000. If suits for damages are to be brought, the Mersey Court says, in effect, they must be preferred against "speed." If its finding had been worded with the express purpose of averting from the White Star Line financial liability for the deaths of 1,517 persons, because of what the report calls Capt. Smith's "grievous mistake," it could not have been more effectively phrased.

MAKING LAWS UNPOPULAR.

One of the most needed laws is a law to make laws work the way they are intended to work. What can be more embarrassing to a reformer than to have the best products of his brain made to seem foolish by the progress of events? Take, for instance, the sixteen-hour law. Addressing the Arbitration Commission now sitting, Mr. Stone, the spokesman for the engineers, said:

> I was one of the prime movers for the sixteen-hour law. I say frankly that it has not worked, and that contrary to our expectation the roads have been inclined to make that the minimum day instead of the maximum.

That, surely, is a most disconcerting and surprising discovery. Who could have imagined that when the law made a standard the railways should work according to that standard? Yet fresh discoveries of that sort are constantly being made. One was made yesterday by the proposers of the 2-cent rate law. The railways actually made that their rate, and abolished lower rates. The malice of their action is evident. They want to have the power to charge higher rates on the traffic which will bear it, and are then willing to restore the lower rates on the traffic which will not move otherwise. No such escape from the 2-cent rate law will be allowed. Since the railways have plotted to make it unpopular by obeying it, they will get another law to comply with, a 1½-cent rate law.

It is plain how such misadventures with excellent statutes may be avoided. The trouble is that the laws are obeyed according to their letter, and not according to their spirit. A law therefore should be passed compelling wealthy malefactors to comply with all progressive legislation according to its intent, and not according to the letter which killeth. No legislator can be expected to foresee the devious devices by which the criminal rich make well-conceived statutes seem foolish. But anybody can see what the progressives intend, and cannot be expected to put into words so that it cannot be perverted.

A statute compelling everybody to comply with the intentions of the introducers of the laws is all that is necessary to make reforms move more smoothly, and remove the greatest of all present obstacles to our receiving all the laws we need, instead of the present meagre allowance. This session only 25,934 bills have been offered in the House and a pitiful 7,349 in the Senate. It is doubtful whether any State Legislature considered even so many as that. By making laws work the way they are meant to there would be a better chance of our getting the laws we need, instead of having obstacles placed in the way of the proper working of the few laws we get.

A YEAR'S NOTABLE CONFESSIONS.

The confessions of "Jack" Rose, "Bridgey" Webber, and Harry Vallon, implicated with Police Lieut. Becker in the murder of Herman Rosenthal, make a notable addition to a list of similar utterances within a twelvemonth. For the confession by James B. McNamara and his brother John, who dynamited the Los Angeles Times Building, this reason was given by their attorney: "They were counseled to confess because that was the "best thing they could do, in the "opinion of counsel." Pastor Richeson's confession, he said, was extorted "under the lashings of remorse"; the real reason was that the State's case against him was conclusive, and he "could wish to live." The miserable Swartz took his father's advice to end his own life, writing "I'm insane," but only when the officers of the law were upon him. District Attorney Whitman obtained from Paul Geidel, the murderer of William Henry Jackson, eight separate versions of his confession, but the evidence gathered against him was enough to convict him without confessing at all.

There is no "science" of criminology, there is no formulated body of rules and theory for the detection of crime and its prevention. But with the advances in civilization, the means of gaining and spreading intelligence, of gathering evidence, of identifying the accused and the guilty, and of stripping off their disguises are becoming more sure and efficient. When rogues are often constrained to confess their misdeeds, honest men breathe easier.

STATE COMITY AND FLOODS.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read your editorial article, "Conserve the Floods," wherein you suggest that the States get together and solve the flood problem. If you knew the situation as we know it down here you would, I am sure, join us in demanding that the Federal Government take hold and solve the problem in its entirety.

Under a friendly agreement with Arkansas, the State of Louisiana has, during many years, built and maintained a costly stretch of levee in Arkansas, in order to protect Louisiana from floods that originate in Montana, Minnesota, Canada, Western New York, and other distant sections. The States can and do build levees, but they cannot prevent the formation of floods in distant States. WALTER PARKER.

New Orleans, July 18, 1912.

The programme of the National Reclamation Association proposes that Congress appropriate $500,000,000, first, for this purpose:

> To build as complete a system of levees from St. Louis to the Gulf as the Federal engineers can build, as the first step in preventing the drainage of thirty States from overflowing the farms of the lower Mississippi Valley. This includes bank revetments and other work that the engineers may recommend should be done.

Next, the money should be spent to impound the freshet waters of the tributaries in the Missouri Valley, to irrigate and enrich the States along the Missouri. Lastly, the freshet waters in the upper Ohio and Mississippi Valleys should be conserved at their sources, "for power."

Our correspondent admits that the States can help themselves, so far as the building of levees is concerned. Then why don't they help themselves? Why should they ask alms of the Federal Government? The same rule applies to irrigation in the Missouri Valley. By appeals to private companies and by clubbing together with the State appropriations, the States most vitally affected can raise their own irrigation money. We do not see that the principle is not valid in the case of the upper streams of the great drainage area, where flood waters may be conserved for power. That is a problem which States can attack, and are attacking, for the sake of their own internal revenue. New York is considering a comprehensive scheme for impounding its head-waters and selling power to electrical companies. Gov. Dix thinks that a large percentage of the State's expenses may be paid out of the income derivable from this source. Perhaps, if it tries hard enough, the National Reclamation Association can persuade the Northern States to enter into compacts that will profit themselves and conserve the interests of the Southern people.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Mr. Bryan's Check to Gov. Wilson.

Some one whose heart is fatally bent upon mischief has started the story that Mr. Bryan sent his check for $1,000 to Gov. Wilson because he does not like Mr. William F. McCombs, the very clever young man who was selected by the candidate to manage his campaign. It may be that Mr. Bryan does not fancy Mr. McCombs, but that has nothing to do with the present case; the check for $1,000 was the thing, and it will do the party as much good in the hands of the Governor as it would have done if it had been sent to the Chairman. It is all in the interest of a great cause, a cause that is worth paying for, and the gift is "as sweet as a daisy in a cow's mouth," because it shows that Mr. Bryan is willing to give as well as to take. It may be that there are not many among the Democrats who are as well off as the Nebraskan, but he has set a fine example for those who are similarly circumstanced. One thousand dollars is a good deal of money in these hard times, most Democrats will agree, but there ought to be at least a thousand Democrats in the country who could match the contribution of The Commoner, and that would make a million.

If it be true, as Mr. Molineux asserts that all Scots are Irish, why should there be so much discussion and dissatisfaction in Ulster?

A Dangerous Tool for Criminals.

Much has been said of late, and more will be, as to the readiness with which the automobile lends itself to criminal uses. The exploits of Garnier and his brother bandits in France were, of course, an impressive and even alarming illustration of what assistance these machines can be to robbers, and it was with the aid of one of them that the boldest murder in New York's annals has just been committed. Even with the help of their automobiles, however, the French criminals did not long escape capture, and during their briefly successful career they were much more indebted for immunity to their peculiar ferocity—to their habit of instantly shooting to kill instead of resorting to the familiar "Stand and deliver!"—than to the aid automobiles gave them in getting swiftly to and away from the scenes of their crimes.

As for the Rosenthal murder, while the speed of their automobile did enable the assassins to escape immediate capture, the machine also supplied a clue to their identity that would otherwise have been missing. To it the arrests that have been made were directly due, and from it those still to come will proceed.

The fact is that the automobile, everything considered, is not a really good tool for criminals. It is too big to be hidden, it is expensive both to get and to maintain, its ownership is always known to the police, and every car, after even a little use, has some distinguishing marks by which it can be told from every other, including those of the same make. Were defense of the automobile from this point of view necessary, one might safely claim that it is of more use to the representatives of the law than to the enemies of society. Already it has played an important rôle in the capturing of hundreds of criminals, while it has facilitated the actual commission of crimes in cases comparatively few. That its remarkable potentialities would be abused was inevitable, but even after all the accidents are counted against it, the credit balance of the automobile in utility and pleasure is a huge one.

There is vastly more danger from the carelessness, recklessness, or incompetence of those who drive these machines than from their criminality.

Characterless If They Are Guileless.

George D. Porter, the Director of Public Safety in Philadelphia, is evidently a direct descendant of our first parent Adam. He told the Y. M. C. A. of the Quaker City Tuesday night that something ought to be done for the protection of the young men of the town from the fifteen and sixteen-year-old girls who lie in wait at the church doors for unsuspecting young men and keep them away from their homes. It is the same old thing that has come down to Philadelphia from the Book of Genesis: "The woman beguiled me and I did eat." The "unsuspecting young men" ought to have more character.

Remedial Electricity for Statesmen.

If the efforts that are to be made for the improvement of defective children in the public schools by electrifying processes turn out well it might be of large benefit to "the whole state of the Union" if the processes should be applied to the Congress at Washington. Something, evidently, ought to be done to improve the work of the defective statesmen there assembled. What would be good for the children might not be bad for the statesmen.

NO ISTHMIAN CENSORSHIP.

Joseph Pennell Drew and Wrote Anything He Wished at Panama.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Will you allow me to contradict in the most positive manner the statement printed in The Paris Daily Mail, and doubtless in all its British ramifications, to the effect that "there is a rigid and peculiar press censorship on the Isthmus." I was on the Isthmus for weeks, longer probably than any artist or author has been. I drew what I wanted, I wrote what I wanted. I saw all the members, I believe, of the commission, save Col. Goethals, who was away, and I never was asked one question as to what I had written or was going to write. Nothing I did was ever "read or passed," but I was told to go where I wanted, and shown everything I could not find for myself by "the officials of the administrative department."

Instead of "making it difficult to gain a footing on the Isthmus of Panama," I was overwhelmed with kindness and courtesy. Not only while there, but since my return, the individual members of the commission have been unceasing in helping me in every way with my lithographs and writing, and have never asked to see a line of the latter.

On the other hand, when I had finished an article—only one of a number—I sent it to a member of the commission, and he read it in proof and made a few valuable corrections as to facts and paid me many compliments on it. But neither did this gentleman, who is—if there is one—the censor, ask to see what I had written, or make any changes of importance in the article when I, unsolicited, sent it to him, or object to anything concerning the canal that I had put in it.

That the commission is unpopular with politicians is true. Panama is the only decently governed district in the United States. People here don't know what decency in Government means. Of course, the commission is unpopular. If State and city Governments were more unpopular owing to firmness and efficiency it would be better for this ungoverned country. JOSEPH PENNELL.

Philadelphia, July 30, 1912.

GREEDY PRIVATE SCHOOLS

Are to Blame, Says This Reader, for the Professional Proletariat.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I wonder if it has ever occurred to the self-styled "Junius" that a doctor does not merit his place in the community by right of his power to support himself but by his power of rendering service.

Therefore the truer way of reducing the number of professional men would be to eliminate the least fit by making the attainment of a degree more difficult and by the elimination not of State or city universities, but of those institutions which exist solely for the income they receive for turning out half-trained doctors and of those colleges through which wealth can buy its way.

With the field cleared in this way our competents would find it easier to establish a practice and the general standard of the profession would be raised. HERBERT FEIS.

New York, July 31, 1912.

Manners and Morals of Children.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Will you permit, please, the commendation of the suggestion in which Frederick Leubuscher approves of some corrective measure through school instrumentality for the refining of the growing generation? The street conduct and language of these children seems rather distressing to one who is native born, and who notes the deterioration of general demeanor on the part of these non-intentional miscreants. A CITIZEN.

New York, July 29, 1912.

AUTOMATIC TRAIN STOPS.

Mr. Simmons Replies to Statements Concerning The Railway Age Gazette.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The article in Sunday's Times, headed "Safety Devices Not for Stock Jobbing," includes some statements that are not true. To begin with, your "expert mechanical engineer" has no more ground for quoting me as indorsing a certain test of an automatic train stop by the Block Signal and Train Control Board of the Inter-State Commerce Commission than he has for saying that I was present at that test—because I never attended a test of any kind made by that board. This does not mean, however, that I am not familiar with the work of the board with respect to automatic train stops. I not only know the results of the board's investigations, but I followed the development of devices of the kind under discussion long before the board was conceived.

It is not true that The Railway Age Gazette "has never advocated automatic stops." On the contrary, it believes that some day some one will perfect an automatic device that will meet all of the trying conditions of steam railway practice; but until that time comes The Railway Age Gazette will continue to oppose the misdirected efforts of those who, if allowed their own way, would at once both complicate railway operation and add to the number of accidents.

It is distinctly false that the subscribers to The Railway Age Gazette "are largely composed of railroad supply and signal companies." Its entire subscription list does not include as many as fifty such names. That those concerns "are large advertisers" is true—to some extent; but while it was the purpose of your "expert," I think, in coupling together those two statements, to give one the impression that the editorial policy of The Railway Age Gazette is influenced by its advertising pages, he overlooked the one vital fact that the greater the number of concerns engaged in making railway appliances, including automatic train stops, the greater will be its advertising revenue. Were the paper dishonest it would foster any device, irrespective of its merit, just as at least one stock-jobbing concern is now doing with one automatic train stop.

E. A. SIMMONS,
President The Railway Age Gazette.
New Castle, N. H., July 29, 1912.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

E. A. Simmons, finding fault with certain articles published in The Times, says:

"The plain fact is that no device for stopping steam railway trains automatically has yet been perfected that will work successfully under all operating conditions." The expressions used by Mr. Simmons are accompanied by charges that those responsible for introducing automatic train stops are doing so that they may make money for themselves.

Now, I have been connected with railways long enough to have witnessed all improvements that have been effected upon locomotives and signals, and I fail to see why inventors who have perfected valuable life-saving improvements should be blamed for desiring to make their work pay. I began running locomotives in Scotland at a time when all the conveniences provided to operate a locomotive were the means of starting and provision for pumping water into the boiler. The signals were semaphores that were hauled to danger by a man at the station, and breakage of that wire permitted the signal to show line clear.

The inconvenience of operating the locomotive induced inventors to design improvements that were always depreciated by the ultra-conservative men of the time, and similar sentiments were expressed toward the inventors who improved signals and brakes so that they called for stoppage of trains when anything went wrong with the apparatus. That was the time of true progress and it is still going on. The signals in common use have proved themselves far from being perfect, so it seems perfectly right that inventors should persist in their efforts toward perfection, undiscouraged by the suspicion that their devices may be

I do not remember in fifty years' experience with railway appliances of any useful invention being introduced for the improvement of railway machinery that was not open to the objection raised by Mr. Simmons.

ANGUS SINCLAIR,
Editor Railway and Locomotive Engineering.
New York, July 30, 1912.

THE DISEASE AND CURE.

Reader Would Take the City's Case from Mayor and Police.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

That there is a well-organized gambling system in this city, and the interest of which is under the protection of and in connivance with those who are highly paid by the city for the suppression of same, is a well-known fact, and I am not coming to add my mite of abuse to the clamorous condemnation of the police and the Mayor which has filled the air already. I merely come to call the attention of some great specialists to the fact that our great city is in a very serious, nay, dangerous, condition of sickness. Murder and rapacious crimes committed in the open and lighted streets are very alarming symptoms. Whatever the difference may be in the diagnosis or in the origin of the disease, the fact remains that our city is ailing, and, mind, her disease is a chronic one.

We have for too long a period relied upon the integrity of our house doctors—the police—and placed our confidence in the honesty of our physician in chief—the Mayor. Alas! What a discovery. The former, the house doctors, administered poison instead of medicine they were well paid for. And the latter, our worthy Mayor, simply neglected his duty of strict supervision. Meanwhile, the city is bleeding ceaselessly, without a cure being offered. Is there no balsam in Gilead?

Now let us analyze the case before us, frankly and honestly.

The police shirk from duty to protect life and limb because their time is fully occupied with the protection of the illicit resorts. Our Mayor, I regret to say, has at last undeceived a great number of citizens, who thought him to be honesty incarnate. He has proved himself, according to the stand he takes in the present crisis, to be a mere human, made out of flexible flesh and blood, and a slave to the politician who typifies "system and interest."

Now to save the suffering city we have to appeal to our specialists—our legislators. A bill should be introduced and passed to hold the landlord responsible for any illicit practice carried on in a part or whole of his premises. Surely no icebox doors or other fortifications can be made in a house without the knowledge of the landlord or his agent. If a prison and fine sentence threaten the landlord, gambling will become a thing of the past. Consequently, as soon as you remove the burdensome duty of vice guard from the shoulders of our police our city will be saved. BEDALAH.

New York, July 29, 1912.

WANTED: A NAME.

The Name! The Name! That is the point.
In times when things are out of joint
There's naught to set the world aflame
Quite so important as a Name.
Some say "THE BULL-MOOSE PARTY" fills
Not only one, but several bills—
But what if thence MY name were spelt
As though 'twere written "MOOS-E-VELT"?

I have been told by those who think
MYSELF the Grand High Rinki-Dink,
And that the Issue is but ME,
That "TEDDICRATS" would seem to be
The designation best of all
Whereby my Faithful Crew to call—
Yet do I fear those funny flats
Who'd lay the emphasis on "RATS!"

"THE TEDDIGARCHIC PARTY" seems
To fit right aptly in my dreams,
Yet would I fear to call it such
Because it doth confess too much;
And there be men 'mongst those who write
To whom I fear 'twould give delight
To write as though I were a Snark
About "THE HUNTING OF THE GARK!"

Sometimes my Little Helpers' claims
Suggest a lot of cunning names—
Like "JIMMYCRATS," from faithful Jim;
And "TIMMYCRATS," to honor Tim—
Then there's my dear old chum Quixotic
Who'd justify the name "PINCHOTIC"—
And Flinn, and George, with heart of gold—
What Name could all their virtues hold?

A Name! My Kingdom for a Name!
Who'll help me now to find the same?
Who can invent a term to fill
My Floaters with the needed thrill
To lead us on to Victory
Beneath my Brass-Bandanna free,
And help us put the foe to rout,
And—TELL US WHAT THE FIGHT'S ABOUT?

HORACE DODD GASTIT.

JUDGING THE CANDIDATES BY COMPANY THEY KEEP

How Roosevelt Stands with Discredited Republican Bosses, While Wilson Has the People with Him.

A man, and particularly a man who is a candidate for high public office, should be judged largely by the company he is keeping. The facts that he can ride further and faster than anybody else, that he is good at lawn tennis, is fond of buttermilk, or can look a lion out of countenance are all good enough in their way; but these very superior accomplishments do not of themselves make him altogether desirable as a great political leader. He must be judged, in a measure at least, by the people who are backing him for the place he is after, as they give a certain appearance of verisimilitude to the cause he represents. There are now two candidates for President, against whom not one word of praise or censure need be spoken. One stands with the discredited bosses of an old party which would do nothing to place it in touch with the changing conditions of the times; the other stands with the people unembarrassed by bossism of any sort and for an old party which has awakened to the necessity of applying old remedies to new conditions, of making the most and the best out of the material at hand. One is for making changes for the sake of change; the other is for making changes where they are needed for the general good and to promote the cause of stable government.

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Col. Roosevelt represents change for the sake of change; Gov. Wilson represents change for the benefit of the country. The former has surrounded himself with the men who were powerful when they were bosses or were in intimate touch with bosses; the latter is "toting his own skillet," as they say down in Georgia, and has enlisted the services of a noble company of youngsters who have no axes to grind, no experience in "practical politics," little or no knowledge of the best way of getting at ward managers, and who have been conducting their campaign down among the people who think as well as vote. Take the State of Pennsylvania, for example. On the one side there is William Flinn of Pittsburgh, a boss of the extremist type, and on the other Mitchell Palmer, young, vigorous, thoughtful, and gifted with the grace of perseverance and possessing withal the confidence of the people in his political integrity as well as in his personal disinterestedness. The bosses everywhere are for the Colonel. That is the difference between the representatives of the two Progressive parties; that is the difference between the men who are working with them; that is the difference between the machinery they would employ to carry out their views of what would be of service to the country. The campaign between them has been reduced to this complexion at last, and the people have found it out by observation and by knowledge of what has been done by the old method of the bosses and what the new method promises.

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The call of the country that satisfies the heart and head of the country has been made to the young men with fresh ideas and new plans not for their own benefit, but for the benefit of the people; not for the benefit of the party especially with which they are identified, but for the benefit of the whole body politic; not in the interest of any particular class of industry, or any special interest, but in the interest of the man who pays as well as the man who plows. It is a most interesting study of how sober-minded the people are when they have the chance to follow leaders who lead away from the pitfalls that are planted for the feet of the unwary, leaders who are in the thick of the present contest not for what they can make out of it for themselves, but for what they can do for the general welfare.

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It is well to keep a close watch on the company men who are engaged in political adventures keep in order that one may know about what faith is to be placed in their outgivings on questions of large political moment. It is well to be informed of the people who are backing the Bull Moose, the leader of the Progressive Party, which progresses only in his direction and for his benefit. In Illinois, one of the principal backers of the Bull Moose cause is Chauncey Dewey. He is the leader in his ward and district. In 1908 he made himself and his district conspicuous by sending two anti-Cannon delegates from a favorite-son State, and these delegates supported Taft. Dewey is said to have been disappointed because he did not get a Federal appointment. Former District Attorney Sims is for the Bull Moose. He is a potent political factor in the district represented in Congress by Minority Leader Mann. He failed to receive a reappointment from the President a year ago, and since last January has been "out for blood."

In Tennessee the sinews of war have been supplied to the Roosevelt camp in that State by William J. Oliver, who was a disappointed applicant for the contract to construct the Panama Canal. Mr. Taft was Secretary of War when it was decided that the Government would undertake this gigantic enterprise and thus avoid the possible failure of a middleman with probable delays and interminable legal controversies.

In Alabama one of the Roosevelt chieftains was W. O. Thompson, who was for many years State Chairman and on several occasions the forlorn candidate for Governor. Thompson has been the most conspicuous of the Alabama bosses for many years.

In Mississippi the leader of the Roosevelt contestants was Pearl Wight, who for many years was a member of the Republican National Committee, and who was the sole adviser in patronage matters under the Roosevelt régime.

In North Carolina, Senator Marion Butler was the moving spirit in the Roosevelt camp. Butler was an uncompromising Populist and has been a stormy petrel in the Republican Party for many years.

In South Carolina the leader of the Roosevelt forces was John G. Capers, who was for eight years a member of the Republican National Committee and was Commissioner of Internal Revenue under the Roosevelt Administration.

In Ohio Walter Brown, who led the fight for Col. Roosevelt, has been Chairman of the Republican State Committee for many years. He was trained in the Foraker school and is the most adroit and ambitious politician in the Buckeye State.

In West Virginia, Gov. Glasscock was the head and front of the Roosevelt forces, but the clever manoeuvring was planned and executed by ex-Gov. Dawson, who is regarded as one of the most successful practical politicians in the State.

In Oklahoma, G. C. Priestley is a rich oil operator and is said to have had close connections with the Standard Oil interests.

In Texas Col. Cecil Lyon is the Pooh Bah of the Republican Party. He is Chairman of the Republican State Committee, member of the National Committee, and sole dispenser of Federal patronage in Texas for the last ten years. He is a professional politician and a typical boss.

In Kansas the most important politician in the State is J. N. Dolley, who is Chairman of the Republican State Committee. He and Stubbs were associated in business as contractors. He managed Stubbs's campaign for Governor and is now State Banking Commissioner. He and Stubbs are successful politicians, not of the steam-roller variety but of the steam-thrasher variety.

In Missouri Thomas F. Niedringhaus for many years was an active and successful Republican leader. Niedringhaus was defeated for the United States Senate through the alleged treachery of Richard C. Kerens. Niedringhaus became the head and front of the Roosevelt movement in Missouri, with which movement Gov. Hadley allied himself shortly before the State Convention.

In Pennsylvania the gallant leader of the Roosevelt forces is the hackneyed politician, Boss Flinn, who has been ably assisted by a son of former Boss Quay.

In New York Mr. Roosevelt's most effective workers were George W. Perkins, who was not a political boss, but who had contributed large sums to Mr. Roosevelt's campaign fund in 1904, (for which he was subsequently indicted, following the disclosures of the Hughes commission;) William L. Ward, who has long been a dominant figure in the Republican Party of Westchester County; "Billy" Halpin, who was Secretary of the State Committee when Odell was its Chairman; "Tim" Woodruff, who was a protégé of Platt and for many years boss of the State machine; Gen. James S. Clarkson, who was at one time Chairman of the Republican National Committee and who served as Surveyor of the Port of New York under the Roosevelt Administration, and Lucius N. Littauer of the Gloversville district, who was one of the Cannon clique during his service in Congress. Littauer's friends had framed up a glove schedule for the Payne-Aldrich bill which would have resulted in an outrageous increase in the duty on gloves. It is said that the President served personal notice on Speaker Cannon that if Congress adopted the proposed glove schedule he would veto the bill and justify his action by an analysis of that one schedule.

In New Jersey the Roosevelt leaders have been ex-Gov. Fort and ex-Gov. Stokes, both of whom had long been prominent in the councils of the Republican politicians.

In Massachusetts the most conspicuous Republican politician in the Roosevelt camp is Jerry McCarthy, for many years in the Customs Service at the Port of Boston.

In Maine Col. Fred Hale is the stoutest supporter of Mr. Roosevelt. He is a son of former Senator Eugene Hale, who was a hide-bound reactionary and an absolute autocrat. Col. Hale was a candidate for Congress and was defeated by Asher Hinds, the parliamentarian. It is said that a question of patronage arose in Portland and that the President deferred to Hinds, in accordance with the precedent which years ago caused the split between Speaker Reed and James G. Blaine. Hinds recommended the appointment of a new man, the old Collector having been a supporter of Col. Hale. A very few months thereafter Col. Hale led the Roosevelt forces on to victory.

In the District of Columbia Sidney Bieber is the Roosevelt leader, and as the member of the National Committee lent his proxy first to one Roosevelt representative and then to another. Bieber has been the boss in Washington City for many years. At one time he was named for Collector of Customs at Georgetown and his confirmation was defeated in the Senate after vitriolic speeches by Senator Elkins and Senator Bourne.

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One other genius and political pastmaster who has been constantly in the employ of the Roosevelt forces is Ormsby McHarg. McHarg developed and exploited the flimsy contests in the Southern States. In 1908 he and Mr. Hitchcock were Col. Roosevelt's foremost protégés. McHarg had the legal end of the pre-convention fight of 1908 and secured the verdict from the National Committee in every case which he presented. Then Col. Roosevelt did not inflame the people so that they would rage and imagine a vain thing. It is a matter of record that when the important parts of the steam roller were being assembled in 1908, the Colonel boasted that "we have them beaten to a frazzle," and his group gleefully sent every contesting delegate to the guillotine. McHarg was appointed Assistant Secretary of Commerce and Labor. He was an intimate of Secretary Ballinger. When the Ballinger-Pinchot storm broke, McHarg gave to the public an intemperate interview in which he condemned both Roosevelt and Pinchot. He was then a public official and was connected with a department which was not involved in the controversy; therefore, the President reprimanded him. Shortly thereafter McHarg retired from the public service. He secured employment as the counsel for two Indian tribes, from each of which tribes he received an annual fee of $6,000. This employment was terminated by Secretary Fisher as a thing of no value to the Indians. Meanwhile McHarg had become associated with a law firm in New York City, one member of which was prosecuted by the Government on many counts for the promotion of and participation in certain pools which were in violation of law. The officers of these pools and McHarg's law partner were fined in United States courts. This was the disinterested spirit in which McHarg approached the work of defeating the President, and it was due to McHarg's enterprise and energy that the Southern contests were presented and prosecuted. Probably no one man in the Roosevelt camp has been more effective in his support of Mr. Roosevelt than Ormsby McHarg.

⁂

This is an exhibit which would ordinarily excite the alarm, if it did not affect the judgment, of the people who vote, and make them think of what their gain would be if the leader of the Bull Moose movement should recover the whip hand in our politics. But for the disappointed and distressed who have caught on to the tail of the now thoroughly infuriated animal for purposes of individual profit or revenge, or for the hope of favors yet to come, there would be no Bull Moose party and no Bull Moose candidate.

⁂

There is little or no difference between the platforms of the regular parties; the difference between the candidates of the two Progressive parties is that Gov. Wilson stands on a platform made strong enough and broad enough to hold him and his views and the Colonel stands on his own platform—he is his own platform and his own party; his own party except as he has been able to gather about him a score or two of smaller bosses who having lost out in the old have sought refuge in the new camp, because there is no sentiment so strong with the bosses who have been, than the desire to be bosses again. It is with candidates as it is with men—they should be judged by the company they keep. J. C. H.

Legal Aid Societies to Meet.

The second annual convention of the Legal Aid Societies of this country will be held in this city on Friday, Nov. 15, and Saturday, Nov. 16, according to a report made by the Committee of Arrangements of the Legal Aid Society of New York. Letters of invitation have been mailed to various organizations of a similar nature throughout the world and to charitable societies which conduct legal aid bureaus, where the worthy poor may receive legal advice free.

NEWPORT FAREWELL TO ADMIRAL WARD

Atlantic Fleet Officers Attend Dinner in His Honor Given by Admiral Winslow.

MRS. VANDERBILT HOSTESS

Entertains at The Breakers at Dinner and Dance—Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Harriman's Party at The Pines.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 31.—A farewell dinner was given to-night in the cabin of the flagship Louisiana in honor of Rear Admiral Aaron Ward, commander of the First Division of the Atlantic Fleet, who gives up his command to-morrow, by Rear Admiral Cameron McRae Winslow, commander of the Second Division of the Atlantic Fleet. The tables were set with American Beauty roses and small American and Rear Admiral flags of silk. Rear Admiral Ward goes to New York as supervisor of harbor and later to the Navy Department.

The guests included Rear Admiral Hugo Osterhaus, Commander in Chief of the Atlantic Fleet; Rear Admiral Aaron Ward, Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fiske, commander of the Third Division; Rear Admiral Willard H. Brownson, retired; Capt. A. S. Benson, commanding the battleship Utah; Capt. H. S. Knapp, Capt. John Hood, commanding the battleship Delaware; Capt. Hugh Rodman, commanding the flagship Connecticut; Capt. J. A. Hoogewerff, battleship Kansas; Capt. Frederick L. Chapin, flagship Missouri; Capt. Roger Wells, flagship Louisiana; Capt. Hilary P. Jones, battleship Rhode Island; Capt. W. R. Shoemaker, member of the General Board of the navy and formerly Chief of Staff to Admiral Osterhaus; Capt. Edward W. Eberle, commander of the Atlantic torpedo flotilla; Capt. W. H. G. Bullard, commanding the mine-laying cruiser San Francisco, and Lieuts. T. R. Kiurt, R. Williams, R. F. Zogbaum, Jr., W. S. Anderson, L. Noyes, F. Russell, and L. H. Lacey, the latter flag secretary to Admiral Winslow.

Speeches were made by Admirals Ward, Osterhaus, Brownson, Fiske, and Winslow, and as the guests were departing "Auld Lang Syne" was sung. The band from the Louisiana played during the evening.

Mrs. Vanderbilt entertained a large dinner company at the Breakers to-night. After dinner a little informal dancing was enjoyed with Henri Conrad and his orchestra playing.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert M. Harriman gave a dinner at the Pines to-night.

Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish was questioned by THE TIMES correspondent to-day regarding a statement printed that she has had enough of Newport, and is leaving for Garrison this month, a statement which was hardly credited in view of her dance being set for Aug. 19. Mrs. Fish replied, "You must not believe half you hear," smiled, and passed into the Casino with Mrs. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Twombly, and Mme. Bakhmetieff, wife of the Russian Ambassador. Several weeks ago Mrs. Fish decided to return to Garrison in September, and this plan remains.

Ogden Mills has had servants close his Newport estate, which means Mr. and Mrs. Mills will not leave England this Summer.

START CHILDREN'S THEATRE.

Organization to Educate the Young in the Arts Is Incorporated.

The Children's Educational Theatre was incorporated at Albany yesterday for the purpose of "cultivating and developing taste for music, literature, and the arts among children and young people of any class, nationality, and sect." Its object is to inculcate in their minds the ideals of life and conduct, and to provide the means a moral training by the presentation of plays and entertainment of ennobling character.

Other objects are "to erect, buy, or rent one or more buildings containing reading and class rooms and lecture and music rooms and to receive endowments and employ masters."

The organization is planning to erect a small building in the vicinity of Cooper Union to serve not as a theatre but as a workshop only, where all preparation for the production of plays will be done. The plays will be given in schools, theatres, and halls throughout the city, making it possible for the children of every district to attend without the expenditure of car fare.

The Board of Directors includes Arthur D. Chandler of East Gloucester, Mass.; Frederick B. Pratt of Brooklyn, William Terhune of Jersey City, and Andrew M. Wallace, Harry Content, and Miss A. Minnie Herts of New York City. The institution is another step in the work of Miss Herts, who has devoted the last ten years to the education of children by means of theatrical productions, and who was at the head of the Children's Theatre at the Educational Alliance a few years ago.

THREE HURT AT REHEARSAL.

Curtain Hits Christine Nielsen and Others of "Hanky Panky" Cast.

An accident marred the final dress rehearsal of "Hanky Panky" at the Broadway Theatre yesterday afternoon. At the end of the first act the asbestos curtain was lowered by mistake, and three of the principals were struck by it. Christine Nielsen, the prima donna, suffered a slight contusion of the forearm, Myrtle Gilbert was cut about the head, and Hugh Cameron was rendered unconscious for a few minutes. All were attended by Dr. Harold T. Royce of 200 Cathedral Parkway, and were able to go on with the second act of the piece.

The company will leave for Long Branch to-morrow morning to give a preliminary performance at the New Broadway Theatre there to-morrow night, and the metropolitan premier will take place at the Broadway Theatre next Monday night. A union orchestra of twenty-four pieces will be taken to Long Branch and will remain with the organization.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Martha Hedman, a Swedish actress who has never appeared in America, will arrive on the Lusitania to-morrow to begin rehearsals with John Mason in "The Attack."

The members of the "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm" company, who will open in London under the management of Klaw & Erlanger on Sept. 2, will sail to-day on the Baltic. The company includes Edith Taliaferro, Archie Boyd, Hayward Ginn, Marie L. Day, Elizabeth Glassford, and Sam Colt.

Rehearsals will begin to-day at the Lyric Theatre for "The Ne'er Do Well," Charles Klein's dramatization of the Rex Beach novel, which is to be presented by the Authors' Producing Company on Labor Day. Prominent in the cast will be Hale Hamilton, Katherine Kaelred, and Ann Murdock.

Rehearsals will begin to-morrow of the Chicago company that is to present Bayard Veiller's play, "Within the Law," in the leading cities of the West. The company that is to appear at Julian Eltinge's Forty-second Street Theatre will begin rehearsals next week. This company includes Jane Cowl, Florence Nash, William B. Mack, Orme Caldara, Wilton Taylor, Charles Abbot, Brandon Hurst, and Catherine Tower. The opening performance will be at the Teck Theatre, Buffalo.

Katherine Grey, who has just concluded a tour in a one-act play, "Above the Law," by Eugene Brieux, has been engaged to head the company that will inaugurate the new St. James Theatre, Boston, with a stock company on Aug. 28. Miss Grey will return to New York in time to begin rehearsals of a new play, about Labor Day.

Walter Damrosch announced yesterday that he will consider applicants for the chorus of his new comic opera, "The Dove of Peace," at the Seventy-first Regiment Armory to-morrow morning. Several of the people selected for the chorus have been given small parts in the piece, and more chorus people are needed.

The Manhattan Opera House will reopen next Monday night for a season of eight weeks with the Manhattan stock company. The opening attraction will be "Wildfire." Miss Dallas Tyler and Richard Gordon will have the leading roles.

The regular season at the Columbia Theatre will begin on Monday afternoon, Aug. 12, with a production of the burlesque, "The Golden Crook." Billy Arlington will head the cast.

SOCIAL NOTES.

The Duke and Duchess of Sutherland, Lady Rose Mary Leveson Gower and Lord McAllister, who are at present in England, will arrive in New York on Aug. 15, and will be at the Ritz-Carlton for an extended visit.

Dr. and Mrs. Ten Eyck Elmendorf, (Miss Katharine Elmendorf,) of 130 Wadsworth Avenue, are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Casimir de Rham, who have been spending the Summer at Newport, arrived here yesterday, and are at the Hotel Gotham for a brief stay.

Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont of Newport is in town for several days.

Miss Marjorie Stuart, whose engagement to Charles E. Hughes, Jr., was recently announced, is the guest of Justice and Mrs. Hughes at their camp in the Adirondacks.

Mr. and Mrs. William Rockefeller are at the Mount Washington, in Bretton Woods, N. H., to spend August.

Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Fish Webster of Newport are making a motor tour of New York State.

Dr. Eugenio Dahne, representing the Minister of Agriculture in Brazil, will arrive to-morrow on the steamer Vasari. Dr. Dahne is visiting New York on a special mission relating to the Department of Agriculture.

Mrs. Wilson C. Bibb of 512 Fifth Avenue is at Briarcliff Lodge for the remainder of the season, with her son, William G. Bibb, who has just returned from a fishing trip in Canada. Mr. and Mrs. Edward Kemp of 615 Fifth Avenue are entertaining Mr. and Mrs. Edward Kemp at the Lodge for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. James A. Moffett and the latter's mother, Mrs. McMichael of Madison Avenue, are at the Edgewater Inn, Greenwich, Conn.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Gordon of Bretton Hall are sailing on Saturday on the Tarrialba for a month's cruise in the West Indies. They will spend a week at the Panama Canal, returning to New York on Sept. 10.

Mrs. Omri Ford Hibbard of Brooklyn is spending a week with Mrs. Gilbert Tolman of Boston at her cottage at Watch Hill, R. I.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter H. B. Frelinghuysen of Morristown, N. J.; Capt. D. S. Vasselieff, Military Attaché of the Russian Embassy, and Mme. Vasselieff, and Youssouff Zia Pasha, the Turkish Ambassador, are at the Ritz.

Among those sailing for Europe to-day on the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria are Mr. and Mrs. Thomas F. Gilroy, Jr., who have been staying at the Plaza; Mr. and Mrs. George F. Baker, and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Tilford.

The wedding of Miss Myrtle Elizabeth Alderson, daughter of Mrs. J. W. Alderson of Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., and William Joseph Martin, will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock at Delmonico's. The bride-elect is a sister of Mrs. D. McMartin of Riverside Drive, who will be the only attendant. James Martin will act as best man for his brother. The Rev. Thomas B. Farrelly will officiate.

Mrs. J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr., and her daughter, Miss Jane N. Morgan, are sailing for Europe to-day on the Baltic. Mrs. James Roosevelt is also sailing on the Baltic.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of the Passengers Sailing on Three Steamships—The Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of their passengers were:

KAISERIN AUGUSTE VICTORIA (Hamburg)—Mr. and Mrs. J. Quincy Ames, L. H. Ayres, Mr. Russell A. Alger, Miss Josephine Alger, Miss Fay Alger, S. M. Alexander, A. N. Burbank, George Blossom, Henry Bedlow, Dr. and Mrs. F. H. Baker, Mrs. T. B. Blackstone, Dr. Allan F. Barnes, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Bryson, Miss Florence Brill, H. A. Briggs, Dr. Nelson S. Bradley, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Baker, the Rev. Clement Brown, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Boye, Judge Clemens Bates, Mrs. Bates, Mrs. G. S. Coleman, Mr. and Mrs. R. K. Cassatt, Mr. and Mrs. James H. Cravens, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Clawson, W. H. Cook, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Culver, Miss S. F. Casey, Dr. Joseph W. Cook, Mr. and Mrs. F. Graham Cootes, Mrs. H. M. Dobbin, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Dickinson, Mrs. A. D. De Witt, Mrs. F. Eilon, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Edwards, A. J. Eddy, Douglas Fiske, J. A. Ferguson, C. S. Forbes, Mrs. J. W. Forsythe, Mrs. E. M. Garretson, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Gamble, A. F. Gartner, Edwin Goodman, Dr. W. S. Gilman, Mrs. F. H. Goddwaye, Miss B. Howell, William Harris, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Harrison, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Henry, Miss Alice Hoyt, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Judge, Mr. and Mrs. Norton D. Light, Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Lambert, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Lynch, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Marshall, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. H. Pearce, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Porter, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Pillsbury, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Pollock, T. J. Rogers, Dr. Charles Roland, Col. Offley Store, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Smith, Count Lavislaus Sellem, William C. Sterling, J. W. Tafts, Walter C. Thomas, William H. Todd, Mr. and Mrs. F. Tilford, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Wade, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Whittemore, Mrs. T. D. Wood, Dr. and Mrs. W. West, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Williams, Miss E. Willis, H. L. Wooley, C. D. Wood.

BALTIC (Liverpool)—Theodore L. Avery, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Bailey, J. S. Barbour, J. D. Batten, Archie Boyd, H. Buchanan, G. T. Campbell, C. J. Clark, A. L. Cochran, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Cushing, Mrs. M. Day, Miss M. L. Edwards, W. A. Fleming, Mrs. S. Graham, Miss H. S. Grew, Dr. W. H. Haines, James Hay, F. S. Kennedy, F. V. Lister, F. W. Kobbe, C. W. Manning, Mrs. J. P. Magan, Jr., Miss Jane N. Magan, Miss F. T. Magan, H. T. Magan, F. C. Peake, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Radtice, the Rev. W. Robinson, Mrs. A. C. Rogers, Mrs. James Roosevelt, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Smith, Lieut. E. E. Spafford, U. S. N., Miss M. E. Stevenson, Dr. R. W. Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. W. Sassone, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Tait, Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Thompson, Dr. G. W. Warren, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Watson, and Miss Juliana Wood.

SAXONIA, (Naples)—The Rev. W. W. Brandu, Mrs. J. Calvert, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Coffey, F. M. Cooper, Miss S. E. Cooper, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Egerton, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Foster, W. H. Green, Mr. and Mrs. W. Kelsey, Dr. and Mrs. O. B. Kent, Mrs. H. B. King, Mr. and Mrs. T. Livesey, Mrs. H. Morris, Miss Dorothy Oakes, Dr. and Mrs. J. C. Sharpe, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Tillman, the Rev. H. C. Thomson, Mrs. L. C. Underwood, Mrs. E. B. Waring, Mrs. E. F. Welsh, W. B. Windle, Miss E. W. Winter, and Dr. F. C. Wolf.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

VADERLAND (Antwerp)—Capt. E. A. Anderson, B. H. Berry, Capt. C. L. Bendit, R. L. Byrd, E. L. Collins, J. H. Davenport, C. H. De Mar, H. P. Drew, Miss Pearl Elmer, S. H. Gillis, Capt. F. S. Herd, Miss Jean Horsley, J. P. Jones, Lieut. Col. W. Libby, T. H. Sellig, Prof. L. J. Martin, the Rev. J. W. Murphy, H. J. Patterson, Mrs. F. Philport, Major C. E. Whitney, Dr. and Mrs. G. H. Watson, and Mr. and Mrs. H. Lee Raglan.

TAGUS (Southampton, via West Indies)—Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Davies, F. M. Ellis, J. G. Green, Mr. and Mrs. J. Harper, Mr. and Mrs. W. Leane, N. Pell, T. N. Riveia, C. Stanhope, Mrs. N. Simon, J. A. Tregelles, H. Boyd Nallis, Mr. and Mrs. C. Williams, and R. W. Whiteman.

KOENIG ALBERT (Bremen)—W. S. Ashbrook, J. Spencer Brock, C. R. Fischer, Mrs. Louise Hoppe, Miss C. Lange, Miss F. L. Lange, E. Lyon, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Marshall, Miss G. Normand Smith, and Miss Natalie Nallin.

PRESIDENT GRANT (Hamburg)—G. L. Arnold, J. E. Baldwin, H. F. Barre, Mrs. Clara Bayliss, the Rev. R. Benedict, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Bogert, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Brooks, Prof. W. H. Carpenter, Mrs. E. Clark, Miss S. W. Davis, J. H. Fisher, Mr. and Mrs. C. Fowler, Miss G. Gates, J. Hays Hammond, Jr., Mrs. A. D. Lewes, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Lyon, G. A. McClellan, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Miles, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. H. Clay Palmer, C. T. Root, J. H. Webb, and Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Workman.

Ask Aid to Give Widow a Home.

A widow with three children is caring for one of them, earning her living by her work as a nurse, while friends take charge of her eldest and youngest child. Her son, 15, has obtained work, the youngest child, a girl, has been returned to her mother, and the woman wishes to establish a home and hopes to be able to help herself by keeping table boarders. The Widowed Mothers' Fund Association, 192 Bowery, wishes to give the woman a start by supplying furniture, and $15 a month for three months. Donations for this purpose may be sent to Mrs. Henry Zuckerman, 80 Broadway.

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ALWAYS BEING SUED, SIGHS DAVID BELASCO

Is Accused Continually of Plagiarism by Barbers and Servant Girls, He Says.

WHAT HE'S DONE FOR ART

Sank $20,000 a Year to Help Young Dramatists—Injunction Sought Against "The Woman."

David Belasco told the beginnings of his own career yesterday, and explained how he kept young authors in good conceit with themselves at a hearing before Commissioner Alexander in the Federal Building on the petition of Abraham Goldknopf for an injunction to restrain Mr. Belasco and William C. De Mille from offering "The Woman," which had a run at the Republic Theatre last Winter. Mr. Goldknopf, who was represented by Adolph Freyer, asserted that "The Woman" is plagiarized from his own play, "Tainted Philanthropy," which he had submitted for Mr. Belasco's approval, and asked for an accounting of the profits of "The Woman" and a payment of royalties.

Mr. Belasco was the first witness, and contrary to the usual custom in hearings before Commissioners, which are somewhat informal, asked permission to deliver his testimony standing up. No one objected, but before long he was glad enough to take his seat. In the course of his examination by Mr. Freyer, Mr. Belasco declared a little testily:

"I'm always being sued by barbers and servant girls for plagiarizing their plays."

This seemed to be a direct hit at the defendant, but as soon as Mr. Belasco learned that it might have a too personal application he apologized.

"What was your own original occupation, Mr. Belasco?" demanded Mr. Freyer. Irving Dittenhoefer, counsel for Mr. Belasco, objected, but Mr. Belasco at once made amends.

"I never met the gentleman who is suing me," he protested. "I don't know him or his occupation."

"There he is behind you," said Mr. Freyer.

The manager swung around and bowed low to Mr. Goldknopf.

Belasco Once Sold Papers.

"I beg your pardon, Sir, I assure you," he said. "I had no intention of referring to you. I sold newspapers myself once in the streets of San Francisco, and I opened a cigar store at 7 o'clock in the morning and scrubbed the floor. At night I carried a spear at a theatre.

"I was not always a play producer, and I meant no personal offense to you, Sir. I do not know that you are a barber or what your occupation is or was."

Then Mr. Belasco launched into an account of the play bureau he formerly had and what he considered it had done for the young aspiring author.

"I started it," he said, "to encourage young authors, young Americans, and I've produced more of their plays than any two other producers. I wanted to help them. Oh, I wanted to do much good for them, and I have had so much trouble in consequence. I've been sued for every play I've produced, but not by responsible authors.

"There was so much talk of suing me for unreturned manuscripts that I was forced to hire some one to catalogue them and return them. I got 50 to 100 every day, and the bureau cost me from $15,000 to $20,000 a year. I never got a play from it that brought me a cent, and that's what it has cost me to encourage young authors."

Then Mr. Belasco described how he had worked with Mr. De Mille in the writing of "The Woman." The contract, he said, was signed in May, 1908, and then Mr. De Mille started to write. It took him from two to three years. Mr. Belasco saw Mr. De Mille many times, and the latter submitted half a dozen scenarios and at least eight manuscripts before the production was complete.

The workings of the play bureau were described, and the part in it of Henry Stillman, who left Mr. Belasco voluntarily in 1910.

"Mr. Stillman," said Mr. Belasco, "was a jack of all trades. He catalogued the unsolicited manuscripts in bundles of 50 or 100. I would glance over them, and if anything struck me forcibly I would read the play. Mr. Stillman did not recommend any plays to me, but I told him if he came across a play of unusual merit he should notify me at once."

On Writing White Lies.

Then a letter from Mr. Stillman to Mr. Goldknopf in June, 1910, was produced. It read:

"Mr. Belasco has gone away to the country for the Summer. I sent your play to him two or three days after reading it myself. He returned it to me today. While he was interested in reading it, it is not quite adapted to his present requirements. Will you please call for the manuscript?"

Mr. Belasco then denied absolutely that he had ever seen the play or read it. Pressed by counsel, he declared:

"I regard that letter as very encouraging. If I was a young and aspiring playwright it would spur me on to write again and again. At worst it is merely a white lie and seems to me to do no harm.

"My instructions to Mr. Stillman, often repeated, were never to discourage young playwrights. 'Never hurt their feelings,' I would say. I have never spoken an unkind word to any young person, and if you, Mr. Freyer, should ask me to read a manuscript of yours, do you think I'd say to you: 'You will never be an author; you're wasting your time'? No, indeed. I'd say to you: 'It's excellent in spots, but simplify your motive,' or 'You've too many sets of lovers; concentrate your love.' Why, I'd talk to you till you'd leave my office believing that at last Shakespeare would have to be considered second in dramatic art."

Mr. Belasco, on advice of counsel, refused to say what he was doing in June, 1910, but Judge Hand, on the matter being referred to him, ordered him to reply. Then he said he thought he was busy on "The Lily" and in working on "The Easiest Way," though, after all, he could not be certain that at that time he was not engaged in writing "Jennie."

"Was it part of Mr. Stillman's duties," asked Mr. Freyer, "to write lying letters to those who submitted manuscripts?"

"Oh, no," said the witness.

"Then why did he tell Mr. Goldknopf you had read a play you had never seen?"

"I don't know. My instructions to him were to be kind and courteous and never to offend young playwrights."

Mr. De Mille will be examined before Commissioner Gilchrist on Monday at noon. He is represented by Max D. Josephson.

MEET STAGE HANDS' EDICT.

315 Managers Have Signed New Agreement, Says President Shay.

Charles C. Shay, President of the Theatrical Stage Employes' International Alliance, said yesterday that the demands of the Theatrical Protective Union for a new style of agreement with the theatrical managers have been conceded up to date by 315 managers of road companies who have signed the agreement. He expects that all the managers, or nearly all of them, will have signed the agreement by Labor Day. This agreement does not involve the questions of recognition the union, or of the wages, but is designed to protect the stage hands by assuring them employment in New York after they have been on tour with plays that have proved successful enough to be brought here.

Regarding the visit of President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor to this city, supposed to be for the purpose of trying to bring about an agreement between the Theatre Managers' Association and the unions of musicians and stage hands, President Shay said that he had not had a direct conference with Mr. Gompers, but had communicated with him. He did not know whether Mr. Gompers had done anything in the matter, but said that Gompers, as head of the American Federation of Labor, would have more influence with the managers than any officers of the affiliated unions. Gompers left New York for Washington yesterday afternoon.

KNEW DARROW'S CODE

Prosecution Upsets Defense by Producing Private Telegrams.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 31.—Striking at the main reliance of the defense, that it had been agreed to have the McNamaras plead guilty before the bribery charges, the prosecution in the trial of Clarence S. Darrow produced evidence to-day purporting to refute any such claim. The evidence consisted of telegrams which tended to show that Darrow had authorized on the day following Bert Franklin's arrest an expenditure of $1,000 to regain documentary evidence seized by the Indianapolis authorities.

After devoting nearly the entire day to a cross-examination which revolved around the Indianapolis end of the McNamara case, Assistant District Attorney Ford produced a code telegram sent by Leo M. Rappaport of Indianapolis, attorney for the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, addressed to Mr. Darrow and dated Nov. 2, 1911. He asked Darrow to identify it, and the witness with a smile said he probably could if it were translated for him. Ford immediately called for the blackboard and wrote the cryptogram and its translation upon it. The message as translated read:

May I spend thousand to regain Indianapolis evidence?

Another telegram sent by Darrow to Rappaport the same day was then produced, which, deciphered, read:

May spend thousand if necessary.

Another code message dated Dec. 1, the day of the pleas, revoked the authorization to spend the money. The defense apparently was surprised to learn the prosecution had the key to the code used by the McNamara defense. Ford said he had worked it out himself.

Darrow explained the telegrams passing between himself and Rappaport by saying they followed correspondence of an earlier date. The Indianapolis evidence sought by the defense consisted of correspondence filed belonging to the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, first seized by the Indiana State authorities, and later taken by the Federal officials working on the so-called dynamite conspiracy case.

ARCHBALD CASE UP TO-DAY.

Impeachment Court Reassembles—Wrisley Brown as House Counsel.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Although the seven House prosecutors in the impeachment proceedings against Judge Robert W. Archbald had determined to ask the Senate to accept his answer as a confession of guilt, the Judiciary Committee to-day decided to demand a formal trial.

Reiteration of the House committee's charge that the jurist had been guilty of "high crimes and misdemeanors and conduct unbecoming a Judge" will be made to the Senate when the impeachment court reassembles to-morrow.

Attorney General Wickersham has designated Wrisley Brown his special assistant to act as counsel for the managers of the House in the impeachment trial. This action was in accordance with the request of the House managers. It will be the first time the Department of Justice has ever been represented at an impeachment. Mr. Brown, by direction of the Attorney General, investigated the Archbald case when the charges were submitted to the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

WOMAN ON HOUSE FLOOR.

Miss Wilson Sits Among Democrats While House Is in Session.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Miss Agnes H. Wilson of Blossburg, Penn., enjoyed the distinction to-day of being the first woman to occupy a seat on the floor of the House of Representatives at an official session of that body other than on the last day of a session. There have been occasions at the closing of a session when wives and daughters of Congressmen have been admitted to the floor of the House, but they have never occupied seats and always stood behind the brass railing while the session was ending.

But to-day Miss Wilson sat in the midst of the Democrats, beside her father, Representative William Bauchop Wilson of Pennsylvania, one of the prominent labor members of the House. He is Chairman of the House Committee on Labor, and Miss Wilson has been clerk of the committee since the opening of the present Congress. She was not occupying a seat of the House as a mere spectator, but was allowed upon the floor in her capacity as clerk of the committee to assist her father in the consideration of the bill introduced by William Warfield Wilson of Illinois applying the eight-hour law to dredge workers engaged in river and harbor work.

Mrs. Taft Returns to Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Mrs. Taft and Charlie Taft arrived in Washington today from Beverly to be present at the announcement of the President's nomination, which is to be made Aug. 1.

To-night there was an informal dinner at the White House. In the afternoon the President, accompanied by Gen. Clarence Edwards, who is a guest at the White House, went to the Chevy Chase Club, where the President and Gen. Edwards played a game.

ROELKER-KOUES WEDDING.

Plans for Marriage of Miss Anna R. Koues and William G. Roelker.

The marriage of Miss Anna Rossiter Koues and William Greene Roelker, whose engagement was announced on July 15, will take place on Aug. 22, at the bride's home, 898 Madison Avenue. As Miss Koues is in mourning for her mother, the ceremony will be a very quiet one, and shortly after the wedding Mr. Roelker and his bride will sail for Europe to spend their honeymoon there. Miss Koues will have two maids of honor, her sister, Miss Helen Koues, and Mr. Roelker's sister, Miss Eleanor Roelker.

There will be no ushers, but Frederick Schenck is to be Mr. Roelker's best man. Miss Koues's father, George Ellsworth Koues, will give his daughter in marriage, and the Rev. Endicott Peabody of Groton, Mass., will perform the ceremony.

Mr. Roelker, who was graduated from Harvard in 1909, is a son of the late William Greene Roelker by his first wife.

Gov. Osborn's Son Married.

Special to The New York Times.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., July 31.—Chase S. Osborn, Jr., son of the Governor of Michigan, was married here this evening to Miss Marjorie Stanton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry T. Stanton, in St. Mark's Episcopal Cathedral. The wedding was a brilliant social event. Gov. Osborn and several of the State officials were present. Mr. Osborn, like his father, is a newspaper man, being connected with one of the local dailies.

Miss Rosalind Romeyn Engaged.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles William Romeyn of 63 East Sixty-fourth Street, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Rosalind Romeyn, to William Everdell, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. William Everdell of Tenafly, N. J. Mr. Everdell was graduated from Williams, class '02. No date has been set for the wedding.

Music in the Parks.

There will be band concerts to-night, beginning at 8 o'clock, on the Mall in Central Park, at Carl Schurz and Hamilton Fish Parks, and at Tottenville, Staten Island.

A CAREFUL TRUSTEE
HAVE you considered us for Trustee under you will?
We make a careful study of every estate in our charge, striving to minimize expense and to increase the income so far as is safe.
We are careful in spending other people's money.
TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST Co
Capital . . . $ 4,375,000
Surplus (all earned) 10,625,000
176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn.
350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

MRS. HUTT'S SUIT DELAYED.

Waits to Complete Her Legal Residence—Mrs. Mechling Charges Cruelty

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., July 31.—If Mrs. Henry Hutt of New York had stayed in Reno instead of visiting San Francisco for ten days, she might have filed her divorce suit against her artist-husband to-day.

Mrs. Hutt's companion, Mrs. Christine Mechling, with whom she came to Reno from New York, appeared in the District Court with her papers to-day, but Mrs. Hutt will have to wait ten more days before she can assert that her residence in Reno has been for the required six months. Mrs. Hutt will ask for an absolute divorce decree on the grounds of desertion, and will also apply for the custody of her son, who is in Reno with her. It is stated that Mr. Hutt will not contest the case.

Mrs. Mechling is seeking a divorce from Harry R. Mechling, said to be a lawyer of New York on the charge that she was compelled to undergo certain forms of cruelty, the nature of which is concealed in the papers which were placed on the secret file. It is asserted that no contest will be made, that property interests have been adjusted out of court, and that no trouble will be experienced in obtaining the decree other than in locating Mr Mechling, said to be in the South.

WANTED HIS 'ROLL' COUNTED

Man with $1.68 Made Police Register the Amount Before His Eyes.

John Litchfield drove his taxicab to the West Thirtieth Street Police Station early yesterday morning and asked the police to aid him in collecting fare of $5.60 from a man who said he was Thomas R. Kenny, but who declined to tell where he lived. Litchfield said he had picked Kenny up at the Hotel Belmont, and had driven him all around the city.

Kenny was so intoxicated that the police decided to lock him up on this charge, though Litchfield was told that he would have to bring a civil suit for his fare. As Kenny was arraigned at the rail and the contents of his pockets were passed over the desk to the Lieutenant he suddenly shouted:

"Look here. I want that roll counted before my eyes before I am put in a cell."

The Lieutenant obligingly counted the roll in Kenny's presence and gravely told the man that it contained $1.68. Kenny nodded his satisfaction and no longer objected to going to a cell.

Later Magistrate Appleton in the Yorkville Court released him on a suspended sentence when he promised to settle his cab bill with Litchfield.

NOT VIOLA ALLEN'S BROTHER.

But Dead Peddler in New Orleans Was So Identified.

NEW ORLEANS, July 31.—A body that had lain at the Morgue since last Saturday was identified yesterday as that of John Thomas Allen, an eccentric peddler here for several years, and declared by those who knew him to be a brother of Viola Allen, the actress. Allen was found dead in the street, supposedly from prostration by heat.

Allen is said to have come here about fifteen years ago from Pennsylvania, where, according to the story he told, he had been for a time an assistant Professor of Histology in West Penn College.

When seen last night at his home, 154 West Ninety-third Street, George Tyler, manager for Liebler & Co., the representatives of Miss Viola Allen, declared that the eccentric peddler, John Thomas Allen, who died on the street in New Orleans, was not the brother of Miss Allen.

"Miss Allen has only two brothers," said Mr. Tyler, "and they are Charles Allen of Stamford, Conn., and Paul R. Allen, the architect, of 1,133 Broadway." Paul R. Allen also lives in Stamford.

Descendant of Commodore Perry Born

A direct descendant of Commodore Matthew C. Perry, who arranged the first treaty between Japan and America in 1854, was born yesterday. He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Arthur Richards, 102 Waverly Place. The child bears the name of his father. Mrs. Richards was Henrietta Low King, and her mother was a grandchild of Commodore Perry.

Daughter to Mrs. Valentine Reinbeck.

Mr. and Mrs. Valentine Reinbeck of this city are being congratulated on the birth of a daughter last Wednesday in Baltimore, Md. Mrs. Reinbeck, who was Miss Della Mae Slimmer before her marriage, has been spending the Summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Slimmer at their home in Roland Park, Baltimore.

"Garden Children" to Have Picnic.

Thirty of the eighty-four "garden children," who, under the direction of the New York Branch of the National Plant, Flower, and Fruit Guild, have maintained a garden in the grounds of the Rockefeller Institute, Sixty-fifth Street and Avenue A, will have a picnic to-day at the Bronx Zoo. Herman Merkel, Chief Forester of the garden, will take them on a boat ride. Free transportation will be furnished by the Interborough.

DR. M. E. RICHARDSON DEAD.

Was Noted Boston Surgeon in Practice There Since 1876.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 31.—Dr. Maurice E. Richardson, a noted surgeon, was found dead in bed this morning at his home on Beacon Street. He was in his sixty-first year, having been born in Athol, Mass., in 1851, and had been in practice in this city since 1876. From the outset he seemed to be specially fitted for surgery. His dissections were models of clean, accurate, dexterous work. The quality he showed in this early work was the dominating characteristic in his later professional career, when he became famous for abdominal surgery.

At the Clinical Congress of Surgeons of North America at Philadelphia Dr. Richardson demonstrated by actual operation that cancer of the breast could be cured by aid of the knife, and would stay cured if the operation were carried out properly in every detail. He held that diseases of the human body which now defy the skill of the physician and surgeon may yet be cured by some such means as that practiced on subjects in the surgical laboratories. He often declared that the transplantation of organs was the most interesting field of modern surgery.

Dr. Richardson was an excellent musician and an all-around athlete.

H. C. Akeley, Philanthropist, Dead.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 31.—H. C. Akeley, millionaire lumberman and philanthropist, is dead here of heart disease. He was President of the H. C. Akeley Lumber Company, the Itasca Lumber Company, and other concerns, but retired from active business in 1903. Healy Cady Akeley was born in Stowe, Vt., March 16, 1836, received his education in that State, and was admitted to the bar in 1857. He practiced in Grand Haven, Mich., until 1863, when he enlisted in the civil war as a private in the Second Michigan Cavalry. Resuming his practice after the war, he acquired lumber interests and went into the business exclusively. He was twice Mayor of Grand Haven, and formerly was Collector of Customs for the District of Michigan. Mr. Akeley erected a memorial building to the veterans of the civil war at his native home, and also founded a school at Grand Haven. He is survived by his widow and daughter, Mrs. James Park of Chicago.

Mrs. James Terry Gardiner.

Mrs. James Terry Gardiner, the last child of the Right Rev. William Croswell Doane, Episcopal Bishop of Albany, died yesterday at her father's Summer home at Northeast Harbor, Me. She was the wife of James Terry Gardiner, a retired business man, who held large coal interests. They lived in this city at 41 East Sixty-eighth Street. Mrs. Gardiner went abroad last January and was taken seriously ill in Rome. Since that time she had gradually declined. Besides her husband Mrs. Gardiner is survived by five children. She was 58 years old. The funeral will be held to-morrow at Northeast Harbor, Me. The interment will be in Albany.

Dr. John Seymour Bassett.

Dr. John Seymour Bassett, for more than fifty years a practicing physician in this city, with offices at 11 West Thirty-first Street, died yesterday of paralysis, with which he was stricken last Sunday at Wayside Inn, New Milford, Conn. He had gone to New Milford to spend the Summer. Dr. Bassett was born in Marion, Mass., 84 years ago, and was graduated from the Berkshire Medical School, now connected with Harvard University. He practiced at Paterson, N. J., until the early fifties, when he came to New York, having since then been constantly engaged in practicing here. Dr. Bassett was married to Miss Hannah Valeria Cevill in New York in 1869. He is survived by her, a son, Acton Cevill Bassett of New York, and three daughters, Miss Laura C. Bassett of New York, Mrs. Philip Cook of San Antonio, and Mrs. William H. Lane of South Orange, N. J.

Obituary Notes.

SAMUEL POGUE, 80 years old, a millionaire pioneer merchant of Cincinnati, Ohio, died at his home there on Tuesday night. He had been ill for several weeks, finally succumbing to bronchial pneumonia. Mr. Pogue was born in Ireland in 1832 and came to the United States in 1849. He started in business in Cincinnati shortly after the close of the civil war.

Mrs. ELLEN CARLETON, 60 years old, widow of Charles Warner Carleton of Burlington, Vt., died on Tuesday at her home, 1,030 Cauldwell Avenue, the Bronx. She left a daughter.

Mrs. RACHEL ANNA MITCHELL, 155 North Arlington Avenue, East Orange, died on Tuesday at her home. She was one of the oldest residents of the city. Mrs. Mitchell left her husband, Charles E. Mitchell, and a son.

SAMUEL W. PARKER, one of the proprietors of the old Grand Pacific Hotel in Chicago, died at the Parker House in Boston Tuesday. He was born in Wolfboro, N. H., in 1842.

ISAAC H. ARCHER, long a resident of Brooklyn, died on Tuesday at his home, 36 Grace Court. He was born at Dobbs Ferry-on-the-Hudson seventy-five years ago, and spent his youth there. He retired from the oil business in Brooklyn about twenty years ago. Mr. Archer left a wife and daughter.

Mrs. ABBIE M. PIERCE, wife of Robert T. Pierce, wholesale fruit merchant of New York City, died on Tuesday at Quogue, L. I., where she and her husband had been spending the Summer. Their Winter home was at the Marie Antoinette.

DAVID WILLIAMSON DICKEY, formerly connected with the firm of Mellon & Co. of Pittsburgh, is dead at his home in Philadelphia. He was 67 years old.

JAMES F. CONGDON, last male member of the Congdon branch of the Mohegan Indian tribe, died suddenly in Plainfield, Conn., yesterday, aged 75, surviving his brother only a few weeks.

Mrs. SARAH MORRIS OGDEN of Philadelphia, a pioneer Summer resident of Jamestown, R. I., died at her cottage there yesterday. Her death was due to old age.

WILL B. CROWLEY, a leading attorney of Central New York, died on Tuesday night in Syracuse, after an illness of several weeks. Mr. Crowley was a graduate of Syracuse University. For years he had been counsel for the interests of the late Congressman James J. Belden, owner of the Manhattan Hotel of New York. He left a mother and a young wife, the daughter of Charles W. Price of New York, whom he married six months ago.

FRANK X. SPISSELL, aged 31 years, an acrobat, died at his home in Plainfield, N. J., last night from a fever contracted in Chicago, where he was appearing in his act at the Majestic Theatre. He reached his home on Tuesday night. Mr. Spissell was born in Munich, Germany, coming to this country when a boy. For the last seven years he had been in vaudeville, for a time appearing with his wife, and later with the team of Spissell brothers and Mack. Mr. Spissell is survived by his wife, two brothers, and four sisters.

CHARLES K. FOX, leading shoe manufacturer, died at Hale Hospital in Haverhill, Mass., yesterday, after an illness of only a day. He was 60 years old.

HENRY H. CHATFIELD, a Justice of the Peace, of Southampton, L. I.; President of the Bridgehampton (L. I.) National Bank, and President of the Bridgehampton Board of Education, died at his home in Bridgehampton on Tuesday, after being ill for eight months with an abscess of the brain. He was 47 years old. Mr. Chatfield was a lawyer, with offices in both Bridgehampton and Southampton. He left a widow.

The Rev. JEREMIAH SEARLE, pastor emeritus of Calvary Presbyterian Church of Newburg, N. Y., died there yesterday afternoon. He was for more than forty years pastor of the church, and resigned on June 30 last. Mr. Searle was born in Coxsackie, N. Y., in July, 1836. He was educated at Rutgers College, New Brunswick, N. J., and the Reformed Theological Seminary of the same city. He was Chaplain of the 143d New York Volunteers during the civil war. Mr. Searle was high in Masonry, being a Past Commander of Hudson River Commandery, Knights Templar. He is survived by a widow.

Mrs. EDWARD L. HALL of Hempstead, L. I., who was Miss Josephine Zabriskie before her marriage, died suddenly at her home yesterday of heart disease. Mrs. Hall belonged to the well-known Zabriskie family of New Jersey. Her father is Augustus Zabriskie, a lawyer of Jersey City, and her brother is A. Oothout Zabriskie. Mrs. Hall was 34 years old.

LOUIS HOWARD CHURCH, known in Brooklyn as "The Original Cameron" and "Drop Dead Cameron," died yesterday at his home, 205 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn. He was born in Antwerp, N. Y., and went West and made money in mining and then in the hotel business in Denver and Kansas City. Several years ago Mr. Church started a clothing store in Brooklyn and adopted the advertising slogan of "Drop Dead Cameron." Later Mr. Church opened several clothing stores in the neighborhood of Bridge Street and Flatbush Avenue. The neighborhood became known as "Cameronville." Mr. Church was 77 years old, and left a widow, two daughters, and two sons.

NATHAN MARKS an artist, 25 years old, who lived at the Park Avenue Hotel, died on Tuesday afternoon at Seton Hospital, Spuyten Duyvil. He left a widow.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

EISERMANN.—July 30, 877 Whitlock Av., Bronx, to Mr. and Mrs. Robert Eisermann, a daughter.

Married.

McDONALD—CALLAHAN.—July 29, Helen V. Callahan to John F. McDonald.

Long Island.

STAPLETON—O'CONNOR.—July 27, Flushing, Helen M. O'Connor to Thomas F. Stapleton.

Westchester County.

CRAWFORD—RAYMOND.—July 29, Cecile H. Raymond to Walter G. Crawford.

DIECKMAN—GRAESZAR.—July 24, Hulda Graeszar to Herman Dieckman.

Died.

BASSETT.—On Wednesday, July 31, at New Milford, Conn., Dr. John Samuel Bassett. Funeral services Saturday, Aug. 1, at his late residence, 11 West 31st St., New York City. Boston papers please copy.

BERL.—On July 31, Eugenia, beloved daughter of Aurelia and the late Bernhard Berl. Funeral from the residence, 124 West 117th St., Friday, Aug. 2, at 9 A. M.

BIRKENSTOCK.—At Mount Vernon, N. Y., Tuesday morning, July 30, 1912, Henry Birkenstock, beloved husband of Bina Birkenstock, aged 47 years. Funeral from his late residence, 135 North High Street, Mount Vernon, Thursday, Aug. 1, at 4 o'clock P. M. Interment in Woodlawn Cemetery.

BRANDT.—On July 31, at Far Rockaway, Daniel Dodge Brandt, husband of Aileen S. Postley. Notice of funeral hereafter.

CURRY.—On Tuesday, July 30, 1912, at Roseville, Newark, N. J., Phebe Cortelion, wife of the late Albert M. Curry, M. D., of Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral services will be held at the Chapel of A. Stanley Cole, 524 Orange St., Roseville, on Friday, Aug. 2, at 11 A. M. Kindly omit flowers. Interment private.

FAWCETT.—On July 31, 1912, John Fawcett. Services at Stephen Merritt's New Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Friday, 1:30.

GARDINER.—Eliza Green Doane Gardiner, wife of James Terry Gardiner and daughter of Bishop Doane, at Northeast Harbor, Me., July 31, 1912, in her 58th year. Services at Northeast Harbor 4 P. M. Friday. Interment at Albany, N. Y.

GEBHARD.—On Wednesday, July 31, 1912, John B. Gebhard, eldest son of the late Henry and Anna Gebhard, in his thirty-ninth year. Funeral services at his late residence, 309 West 54th St., on Friday, Aug. 2, at 2 P. M. Members of Lodge of Antiquity, No. 11, F. & A. M., are requested to attend. Interment Lutheran.

HALL.—Suddenly, at Hempstead, L. I., Josephine Zabriskie, wife of Edward L. Hall of Hempstead, L. I. Notice of funeral hereafter.

Died.

HOLMES.—To Mr. and Mrs. William H. Appleton Holmes, 9 Greystone Terrace, Yonkers, N. Y., on July 30, 1912, a daughter.

KELLER.—At Asbury Park, after a short illness, Sophia C. Keller, widow of the late Frederick K. Keller. Funeral services at her late home, 562 West 113th St., Wednesday at 8 P. M. Burial in the family plot in Greenwood, Thursday, Aug. 1, at 12 o'clock noon.

MARKS.—Nathan, on Tuesday at 3 P. M., aged 25 years 7 months. Funeral to-morrow, (private.) Kindly omit flowers.

MITCHELL.—At East Orange, N. J., July 30, 1912, Rachel Anna Bloom, wife of Charles E. Mitchell. Services will be held at her late residence, 155 North Arlington Av., Thursday evening, Aug. 1, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

McLEAN.—Helen Emery, July 30, at 74 Morse Av., Rutherford, N. J., aged 10 months. Interment to-day, private.

PERKINS.—Suddenly, at Fairlee, Vt., July 30, 1912, Charles E. Perkins of Flushing, L. I. Notice of funeral hereafter.

PERKINS.—Suddenly, at Fairlee, Vt., July 30, 1912, Alice Munn Perkins, wife of Charles E. Perkins.

PERKINS.—Suddenly, at Fairlee, Vt., July 30, 1912, Effie W. Perkins, daughter of Charles E. and Alice Munn Perkins.

PIERCE.—At Quogue, L. I., July 30, Abbie M., wife of Robert T. Pierce and daughter of the late Alfred G. Peckham. Funeral will be held at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, 45th St. and 5th Av., Thursday, Aug. 1, 10:30 A. M.

PRESBY.—July 30, at his late home, 500 West 111th St., William A. Presby, eldest son of Edwin O. Presby, aged 33 years. Funeral services at First Baptist Church, Arlington, N. J., on Friday, Aug. 2, at 3:30 P. M. Boston papers please copy.

ROBERTS.—Tuesday, July 30, at Watkins, N. Y., Cornelia W. Nee Whitehead, wife of Owen F. Roberts. Funeral private. Interment at Poughkeepsie Rural Cemetery, Saturday, Aug. 3, 11 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

SMITH.—At Christ Church Rectory, Bay Ridge, on Wednesday, July 31, 1912, Mary Bleecker, wife of the late J. Connor Smith, and daughter of the late Pierre E. F. and Mary Noel Macdonald, in the seventy-sixth year of her age. Funeral services at Christ Church, Bay Ridge, 2d Av. and 73d St., on Friday, Aug. 2, at 4 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

VON DER LANCKEN.—On Tuesday, July 30, 1912, Louise A., widow of Charles F. Von der Lancken, in her 74th year. Funeral services at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Adolf Muller, 263 East 19th St., Flatbush, on Thursday, Aug. 1, at 2 P. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers. Rochester papers please copy.

BOWES.—Thomas F., 344 East 88th St., July 30. Funeral notice later.

COURTNEY.—Mary, 244 West 16th St., July 30. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

DUNKAK.—Sophie, 606 West 113th St., July 30, aged 73. Funeral service to-day.

FARMAN.—Edward J., St. Vincent's Hospital, July 29. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

HARRIGAN.—Madeline, 606 Grand St., July 30. Funeral notice later.

HENDERSON.—Ellen, July 30, aged 60. Funeral 223 8th Av.

HENRY.—John, 191 Varick St., July 30. Funeral notice later.

McCARTHY.—Ann, 436 West 49th St., July 30. Funeral to-day, 9:45 A. M.

McCULLEN.—Edward J., Sr., 165 St. Ann's Av., July 30.

McMORROW.—Patrick F., 1,789 Amsterdam Av., July 29. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

McNALLY.—John J., 512 East 163d St., July 30. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

PRUNTY.—Anne, 150 East 40th St., July 29.

RICHTER.—Carl, July 31, aged 48. Funeral Turnhalle, 85th St. and Lexington Av., to-day.

SPITZ.—Henrietta, Montefiore Home, July 29, aged 55. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

Brooklyn.

BAGLEY.—Mary E., 471 3d Av., July 29. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

BIVINS.—Jennie, 393A Prospect Av., July 31, aged 49.

DORAN.—Edward, 113 King St., July 30, aged 33. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

CAHILL.—William J., 228 Hart St., July 30. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

CHURCH.—Lewis H., 205 Flatbush Av., July 31. Funeral to-morrow.

FOSTER.—Arthur R., 414 51st St., July 30. Funeral to-morrow.

GEOGHEGAN.—Sarah A., 349 Court St., July 30, aged 29. Funeral to-morrow.

GLASER.—Louis H., 75 Stanhope St., July 29. Funeral to-day.

HENNING.—Sophia, 44 Steuben St., July 30. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

HEPPENHEIMER.—Catherine, 60 Avenue D, July 29, aged 67.

HIGGINS.—Hugh, St. Peter's Hospital, July 29, aged 83.

KINSEY.—Matilda C., 332 8th St., July 31, aged 63. Funeral to-morrow.

LAKE.—Mary A., 28 Palmetto St., July 31, aged 83. Funeral to-day.

LARNEY.—Hugh, 266 Ainslie St., July 31, aged 39. Funeral Aug. 4, 2 P. M.

MANNIX.—Roberta L., 1,550 East 18th St., July 29. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

MURPHY.—Loretta, 301 7th St., July 31. Funeral Aug. 3, 2 P. M.

MYLES.—Peter F., 142 Pearl St., July 29. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

OWENS.—Mary, 126 Albany Av., July 31. Funeral Aug. 3, 9:30 A. M.

SCHLIEMANN.—Dorothea E., 395 Bergen St., July 31, aged 62. Funeral to-morrow.

SIBLEY.—George, 70th St. and 22d Av., July 29. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

WHITELY.—John, Sr., 363 Hicks St., July 30, aged 46. Funeral to-day.

Jersey City and Newark.

CRANGLE.—John P., 15 Gautier Av., Jersey City, July 30.

DRES.—Emma, 111 Ferry St., Newark, July 30, aged 56. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

GIBLIN.—Patrick, 249 12th St., Jersey City, July 30. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

GLEESON.—Beatrice M., 56 Atlantic St., Jersey City, July 30, aged 12. Funeral to-morrow.

GREGORY.—Agnes B., 29 Murray St., Newark, July 29. Funeral to-morrow, 8:30 A. M.

HEALY.—Philip J., 205 New St., Newark, July 31. Funeral notice later.

NIES.—Mary, 87 Darcy St., Newark, July 30, aged 70. Funeral to-day.

REILLY.—Catherine, 21 School St., Newark, July 31.

TAYLOR.—William H., 82 Wilsey St., Newark, July 31.

XAVIER.—Lemuel E., 35 Crane St., Newark, July 30, aged 62. Funeral Aug. 3.

Long Island.

BRETT.—Walter, Rockaway, July 30. Funeral private.

CALAN.—George, 57 3d St., Long Island City, July 29, aged 5 months.

DALEY.—James, Ridgewood, July 29, aged 2 months.

DOUGHERTY.—Daniel, Baldwin, July 30. Funeral to-morrow.

FREDERKIEL.—George J., Middle Village, July 29.

KUHN.—Harry, 279 12th Av., Astoria, July 29, aged 1 month.

MULLER.—Henry C., 704 8th Av., Long Island City, July 29, aged 67.

PELASKI.—Leopold, Bayside, July 29, aged 1 year.

REINHARDT.—Pauline, Far Rockaway, July 29, aged 36.

TITUS.—Mary P., Farmingdale, July 28, aged 95. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

Westchester County.

LONG.—John P., 3 Terrace Place, Yonkers, July 30.

NAPIER.—Mrs. George, Peekskill, July 30, aged 20. Funeral to-day.

TRAUDT.—Raymond L., Peekskill, July 29.

In Memoriam.

HEALEY.—Ellen, mass St. Patrick's Cathedral, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

HIGGINS.—Annie L., in memory of; died Aug. 1, 1911.

MURRAY.—Michael T., mass St. Antony's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

ORMSBY.—Mary, mass St. Joseph's Church, Jersey City, to-morrow, 8 A. M.

UNDERTAKERS.
FRANK E. CAMPBELL, 241-243 West 23d.

CEMETERIES.
THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolley. Office, 20 East 23d St., N. Y.

July.

In July The New York Times published 515,175 lines of advertisements compared with 482,896 lines in July, 1911, a gain of 32,279 lines.

The New York Times has a net paid daily sale exceeding 200,000 copies and, considering the quality of its circulation, is the best advertising medium in the world.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

ANNUAL SHOW OF WALLPAPER

Display to be Divided Among Salesrooms and Hotels.

The attention of the New York wallpaper trade is now turned to the annual exhibition of new lines which will open in this city on Aug. 12. From present indications the attendance will be large, but the efforts of certain trade factors to have the exhibition held this year under a single roof having failed, the display will be even more divided than was the case a year ago. As usual, the bulk of the offerings of the out-of-town manufacturers will be shown at The Breslin, the Imperial, and the Victoria. Local manufacturers will display their lines in their own showrooms.

From all accounts the new lines show general improvement, from an artistic and decorative standpoint, over those offered last year. Business has of late been somewhat below the standard expected, but the future outlook is good, and a feeling of optimism is said to be general in the trade.

According to a list recently compiled by The Wall Paper News, the following firms will participate in the hotel exhibitions:

At The Breslin, Audebert Wall Paper Mill, Becker, Smith & Pape, Inc., Carey Brothers' Wall Paper Manufacturing Company, Chicago Wall Paper Company, the Commercial Company, the Cott-a-lap Company, De Campi, A. L. Diament & Co., Enterprise Wall Paper Company, Fabrikoid Works, Geneva Wall Paper Company, the Robert Griffin Company, Hobbs, Benton & Heath, Hodges Fibre Carpet Company, Imitation Art Glass Company, Janeway & Co., the Mayhew-Stevens Company, the Multiple Display Fixture Company, Nickerson Wall Paper Exhibitor Company, the Pittsburgh Wall Paper Company, the Prager Company, Richard Rose, the Schmitz-Horning Company, the Standard Oil Cloth Company, Standard Wall Paper Company, the Sun Wall Paper Company, Wallace Wall Paper Company, Walcutt Brothers Company, and the Windowphanie Company.

At the Imperial, William Campbell Wall Paper Company, the Gilbert Wall Paper Company, E. R. Haffelfinger & Co., the Imperial Wall Paper Company, the T. J. McIlvaine Company, Progressive Pulp and Paper Company, Quaker City Wall Paper Company, Standard Wall Paper Company, the Jacob Thomas Company, Vornhold Wall Paper Company, the York Card and Paper Company, and the York Wall Paper Company.

At the Victoria, the Bailey Wall Paper Company and the Star-Peerless Wall Paper Company.

WOULD OUST LUMBER FIRMS.

Missouri Commissioner Says Trust Exists with $15,000,000 Capital.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., July 31.—The report of Special Commissioner Reynolds in the State's ouster suit against certain lumber companies, alleged to be in a trust, which was filed in the Supreme Court to-day, was against the lumber companies.

The suit was filed by the Attorney General against thirty-five lumber companies, and the Commissioner found that twenty-nine of them are in a trust in violation of the anti-trust laws on four allegations.

The first of these is that the lumber companies had a price list committee and used what was known by members as an "association price list"; second, that members of the association curtailed the output to consumers; third, that there was a joint trade agreement in 1904 between members of the Yellow Pine Manufacturers' Association and members of the various retail dealers' associations whereby the manufacturers and the wholesalers agreed to sell only to certain retail dealers who were regarded legitimate dealers, and, fourth, by blacklisting certain retailers known as "poachers" who did not obey trade regulations established by the Yellow Pine Manufacturers' Association.

The twenty-nine companies which were found guilty have an aggregate capital of $15,000,000. The report will be set for hearing before the Supreme Court at the October term on exceptions. Seven of the twenty-nine companies are foreign corporations and twenty-two are incorporated in Missouri.

The list of foreign companies and their capital stock in Missouri follows: W. R. Pickering Lumber Company, Louisiana, $2,000; Arkansas Lumber Company, Arkansas, $2,000; Chicago Lumber and Coal Company, Iowa, $500; Detroit Timber and Lumber Company, Michigan, $5,000; Dierk's Lumber and Coal Company, Nebraska, $30,000; Freeman Smith Lumber Company, Iowa, $10,000, and Glen Lumber Company, Kansas, $10,000.

CHARGE BILL POSTER TRUST.

Government to Sue for Dissolution of Association.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Suit to dissolve the Poster Advertising Association, formerly the Bill Poster Association of the United States and Canada, is expected to be filed by the Government in a few days.

The accusation is alleged violation of the Sherman anti-trust law. The organization, which is said to control bill posting in more than 3,000 cities and towns, is believed to have been under investigation by the Department of Justice for several months

The prosecution is expected to be based on the restrictions alleged to be in the constitution and by-laws of the association These rules are declared to compel the members of the association to do their poster advertising through certain delegated advertising agencies, named by the board of directors as the only agents to receive and make contracts for such advertising. Through this system, it is asserted, practically the entire bill posting business of the United States is controlled and certain fixed prices maintained in a classified scale according to the size and population of the city or town.

The main headquarters of the Poster Advertising Association are in Chicago, and its Board of Directors consist of members selected through local organizations in different parts of the country.

LOSE 545,000 FARM ANIMALS.

But Value of Remainder Has Increased $7,731,000, Say Veterinarians.

UTICA, N. Y., July 31.—At the annual convention of the New York State Veterinary Association here this afternoon statistics from all parts of the State showed that there are 545,000 fewer farm animals in the State than in 1909, but that the values of the animals have increased $7,731,000.

The shrinkage in horses numbers 100,000, and in milch cows 294,000. The society voted to take action against eighty-seven alleged illegal veterinary practitioners in the State. It was reported that there are plenty of veterinarians to take care of the animal population of the State.

$50,000,000 MACHINE TRUST.

Four Companies Merged as the Emerson Brantingham Mfg. Co.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., July 31.—The Geiser Manufacturing Company and the Reeves Engine Company of this city have merged with the Minneapolis Gas Traction Company and the American Drill Company into a $50,000,000 combine, to be known as the Emerson Brantingham Manufacturing Company.

The new concern will give employment to about 6,000 persons, and will be the largest manufacturer of heavy machinery in the world.

New Chicago Trade Board Secretary.

CHICAGO, July 31.—John C. F. Merrill was elected Secretary of the Chicago Board of Trade yesterday to succeed George F. Stone, who died several weeks ago. Mr. Merrill was President of the institution.

ACTIVE DRY GOODS LINES.

Advancing Prices Cause Brisk Trade in Cottons and Prints.

Despite the fact that threatening weather retarded morning trading somewhat, the total volume of business in the New York dry goods market yesterday showed little recession from the levels of the previous day. The number of out-of-town buyers active in the market on Tuesday was augmented by further arrivals from the South and Southwest. Western retailers are beginning to come in in a fair way from all accounts, and it is believed in the trade that the coming week will see a representative number of them busy with Fall selections. Mail orders were generally good, considering the increasing number of buyers in the city.

Advances named Tuesday on certain lines of low and medium grade bleached cottons stimulated activities in this end of the primary market. With cotton prices showing a tendency to harden, it is said in certain quarters of the market that the end of higher prices for cotton goods is not yet in sight. Fine cotton fabrics were contracted for in a quiet way, but the continuation of the New Bedford strike put a check on any real activity in this line. Recently named print advances go into effect to-day, and buyers were said to have been active yesterday in an endeavor to beat the rise. Hosiery trading was rather quiet in this market, and underwear sales for next Spring were generally limited.

The strength of the primary cotton goods market improved trading in these lines somewhat in the jobbing end of the trade yesterday. Fall hosiery showed signs of activity, but underwear buying was generally light. Silks and ribbons moved in a fair way, but showed no material improvement over Tuesday's activities in these lines. Wash goods were well taken by buyers, and the day's sales of Fall dress goods showed little, if any, diminution. House business in this end of the market to date is said to have been excellent, and fully up to the levels expected after the good-road season experienced.

COTTON GOODS EXPORTS.

Shipments to Spanish-American Countries Lead Week's Record.

According to Custom House figures, exports of domestic and cotton duck from the Port of New York in the week ended July 27 show a substantial decrease in size and value from those of the previous week. Total shipments of this class of merchandise forwarded in the week ended Saturday last aggregated 4,351 packages, valued at $287,020, against 8,823 packages, valued at $710,905, shipped in the preceding week. Total exports of these goods from New York, recorded since the beginning of the current year, amount to 262,508 packages, valued at $16,414,132, a gain of 48,515 packages and $1,360,162 in value over similar shipments forwarded in the corresponding period a year ago.

Shipments to Central America headed the week's list, having been valued at $51,471. Forwardings to Cuba and Chile, valued respectively at $35,440 and $26,331, followed. Trading with Manila continues to feature activities in the local export market. Substantial orders for prints and other cotton fabrics from the Philippines still remain to be shipped, and a fair amount of new business is reported to have come forward from there in the last week or ten days. The smaller miscellaneous foreign markets are contributing some good business, but the Chinese demand shows few signs of improving. English competition is making it difficult for American exporters to get any great amount of business there at the present price levels of cotton goods in this country. Orders received from the Red Sea districts are limited in size and number as a rule, but some nice business in coarse cottons from India is reported. South and Central American trade is fairly active, but could show a great deal of improvement from all accounts.

CHICAGO POSTAL SAVINGS BIG

Exceed $1,250,000 in a Year, Leading New York by Thousands.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 31.—The first anniversary of the establishment of the Postal Savings Bank system in Chicago, which occurs to-morrow, will show Chicago to be ahead of other cities in the accummulation of savings accounts. The business of the Savings Department of the Chicago Post Office will show receipts that, it is estimated, will exceed $1,250,000.

Chicago leads New York in receipts by several hundred thousand dollars. The first Postal Savings Bank Station in Chicago was established at the Main Post Office on Aug. 1, 1911. The demand has increased so rapidly that stations have been installed in forty five Sub-Postal Stations.

MEMPHIS SHIPPERS WIN.

They Must Get Same Reshipping Rates as St. Louis and Other Points.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Railroads in the South and Southwest, according to the decision of the Inter-State Commerce Commission in the case of the Memphis Grain and Hay Association, must give to Memphis, Tenn., the benefit of the reshipping freight rates in effect from St. Louis, Mo., and other competing points.

It was urged by the association that the general transit regulations of the lines were arbitrary and unreasonable, but the contention was not sustained by the commission, which held that the disadvantages under which Memphis labored resulted largely from "loose rules and practices in force at other and competing grain markets."

No order was issued by the commission, but one will be made unless the railroads comply voluntarily with the suggestions of the decision.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

The Daily Consular and Trade Report notes the following foreign trade opportunities. Further information regarding them may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of the item referred to:

9,275. MACHINES FOR STAMPING WOODEN SPOOLS.—A business firm in a European country has written to the Bureau of Manufactures that it has heard that American manufacturers of silk thread employ machines for stamping the wooden spools. This firm would like to get in touch with the manufacturers of such machines.

9,276. ADDITION TO WHARF.—The American Consul General at Ottawa, Canada, reports that the Department of Public Works has advertised for tenders, to be received until Aug. 7, 1912, for addition to wharf at Murray Bay, Quebec. Plans, specifications, and form of contract can be seen and forms of tender obtained at the department, at the offices of A. R. Decary, District Engineer, Post Office Building, Quebec; J. L. Michaud, District Engineer, Merchants' Bank Building, St. James Street, Montreal, and from the Postmaster, Murray Bay.

9,277.—HYDRAULIC RAMS.—A resident of a South American country informs an American Consulate that he desires to purchase, preferably in the United States, a hydraulic ram for pumping water from the river for irrigating purposes. Communications should be in Spanish and price lists given with discounts, &c. It is thought the tube carrying the water will be about 1½ inches in diameter. Catalogues and communications should be sent direct to this person. The result of this scheme will be watched with interest by a number of persons who may follow the example and thus awaken to a realization of the advantages of modern machinery. Hitherto such machinery has not been extensively used in the region in question.

BUSINESS NOTES.

There has been little apparent change in the New York fur strike situation. Both sides are confident of victory, and from all accounts no attempts to compromise have been made by either party.

Reports from the New York drug market indicate general quiet, but prices hold firm at previous levels in absence of selling pressure. Essential oils are generally steady, and roots are meeting a seasonable demand at full prices.

Receipts of sugar at six United States ports last week were 8,000 tons, against 1,000 last week and none last year. Receipts at all ports totaled 9,000 tons, compared with 7,000 the week before and 5,000 a year ago. The exports of the six ports were 31,000 tons, compared with 49,000 and 17,000, and the stock was 283,000 tons, against 292,000 and 81,000.

FAVOR PLUSH AND VELVET.

Fall Styles Expected to Bring Large Demand for Them.

Fall trading in pile fabrics will reach record levels this year, according to Sydney Blumenthal of Sydney Blumenthal & Co., Incorporated, 395 Fourth Avenue.

"There is every indication that pile fabrics of all kinds will meet a heavier demand this Fall than ever before," said Mr. Blumenthal yesterday. "They are not only in unusual demand for millinery purposes, but the cloak and suit manufacturers are incorporating them extensively in their Fall models. The loose Greek type of cot that will be widely worn in the coming season is particularly suited to the using of pile fabrics, and seal plushes, velour du Nord, and imitation fur effects will be extensively used. Of the latter, fine effects in black lynx, mole and pony skin will be particularly popular.

"For dress wear velvets and velveteens will be widely used. Some double width velvets retailing as high as $10 a yard are shown, and are meeting general favor with the better class of trade. Fancy velvets in imitation corduroy and brocaded velvets are also slated for a good season. Velvet trimmings for garments of broadcloth, worsted, and other Winter fabrics will be much in vogue.

"This will be an excellent season for millinery plushes. Certain grades wanted for millinery purposes are already sold way ahead. The production of those fabrics is rather slow work, and it will be practically impossible to supply the full demand for them. The vogue for these plushes did not come as a boom. Their popularity for this season was forecast by their use a year ago, but, unfortunately, some members of the millinery trade were slow to act. While erect pile hatters' plush is the newer, and, consequently, much wanted, we are selling a good deal of the flat finished plush that was so popular last year. Voiseaux plushes, made to imitate the plumage of various birds, will be extensively used to garnish the furry effects to be seen in the new season's hats."

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

THE KAYTON TAXICAR AND GARAGE COMPANY.—The Kayton Taxicar and Garage Company of 182 East Seventy-third Street has filed a voluntary petition, with liabilities of $30,304 and assets of $13,488, consisting of sixty-four cars, $10,600; repair parts and tools, $2,000; accounts, $773, and cash in bank, $115. An involuntary petition was filed against the company on July 29, and it is said that efforts will be made to have that petition dismissed Among the creditors are the estate of Benjamin Guggenheim, who was lost in the Titanic disaster, $4,925; John J. Bailey, $4,754; John M. Reihle Company, $3,063; Standard Oil Company, $2,742; Bank of Europe, $2,000; Union Trust Company, $500, and Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company, $1,383.

WISHART-DAYTON AUTO TRUCK COMPANY.—A petition has been filed against the Wishart-Dayton Auto Truck Company of New York, dealer in auto trucks, 501 Fifth Avenue, by these creditors: William Farnum, $725; Eugene C. Ludin, $137, and James H. Rooney, $99. Judge Hand appointed Joseph Steinberg receiver, bond $2,500. The liabilities are stated to be $10,000 and assets $5,000.

GEORGE M. ROSEMIER.—George M. Rosemier, taxicabs, of 202 Amsterdam Avenue, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $1,840 and assets nominal. He owes $750 to the New Home Garage for rent of taxicabs, and $503 to the estate of William Scott Pyle for rent of a garage.

JACOB KLEINMAN.—A petition has been filed against Jacob Kleinman, manufacturer of furs, 31 West Eighty-eighth Street, by these creditors: Manhattan Furriers' Supply Company, $160; Jacob Levine, $300, and Maurice A. Keizer, $108. The liabilities are said to be $2,000 and the assets $1,500.

LOUIS GOLDBAUM.—A petition has been filed against Louis Goldbaum, manufacturer of raincoats, 67 Fifth Avenue, by these creditors: Plymouth Rubber Company, $500; M. Turkeltaub & Son, $65, and Herman Hertz, $350. The liabilities are said to be $9,000 and the assets $4,000.

LOUIS F. WINCKLER, manager, 75 Fulton Street, who resides at 340 Belleville Avenue, Newark, has filed a petition, with liabilities $12,956 and assets $2,059 cash in bank and his residence in Newark, valued at $5,000 and mortgaged for $5,000. The estate of Louis Winckler obtained a judgment against him in Brooklyn on July 8 for $9,081.

MIRA MARTELL.—Mira, also known as Myra, Martell, 22 West Fifty-ninth Street, has filed a petition, with liabilities $1,681 and no asets.

TUCKAHOE PROPERTY COMPANY.—Judge Hand has dismissed the petition filed on Dec. 27 against the Tuckahoe Property Company of 141 and 309 Broadway on consent of the three petitioning creditors. The company built ten houses in Tuckahoe, and the three petitioning creditors were the only ones unpaid.

JOHN FOCARILE.—Judge Hand has dismissed the petition filed on Nov. 20, 1911, against John Focarile, builder, of 287 Pleasant Avenue.

JUDGMENTS ENTERED.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Auerbach, Samuel, and Hyman Leibow—Armour & Co., $166.
Beckler, Theodore—H. Ehlers, $121.
Bayard, David—J. V. Wilson et al., $122.
Bruens, John A.—A. Ward, $128.
Beck, Maurice—R. Freres, $791.
Collora, Antonio—Armour & Co., $159.
Campazzi, Frank, and Michael O'Shaughnessy—People, &c., $500.
Evans, Kyrle—W. Moffat, $200.
Di Blasi, Alfonso, and Angiolina—W. L. Sayres, $112.
Danziger, Martin—Manhattan Leasing Co., $198.
Darrah, Mary E.—Charles J. Edwards, $146.
Davidow, William H.—A. Fromme, $5,223.
Frieri, Ettore—E. C. Terangioli, $164.
Frankl, Jacob, and Joseph Morgenstern—M. Levy, $1,906.
Gelber, Alexander and Samuel—Blackstone Realty Co., $740.
Garifalos, John D.—F. A. North Co., $304.
Grilihas, Meyer, and Abraham Feifer—I. Kalfus, $216.
Giesel, George M.—John Wanamaker, New York, $567.
Grasselonia, Filippe—J. Mangan et al., $108.
Heinsius, Herman—People, &c., $500.
Harvey, Hayward A.—F. Hartley, $476.
Johnson, Ivan T.—Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Horse Co., $399.
Kluger, Barnet—M. Markowsky, $144.
Kirschenbaum, Shael—A. Gedrych, $185.
Lizzol, Filomena, administratrix—T. Mancusi, $1,988.
Lent, William N.—Pleasant Spring Distilling Co., $118.
Mayham, Henry J.—New York Telephone Co., $501.
Mathews, George E.—Central Bottling Co., $277.
Miller, Nathan J.; Louis S. Oppenheimer, Philip J. Levi, and Maurice Rothschild—H. B. Schloss, costs, $118.
O'Donnell, Mary A.—J. Fitzgibbon, $294.
Potter, Emily C.—E. E. Dreyfous, $363.
Potts, Irwin—Central Bottling Co., $196.
Potts, Meyer; Mary Potts, and Isaac Yohalem—L. Goldstein, $188.
Roeder, Albert B.—J. S. McCulloh, $303.
Robins, William—Nason Manufacturing Co., $137.
Searles, A. Clayton—I. Rothschild et al., $182.
Seetel, Philip—H. W. Baker Linen Co., $757.
Stern, Augusta—M. Weishart, $441.
Schnaue, Frederick—Central Bottling Co., $393.
Stern, Jonas—D. Mayer, $1,177.
Schultz, Louis F.—Scheer-Ginsberg Realty and Construction Co., $146.
Thompson, Joseph H., Jr.—Brooklyn Trust Co., $120.
Weller, Charles N.—E. Weller, $168.
Walsh, James H.—F. W. Randall, $239.
Williams, Victor J.—I. Freedman, $100.
Wolfman, Martha—E. Wollman, $2,950.
Walpole, Mary; Ede J. Farrell, and William B. O'Malley—R. Gersmann, $554.
Zraick, Antoine A.—J. Picirelli, $228.
Brown Realty Co.—New York Telephone Co., $156.
Board of Education of the City of New York—R. Morris, $2,287.
Di Lizia Raffale Co.—E. Fixman et al., $223.

JUDGMENTS SATISFIED.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed:

Ainslie, George H.—Borden's Condensed Milk Co., Dec. 28, 1910, $12.
Ehlermann, Adolph, and John Peter—T. McCarthy and others, May 7, 1912, $85.
Goodman, Frederick F., Motor Car Exchange, Incorporated, and Frank D. Homan—J. Harris, July 24, 1912, $428.
Goldsmith, Louis—M. Cohen and others, June 15, 1910, $132.
Joline, Adrian H., Douglas Robinson, receivers, and William H. Barrett—F. A. Sleeper, June 25, 1912, $120.
Kaplan, George—E. Schubert, June 8, 1908, $334.
Lipman, Wolfe & Co.—Liebes Electric and Manufacturnig Co., July 23, 1912, $943.
Murphy, Robert P., and Capitol Security Co.—Hudson Trust Co., May 20, 1912, $1,066.
Schick, Johan—I. Blumberg, June 6, 1911, $1,119.
Senft, Elias—L. Schaefler, Nov. 9, 1911, $74.
Kaplan, George—City of New York, Nov. 9, 1909, $59.
Century Gas and Electric Fixture Co.—Hudson Brass Works, July 23, 1912, (released,) $120.

SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

Bedford cord stripes, varying from one-sixteenth to one-quarter of an inch in width, in two-tone effects, will be among the principal novelty ribbons used for millinery garniture this Fall.

According to information from Chicago, the demand for tan shoes in the Middle West is constantly increasing. The better grades are particularly popular.

Woolen hosiery is said to have received a good demand so far this season, a good part of the call for it having come from the Western States.

Ostrich and fancy feathers will feature strongly in the trimming of women's hats for Fall.

MAKE BANKNOTES SMALLER.

Secretary MacVeagh Would Reduce Them One-Third and Systematize Them.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The size of all United States currency and National banknotes probably will be reduced by one-third and their designs revolutionized by Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh. This will be an economy for the Government and convenient to the public, and will be a safeguard against counterfeiting.

Paper money will be reduced probably from 7.28 by 3.04 inches to 6 by 2½ inches, and its designs will be systematized and made uniform for every denomination. This is expected to save the Government about $900,000 annually and the National banks, which pay for the plates for their notes and part of the cost of redemption, about $200,000.

The cost of the change will be reduced greatly by adopting one general design for all National banknotes of each denomination. The name, location, and charter number of each bank being designated by surface printing.

There are now nineteen currency designs, which would be reduced to nine, each of which would have a distinctive historical portrait engraved in the centre. The department may assign the portraits thus: $1 note, Washington; $2, Jefferson; $5, Lincoln; $10, Cleveland; $20, Jackson; $50, Grant; $100, Franklin; $500, Chase, and $1,000, Hamilton.

ICE TRUST TO OPEN BOOKS.

Inquiry Halted to See if Company Is Breaking Law.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Investigation of the so-called "Ice Trust" by the Federal Grand Jury here was suspended today when the American Ice Company agreed to open its books to a representative of the Government for an investigation as to whether the Sherman anti-trust law is being violated.

William A. Tucker of New York, a Director of the company, reached this agreement with Attorney General Wickersham. If a full investigation shows that the company is violating the law, it promises to readjust its methods.

A $6,500,000 mortgage to secure an issue of bonds for that sum was filed here today by the company. It covers all the company's properties in Maine, New Jersey, Maryland, New York, and Pennsylvania.

The properties of the American Ice Company of New York, the Knickerbocker Ice Company, the Ice Manufacturing Company of New Jersey, and the Knickerbocker Ice Company of Philadelphia are covered.

GRAIN PRICES ERRATIC.

Option for July Wheat Delivery Falls —Oats Price Rises.

CHICAGO, July 31.—Erratic price changes took place to-day in the last few minutes of trading in the July delivery of grain. That option, which expired today, fell 6½ cents a bushel net for wheat, and rose 2½ cents net for oats.

In corn the trades were as much as three-fourths of a cent apart at the same instant in different corners of the pit.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

New York.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 31.—Among the corporations filing certificates with the Secretary of State to-day were:

Carolina Drainage Co. of Manhattan; realty; $500,000; J. H. Randolph, J. O. Tryon, R. A. Burbank.

United Distillers Co. of Manhattan; brew and distil wines, &c.; $200,000; L. Spiegel, C. Spiegel, A. Piller.

Columbian-Venezuelan Trading Co. of Manhattan; general commission; $125,000; D. E. Foley, E. Manney, J. H. Minos.

The Cawood Mica Company of Buffalo; own mines, minerals, mica beds, &c.; $150,000; E. S. Hughes, G. H. Chadeayne, W. C. Chadeayne, J. E. Hughes.

A. N. Dollard Coal Sales Co. of Manhattan; deal in coal, coke, wood, &c.; $100,000; G. E. Lyon, F. J. Rossbach, H. Herber.

W. Irving Osborne & Co. of Manhattan; Government, municipal, and other bonds and securities; $100,000; J. B. Summerfield, W. Haviland, A. H. Taylor.

Garden City Conservatory of Music and Arts, Inc., of Garden City; manufacture musical instruments; $100,000; C. H. Bobbs, I. Dobrow, H. Fried.

Manhattan Underwriting Agency, Inc.; representative of corporations and realty; $100,000; F. A. Wilkie, H. Czuczka, L. B. Alterman.

Arthur McMullen & Moff Co. of Manhattan; general contracting, engineering, and construction; $100,000; F. S. Senior, F. J. Parker, C. M. O'Keeffe.

Simon Leib & Froehlich Co. of Manhattan, woolens and worsteds; $60,000; M. J. Simon, H. J. Leib, A. Froehlich.

C. H. Curtiss Co. of Tarrytown; general hardware; $50,000; John McCutchen, G. W. Curtiss, H. C. Griffin.

P. H. Keahon, Inc., of Manhattan; general trucking; $50,000; V. K. Flynn, T. Keahon, R. Keahon.

Vogel & Lemlein Co. of Manhattan; clothing and wearing apparel; $50,000; M. Vogel, L. Burgess, E. C. Vogel, P. J. Gunn.

Plug Connection Electric Co. of Manhattan; apparatus used in electric fixtures; $25,000; S. G. Nissenson, R. C. Einstein, J. F. Crater.

Electro Mechanical Works Co. of Manhattan; manufacture and sell the spray vibrator; $25,000; M. Davidson, S. Tarbes, P. Lauter.

W. A. Day Co. of Manhattan; general merchandise; $10,000; W. Scharff, B. E. Lewis, S. Lender.

Ewen Realty Corporation of Bronx; $10,000; J. Taglieber, Jr., W. Taglieber, O. J. Kalb.

Cunningham & Foley, Inc., of Manhattan; general contracting; $10,000; T. L. Cunningham, B. C. Foley, A. L. Cunningham.

L. D. & N. Waxberg, Inc., of Manhattan; hardware supplies; $10,000; L. D. Waxberg, N. Waxberg, I. Waxberg.

The Tappe Millinery Co. of Manhattan; milliners, hatters; $10,000; R. Wilson, J. G. Wilson, H. Etsch, Jr.

New Jersey.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., July 31.—The following corporations were chartered in the office of Secretary of State Crater to-day:

Empire State Law List Publishing Company, Bloomfield, $100,000 capital, to engage in printing and binding. Incorporators—Robert Meyers, Henry Harkay, Bernard A. McDermott

George W. Kephart, Incorporated, Camden, $25,000 capital, undertakers. Incorporators—William K. Ashton and Bertha L. and George W. Kephart.

Maybaum Beef Company, Newark, $50,000 capital, to deal in cattle. Incorporators—Frank S., Paul S., and William Maybaum.

The McAdoo-Misner Company, Newark, $50,000 capital, to deal in building materials. Incorporators—William K. Jerey, Charles W. Darling, and Matthew P. Breeb, Jr.

M. and M. Tire Company, Trenton, $20,000 capital, to manufacture rubber goods. Incorporators—William McGinnis, Edgar W. Cresse, and Walter A. Wood.

CONSULAR TRADE NOTES.

A new cigarette making machine, invented by an American and constructed at Rorschach, in the St. Gall (Switzerland) consular district, is said to surpass all similar machines in quickness of operation and quality of fill. It promises to materially lessen the cost of cigarette production, for, because of its simple construction, it can be put on the market at a price lower in proportion to the amount and quality of its output than other machines now in use.

While there have been some complaints made in China regarding the quality of American sole leathers compared with price, it is generally recognized that the quality of American sole leather runs high and that the price is only proportionate to the quality. The general demand, however, is for lower grades, because of the incessant call for cheap goods in this field. American upper leathers are also criticised for some faults, but the matter of price seems to control largely in this class as well as in sole leathers.

American made shoes are preferred in Siam, but as yet no dealer in Bangkok keeps a sufficient stock on hand to meet the demand. The imports from the United States for 1911 amounted to $944, as compared with $384 for 1910.

A Reuter dispatch from Peking says that the Chinese Government is considering a telegram received from the Chinese Chamber of Commerce in Shanghai requesting the promulgation of a uniform system of registering trade marks.

L. Starr & Co. Owe $53,445.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 31.—Louis Starr, doing business under the name of L. Starr & Co., 35 to 41 Winter Street, who was petitioned into bankruptcy on June 22 last, filed his schedules of assets and liabilities in the United States District Court to-day. His liabilities aggregate $53,445, of which $561 is for taxes, $8,000 is secured, and $44,884 is unsecured. There are no assets scheduled.

Minesota Timber Cut.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 31.—According to estimates of the Northern Pine Manufacturers' Association the timber cut in Minnesota for 1912 will total 2,000,000,000 feet. This includes all the hard and soft woods and that small enough to be manufactured into laths.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Celluloid Coverings on Knife Handles Determines Rate of Duty.

The Belknap Hardware and Manufacturing Company of Louisville, Ky., was a protestant before the Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday in regard to an importation of table knives, which were assessed with duty at 4 cents each and 15 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 154, as knives with handles of celluloid or pyroxyline material. The handles of the knives are made of iron or steel, over which a thin sheet of celluloid had been laid, and the importers contended that iron or steel was the chief component of value of the handles, and the knives were properly classifiable at 1 cent each and 15 per cent. ad valorem. The board ruled that the shell of celluloid gave the finished article its character and sustained the Collector's action.

Abraham & Straus were partly successful in their contention before the board concerning women's handbags, some of which were composed in chief value of beads and others made of silver, and valued at more than $2 per dozen pieces. Duty was assessed on all the merchandise at 85 per cent., under Paragraph 448, and was argued to be dutiable at either 45 or 60 per cent. In the case of the beaded bags the Collector's decision was reversed, but as far as the silver mesh bags were concerned the protest was overruled.

Collector Loeb's assessment of $1 each and 40 per cent. ad valorem on escapements for clocks, jeweled and constructed upon the lever principle, was overruled by the board, in accordance with a previous Treasury decision. Bawo & Dotter, the importers, contended that the escapements were dutiable at 40 per cent. as "parts of clocks," under the provisions in Paragraph 192. Reliquidation will accordingly follow.

Robert B. Ways of Baltimore was before the board with a protest against the assessment of duty at 60 per cent. ad valorem on toy beaded necklaces costing less than 11 marks per gross. The importer was successful in his contention that the goods were properly dutiable as toys at 35 per cent. A decision in regard to similar goods was also decided in favor of A. Strauss & Co.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The following is the forecast for Thursday and Friday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia—Local showers Thursday and Friday; light to moderate southwest and west winds.

Florida, Alabama, and Mississippi—Local showers Thursday and Friday; light to variable winds.

Louisiana—Local showers Thursday and Friday; light to moderate southerly winds.

Eastern Texas—Fair Thursday and Friday; moderate southerly winds.

Western Texas—Fair Thursday, except showers in extreme western portion. Friday, fair and warmer.

Utah—Local showers Thursday and Friday.

Oklahoma—Local showers Thursday. Friday, fair and warmer.

Arkansas—Showers Thursday. Friday, fair in western, showers in eastern, portion.

Tennessee—Local showers Thursday and probably Friday.

Kentucky—Generally fair Thursday and Friday.

Ohio, Indiana, and Lower Michigan—Fair Thursday. Friday, fair and warmer; light to moderate north to northwest winds.

Illinois—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; warmer Friday; light to moderate north and northeast winds.

Upper Michigan—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; light to moderate north to northeast winds.

Wisconsin—Fair Thursday and Friday; warmer Friday; light to moderate northeast to east winds.

Minnesota—Fair Thursday. Friday, fair and warmer; light to moderate north to east winds.

Iowa—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; warmer Friday.

Missouri and North Dakota—Fair Thursday. Friday, fair and warmer.

South Dakota—Fair Thursday and Friday.

Nebraska—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; warmer Friday.

Kansas—Local showers Thursday. Friday, fair and warmer.

COURT CALENDARS.

STATE.

New York County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I., Lehman, J. Litigated motions. 1—Bluestein v. Lowe. 2—Beck & Sons v. Tynberg. 3—Matter of Creston Av. 4—Walk v. Lass. 5—Morse v. Morse. 6—Drummond v. Rodgers. 7—Matter of Lyon. 8—Danziger v. Jos King Const Co. 9—Healy v. Krawehl. 10—Reilly v. Degelman Realty Co. 11—Cerlian v. Bacon. 12—Jensen v. Pietrawski & Konof Co. 13—Taylor v. Ubert. 14—Anderson v. Waring. 15—Kaldenberg v. Kaldenberg. 16—Matter of Glebe Av. 17—Matter of Glebe Av (Mangone.) 18—De Lamar v. Ney. 19—Wolfman v. Wolfman. 20—Johnston v. Erie R R Co. 21—Youngs v. Parnass. 22—Hadden v. Wyatt. 23—McNamara v. Eisenkramer. 24—Belgar v. Ginsburg. 25—Rector, &c, Grace Church v. Jaffe. 26—Long Acre Elec Lt & Power Co v. Maguire. 27—Sperry & Hutchinson Co v. Futerman. 28—Samuels v. Levy. 29—People v. Knickerbocker Life Ins Co. 30—La Magna v. Parisi. 31—Niagara Life Ins Co v. Lesser. 32—Weinstock v. Mandel. 33—Enright v. Heckscher. 34—Frankenthal v. Cox. 35—Siebert v. Furlong-Tompkins Co. 36—Underhill v. Underhill. 37—James Everard's Brew v. McGovern. 38—Same v. same. 39—Harriman v. Burghardt. 40—Wahls v. Guggenheim. 41—Rosenstiel v. Seklir. 42—Murphy v. Kindelberger. 43—Cohen v. Cohen. 44—Schultz, Jr, v. Schultz. 45—Crandell v. Crandell. 46—Same v. same. 47—Schmuhl v. Ruppert. 48—Levine v. Tedder. 49—N Y Realty Credit Assn v. Real Estate Owners' Credit Assn. 50—Moskowitz v. Moskowitz. 51—Leisenbach v. Leisenbach. 52—Hart v. E & W Const Co. 53—Williams v. Williams. 54—City of N Y v. Cooper. 55—Van Slochem v. Villard. 56—People v. Kempner. 57—Monaghan v. Henrich. 58—Albert v. Veith. 59—Hearn v. Schuchman. 60—Talbot & Sons v. Dooley. 61—Egan v. Egan. 62—Nat Park Bank v. Connolly Auction Co. 63—City of N Y v. Armory Holding Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Bischoff, J. Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S. Wills for probate. John Wuellner, Mary A. O'Neil, Frederick Klenglen, Felix L. Elsoffer, Nellie H. Grant, Michael Dwyer, Tillie Klingenstein, Mary E. Skelly, Mary Willard, Claude Hudson, Eva E. Schabbehar, Bertha Sharsmitt, Richard Williamson.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Schmuck, J. Motions.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Schmuck, J. Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Page, J. Schloss v. Troman—Robert S. Conklin.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J. Brooklyn Trust Co v. Daniel—John H. Ryan.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J. Nolan v. Wolf—John F. Joyce. American Savings Bk v. Wallas—Joseph A. Warren. Rown v. Stang—George E. Weller. American Savings Bk v. Merritt—Joseph A. Warren.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J. Adams v. 151 West 19th Street—Richard J. Donovan.

CITY COURT—Lynch, J. Chambers v. Nat Standard Brew Co.—George W. Simpson.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J. Bernhard Mayer v. Nathan Leibow—Jacob Klein. Seamen's Bank for Savings v. Emanuel M. Krulewich—James S. Meng. Lincoln Trust Co v. Amelia Cohen—Isham Henderson. Morris Greenblatt v. Marine and Cont Supply Co.—Israel Tilden. Arbutus Realty Co v. John J. Beisiegel—Albert Sanders

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J. Egbert Winkler v. Vincenzo Manzione—Jacob Katz.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Kelly, J. Motions. 1—McLaughlin v. B H R R Co. 2—Rosen v. Rosen. 3—Imhof v. Feldman and others. 4—Joseph v. Weise and another. 5—Gross v. City of N Y. 6—Klein v. Miller. 7—Matter of Sikora. 8—Ashley v. Heatley. 9—Freedman v. Macklin. 10—Bragaw v. Stemmler and others. 11—Buckhout v. Esposito and others. 12—Law v. Edelson and another. 13—Sharkey v. Sharkey. 14—Rowan v. B'klyn Union Gas Co. 15—Peter v. Metzger et al. 16—Pollak v. Pollak. 17—Matter of Burns, Ariel Ath Assn, &c. 18—Scheiper v. Kiernan. 19—Bessner, an infant, v. B H R R Co. 20—Ditlio v. B H R R Co. 21—Farley v. B H R R Co. 22—Lipenske v. B H R R Co. 23—McGrath, an infant, v. B H R R Co. 24—Meyer v. B H R R Co. 25—Murray v. B H R R Co and another. 26—Norden, an infant, v. B H R R Co. 27—Pietijak v. B H R R Co. 28—Williamson v. B H R R Co. 29—Faxon, Marshall B. v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 30—Faxon, Elizabeth A. v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 31—Wamus v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 32—Husted, an infant, v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 33—Gill v. B U Ele R R Co. 34—Martin v. B U Ele R R Co. 35—Reich v. B U Ele R R Co. 36—Rosenbaum, an infant, v. B, Q Co & Sub R R Co. 37—Ruberstein v. B, Q Co & Sub R R Co. 38—Benevento v. Transit D Co and Nassau Elec R R Co. 39—Matter of Barbey St. 40—Benthan v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 41—Nocelino, an infant, v. B H R R Co. 42—Richlia, an infant, v. B H R R Co. 43—Matter of Wilson Av, (Stuyvesant Real Estate Co.) 44—Matter of Wilson Av, (Stuyvesant Real Estate Co and another.) 45—Matter of Wilson Av, (N Y Connecting R R Co.) 46—Squires v. L. Boyer's Sons Co and another. 47—In re High St, (Goldstein.) 48—In re Bartow St, (Walters.) 49—In re 14th Av, (Otto and another.) 50—In re Blackwell St, (Plath.) 51—In re Putnam Av, (Billerth and another.) 52—Matter of Bartow St, (Rott.) 53—Matter of Burr. 54—Haffner v. Andrews. 55—Bourne v. Degener. 56—Schwinge v. Schwinge. 57—Bongiorno v. Moritio. 58—Nedboy v. Brody. 59—Donaldson v. Nonacci.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Blackmar, J. Ex-parte business.

SURROGATE'S COURT—Ketcham, S. Will of Clarence Elliott. Accountings of Joseph Stevens, Martha Fleischmann, Benjamin Bates, Henry A Powell, Abraham Abraham, Jacob Grossman, John Dunn, and Bertha Junge. Estate of Caroline Turner.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Calendar—Part I. Ferris, J. Charles Booth, Robert Sharp, James Warne, Edward Warne, Louis Passaritti, Harry Fischer, Joseph Bowen, Michael Rosso, and Tony Bowers.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Miller, Daniel, Co., Baltimore, Md.; J. H. Spencer, domestics; 43 Leonard.

Gimbel Bros., Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss B. E. Ramsey, infants' wear; Mrs. G. Savidge, furs; B'way and 32d.

Garson, Meyer & Co., Rochester, N. Y.; S. L. Garson, clothing; 200 5th Av.; Cadillac.

Meinhard, H. S., & Bro., Savannah, Ga.; H. S. Meinhard, clothing, furn. goods; 640 B'way.

Fink Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss B. Emanuel, dresses; 129 W. 27th.

Fellman, Leon, New Orleans, La.; H. B. Strassburger, men's and boys' clothing and boys' furn. goods; 43 Leonard.

Salzenstein, M., Sheboygan, Wis.; Mr. Fongan, coats, suits, dresses; 15 E. 26th.

Sulzbacher, I., Steubenville, Ohio; J. I. Burka, cloaks, suits; 1,270 B'way.

Rhodes Co., Seattle, Wash.; Miss D. Lindquist, ready to wear; 100 5th Av.

Eliasberg Bros. Co., Selma, Ala.; T. Bender, furn. goods; 72 Leonard.

Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co., St. Louis, Mo.; L. D. Steiner, silks; Miss I. Holtz, waists, children's wear; 71 W. 23d.

Jones-Munger Co., Steubenville, Ohio; M. Lowengood, cloaks, suits; 114 5th Av.

Wilson Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; G. A. White, millinery; 2 Walker; Albert.

Scarborough & Hicks, Austin, Texas; E. M. Scarborough, dry goods; 220 5th Av.; Park Avenue.

Harris Millinery Co., New Orleans, La.; H. White, children's hats; 621 Broadway.

McCreery & Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; Miss Adams, suits; 214 Church.

Gray, Reid, Wright Co. Reno, Nev.; J. H. Gray, notions, laces; 45 E. 17th.

Harned & Von Mour, Davenport, Iowa; R. H. Harned, cloaks, millinery, corsets, waists; 31 Union Square; Park Avenue.

Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill.; D. A. Curtin, knit goods, muslin underwear; 438 Broadway; Broztell.

Weinman & Lewinson, Albuquerque, N. M.; D. Weinman, notions, hosiery, gloves; 129 West 27th.

Gamble-Desmond Co., New Haven, Conn.; J. H. Nealis, [illegible]

Shillito, [illegible] Ohio; G. Schiller, domestics; [illegible]

Wickersham [illegible]

Lauerman Brothers Co., Marinette, Wis.; J. Culman, [illegible]

Smith & Murray, Springfield, Mass.; L. Tosney, [illegible]

Hirschberg Brothers, Nashville, Tenn.; D. [illegible]

Gross, women's ready to wear, millinery; Somerset.

Klein, K. & S., Racine, Wis.; K. Klein, clothing, furnishing goods; Herald Square.

Lindner Co., Cleveland, Ohio; Miss A. Weber, dresses, costumes; Wolcott.

Buttery, F. A., Co., Havre, Mont.; Mrs. F. A. Buttery, cloaks, suits; 315 4th Av.; Broztell.

White, R. H., Co., Boston, Mass.; M. A. McBride, cloaks, suits; 1,270 Broadway.

Mandel Brothers Chicago, Ill.; Miss E. Galvin, ladies', infants' wear; 13 East 22d.

Porter, J. J., & Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; Miss K. Wells, millinery; Grand.

Hengerer, William, Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss E. Dean, waists; 214 Church; Grand.

Britton, G. M., Co., Pottsville, Penn.; C. F. Hoffman, furnishing goods; Grand.

Britton Co., Reading, Penn.; S. H. Britton, dry goods; Grand.

Majestic Shirt Co. Baltimore, Md.; W. S. McKeen, piece goods; 150 5th Av.

Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Mrs. Graves, ladies' suits; 104 Worth; Walcott.

Garfunkle, J., & Co., Washington, D. C.; Miss L. Wenner, infants' wear; Walcott.

Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Co., St. Louis, Mo.; F. A. Krim, suits; 71 West 23d.

Boston Store, Joliet, Ill.; M. Felman, dry goods; Wellington.

Houston, J. A., Co., Boston, Mass.; W. Daly, dress goods, silks; Great Northern.

Deardorf Co., Newark, Ohio; E. J. Deardorf, dry goods; C. Farmer, furn. goods; Marlborough.

Hirschler, E. & M., Co., Norfolk, Va.; M. Hirschler, notions, laces, furn. goods, hosiery, gloves; 377 Broadway.

Mathias, A., & Co., El Paso, Texas; A. Mathias, dry goods, furn. goods; 415 Broadway.

Cresient, The, Spokane, Wash.; C. T. Gillette, notions, leather goods; 225 4th Av.; Flanders.

Rosendale Co., Providence, R. I.; W. Rosendale, millinery; Flanders.

White, Miss L. E., Minneapolis, Minn.; millinery; Cumberland.

Liveright-Greenwood Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; M. Dreifus, woolens; Hoffman House.

Ditman, J. F., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; J. F. Ditman, woolens; Hoffman House.

Cramer, N., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; H. Cramer, woolens; Hoffman House.

Meldrum, H. A., Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; J. D. Healy, dress goods, cloths; 1,270 Broadway; Broztell.

Myers, J. G., Co., Albany, N. Y.; J. W. Fuller, hosiery, gloves, furnishing goods; 220 5th Av.; St. Denis.

Rosenthal, C., Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.; C. Rosenthal, general merchandise; St. Denis.

Scott Cloak House, Waterbury, Conn.; W. D. Scott, cloaks; Albert.

Fashion, The, Palestine, Texas; S. Brooks, cloaks, suits; Albert.

Silverman, M., & Son, Philadelphia, Penn.; A. Silverman, cloaks, suits; Latham.

Meedor-Cauthom Co., Atlanta, Ga.; T. B. Cauthorn, dry goods; 386 Broadway.

Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; J. H. Sisman, ladies' cloaks, suits, furs; 334 4th Av.

Famous & Barr Co., St. Louis, Mo.; R. Lockhart, Summer wear; 4 Washington Place.

"Hillman's," Chicago, Ill.; J. J. Seehof, millinery; Mr. Stone, millinery; 20 West 22d.

Raatz & O'Reilly, Austin, Texas; Miss Fischer, ready to wear; 79 5th Av.

Kerr Dry Goods Co., Oklahoma City, Okla.; G. Kerr, general merchandise; 100 5th Av.

Graham-Fagg Co., Greenville, Texas; C. A. Fagg, general merchandise; 100 5th Av.

Mellon Co., Oklahoma City, Okla.; M. D. Scott, housefurnishing goods, carpets; Mrs. C. Butcher, cloaks, suits, waists; 15 East 22d.

Muse-Faris-Walker Co., Los Angeles, Cal.; Miss M. Hagee, millinery; 31 Union Square.

Mandel Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; Miss B. Sternberg, fancy goods; 15 East 22d.

Davidson Brothers, Sioux City, Iowa; Mr. Morse, crockery; 1,261 Broadway.

Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; Mr. Rosenthal, ladies' hats; 32d and Broadway.

White, R. H., Co., Boston, Mass.; T. Barker, house furnishing goods; L. S. Conkey, bedding, furniture; 1,270 B'way.

Filene's, W., Sons Co., Boston, Mass.; L. P. Dutch, raincoats, bathing suits, walking skirts; F. C. Bennett, men's, boys' hats; Mr. Libby, millinery, (basement;) 116 W. 32d.

Malley, Ed, Co., New Haven, Conn.; A. Sandbach, furnishing goods, hosiery, gloves; Miss Euyholt, pictures; E. A. Sadd, upholstery goods; W. P. Lincoln, dress goods, silks, velvets, linings; 320 Church.

Porteous & Mitchell Co., Norwich, Conn.; W. T. Rogers, boys' clothing; 55 White.

Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co., Rochester, N. Y.; Miss C. McNeil, ladies' suits, dresses; H. Griffith, hosiery; G. C. Kemp, gloves; 454 Broome.

Frank & Seder, Pittsburgh, Penn.; I. Seder, general mdse.; 225 4th Av.

Shartenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.; W. C. Burwell, dry goods; 75 Spring.

Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; U. S. Grant, upholstery goods; 115 Worth.

Rice-Stix Dry Goods Co., St. Louis, Mo.; G. C. Baker, remnants, outings, blankets; 377 Broadway.

Eliasberg & Brothers Mercantile Co., Selma, Ala.; H. Bender, furnishing goods; H. Eliasberg, dry goods; 72 Leonard.

Crews-Beggs Dry Goods Co., Pueblo, Col.; [illegible]

[illegible] Reading, Penn.; A. Hill, [illegible]

[illegible]

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

England.

Italy.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL
Rome

SURROGATE NOTICES.

TO THE CREDITORS OF WILLIAM R. BEAL, late of the Town of Newburgh, County of Orange, New York, deceased:

Take notice that pursuant to Section 2,664 of the Code of Civil Procedure of the State of New York, the undersigned, with the consent of all of the next of kin of said William R. Beal, deceased, intends to apply to the Hon. John B. Swezey, Surrogate of the County of Orange, for the issuance of letters of administration upon the goods, chattels, and credits of said William R. Beal, deceased, upon his filing a bond with sufficient sureties in the penal sum of twice the total amount of claims of creditors filed with said Surrogate as provided in Section 2,664, the amount of said bond to be not less than the sum of $5,000.

Take further notice that you are hereby required to present to the said Surrogate of the County of Orange, at his office in the Town of Goshen, County of Orange, State of New York, on or before the 24th day of August, 1912, any claim that you may have against said William R. Beal, deceased.

Yours, etc.,
THADDEUS R. BEAL.

Dated July 19th, 1912.

JOBBERS, MANUFACTURERS AND DEPARTMENT STORES

Pursuant to Our Business Policy of Long Standing to Hold an Annual Sale for the Purpose of Quickly Unloading Our Surplus Stock We Announce Our

Annual
Embroidery Clearance Sale
THURSDAY, AUGUST 1st,
until
TUESDAY, AUGUST 6th.

Heine Embroidery sales are successful and looked forward to by the trade because they include MERCHANDISE AT REDUCTIONS indicative of their policy to go into the next season with minimum stocks.

SALE takes place at our Salesrooms and Warehouse,
503-505 Broadway, New York.

Arnold B. Heine & Co.

TRADE SALE
OF
EINSTEIN-WOLFF COMPANY
Prior to Removal to Their New Quarters
Corner Broadway & 25th St.
Formerly part of Hoffman House.
$300,000
Worth of Desirable Merchandise will be Sacrificed at their present location
443-445 BROADWAY
Beginning MONDAY, July 29th
Ending SATURDAY, Aug. 3rd
Embroideries, Laces, Handkerchiefs, Neckwear, Novelties

FRANK N SEDER, PITTSBURGH, ARE OPEN TO BUY JOBS OF WOMEN'S SPRING AND FALL SUITS, LINEN SUITS, SPRING AND FALL MIXTURE AND SERGE COATS, RED NORFOLK JACKETS, CHILDREN'S SPRING AND FALL COATS, WASH DRESSES OF ALL KINDS, WASH AND CLOTH SKIRTS. THE ABOVE TO BE HIGH CLASS MERCHANDISE FOR SPOT CASH. QUANTITIES NO OBJECT. CALL WITH SAMPLES OR 'PHONE IN THE MORNING.
S. SOLOMON,
RESIDENT BUYER,
221 4TH AV.

High-Class Athletic Underwear as Side Line.
SALESMAN of high standing, calling on the best haberdashery and dept. store trade, wishing to carry a side line that takes up little space and an article of special merit, (a patented device,) recognized as the best of its kind, will apply, with full particulars as to experience and territory, also references, to "J. Leon," 107 W. Fayette St., Baltimore, Md. Strictly commission basis.

F. ALTHEIMER CO.
Fall line ready. Chiffon, Charmeuse and Crepe Meteor Dresses, Chiffon and Lace Waists.
36 & 38 WEST 20TH ST.

PACKARDS FOR HIRE.
Latest Models. Prices Reasonable.
PLAZA MOTOR RENTING CO.
Phone Bryant [illegible] [illegible] Broadway.

FINE COLOUR PRINTS AND PICTURES. English mezzotints, printed in colour, 300 subjects. French, German, and Japanese colour prints. Costume and Sporting prints, English and French caricatures, rare and unusual. Nothing ordinary or commonplace. Prices right. Marsala Co., 128 Madison Av.

Wanted for cash, any quantity serge suits, dresses, misses' and children's coats, 1,000 children's bearskin coats, silk dresses, and waists; the price must be rock bottom. Suits, R 126 Times.

Xmas, New Year and all season cards and novelties.
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MARABOU OSTRICH NECKWEAR | JOS. A. STEIN, 28-30 W. 22d St. | NOVELTIES, MUFFS, TRIMMINGS

Salesman.—Man of good record in the muslin underwear line to represent us in the South; also man for New York City. Simon & Mendelsohn, 536 Broadway.

EXPERIENCED BUYER general ladies', gentlemen's furnishings, wishes connect large concern; best references. Box 483 Times.

For Hire.—Packards, $3 to $6 per hour; excellent service; experienced drivers. 3267 Columbus.

AUTOS TO HIRE
Special Summer Rates.
PRIVATE AUTO RENTING CO.
Phone 5052 Columbus.

AUTOS FOR HIRE.
Packard cars, 1912 models, 7-passenger; Coney Island, City Island, Travers Island, 4 hours $15. Phone 2760 Bryant.

LIABILITY LAW WINS JERSEY EMPLOYERS

Opposition Has Given Place to Approval with More Than 90 Per Cent.

ALL CASUALTY RATES DROP

A Year's Trial Shows Great Saving in Litigation and Court Cost—Few Changes Suggested.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., July 31.—More than 90 per cent. of the employers of industrial labor in New Jersey have virtually subscribed to the provisions of the employers' liability law, now in operation for one year. The disfavor of manufacturers, intense when the law was in the throes of enactment, has been practically eliminated after studying the operation for the last twelve months, and, with few exceptions, the men who hand out the pay envelopes are now as keen for the plan as the laborer in whose interest it was presented.

So complete is the surrender of the employers of the State that, according to Gen. Lewis T. Bryant, Commissioner of Labor and head of the busiest department in the State House, there are only two large manufacturing concerns in the State not operating under the provisions of the compensation schedule of the act, and of these one has a compensation rate of its own, in excess, in most classes of accidents, of the Commonwealth's schedule.

Just as the employers capitulated, so have the stock liability insurance companies, many of which, immediately upon the passage of the employers' liability law, boosted their insurance rates to an excessive scale. The New Jersey Legislature came back at these companies by passing a law at the last session permitting the organization of mutual companies, by ten or more persons, allowing the issuing of insurance in all its branches, including industrial, accident, and casualty. The rates of the stock companies immediately began to tumble, for the law, as intended, inspired the formation of mutuals among big employers in any community and with the requirements of the employers' liability law making this a desirable move, the act was a death-thrust at high rates. If the stock companies hoped to continue to write policies of this class, a rate low enough to tempt the employer who was considering the mutual idea was necessary.

Down came the rates, as a consequence, and in the fierce competition among the stock companies for business in this new field the law has opened up, new reductions are being made by one company or another every month. When the employers' liability law went into effect, for example, the companies were charging $7 and $8 for annual insurance, under the law's schedule of compensation, for a domestic servant. That particular rate is down now to $3, and it is going lower, the insurance men themselves admit. Factory employes are even on a less percentage, according to the hazard of their employment.

So material has been the reduction in the industrial casualty rates that the big manufacturers have been slow in banding together under the provisions of the act of last year. Deputy Commissioner Thomas K. Johnson of the Department of Insurance and Banking states that not a single charter for a mutual company has been issued by his department, as yet, although several groups of manufacturers have been talking over plans for such organizations. One large New England mutual company has, however, entered the New Jersey field with its low rates, and is writing much business.

Saving in Court Costs.

What this actually means to the employe, injured and seeking damages or to the dependents of an employe killed in an industrial accident is illustrated in a statement last week by William E. Stubbs, Secretary of the Employers' Liability Commission, appointed by Gov. Wilson to study the workings of the new law and suggest necessary amendments. It is his duty to get the vital facts and figures and arrange them for the intelligent digestion of the commission, and every industrial accident in the State, causing disability of an employe for two weeks or more, comes under his notice and study.

"Under the old system of suing in the courts for compensation," says Secretary Stubbs, "it appears from the best figures obtainable that the injured were receiving on the average only about one-third of what they were awarded by the courts—that is, the employers were paying about $3, of which $1 went to the employe or his dependents and $2 to his legal adviser and for court costs.

"The employers' liability law entirely eliminates that useless waste, with the exception of a very small percentage of cases which are brought before the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas for adjustment."

There have been practically no disputes submitted to the courts over the amount of damages to be assessed under the new law, says Mr. Stubbs, but principally where the employe seeks to have his compensation, which the law stipulates shall be paid weekly, commuted to one lump sum. For the protection of the workman himself the act especially provides such commutation shall be paid him weekly until ordered otherwise by the court after a thorough investigation of the circumstances.

To Gen. Lewis T. Bryant, New Jersey's Labor Commissioner, all students of the situation give credit for the successful interpretation and application of the employers' liability law and attendant acts during the experimental period. Gen. Bryant's opinions of the law and its solution of one big phase of the capital-labor problem are an interesting commentary upon the situation.

Safeguards Now Provided.

He says of the law:

"The fact that under its operations the employer is largely relieved of the liability and annoyance of a suit and that the damages to which he will be subjected under given conditions are established by the compensation schedule, is gradually being looked upon as an advantage rather than a disadvantage.

"The fact that the employer is liable for all injuries occurring to employes, unless it can be proved that the injury was occasioned by a deliberate action of the employe or that intoxication was the approximate cause of the injury, creates an economical proposition. The burden of proof of the situation is placed upon the manufacturer, and the whole situation establishes an excellent reason for making a particular effort to so safeguard the surroundings of his employes as to reduce the probability of an accident to a minimum.

"This is one of the most beneficial aspects of the present laws governing the situation, and there is no doubt but that when a determined effort is made to promote accident prevention rather than simply arrange for compensation to the injured workmen, the number of accidents will be still more materially decreased. The Pennsylvania Railroad made a determined and systematic effort to reduce accidents among its employes, and within comparatively a few months the number of accidents on its entire system has been reduced at a ratio of from 800 to 100.

"The State of New Jersey has enacted laws to permit the formation of mutual insurance companies under the most favorable conditions, with the idea of permitting them to carry their own casualty insurance, and in this event every reason should be presented to warrant them in making especial efforts to safeguard their employes, so as to reduce the number and extent of accidents.

"For years factory mutuals have carried fire insurance at greatly reduced rates over the premium generally in vogue, and this result has been made possible by means of the efforts expended in providing methods for preventing fire and also for extinguishing fire in case it occurs.

"The manufacturers of the State have also organized a manufacturers' association for the purpose of carrying their own casualty insurance, and this undertaking has met with very generous response from the manufacturers. The object of the laws relative to formation of mutual insurance companies is for the purpose of bringing the rates of casualty insurance as low as possible. One of the most potent forces in securing this result is a comprehensive and efficient inspection of factories by a corps of trained factory Inspectors. A large majority of manufacturers are perfectly willing to properly safeguard their machinery provided they are made aware of the most approved method of thus accomplishing the result.

"In fact the situation in New Jersey has actually reached the point where manufacturers are coming to the Department of Labor and asking that our best Inspectors be sent to make a study of the situation in their particular plant and to suggest the best plans for the greatest safeguards to their employes, both against fire and against accidents.

"New Jersey has taken the greatest step forward by placing all the Inspectors of the department under the protection of the civil service laws and is requiring technical training for certain specified positions.

"In the last analysis, I am satisfied that the enactment of the employers' liability and workmen's compensation law will prove a decided blessing, not only to the workman, who, under the old system saw two-thirds of the amount of money expended by the manufacturers for compensating him against injury, dissipated by the insurance company, court costs, and ambulance-chasing lawyers but also to the employer of labor, who, under this system, will have the satisfaction of realizing that a very much larger percentage of the expenditure made by him is reaching the source for which it was intended. Again, the workman, who is satisfied that he is surrounded by better means of protection and that in case of injury either he or his family will receive a known compensation, will reflect these improved conditions by greater ability and a higher degree of efficiency.

"Under our law the settlement of injuries may be adjusted directly between the employer and employe, and the injured workman will thereby receive the benefit of every dollar that it costs the employer. The employer will be relieved from the burden of lawsuits and the uncertainty or liability of excessive damages. The workman knows that he is assured of 50 per cent. of his wages during industrial disability, with all that this implies, and further, that his dependents will receive a fixed compensation in case of a fatal accident.

"Altogether the new system, after it has been thoroughly installed, would appear to commend itself to all the parties concerned, with the probable exception of the ambulance chasers, who were obtaining a living off the misfortunes of the injured.

"The employers' liability law, after one year of its operation, has been so well received by both the employers of labor and the workers in the State that after holding public hearings the Employers' Liability Commission decided to recommend only a few minor corrections to the text of the act."

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

LONDON UNDERGROUND (METROPOLITAN DISTRICT)—

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
Week end. July 27	£11,955	£11,205	£750
July 1-July 27	49,294	47,025	2,208

LONDON UNDERGROUND (TUBES)—

Week end. July 27	11,850	12,255	*405
July 1-July 27	50,225	51,075	*850

LONDON UNDERGROUND (LONDON UNITED TRAMWAYS)—

Week end. July 27	7,234	7,407	*173
July 1-July 21	28,809	31,269	*2,460

LONDON UNDERGROUND (GENERAL BUS COMPANY)—

Week end. July 27	59,881	41,658	18,223
July 1-July 27	239,556	174,461	65,095

NORTHERN OHIO TRACTION & LIGHT—

Week end. July 21	$52,810	$51,950	$860
Jan. 1-July 21	168,119	155,721	12,400

*Decrease.

ALABAMA GREAT SOUTHERN for June—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Mileage	309	309	309
Gross	377,985	346,246	370,951
Net after tax	73,452	83,196	91,453
12 mos. gross	4,775,891	4,479,120	4,221,006
Net after tax	1,209,211	1,062,017	1,175,073

BAY STATE STREET RAILWAY for the quarter ended June 30—

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
Gross	2,340,477	2,326,936	73,541
Net	989,142	873,046	116,096
Surp. after chgs.	575,821	414,545	161,276
July 1 to June 30:			
Gross	9,116,203	8,761,847	354,356
Net	3,309,793	3,277,367	32,426
Surp. after chgs.	1,469,464	1,454,307	15,157

BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY for the year ended June 30—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Gross earnings	23,226,551	21,986,543	20,979,514
Oper. expenses	12,612,059	12,166,367	11,737,110
Net earnings	10,614,491	9,820,176	9,242,404
Other income	317,991	297,524	278,814
Total income	10,932,482	10,117,700	9,521,218
Chgs. and tax	7,221,260	6,969,221	6,909,622
Surplus	3,711,222	3,148,479	2,611,595
Special approp.		88,535	108,560
Surplus	3,711,222	3,059,944	2,503,035
Miscel. items	20,037		69,185
Year surp.	3,731,259	3,059,944	2,572,220
Previous surp.	5,427,395	4,781,035	4,387,230
Total surplus	9,158,654	7,840,979	6,959,450
Balance	9,158,654	7,840,979	6,959,450
Res. evp. and l.	54,991	170,894	271,492
Special res.	1,000,000		
Dividends	2,239,851	2,242,690	1,906,286
Old adj. acct.			636
P. & L. surp.	5,863,813	5,427,395	4,781,035

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN report to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for June—

Mileage	7,960	7,748	7,629
Freight rev.	4,145,672	4,090,606	4,286,876
Passenger rev.	1,723,350	1,729,022	1,728,654
Total oper. rev.	6,540,362	6,401,845	6,576,811
Maint. of way & struc.	1,074,281	1,029,136	1,183,744
Maint. of equip.	648,794	737,549	689,793
Trans. exp.	2,408,390	2,320,905	2,350,767
Total oper. exp.	4,349,994	4,310,575	4,392,744
Taxes	307,838	244,033	285,512
Oper income	1,885,749	1,837,566	1,891,547
July 1 to June 30:			
Freight rev.	46,691,540	49,024,957	49,536,839
Passenger rev.	19,555,567	19,118,883	18,431,017
Total oper. rev.	73,698,591	74,918,185	74,175,684
Maint. of way & struc.	9,368,721	10,002,073	10,774,837
Maint. of equip.	9,569,853	9,307,196	9,149,215
Trans. exp.	30,924,288	30,836,560	29,677,354
Total oper. exp.	52,701,843	53,012,710	52,153,619
Taxes	3,422,838	3,116,033	2,979,512
Oper. income	17,540,871	18,735,764	18,985,611

CHICAGO, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS & OMAHA report to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for June—

Mileage	1,747	1,743	1,738
Freight rev.	729,399	761,019	808,654
Passenger rev.	402,062	373,055	381,541
Total oper. rev.	1,235,653	1,218,446	1,284,336
Maint. of way & struc.	163,706	804,523	227,946
Maint. of equip.	117,221	135,312	161,708
Trans. exp.	451,285	449,530	436,021
Total oper. exp.	788,751	957,865	880,450
Taxes	66,879	65,186	71,382
Oper. income	576,088	196,793	332,438
July 1 to June 30.			
Freight rev.	9,478,791	10,563,204	9,720,911
Passenger rev.	4,551,595	4,475,419	4,309,072
Total oper. rev.	15,135,426	16,092,851	15,095,022
Maint. of way & struc.	1,594,548	1,965,593	1,956,500
Maint. of equip.	1,796,694	1,863,933	1,758,143
Trans. exp.	6,283,447	6,155,616	5,553,144
Total oper. exp.	10,466,216	10,656,053	9,888,479
Taxes	782,845	730,807	682,831
Oper. income	3,881,630	4,693,451	4,523,064

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN report to Inter-State Commerce Commission for June—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Mileage	958	930	930
Freight rev	2,351,315	2,330,887	2,372,975
Passenger rev.	672,674	671,270	621,053
Total op. rev.	3,251,839	3,210,003	3,194,163
Mt. way and st.	459,185	474,425	409,940
Mt. of equip.	472,948	508,002	410,327
Trans. exp	875,952	869,214	836,967
Total op. exp.	1,954,871	1,993,812	1,785,794
Taxes	168,940	143,500	118,650
Op. income	1,155,823	1,108,417	1,275,981
July 1 to June 30:			
Freight rev	25,553,999	26,067,755	26,789,316
Passenger rev.	7,571,786	7,605,520	6,997,392
Total op. rev.	35,492,527	35,947,066	36,005,987
Mt. way and st.	4,392,036	4,045,907	3,298,025
Mt. of equip.	6,020,915	5,361,127	4,880,869
Trans. exp	10,995,397	10,749,628	9,771,641
Total op. exp.	22,994,061	21,627,941	19,292,769
Taxes	2,014,640	1,640,664	1,516,000
Op. income	10,935,069	12,973,983	15,477,891

MOBILE & OHIO for June—

Mileage	1,114	1,114	1,114
Gross	942,140	916,327	922,623
Net	304,507	260,827	262,318
12 mos. gross	11,207,782	11,197,347	10,686,738
12 mos. net	2,719,059	2,988,242	2,902,902

Miscellaneous Earnings.

AMERICAN STEEL FOUNDRIES for the quarter ended June 30—

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
†Net earnings	291,502	*16,167	307,669
Other income	7,416	13,053	‡5,637
Total income	298,918	*3,114	302,032
Chg. skg. fund, depr. &c	196,016	161,946	34,070
Net profit	102,902	*165,060	267,962
Jan. 1 to June 30:			
†Net earnings	480,158	49,357	430,801
Other income	15,271	27,689	‡12,418
Total income	495,429	77,046	418,383
Chg. skg. fund depr., &c	383,200	331,023	52,177
Net profit	112,229	*253,977	366,206

*Deficit.
†After deducting manufacturing, selling, administrative, and other expenses.
‡Decrease.

NORTHERN EXPRESS CO.'S report to Inter-State Commerce Commission for March—

	1912.	1911.	Decrease.
Total op. rects.	218,949	239,411	20,462
Ex. priv., debit	111,529	125,491	13,961
Total op. rev.	107,419	113,920	6,500
Total op. exp.	84,696	87,340	2,643
Net op. rev.	22,722	26,579	3,856
Taxes	4,500	4,500	
Oper. income	18,222	22,079	3,856
July 1 to March 31—			
Total op. rects.	2,177,088	2,368,333	191,294
Ex. priv., debit	1,107,167	1,144,589	37,421
Total op. rev.	1,069,871	1,223,744	153,873
Total op. exp.	797,170	780,307	*16,862
Net op. rev.	272,701	443,437	170,736
Taxes	40,500	40,500	
Oper. income	232,201	402,937	170,736
Mil'ge steam rds	7,310	6,661	*709
Mil'ge oth. lines	215	261	*54

*Increase.

ANOTHER ADVANCE IN STEEL AND IRON

Prices Raised $1 Per Ton, Making the Third Schedule Increase for July.

ACTIVE RAILROAD BUYING

Large Orders for Plates Placed by Eastern Shipbuilders—Prosperity Seems Permanent.

Quickly following on the advances of $1 per ton in a number of standard steel products made earlier in the week, further advances of a like figure were made yesterday by some of the independent makers. These higher prices marked the third time in July that schedules were marked up. Bars led the original advance, shapes and plates being put up by the leading makers a corresponding amount to keep them at their normal levels above the less worked product. Yesterday another advance of $1 per ton in bar iron was made by one of the small companies, putting the price at $1.40 per 100 pounds.

It is predicted that this higher price for bars will be established by the other makers. A further advance of $1 per ton, making the third for July, was also made in plates, a leading Eastern maker having put the price, according to trade reports, to $1.40, which is $1 per ton higher than the new prices fixed by the Steel Corporation and other large companies.

The rapidity of the price advances is the chief matter of comment in to-day's trade journals. The Iron Age says:

Rather convincing testimony to the large volume of new business is the continuous performance now going on in the advance of prices on steel products. Merchant steel pipe manufacturers most unexpectedly advanced their prices late last Wednesday afternoon one point, or $2 per ton. This makes a total of two points advance in merchant pipe on this movement since June 1. On the same day steel boiler tubes were advanced one point, or about $2 a ton, which followed a similar advance on May 21. It is expected that the manufacturers of wrought iron pipe will advance their prices, as one maker has already announced such an intention. Other advances of the past week were $2 per ton on cold-rolled shafting, $1 per ton on structural and boiler rivets, and $1 per ton on railroad spikes made to order. Bolts and nuts have also been marked higher.

Active Railroad Buying.

After commenting on the stiffening of prices in shapes, bars, and plates, The Iron Age points out the active buying by the railroads as a factor in the improvement in the situation. It says:

A most interesting development is the appearance of large inquiries for steel rails from leading railroad companies for delivery next year. The rail mills are now crowded with work for delivery up to October this years, with orders continuously being received from railroad companies anxious to make renewals. The experience which the railroad companies have had this year has been such as to cause them to return to their old custom of placing orders long in advance of their requirements. Such a change will be a most agreeable one for the steel manufacturers, as the rail situation has by no means been to their liking for the past couple of years. Chicago reports about 30,000 tons of rails under consideration in that district for delivery this Fall. The Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company is in the market for, approximately, 15,000 tons of rails for subway construction.

Prosperity Seems Permanent.

The Iron Trade Review says:

Prosperity, with all indications of permanence, continues in increasing volume in the iron and steel industry. Prominent independent companies took the lead in the most important price advance of the week. This price advance was made very quietly because there is a general feeling that the one peril in the prsent happy condition of affairs is the possobility of a too rapid advance in prices. Some companies also desired privilege of selling at recent quotations for the last half of the year. The total shipments of the Steel Corporation for the first half of the year, it is estimated, will amount to about 6,000,000 tons, which is the highest half-year mark on record.

An interesting development of the week has been the appearance of inquiries for rails for next year's dlivery, aggregating about 300,000 tons. Some of the railroads express a willingness to accept deliveries in January and February, which is quite unusual. This interest of the railroads at so early a date evidently follows upon the difficulties that have been encountered this year in getting rails as promptly as desired from the overcrowded mills, particularly in open-hearth rails. The early inquiries apparently manifest a desire to avoid repetition of this experience.

The Iron Age reports the placing of large orders for plates by Eastern shipbuilders, and comments on heavy orders in the pig iron market.

BIG PENN. R. R. GAIN.

June Earnings Wipe Out Decrease for 1912 Over 1911.

A remarkable improvement in business for June is shown by the reports of the lines making up the Pennsylvania Railroad system. The gain in net earnings in that month was more than sufficient to wipe out the decrease shown for the first five months of the year, in comparison with the corresponding period of 1911.

The total operating revenues of the lines East and West in June amounted to $31,631,983, which is an increase of $3,561,000 over June of last year. The operating expenses advanced $1,996,000, leaving a gain of $1,565,000 in net for the month. Of this gain, $925,000 was contributed by the lines east of Pittsburgh and $640,000 by the lines west.

The Pennsylvania's year begins with Jan. 1. For the six months ended with June 30 gross earnings have shown an increase over last year of $13,446,000. Up to June 1 this increase was all absorbed by higher operating costs. Including the sixth month the system's net for the first half-year leads last year by $934,000.

ERIE CAN RAISE LOAN.

Road Gets Authority to Obtain $2,160,000 on Ten-Year Lien.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 31.—Authority to issue its gold equipment trust obligations in the sum of $2,160,000 has been granted to the Erie Railroad Company by the Public Service Commission. The lien extends from to-morrow for ten years and provision is made for deferred semi-annual payments of $108,000 each, together with 5 per cent. annually on the deferred payments.

The lien is assigned to the Commercial Trust Company of Philadelphia.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at auction yesterday at the Exchange Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, Adrian H. Muller & Co., auctioneers:

FOR ACCOUNT OF SUPERINTENDENT OF BANKS, STATE OF NEW YORK, IN CHARGE OF THE NORTHERN BANK OF NEW YORK.

70 shares Hotel Cumberland, common, $100 each, $12 lot.

70 shares Hotel Cumberland preferred, $100 each, $5 per share.

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

10 shares Star Hygeia Ice Company, $35 per share.

5 shares Yonkers Curling Association, $1 lot.

1 share New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Company, $100, 116.

$20,000 note of United Breweries Company, dated Sept. 17, 1903, at 6 per cent. interest, due Sept. 17, 1914, accrued interest from March 17 last to be charged, 85.

50 shares Guilford Dairy Lunch Company, $100 each, $10 lot.

2,675 shares American Linen Fibre Company of Delaware, 50 cents per share.

27 shares Central Railroad Company of New Jersey, $100 each, 369.

$100,000 New York and New Jersey Water Company first consolidated mortgage 4 per cent. fifty-year gold bonds, due July, 1950, $1,000 each, $10,000 lot.

JULY TRANSACTIONS.

Transactions in stocks on the New York Stock Exchange for the month of July, aggregated 7,169,868 shares, a decrease of 34,136 shares as compared with the previous month, but an increase of 1,728,313 shares as compared with the corresponding month last year. The heaviest day's trading occurred on the 8th, when the sales were 559,234 shares, and the lightest on the 30th, with transactions of 129,086 shares, the latter the smallest total since July 14, 1911, when the sales were only 86,847 shares. For the Saturday half holiday, the maximum total was 167,930 shares, on the 13th and the minimum, 57,450 shares, on the 27th the latter the smallest total since July 15 last year, when the sales were 53,960 shares.

The following table gives the total transactions in stocks for July and the seven months of this year, as compared with the corresponding periods in each year back to 1889:

STOCKS, (SHARES.)

	July.	Jan. 1 to July 31.
1912	7,169,868	76,564,826
1911	5,441,555	59,081,158
1910	14,295,325	111,696,870
1909	12,811,144	111,920,040
1908	13,872,335	98,372,197
1907	12,797,738	129,256,299
1906	16,300,558	164,390,078
1905	13,018,538	150,659,420
1904	12,134,845	62,770,441
1903	14,780,826	96,988,752
1902	16,317,957	103,865,277
1901	15,920,898	191,719,331
1900	6,274,439	72,220,650
1899	8,024,706	108,487,322
1898	4,784,803	57,199,882
1897	7,011,657	32,368,883
1896	5,542,770	30,004,210
1895	5,848,404	37,119,804
1894	2,817,182	27,769,112
1893	5,889,183	52,917,188
1892	3,468,063	49,192,622
1891	3,440,651	32,488,794
1890	3,030,257	31,306,644
1889	5,584,762	36,921,370

Dealings in railroad and miscellaneous bonds amounted to a par value of $49,930,000, in Government bonds to $322,000, in State bonds to $333,000, and in City bonds to $1,332,500, a total in all classes of bonds of $51,917,500, an increase of $6,224,000, as compared with the previous month but a decrease of $8,574,500 as compared with the corresponding month last year. The heaviest day's trading was that of the 2d, when the sales were $3,255,000 and the lightest on the 22d, with a total of $1,489,500. For the Saturday half holiday the maximum total was $1,400,500 on the 13th, and the minimum $458,000 on the 27th, the latter the smallest total since Aug. 27, 1910, when the sales were $404,500.

Bond dealings for the month and the seven months of this year made the following showings, compared with preceding years:

BONDS.

	July.	Jan. 1 to July 31.
1912	$51,917,500	$455,726,000
1911	60,494,000	523,494,500
1910	38,366,200	405,731,500
1909	94,284,500	820,840,200
1908	80,542,000	525,913,520
1907	25,348,700	263,395,100
1906	36,510,500	433,013,300
1905	54,346,000	636,156,200
1904	62,070,960	368,262,960
1903	57,513,600	399,370,450
1902	71,962,200	559,284,600
1901	49,477,000	686,471,720
1900	23,708,900	313,990,260
1899	49,692,410	601,575,680
1898	73,917,360	470,132,080
1897	53,966,770	265,409,630
1896	21,576,350	233,743,900
1895	42,827,320	303,376,270
1894	17,324,400	199,412,220
1893	19,921,000	222,905,900
1892	28,076,500	341,515,210
1891	16,036,400	174,300,800
1890	22,776,450	220,918,600
1889	23,182,400	236,201,274

COMMODITY MARKETS.

Continued Dry Weather Brings Strong Speculative Buying of Cotton.

Wheat trading quiet, prices weakening at the close on a collapse of the July deal. Corn was higher on further complaints of dry hot weather. Oats were dull and lower for new crop deliveries. Provisions were also dull and easier.

Cottonseed Oil was quiet with narrow market changes.

Cotton was active and strong with renewed speculative buying on continued hot dry weather in the Southwest.

WHEAT.

Wheat again drifted, with prices showing rather unimportant changes until near the close, when Chicago July wheat broke from $1 to 92c, owing to the elimination of the shorts and wind-up of the July deal. The close there was 1c under September, and apparently marked the termination of the bull deal in wheat, which has been turned for nearly two years from active month to active month. The new crop deliveries, in which all interest is now centred, were a little higher at the opening, reacted, and were steady the balance of the day, closing at fractional net declines in most markets, partly influenced by the late break in Chicago July. Cash wheat was in active demand based on a difference over September, and sales for export were placed at about 60 loads, mainly Chicago No. 2 hard, Winter. Reports from the Southwest stated that exporters were active buyers in the country in competition with the millers. The receipts in the Southwest were large, and, owing to the demand for cash wheat, are expected to keep up on a good scale, notwithstanding the elimination of the Chicago July deal. The Northwestern advices were again very favorable. The weather was good in both the Canadian and the American Northwest, while the reports indicate rapid ripening of the wheat, and cutting is beginning in a great many sections. The reports tend to indicate that a large amount of wheat is now beyond damage from rust. The demand for flour in the Northwest is better, and larger sales were made the past week, the mills selling about 300,000 barrels during the week, about equaling the output. The Northwestern Miller reports probability of heavy movement of new wheat early in the season in order to take up notes which farmers were compelled to give on account of the bad crop conditions the past two years. Cash wheat was firm, with No. 2 red quoted at $1.10; No. 1 Northern, $1.16¾; No. 2 hard, Winter, new, $1.02¾; No. 1 Manitoba, $1.15¼.

OTHER GRAINS.

CORN.—The corn market was fairly active and strong. Considerable covering developed in July and September, while the new crop deliveries were also firm. Scattered showers in Nebraska and Kansas and parts of the Far Southwest had but little effect. The Oklahoma State report showed a condition of corn of 73, against 88 in July, and 28 last year. Owing to the severe heat in the Far Southwest the trade anticipates considerable loss in the Far Southwestern condition. Receipts of cash corn continue small at the West. Locally the market was firm, with No. 2 quoted at 82½c, free on board.

OATS.—The new crop deliveries were dull all day, closing at a small net decline, and at practically the low point of the crop. Chicago July was irregular, breaking from 50c to 46¾c, advancing to 52c just before the close. Receipts of old oats continue small, but offerings of new oats are increasing. Cash oats were quiet, with standards and No. 3 whites quoted at 60c, in elevator; No. 2 white, 60½c.

PROVISIONS.

Trading was slow in the future market, prices easing off slightly on a little lower hog market and slow cash trade. Total Western receipts of hogs were 68,000.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
July				$1.06¾
September	$1.01⅝	$1.01¼	$1.01¼	1.01½
December			1.03⅝	1.03½

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
July	$1.00	92	92½	99
September	94⅛	93¾	93⅞	93¾
December	96⅞	95½	95⅝	95¾
May	1.00⅛	99⅜	99½	99⅝
Corn—				
July	73½	72¼	72¾	72¼
September	67	66	66⅜	66
December	57¼	57	57⅛	58
May	58⅝	58	58⅛	58
Oats—				
July	52	46¾	51	48¼
September	33⅛	32¾	32⅞	33
December	34⅝	34¼	34⅜	34¼
May	37	36⅞	36⅞	36⅝
Lard—				
July	10.67½	10.57½	10.57½	10.65
September	10.75	10.70	10.70	10.75
October	10.82½	10.77½	10.77½	10.80
December	10.60	10.52½	10.52½	10.55
January	10.59	10.45	10.47½	10.45
Ribs—				
July	10.55	10.50	10.52½	10.50
September	10.62½	10.55	10.57½	10.62½
October	10.57½	10.50	10.52½	10.60
January	9.82½	9.75	9.77½	9.80
Pork—				
July			17.92½	18.05
September	18.22½	17.95	18.00	18.17½
October	18.27½	18.07½	18.10	18.27½
January	18.70	18.55	18.62½	18.65

COTTONSEED OIL.

The trading in cottonseed oil was small and very little interest developed. A little decline in lard and reports of slow cash demand for fats generally caused a little speculative selling. The sharp recovery in the cotton market and the continuation of hot weather in the far Southwest failed to stimulate buying interest. The close was quiet.

Future quotations follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot			6.55	6.50
August	6.60	6.60	6.57	6.55
September	6.64	6.64	6.64	6.55
October	6.75	6.72	6.73	6.75
November	6.41	6.40	6.39	6.41
December	6.30	6.30	6.30	6.31
January	6.33	6.30	6.29	6.31

COTTON.

From a lower opening cotton made strong advance, gaining about ¼c per pound from the low early, closing rather unsettled at a net gain for the day of 9 to 16 points, and about 5 to 8 points off from the high. The selling at the opening seemed to be due to overnight calls for margins and favorable weather conditions in the Central States and the East. Rains in Arkansas brought some cotton on the market. The development of buying orders was on a big scale, however. The purchases by some of the leading brokers aggregated nearly 100,000 bales, and the buying by brokers said to represent Norden & Co. was of considerable importance in view of the crop report issued by this firm at midday, showing a condition of 78.2 against 82.9 last month and 90.1 last year. The ten-year Government condition has averaged 80.5. The losses by States for the month were: North Carolina, 8; South Carolina, 5; Georgia, 8; Alabama, 4; Mississippi, 8; Louisiana, 5; Texas, 2; Oklahoma, 1; Arkansas, 8, and Tennessee, 7. The small losses in Texas and Oklahoma were quite a surprise. Point was made that the good weather since these reports were sent in in the Centre and East had made for crop improvement, while the conditions in the West had lost ground. The weather reports received showed an absence of rain in Oklahoma and Texas, although there were showers throughout Arkansas again, and private reports of showers in Eastern Oklahoma. The weather forecast was for quite generally unsettled conditions. On the advance quite heavy selling developed by early buyers, and the market was somewhat nervous the last hour. Uncertainty as to the Government showing naturally affects the market. The point is made that the weather developments of the past few days have possibly not made for such serious loss as feared and as shown by the excited strength in the contract market, but as long as the weather is dry in the far Southwest trading will be on an excited scale and of probably large proportions. The readjustment of technical conditions has been radical as a result of the heavy profit taking and covering of shorts. Whether the market can absorb the profit taking at the advance and go on to still higher levels is believed to be a question of crop development. Point is made that dry weather in Texas does not necessarily mean a small crop if the rains come before the vitality is actually sapped.

Spot cotton was quiet at 10 points advance; middling uplands 13.20c. Southern spot markets were generally unchanged.

Future quotations follow:

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	12.67	12.54	....@....	12.49
August	12.70	12.36	12.65@12.67	12.54
September	12.65	12.65	12.75@12.77	12.62
October	12.97	12.70	12.89@12.91	12.76
November	12.83	12.83	12.93@12.95	12.77
December	13.03	12.78	12.97@12.98	12.84
January	12.97	12.75	12.89@12.90	12.77
February			12.93@12.95	12.81
March	13.07	12.87	12.98@12.99	12.89
May	13.13	12.95	13.06@13.07	12.96

COFFEE.

Beginning to-day, the coffee market will open at 10:30 A. M., instead of 11 A. M., as previously, except on Saturday, when it will open at 10 o'clock, as usual.

There was heavy selling in the coffee market during yesterday's operations, and after opening at a decline of 13 to 16 points, the market continued to sag, and closed at the bottom, with a net loss of 19 to 22 points. Total sales for the day were 73,000 bags. The selling was largely by the same interests which have been aggressive on the selling side for the past week, and was believed to be for foreign account and by several large cotton houses. The more bearish feeling in some circles was credited to the continued dullness in the spot position and the belief that the market will be affected by prospects for the next crop, which are expected to be favorable, as the trees are thought to be in a very vigorous condition. Furthermore, the strike situation in Brazil has been settled, and receipts again show signs of increasing. Cost and freight offers were slightly lower, but there was an absence of anything like selling pressure from Brazil, and prices continue above parity with local spot quotations. The European markets were lower, Havre showing a decline of ¼ to ¾ franc, while Hamburg was ½ to ¾ pfennig lower, and private cables explained the weakness abroad as due to continued liquidation. In Brazil Rio was weak at a decline of 75 reis, while Santos was quiet at 50 reis lower. The special cable, covering the opening of the day's market at Santos showed no further change, but gave Sao Paulo receipts as 37,000 bags.

The local spot market was inactive and easier, with Rio No. 7 quoted at 14⅛c.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
August			12.72@12.74	12.93
September	12.90	12.79	12.80@12.81	12.99
October			12.86@12.88	13.05
November			12.93@12.95	13.13
December	13.09	12.98	12.99@13.00	13.19
January	13.06	13.06	13.01@13.03	13.23
February			12.97@13.01	13.19
March	13.16	13.09	13.09@13.10	13.29
April			13.11@13.12	13.31
May	13.23	13.12	13.13@13.14	13.34
June	13.20	13.14	13.13@13.14	13.34
July	13.18	13.11	13.11@13.12	

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals for State Normal School Building, Buffalo, N. Y., construction, heating, plumbing and gas piping, and electric work will be received by Dr. Andrew S. Draper, Commissioner of Education, at the State Normal College, Albany, N. Y., until twelve o'clock noon, Tuesday, August 20th, 1912, when they will be opened and read publicly. Only separate bids will be received for each division of the work, and no combined bids will be considered.

Proposals shall be accompanied by certified check in the sum of 5 per cent. of the amount of bids, and the contractors to whom the awards are made will be required to furnish surety company bonds in the sum of 50 per cent. of the amount of contracts within thirty (30) days after official notice of award of contract, and in accordance with the terms of Specification No. 12,000. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

On and after July 30th, 1912, drawings and specifications may be consulted and blank form of proposals obtained at State Normal School, Buffalo, N. Y., and at the office of the State Architect. Complete sets of plans and specifications will be furnished to prospective bidders upon reasonable notice to and in the discretion of the State Architect, Herman W. Hoefer, Capitol, Albany, N. Y.

T. E. FINEGAN,
Third Asst. Commissioner of Education.
Albany, N. Y., July 24th, 1912.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M., on Tuesday, August 6, 1912, for Contract 79, for the construction of blow-offs from the Elmsford and Bryn Mawr steel-pipe siphons of the Catskill aqueduct. The ELMSFORD BLOW-OFF includes about 2,400 feet of concrete conduit 2½ by 3½ feet inside diameter, and about 1,200 feet of 18 and 24 inch vitrified pipe. The BRYN MAWR BLOW-OFF includes about 5,400 feet of open channel lined with concrete, and a sub-surface headworks structure. The work is located in the town of Greenburg and the City of Yonkers, Westchester County, New York.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings, can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

CHARLES STRAUSS,
President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

WEST POINT, N. Y., August 1, 1912.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, subject to the usual conditions, for furnishing wood, mineral oil, gasoline, forage, and straw at this Post, will be received until 2 o'clock P. M., September 1, 1912. Deliveries to be made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1913. The U. S. reserves the right to accept or reject any or all proposals or any part thereof. For further information address Quartermaster, West Point, N. Y.

GOVERNORS ISLAND, N. Y. H., Aug. 1, 1912.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, for furnishing, commencing Oct. 1, 1912, forage and straw required in Eastern Division, during year ending June 30, 1913, will be received here until 10 A. M., Aug. 30, 1912. Information furnished on application. Chief Quartermaster.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

ELWARD SMITH & CO.—Notice is hereby given that Thomas J. Thompson, who, with William F. Birmingham, has formerly been engaged in business in this city under the firm name and style of Elward Smith & Co., has this day severed his connections with said firm and has retired from same. That William F. Birmingham will continue the said business at No. 43 Ann Street, Borough of Manhattan, and has filed a certificate in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York to that effect.

That all debts of the said firm will be paid by the said Birmingham, and he is authorized to receive money and compound the claims due the firm and give full receipt and acquittance for same.

Dated New York, July 23rd, 1912.
WILLIAM F. BIRMINGHAM.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that F. A. Hardy & Company, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 15th day of July, 1912, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this fifteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

[Seal.] (Signed) JOSE E. PIDGEON,
Second Deputy Secretary of State.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

SUGAR.—There was a slow demand for refined sugar yesterday. Prices were unchanged, with the list basis $5.10 net, less 2 per cent. cash for fine granulated. Enough orders were taken on the basis of $5, however, to make that the lowest price.

The following quotations are net less discount of 2 per cent. for cash: Crystal dominoes, in cases of two-pound cartons, $8.10; in cases of five-pound cartons, $7.60; Eagle tablets, $6.40; cut loaf, $5.90; crushed, $5.80; Mold A, $5.45; cubes, Eagle, five-pound bags, powdered, and Eagle confectioners' granulated, $5.35; XXXX powdered, $5.25; powdered, coarse powdered, and Eagle coarse granulated, $5.20; fruit powdered and Eagle extra fine granulated, $5.10; Eagle, two, three and one-half, and five pound cartons of fine granulated, $5.30; three and one-half-pound bags, $5.35; five-pound bags, $5.30; ten-pound bags, $5.25; twenty-five and fifty pound bags and standard granulated, $5.15; fine granulated and Diamond A, $5.10; confectioners' A and No. 1, $4.95; Nos. 2 to 12, $4.90@$4.40, in five-cent ranges; Nos. 13, 14, and 15, $4.35.

At London the market for beet sugar was 2¼d higher for near months, with July and August quoted at 12s 2¼d. Distant positions were unchanged, with October to December standing at 10s 2¼d. The late cable reported August at 12s 3d, and distant positions at 10s 3d.

The local raw sugar market was steady, with buyers on the basis of $3.98 and sellers at a $4.05 basis for 96 test centrifugal. The market closed with that range quoted. Muscovado, 89 test, was quoted at $3.49 to $3.55, and molasses sugar, 89 test, at $3.23 to $3.30. Late yesterday sales of 45,000 bags Cubas, August shipment, were reported at equal to $3.98, duty paid.

Meltings of sugar at the four United States ports during the week were 50,000 tons, against 50,000 the previous week and 55,000 last year. Receipts at the ports were 40,546 tons, against 62,270 and 36,413. Total stock is 205,815 tons, compared with 215,269 and 213,930.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—The market for molasses and syrups ruled steady, with a moderate demand. Prices were unchanged.

Quotations: New Orleans, centrifugal, common, 15@16c; fair, 17@20c; good, 21@26c; prime, 28@34c; New Orleans, open kettle, 37@52c; syrups, common, 11@12c; medium, 14@17c; fancy, 25@28c.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The flour market was steady, but trading was inactive because buyers were not thoroughly convinced of the stability of present wheat prices.

The following are prices quoted (in wood) on the New York Produce Exchange: Spring patents, $5.45@$5.65; Winter straights, $4.65@$4.80; Winter patents, $5.10@$5.50; Spring clears, $4.60@$4.90; extra No. 1 Winter, $4.30@$4.50; extra No. 2 Winter, $4.10@$4.25; Kansas straights, $4.65@$4.85; fancy Spring patents, $6.40@$6.70. RYE FLOUR—Quoted: Fair to good, $4.25@$4.40; choice to fancy, $4.45@$4.60. CORNMEAL—Quoted: Kiln dried, $4.20. BAG-MEAL—Quoted Fine white and yellow, $1.65@$1.70; coarse, $1.60@$1.65. FEED—Quoted: Western Spring, $23.75; Standard middling, $27; flour, middling, $30; Red Dog, $32; city bran, $23.60, bulk; $25.10, sacks; middling, $27.50@$33; Red Dog, $33.25; hominy, chop, $28.50@$29, bulk; $29.70@$30.20, sacks; oilmeal, $35.50@$36.50.

RICE—The market for rice was moderately active, with prices unchanged.

Quotations: Screenings, 4@4¼c; ordinary, 4¼@4⅝c; fair, 4¾@4⅞c; good ordinary, 5@5¼c; prime, 5½@5¾c; choice, 5¾@6c; head, Japan, 4½@5c; Patna, 6@6¼c, duty paid.

OILS—No further change was reported in the market for refined petroleum, and the tone was steady at the decline of Tuesday. Linseed oil was unchanged.

Quotations: Standard white petroleum, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $8.35; bulk, $4.75; standard white, cases, New York, $10.25; water white, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $9.35; bulk, $5.75; water white, cases, New York and Philadelphia, $11.25. Linseed Oil—American seed, city raw, 73@74c; out-of-town raw, 72@73c; Calcutta, raw, 80c.

NAVAL STORES—The market for spirits turpentine was dull. Resin and tar ruled steady and unchanged.

Quotations: Spirits turpentine, machine barrels, 46½c. Tar, $5.50. Resin, common to good, strained, $6.35@$6.50; B, $6.80; D, $7.20; E, $7.25; F, $7.40; G, $7.40; H, $7.45; I, $7.50; K, $7.65; M, $7.80; N, $7.95; WG, $8.20, and WW, $8.40.

Yuan Shi-Kai, President of China, Appeals to All Nations

Special Interview on the needs of his country and people—Stirring appeal for peace and the patient assistance of the world in developing a new China in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

High Cost of Living Kept Down in Glasgow

Municipal markets and slaughter houses have prevented meat prices from going up. An article by a well-known official of Glasgow explains the system and its applicability to New York in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

Wholesale Murder in the Rubber Fields

An eye-witness, now in New York, of some of the atrocities in the Amazonian region tells of his experiences in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

Disowned For Her Work in Saving Babies of the Poor

Young woman descended from British aristocracy doing a notable work of philanthropy in New York practically unaided. The story of her struggle in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

City a Good Place in Which to Take a Vacation

An interview with a well-known authority on the dangers of spending one's holidays in the country where careful sanitation is not practiced, in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

IN THE PICTORIAL SECTION

Ladies' Day at Larchmont.
The Elizabethan Tournament in London.
American Girls in the Turner Festival at Prague.
Women Polo Teams of Newport and Narragansett Pier at Play.

How Money Is Made.

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Each week we issue a weekly letter dealing with one particular stock, which after careful study we believe a good investment, yielding a good return, and also one which should increase in value. This will be sent on request. Remember, we are brokers for the small as well as the large investor. We make a specialty of executing small lots of stock, either to be bought outright, on margin, or on our monthly payment plan.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Advance Sharply, Closing at Day's Best — Good Steel News.

The showing made by the United States Steel Corporation in its statement for the second quarter of the year, issued after the close of trading on Tuesday, and the further information which came to hand yesterday regarding the position of the steel trade, had a good deal to do with the day's sharp advance in prices. Good as the Steel Corporation's statement was on the surface, it appears even more satisfactory when considered in connection with supplementary information which the financial community obtained yesterday. So ample has been the recent inflow of orders that the chances are that the unfilled order statement of the Steel Corporation to be issued on the tenth of this month will show that notwithstanding the large output of the mills during July, the unfilled tonnage on the books of the corporation increased during that month. Important as is the volume of new business the fact is still more important from the point of view of the corporation's net earnings that recent business has been taken at very substantially better prices than most of that on which the mills of the corporation were running during the second three months of the year. There was a most cheerful note struck in yesterday's weekly reviews of the steel trade, and it was clear from the information contained in these that some of the largest consumers of steel are convinced that the conditions which are now manifesting themselves in the steel trade will be maintained for a long time to come. Such is clearly the inference to be drawn from the fact that already large inquiries are appearing for steel rails for delivery next year. The improvement in the steel trade has been progressing each month for some time past, showing better general conditions than those which prevailed in the preceding month. The slight decline in the earnings of the Steel Corporation in June as compared with May was due, it appears, to enforced suspension of work at some of the company's plants, had it not been for which the June earnings would have been close to $600,000 ahead of those reported for May.

The steel trade news and the continuing bright prospects for the crops form solid basis for the optimistic spirit which pervades business at present, but their influence upon Stock Exchange sentiment yesterday was heightened by the predictions which were current regarding the note to be struck by the Presidential candidates in their speeches of acceptance. Mr. Taft's address to-day, and Mr. Wilson's a week hence, were expected to strike a conservative note on matters directly bearing on the business interests of the country. To judge by the temper of the day's discussion, financial sentiment will be very favorably affected should the addresses of acceptance by Mr. Taft and Mr. Wilson bear out yesterday's expectations of the financial community.

There was no lessening yesterday of the firmness which the time money market has lately shown. Foreign exchange rates, however, have been receding under the influence of dearer money at this centre, and a sure source of relief is thus indicated in the event of rates rising to any uncomfortable level. It would not be surprising, however, if there were some slight reaction from the rise which has been under way in time money, for the recent advances have made the rates attractive to a larger number of lenders, and the continuance of relatively low rates for call money may soon induce a somewhat freer acceptance of the current rates for time money. This outlook would, of course, be substantially modified should the Stock Exchange requirements for money increase sufficiently to enhance the rates for call funds. The prospect that there will be very active demand for currency during the Fall is an influence at present in the Government bond market, where the demand has increased for bonds for circulation purposes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2@3 per cent., with the best loan at 2 per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¾ per cent.

Time money rates, 3¼@3½ per cent. for sixty days, 3¾@4 per cent. for ninety days, 4@4¼ per cent. for four months, 4½@4¾ per cent. for five months, and 4¾@5 per cent. for six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 4½@5 per cent. for prime four to six months' maturity.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $295,191,610; balances, $19,202,378; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $725,100.

The local banks have lost $5,061,000 on their Sub-Treasury transactions since Friday.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 2 15-16@3 per cent. for short bills and 3@3 1-16 per cent. for three months' bills; Paris, 2⅝ per cent., and Berlin, 3½ per cent. Money rates were 2½ per cent. in London and 4½ per cent. in Berlin.

The Paris check rate on London was 25f 24½c, and the Berlin check rate on London 20 marks 48½ pfennigs.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8770; demand, $4.8730.
Paris—Cable, 517½ less 3-64; check, 518⅛.
Berlin—Cable, 95¼ less 1-64; check, 95 3-16 less 1-32.
Switzerland—Cable, 518⅛; check, 518⅛ less 1-16.
Holland—Cable, 40.41; check, 40.37.
Belgium—Cable, 519⅜; check, 519⅜ less 1-16.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.8445; 90 days, $4.8325.
London—Commercial, 60 days, $484¼; 90 days, $483.
Paris—Bankers', 60 days, 520⅝; 90 days, 521⅞ plus 1-32.
Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 520⅝ less 1-16; 90 days, 521⅞ less 1-32.
Berlin—Bankers', 60 days, 94⅝; 90 days, 94 5-16.
Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 94½ less 1-32; 90 days, 94 3-16.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 5c premium; St. Louis, 20c premium; St. Paul, 40c premium; San Francisco, 40c premium; Montreal, 46⅞c discount.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name.		—Maturity.—	Bid.	Asked.	Yield
Amal. Copper	5	Apr. 1,'13	100	100¼	4.45
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June 1,'13	99⅞	100⅛	4.32
B. R. T. Co.	5	July 1,'18	97¼	97¾	5.50
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June 1,'14	99⅛	99⅝	4.90
C. H. & D. purchase money	4	July 1,'13	99⅛	99⅝	4.50
Chi. & Alton	5	Mar. 15,'13	99⅝	99⅞	5.43
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July 1,'14	97¾	98	5.95
Erie	6	Apr. 8,'14	100⅜	101	5.38
Erie	5	Oct. 1,'14	99¾	99⅞	5.10
Erie	5	Apr. 1,'15	98⅞	99	5.40
Gen. Motors	6	Oct. 1,'15	99⅞	100⅛	5.98
Gen. Rubber	4½	July 1,'15	97¼	97¾	5.27
Hudson Co.	6	Feb. 1,'13	99⅞	100⅛	5.48
Illinois Cent.	4½	July 1,'14	99⅛	99⅜	4.64
Int. & Gt. N.	5	Aug. 1,'14	98	98⅝	5.94
Int. Harv. Co.	5	Feb. 15,'15	100½	100⅝	4.70
Mo., K. & T.	5	May 1,'13	99	99⅝	6.30
Mo. Pacific	5	June 1,'14	94⅞	95	7.80
M. C. of Mex.	4½	Sep. 1,'13	98	98⅛	6.20
N. Rys. of M.	4½	June 1,'13	92¼	98⅛	6.05
N. Y. Cent.	4½	Mar. 1,'13	99¾	100	4.50
N. Y. Cent.	4½	May 1,'15	99⅞	100	4.50
St. L. & S. F.	5	June 1,'13	99½	99⅝	4.58
Southern Ry.	5	Feb. 1,'13	100	100⅛	4.28
U. S. Rubber	6	Dec. 1,'13	104	104½	5.16
Westinghouse	6	Aug. 1,'13	101½	101⅝	4.40

Accrued interest to be added to the above prices.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Stock Exchange has listed $13,800 additional common stock of the Mexican Petroleum Company, Limited, of Delaware on notice of issuance of permanent engraved certificates, making the total authorized to be listed $32,000,000.

The Standard Oil Company of California stockholders have ratified the increase in capital stock from $25,000,000 to $50,000,000. The company will spend $10,000,000 for improvements. The balance will be used to repay the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey for funds advanced.

In connection with the new stock issue of the British-American Tobacco Company the transfer office of the company here received this cable yesterday: "To assist any American shareholder who desires to split the offer for new ordinary shares in the British-American Tobacco Company, Limited, said shareholder may deposit his offer with the New York office of the company not later than Aug. 13, accompanied by a written request to split into definite numbers. Thereupon the New York office, at the expense of the shareholder, will cable its London office for splits, as desired, and will deliver them to the shareholder on arrival of the split offers in New York."

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

July on the Stock Exchange.

Only by comparison with July of last year was last month's business on the Stock Exchange even fair. The total number of shares dealt in was 7,169,888, which was 1,728,313 more than the total for the corresponding month of last year, but the smallest for any other twelve month since 1900.

⁂

Harriman Earnings Expected.

Next to the St. Paul's dividend meeting, the most interesting happening looked for in the financial district to-day is the publication of the earnings of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific for June and the twelve months. At the end of May, Southern Pacific was $1,155,000 in gross revenues and $2,912,000 in net behind the eleven months of the preceding year. Union Pacific's gross had lost $2,784,000 and its net $3,891,000.

⁂

The Great Canadian Pacific.

Traders who convinced themselves after each pronounced rise in Canadian Pacific that the stock had reached an artificially high level, from which it must recede as soon as people came to their senses, have mostly given up trying to make money on short sales of that issue. There must be top price somewhere, but every time that the traders try to put their fingers on it some astounding piece of good news "breaks" and the stock takes another jump. Yesterday, after selling up to 271⅞ on the impetus given by the publication of the record breaking earnings and other promising developments, it receded to 271⅛, at which price it was 5⅝ above the previous day's close. The highest figure ever touched before by this issue was 270, in May of this year. At its present price the stock is beyond the reach of most men, but it is none the less irritating to hear rumors of further developments.

⁂

St. Paul's Recovery.

Since the postponement of the St. Paul's scheduled dividend meeting little talk has been heard of the possibility of a reduction in the rate. It is understood that most of the directors have expressed themselves as being in favor of declaring 2½ per cent. If a quorum can be gathered the board probably will meet today. Expectation that this would be the case and that the present rate would be maintained was responsible for a two-point gain. At 105½, the closing price, St. Paul has recovered 6¼ points from its low point on July 13.

⁂

National Biscuit at 140.

The recovery in National Biscuit has been almost as precipitate as its decline, which carried the price down to 129½ last week. The downward movement has yet to be explained on the ground of any changes in the company's status as a money maker and advances of the last three days have not attracted much attention. The issue sold yesterday at 140, and at its close at a quarter of a point below that figure it had made up another four points of its loss.

⁂

More Interest in the Market.

By contrast with the preceding days, yesterday's was an active session. The total transactions were 308,563 shares, or more than twice the previous day's turnover. More important than the volume of sales, however, was the increase in enthusiasm among the traders. Stocks which had been largely neglected since the end of the campaign in American Can and a number of other industrials came to the front again, which was taken to mean that some of the big operators were again becoming interested. There was a great deal of speculation in customers' rooms, yesterday, as to what attitude Gov. Wilson would take toward "Big Business" in his speech of acceptance.

⁂

More Rockefeller Millions.

The jump of Standard Oil of New Jersey shares, all subsidiaries, attached, in the open market on the Curb yesterday from $1,000 to $1,018 a share, started the statistical enthusiastics to figuring how much had been added to the paper wealth of John D. Rockefeller. The Waters-Pierce Oil fight showed what were the personal holdings of the Oil King in that issue and figuring backward from his allotment of Waters-Pierce shares in the Standard Oil dissolution, it is estimated that his original Standard Oil of New Jersey holdings were 244,419 shares. The $18 a share rise in price yesterday, therefore, added $4,399,542 to the market value of his Standard Oil stock, which is now worth on paper $248,818,542. On the day the Supreme Court decision was handed down, Standard Oil of New Jersey sold at $675 a share, which made the Rockefeller holdings worth $164,982,825. Reckoned by the somewhat elusive values of the Curb market, his wealth may be said to have increased by nearly $84,000,000 as a result of the trust busting decision in little more than a year's time.

⁂

Financing At Low Ebb.

The financing compilations of both the Wall Street Journal and The Journal of Commerce show that July has been away below the average in the matter of corporate financing. The Journal of Commerce's figures, which take no account of refunding operations, show a total of only $34,575,100 new securities placed in July. This is little more than a quarter of the total for July, 1911, and is the smallest volume of new capital issues since 1907. The nearest approach to such a low total, in the records compiled by this journal, was in September, 1911, when the total was $37,520,000. The biggest falling off in comparison with last year was in railroad issues, which are less than one-fifth of those of July, 1911. In June of this year the total was $299,322,700, and for the seven months to date it has been $1,591,721,500, a record. The Wall Street Journal's total of corporate financing for July is $58,315,900, which is $50,400,100 below the figures for July of last year, and $152,872,100 below the figures for June. For the seven months the total is $1,403,719,900, which is $301,637,900 more than for the same period last year and a new high record.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday a little more activity was shown in tin, which ruled firm at an improvement of ⅛c. Five tons of August delivery sold at 45.25, 10 September at 45, and 20 October at 44.75. Copper was about unchanged. Spelter was down 20 points.

The closing bid and asked prices were as follows:

	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
Copper—				
Spot	17.00	17.50	17.00	17.50
July	17.00	17.50	17.00	17.50
August	17.00	17.50	17.00	17.50
September	17.12½	17.37½	17.00	17.30
October	17.12½	17.35	17.00	17.30
Spelter	7.05	7.20	7.10	7.25
Lead	4.60	4.75	4.60	4.75
Tin	45.37½	45.62½	45.05	45.37½

On the London Metal Exchange yesterday the following table of prices obtained for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin. These final figures for the day compare with Tuesday's last prices:

	Wednesday. £	s.	d.	Tuesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	78	1	3	77	10	0
Copper, futures	78	5	0	77	10	0
Pig tin, spot	205	5	0	201	7	6
Pig tin, futures	203	0	0	202	0	0

The market ended quiet. Spanish pig lead was up 2s. 6d., to £18 17s. 6d. Spelter was unchanged at £26 2s. 6d. Cleveland warrants were up 1½d., to 58s. 9d.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Standard Oil Sells Up to $1,018 in Open Market — Mining Issues Weak on Curb.

Standard Oil of New Jersey, the old stock with all of the fractional lots of separated subsidiaries intact, sold from $1,000 a share up to $1,018 on the Curb yesterday, a new high record price. Transactions of 140 shares were reported. Standard Oil of Kansas, one of the subsidiaries with small capital and large earning power, advanced from the opening at $440 to $465 and closed at $455. The tobacco issues were reactionary. United Cigar Stores, old, selling down from 287½ to 284 and closing at 285. The new United Cigar Stores "when issued" sold 3,000 shares from 92⅜ down to 91 and closed at 92. The preferred sold 125 shares at 120. In the mining list, coppers were generally weak, Braden, British Columbia and Davis-Daly selling off ⅛. Giroux, Greene-Cananea and Mason Valley closed even with the opening levels. Yukon Gold was strong, selling 400 shares at 4. There were no transactions in the bond list.

⁂

The principal transactions yesterday, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,100	*Allied Sec. Co.	88	89	88	89
5,000	Brit.-Am. Tob.	22⅝	23	22¼	22½
3,000	B.-A. Tob. rts.	9	9	8⅜	8⅜
273	B. F. Goodrich	77½	77½	77	77½
223	B. F. Good. pf.	108½	108¾	108½	108¾
323	J. I. Case pf.	101	102½	101	102½
100	Kayser	91	91	91	91
110	Man. Shirt Co.	58	58	57	57¾
140	Man. S. Co. pf.	100¼	100½	100	100½
200	Manhattan Tr.	2	2	2	2
500	*Mays Oil	28	28	28	28
400	Penn. Textile	19¾	19¾	19½	19½
108	Pet.-Mil. pf.	101½	101½	101½	101½
129	R. J. Reynolds	288	295	288	295
150	Stand. Oil, Kan.	440	465	440	455
140	Stand. Oil, old	1,000	1,018	1,000	1,018
200	Stand. Oil, N. J.	401	404	401	403
25	Stand. Oil, N.Y.	500	500	500	500
210	United Cigar S.	287½	287½	284	285
3,000	United Cig. S. Co. of A., w.i.	92⅜	92⅜	91	92
125	United Cig. S. Co. of A. pf.	120	120	120	120

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,000	*Big Four	50	51	50	51
2,500	Braden Copper	6⅞	6⅞	6¾	6¾
470	Brit. Col. Cop.	5½	5½	5⅜	5⅜
3,000	Butte-N. Y.	1⅞	2¼	1⅞	2¼
1,000	*C. O. D. Con.	11	11	11	11
500	Davis-Daly Cop.	2⅜	2⅜	2¼	2¼
1,000	Dia. Black B.	8	9	8	9
2,850	*†El Paso Con.	98	98	97	98
1,000	Florence	95	95	90	90
300	Giroux Mining	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
500	Greene-Can.	10	10	10	10
150	La Rose Con.	3½	3½	3½	3½
100	Mason Valley	13½	13½	13½	13½
400	Mother. Gold	1	1	1	1
500	Nevada Hills	2 1-16	2 1-16	2 1-16	2 1-16
1,000	Ohio Cop., 1st paid	15-16	15-16	15-16	15-16
760	Pacific Smelt.	7-32	¼	7-32	¼
300	Silver K. Con.	1	1	1	1
200	Stewart	1½	1½	1½	1½
150	Tonopah Mining	6⅞	7	6⅞	6⅞
700	Tonopah Ext.	2 9-16	2 9-16	2 9-16	2 9-16
14,500	Tonopah Merg.	1 3-32	1 3-32	1⅛	1 1-16
100	Tuolumne Cop.	3	3	3	3
2,100	West End Ext.	33	36	33	35
3,000	*Wet. Silver M.	54	54	50	50
400	*Yukon Gold M.	4	4	4	4

*Sells cents per share. †Ex dividend.

The bid and asked prices of listed stocks and bonds of which there were no sales on the Curb yesterday make these comparisons with those of Tuesday:

INDUSTRIALS.

	July 31. Bid.	July 31. Asked.	July 30. Bid.	July 30. Asked.
Am. Writing Paper	2½	3¼	3	3½
Atlantic Gulf & W. I.	7	8	7	8
A. G. & W. I. pf.	13	15	13	15
Bay State Gas	7-16	½	7-16	½
Borden's Con. Milk	126½	127½	126½	127½
Borden's Con. Milk pf.	107½	108	107¼	108
Con. Rubber Tire	13	18	13	18
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	58	59	58	59
Havana Tobacco	6	7	6	7
Havana Tobacco pf.	10	15	10	15
Houston Oil	14	14¾	14	14¾
Inter. Rubber T. ctfs.	12	13	12	13
International Salt	3	6	3	6
†Kayser pf.	110	111	110	111
Kolb Bakery pf.	98½	98¾	98½	98¾
Lehigh Val. C. S. Co.	238	242	240	244
McAndrews & Forbes	200	210	200	210
Marconi of A., new	8	8⅜	8	8½
New York Transport	5⅝	6	5⅝	6
Otis Elevator	73	76	73	76
Pettibone Milleken	28	28½	28	28½
Porto Rican-Am. Tob.	255	270	255	270
Singer Mfg.	285	288	285	288
Standard Oil Subsid.	590	615	590	615
U. S. L. & H., new	18	19	18	19
U. S. L. & H. pf., new	86	87½	86	87½
J. S. Young	182	185	182	185
RAILROADS.				
†Am. Light & Trac.	405	408	405	408
†Am. Light & Trac. pf.	108	110	108	110
MINING STOCKS.				
*Beaver Consolidated	43	45	44	46
Caledonia Mining	35	50	35	50
Con. Arizona S.	⅝	11-16	⅝	11-16
Diamond Field Daisy	8	9	8	9
First National	1⅝	1¾	1⅝	1¾
Gold Hill	5-16	⅜	5-16	⅜
*Greenwater	5	6	5	6
Kerr Lake	2⅞	3	2⅞	3
Keystone	2⅛	2¼	2⅛	2¼
Mines of America	2⅝	3⅛	2⅝	3⅛
McKinley-Darragh	1⅝	1 13-16	1⅝	1 13-16
Nipissing Mines Co.	7⅝	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞
South Live Oak	1½	2	1½	2
So. Utah M. & S.	½	⅝	½	⅝
Tri-Bullion	⅜	½	⅜	½
Tularosa	½	1	½	1
Union Mines	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
United Copper	¾	1	¾	1
United Copper pf.	8	20	8	20
BONDS.				
Braden Copper 6s	147	150	147	150
Braden Copper 7s	147	150	147	150
Chicago Elevated 5s	97⅞	98	97⅞	98
Mason Valley 6s	131	133	131	133
New York City 4½s	100⅞	101	100⅞	101
N. Y. State 4s, new	100¼	100½	100¼	100½
N. Y. Telephone 4½s	98⅞	99	98⅞	99
Penn. Textile 6s	98½	99	98½	99
Southern B. T. & T. 5s	100	100½	100	100½
Western Pac. 5s	83	83¾	83	83¾

*Sells cents per share. †Ex dividend.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil Co.	18½	19¼	..	..
Atlantic Refining Co.	480	485	480	490
Borne-Scrymser Co.	180	200	175	200
Buckeye Pipe Line Co.	182	187	180	185
Chesebrough Mfg., Con.	825	875	825	875
Colonial Oil	165	180	165	180
Continental Oil	850	925	850	925
Crescent Pipe Line Co.	63	68	63	67
Cumberland Pipe Line	80	88	75	85
Eureka Pipe Line Co.	415	425	413	425
Galena Signal Oil Co.	234	239	233	238
Galena Signal Oil pf.	140	145	140	146
Indiana Pipe Line Co.	120	127	115	120
National Transit Co.	42	44	42	44
New York Transit Co.	375	385	378	385
Northern Pipe Line Co.	150	160	147	155
Ohio Oil Co.	104	105	104	105
Prairie Oil & Gas Co.	295	305	295	305
Solar Refining Co.	575	600	600	625
Southern Pipe Line Co.	280	300	265	275
South Penn. Oil Co.	745	765	745	795
South West Penn. P.L.	175	185	175	185
Standard Oil (Cal.)	192	197	193	198
St. Oil (Ind.) ex div.	250	255	250	258
Standard Oil (Kan.)	450	470	425	450
Standard Oil (Ky.)	450	475	435	450
Standard Oil (Neb.)	265	300	265	285
Standard Oil (N. J.)	400	405	399	404
Standard Oil Co. sub. "en bloc"	605	625	605	615
Standard Oil Co. old stock, "all on"	1,005	1,030	1,004	1,019
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	500	510	500	510
Standard Oil (Ohio)	220	230	195	200
Swan & Finch, ex rts.	190	215	190	215
Swan & Finch warrants	90	115	90	115
Union Tank Line	67	70	60	65
Vacuum Oil, ex div.	168	172	172	177
Washington Oil	20	30	20	30
Waters-Pierce Oil Co.	1,300	1,700	1,200	1,500

TOBACCO STOCKS.

This list comprises those tobacco stocks not listed on the Stock Exchange:

	July 31. Bid.	July 31. Asked.	July 30. Bid.	July 30. Asked.
British-Am. ex rights	22⅝	22⅞	22⅝	22⅞
Conley Foil	290	300	290	300
Johnson Tinfoil & Met.	180	200	180	200
J. S. Young	180	188	180	190
MacAndrews & Forbes	205	210	205	210
Porto Rico-American	265	280	265	275
R. J. Reynolds	290	300	288	298
United Cigar Stores	285	288	286	288
United C. S., w. i.	91⅝	92	92⅝	92¾
United C. S. pf., w. i.	120	120½	120	120½
United C. S. rights	9½	11	9⅝	11

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and for the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	July 31.	Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$993,795	$27,021,878	$27,021,878
Interior rev.	969,448	23,855,242	23,855,242
Corp. tax	18,200	1,349,011	1,349,011
Miscellaneous	237,385	4,766,642	4,766,642
Total receipts	2,218,900	56,993,676	56,993,676
Expenditures	1,472,749	59,230,058	59,230,058
Surplus	740,151	*2,236,382	*2,236,382

*Deficit.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was:

Working balance in Treasury offices, $84,453,429; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $35,482,369.

The total of the general fund was $160,005,690.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

More Activity and Better Prices in Wednesday's Markets.

A few specialties enjoyed good advances in the trading at other centres yesterday, as shown by reports to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

While demand was somewhat better trading continued light at Baltimore. Houston Oil common was more active and fractionally higher.

Butte and Superior was active and strong in Boston and went above 40 on favorable reports. Lake went up a fraction. These were the only mining stocks which were at all active, although the undertone was firm. American Telephone was strong. Boston and Maine held firm at 99, the preferred selling at 140, and Boston Elevated at 125½. The market closed strong.

The Chicago stock market reflected a fair amount of strength and gains were general. National Biscuit continued its recovery from the recent low price, advancing several points to 140, where it closed, while Sears Roebuck common sold considerably higher, allowing for its dividend deduction, and was a feature of the trading.

The American Can issues were in demand, the common advancing more than 1½ points, while Chicago Title and Trust rose a point. There was a better demand for Commonwealth Edison shares at a slight advance in price, but Public Service preferred still lagged behind, being about the only prominent stock showing a decline. In the bond department Chicago Gas made a small gain.

Chicago bank clearings for July, aggregating $1,271,131,184, showed an increase of $105,695,074 over July of last year. Clearings for the first seven months of the current year show an increase of $752,631,871. The highest total of bank clearings for a single month this year was for May, when they aggregated $1,322,635,932.

Another outburst of buoyancy in General Asphalt was a point of interest in the Philadelphia market. In the last hour the quotation was bid up above 24, at more than a point higher than the previous close. The preferred for a time held back, but became firmer at the end of the session. Keystone Telephone preferred also hardened at the last and the close was strong throughout, reflecting the improvement in New York.

It became known that Philadelphia bankers were seriously considering advancing the rate on call money. Time funds have been steadily growing stiffer of late, and it was felt that this would soon be reflected in greater demand for immediate monetary accommodation.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
330	Augusta & A. Elec.	28½	28½	28½
10	Bank of Baltimore	165	165	165
10	Balt. Elec. pf. 4s	43½	43½	43½
10	Consolidation Coal	102	102	102
700	Houston Oil tr. ctfs.	14¾	14½	14¾
10	Pullman C. V. pf.	91½	91½	91½
15	Merchants' Bank	181½	181½	181½
45	Mechanics' Bank	29	29	29
100	Northern Central	124¾	124¾	124¾
50	Seaboard Air Line	23½	23½	23½
35	Seaboard Air Line pf.	53¼	53¼	53¼
100	United Railways	24½	24½	24½
	BONDS.			
$3,000	Baltimore Elec. 5s	97¾	97¾	97¾
14,000	Davison Chem. 6s	100	100	100
8,000	Fairmont & C. Trac.	100¼	100¼	100¼
7,000	Houston Oil div. ctfs.	87	87	87
1,000	Maryland Electric 5s	98½	98½	98½
3,000	United Railway 4s	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞
26,000	Wash., B. & A. 5s	89⅝	89½	89⅝

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
38	Atchison	107⅝	107	107⅝
12	Boston & Albany	215	215	215
60	Boston Elev.	126	125½	126
4	Boston & Lowell	204½	204½	204½
20	Boston & Maine	99	99	99
23	Boston & Maine pf.	140	140	140
10	Boston & Prov.	297	297	297
5	Fitchburg pf.	125	125	125
10	Mass. Elec. pf. stpd.	77	77	77
1,327	Mass. E. frac. war.	20c.	19c.	20c.
27	N. Y., N. H. & H.	135⅞	135	135
400	Union Pacific	169½	168⅛	169½
53	West End St. R. R.	85½	85	85½
	TELEPHONES.			
544	American	146	145⅝	146⅞
706	New England rights	5 1-16	5	5 1-16
	MISCELLANEOUS.			
159	Am. Agr. Chem.	60⅝	60¼	60⅝
6	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	100¼	100¼	100¼
170	Am. Pneu.	4	4	4
183	Am. Sugar	126⅝	126	126⅝
60	Am. Sugar pf.	121½	121	121½
17	Am. Woolen pf.	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞
5	Edison	297	297	297
10	Gen. Elec.	182	182	182
100	Gen. Motor pf.	77	77	77
146	Mass. Gas	89¼	89¼	89¼
10	Mass. Gas pf.	95	95	95
40	McElwain 1st pf.	105	105	105
6	Pullman	160½	160½	160½
20	Rotary Ring	3½	3½	3½
86	Swift	106½	105¾	106½
166	United Fruit	206	205	206
57	United Shoe Mach.	50⅝	50¼	50¼
200	United Shoe M. pf.	29¼	29	29¼
1,323	U. S. Steel	70⅝	69⅞	70⅝
10	U. S. Steel pf.	112½	112½	112½
	MINING.			
10	Adventure	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜
110	Allouez	45½	45½	45½
775	Amalgamated Copper	83¼	82⅝	83¼
455	Am. Zinc	31¼	31	31¼
300	Arizona Com'l	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
2	Boston & Corbin	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
6,847	Butte & Superior	42½	38¼	42⅜
432	Calumet & Arizona	75¼	74½	75¼
5	Calumet & Hecla	524	520	524
10	Chino	31½	31½	31½
656	Copper Range	58⅜	57½	58⅜
150	Daly West	5¼	5¼	5¼
1,016	East Butte	13⅞	13¼	13⅞
50	Franklin	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜
380	Giroux	4 15-16	4⅞	4 15-16
695	Granby	54	53	53½
181	Greene-Cananea	10¼	9⅞	10¼
160	Hancock	30¼	30¼	30¼
200	Hedley Gold	17	16½	17
285	Indiana	17¼	17	17¼
20	Inspiration	19	19	19
28	Island Creek	56	56	56
15	Island Creek pf.	90	90	90
1,344	Island Creek rights	35c.	30c.	30c.
610	Isle Royale	34⅝	34½	34⅝
1,635	Lake Copper	35	34	34⅞
50	Mason Valley	13½	13½	13½
100	Mass. Con.	7	7	7
350	Mayflower	10½	10½	10½
57	Miami	30	29⅞	29⅞
15	Mohawk	68	68	68
55	Nevada Cons.	21⅝	21¼	21⅝
10	Nipissing	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
565	North Butte	30	29⅞	29⅞
5	North Lake	5¼	5¼	5¼
50	Ojibway	4 1-16	4 1-16	4 1-16
25	Old Colony	8	8	8
10	Old Dominion	56⅛	56⅛	56⅛
25	Pond Creek	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛
15	Quincy	91	91	91
16	Ray Con.	20⅜	20⅛	20⅜
50	Santa Fe	3½	3⅛	3½
625	Shannon	17	16⅞	17
33	Shattuck	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛
40	St. Mary Land	55⅛	55⅛	55⅛
225	Superior & Boston	1 9-16	1½	1½
425	Superior	48	47½	47⅞
25	Tamarack	41	41	41
510	Tuolumne	3	3	3
48	U. S. Smelters	45⅜	44½	44½
15	U. S. Smelters pf.	49⅜	49⅜	49⅜
40	Utah Con.	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝
50	Utah Copper	61⅝	61⅝	61⅝
125	Victoria	3½	3	3
10	Wolverine	108	108	108
	BONDS.			
$16,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	90½	90¼	90¼
6,000	C., B. & Q. Jt. 4s	96⅛	95⅞	95⅞
8,000	Central Ver. 1st 4s	90	90	90
1,000	C. J. & S. Y. 5s, 1915	101	101	101
1,000	N. E. Cot. Yarn 5s	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛
1,000	U. Fruit 4½s, 1925	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛
2,000	West. T. & T. 5s	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞

BOSTON CURB CLOSING PRICES.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Bay State G.	22	23	G'd'f. Con.	3 15-16	4 1-16
Bohemia	3	3¼	La Rose Con.	3⅜	3½
Boston Ely.	1	1¼	Majestic Cop.	45	47
Cactus	7	10	New Baltic.	2	2¼
Calaveras	2 13-16	2 15-16	Oneco	1⅞	2
Chemung	5	5¼	Ohio Cop.	88	91
Con. Ariz.	62	67	Raven	30	31
Davis-Daly	2 3-16	2 5-16	R. I. Coal	20	21
First Nat'l	1 15-16	2	South Lake	10½	11

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
850	American Can	37⅞	35⅞	37⅞
100	American Can pf.	118	117¾	118
10	Booth pf.	89⅛	89⅛	89⅛
20	Chicago Pneu. Tool	50⅝	50⅝	50⅝
10	Chicago T. & Tr.	211	211	211
125	Com. Edison	139½	139⅛	139½
50	Diamond Match	108	108	108
10	Hart, S. & M. pf.	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛
100	Int. Harvester	120⅝	120¼	120⅝
1,420	National Biscuit	140¼	136⅝	140¼
394	Peoples Gas	116½	116	116½
50	Public Service	90	90	90
142	Public Service pf.	101	101	101
852	*Sears-Roebuck	195⅞	193⅛	195¼
20	Sears-Roebuck pf.	124⅞	124⅞	124⅞
120	Swift	106	106	106
100	Studebaker	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛
425	U. S. Steel	70⅝	69⅞	70⅝
	BONDS.			
$2,000	Com. Edison 5s	103¼	103¼	103¼
3,000	Chicago Ry. 5s	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
7,000	Chicago Ry. 5s, B.	87	87	87
2,000	Chicago Gas 5s	103¼	103¼	103¼
1,000	Chicago C. Brew. 5s	85	85	85
10,000	Chicago Tel. 5s	101½	101½	101½
2,000	Morris 4½s	89½	89½	89½
3,000	Armour 4½s	91½	91½	91½

*Ex dividend.

BOURSES OF EUROPE

Americans Strong in London and Berlin—Canadian Pacific Rises Sharply.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, Aug. 1. — The Times says in its City article to-day:

"Owing to the payment of £3,800,000 of Exchequer bonds a considerable sum was called from the market yesterday. The cash thus collected was transferred promptly to the banks of the National Telephone Company, but they were not able, though they did their best, to release all of it before the close of the day. Loans for over night were in brisk demand. The Bank of England was applied to for a moderately large sum, most of which was supplied.

"The market for discount quotations was well maintained. The Bank bought a large amount of bar gold.

"To-day further displacements of cash will occur, but it is not anticipated that there will be much pressure.

"Firmness of gilt-edged securities and a sharp rise in Canadian Pacific Railway shares were the chief features of interest in the stock markets. There appeared to be more buyers of home Government stocks than for some little time past, and stock proved scarce. Home railway traffic returns were satisfactory, but the tone of this department was undecided at the close and heavy. Stocks weakened on a few sales to secure profits.

"Buying orders from Montreal and New York caused a big rise in Canadian Pacific Railway shares, the excellent earnings for the year ended June 30 attracting a considerable amount of attention. At the mining end of the house the French operators bought some leading South African shares. The market being short of stock, prices moved up slightly.

"There was foreign buying of oil shares on a fairly considerable scale. It was also reported that interest was being centred in the new Emba Caspian venture."

PARIS, July 31.—The Bourse opened irregular to-day. Prices improved later and closed steady.

Three per cent rentes 92 francs 27½ centimes for the account.

BERLIN, July 31.—Domestic shares were weaker, but Americans improved on the Boerse to-day.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	74⅝	..	..	+ ⅛
Consols, account	74 13-16	..	..	+ ⅛
Anaconda	8⅜	40⅝	41⅛	− ¼
Atchison	109⅞	108⅝	107⅞	− ¼
Canadian Pacific	275⅝	269	266½	+2⅜
St. Paul	106⅛	103⅝	103⅛	+ ½
Erie	36⅛	35⅝	35⅛	+ ½
Erie 1st pf.	54½	53¼	..	..
Illinois Central	132	132¼	131½	+ ⅜
Louis. & Nash	161⅜	157⅝	157½	+ ¼
N. Y. Central	118⅛	115⅛	115	+ ¼
Pennsylvania	63⅜	123⅞	123⅝	+ ⅛
Reading	84⅛	164⅛	163⅞	+ ¼
Southern Pacific	112⅞	110⅛	109⅞	+ ¼
Union Pacific	172⅝	168⅝	168⅜	..
U. S. Steel	71⅞	70⅛	69⅞	+ ½
U. S. Steel pf.	115¼	112⅝	112⅝	..

Exchange 4.87½.

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	6	9	Esperanza	1	6	0
Tomboy	1	6	3	Dolores	1	10	0
El Oro	0	14	9	Stratton's Ind.	0	3	1½

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
German Government 3½s	89⅞	90½
German Government 3s	79½	80⅝
Prussian Consol 4s	100⅞	101¼
Bavarian Government 4s	99⅞	100⅞
Saxony Government 3s	79⅝	80⅜
Hamburg Government 3s	79⅝	80⅜
City of Berlin 4s	99⅞	100⅞
City of Cologne 4s	99⅞	100⅞
City of Munich 4s	98⅞	99¼
City of Frankfurt 3½s	90⅞	91⅝
City of Vienna 4s	89⅞	90⅞
Russian Government 4s	91	92
Mexican Government gold 5s	98	101

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
66	Alliance Ins. Co.	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞
20	Amal. Copper	83	83	83
83	American Rys	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞
59	Baldwin Loco. pf.	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛
148	Cambria Steel (cash)	44½	44⅛	44½
55	Cambria Steel ex div.	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞
195	Electric Storage	55⅛	55⅛	55⅛
710	General Asphalt	24⅛	23	24⅛
185	Gen. Asphalt pf.	66⅜	66⅜	66⅜
50	Great Northern pf.	140¼	140¼	140¼
35	Ins. Co. of N. A.	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞
40	Keystone Tel	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
25	Keystone Tel. ctfs.	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
384	Keystone Tel. pf.	34⅞	34	34⅞
11	Lehigh Nav	90¼	90¼	90¼
100	Lehigh Valley	83⅞	83⅜	83⅞
300	Lehigh Val. Trans.	15¼	15¼	15¼
700	Lehigh Val. T. pf.	32	31⅞	31⅞
358	Pennsylvania	61 15-16	61⅞	61⅞
80	Penn. Salt Mfg.	108	108	108
20	Phil. Co. pf.	44½	44½	44½
172	Philadelphia Electric	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝
135	Phil. Rapid T. ctfs.	26	25⅞	25⅞
9	Philadelphia Traction	85	84½	84½
10	Southern Ry	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞
470	Tonopah Belmont	9½	9⅜	9 7-16
30	Tonopah Mining	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
40	Union Traction	51⅛	51⅛	51⅛
186	U. G. Imp.	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛
3,465	U. S. Steel	70⅝	69⅞	70⅝
100	Wabash	5	5	5
125	York Rys	11⅛	11	11⅛
100	York Rys. pf.	32⅜	32⅜	32⅜
	BONDS.			
$7,600	Am. Gas & Elec. 5s	87¼	86½	87¼
2,000	Baldwin Loco. 1st 5s	104	104	104
3,000	Beth. Steel 6s	117	117	117
500	Elec. & Peo. 4s	86⅞	86⅞	86⅞
5,000	Inter-State 4s	62½	62½	62½
5,000	J. F. & Clear. 4s	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞
1,000	Lake Superior inc. 5s	79½	79½	79½
7,600	Lehigh Nav. 1st 4½s	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
2,000	Lehigh V. gen. con. 4s	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞
1,000	Leh. V. gen. 4s, regd.	97½	97½	97½
1,000	N. Y., P. & N. 1st 4s	98	98	98
1,000	Phil. Co. 1st 5s	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞
3,100	Phil. Elec. gold 5s	103⅛	103	103⅛
1,000	United Rys. inv. 4s	83⅞	83⅞	83⅞

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Am. Milling	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
10	Caney River Gas	35	35	35
4735	Crucible	19	18⅛	19
820	Crucible pf.	94⅝	94	94⅝
150	Ind. Brewing	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
35	Ind Brewing pf.	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛
175	Mfrs. L. & H.	45½	45⅜	45½
15	Nat. Fireproofing	7¼	7¼	7¼
75	Nat. Fireproofing pf.	28⅜	28⅜	28⅜
20	Osage & Oklahoma	54	54	54
10	Pitts. Plate Glass	106	106	106
945	Pitts. Brewing	9⅝	9½	9⅝
60	Pitts. Oil & Gas	9	9	9
1,969	Pure Oil	17⅜	16⅞	17¼
30	Tonopah Extension	250	250	250
105	Union Switch	112	100	112
10	U. S. Steel	70⅛	70⅛	70⅛
145	West. Elec.	40	40	40
30	West. Elec. 1st pf.	61⅛	61	61⅛
30	West. Machine	23	23	23
181	West. Air Brake	145	144½	145
	BONDS.			
$4,000	Pitts. Brew. 6s	98	98	98
4,000	Pitts. Coal 5s	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛
3,000	Ind. Brew. 6s	88	88	88

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
4½s, March, 1962	100⅝	100⅞	100½	100⅞
4½s, Sept., 1960	100⅝	101	100⅝	101
4½s, Mar., 1930-60	101	101⅜	101¼	101⅜
4½s, May, 1957	106	106⅜	106¼	106⅜
4½s, Nov., 1957	106	106⅜	106¼	106⅜
4½s, May, 1917	101⅞	102⅛	101⅞	102
4½s, Nov., 1917	101⅞	102⅛	101⅞	102
4s, May, 1959, l'chg.	98⅞	99	98⅞	99
4s, Nov., 1958, l'chg.	98⅞	99⅛	98⅞	99
4s, May, 1957, l'chg.	98⅞	99⅛	98⅞	99
4s, Nov., 1955-6, reg.	97⅞	98⅛	97⅞	98⅜
4s, May, 1919, l'chg.	99	100	99	100
3½s, Nov., 1954, l'chg.	85⅞	86⅛	85⅞	86⅛
3½s, May, 1954, coup.	85⅞	86⅛	85⅞	86⅛
3½s, May, 1954, reg.	85½	86⅛	85½	86⅛
3½s, Nov., 1941, reg.	87⅝	88⅛	87⅝	88⅛
3½s, Nov., 1929, reg.	90⅞	92	91	92

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted ⅛d higher in London, at 27⅝d per ounce, and ¼c higher in New York, at 60⅛c per ounce.

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Galena Signal Oil Com.
Indiana Pipe Line
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Prairie Oil & Gas
Solar Refining
Southern Pipe Line
South Penn. Oil
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Fifth Ave. Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St., N. Y.
London Office, 33 Lombard Street, E. C.
Capital and Surplus . $23,000,000
Deposits 190,000,000

United States Mortgage & Trust Co.
New York
CAPITAL and SURPLUS $6,000,000
Personal and Business Accounts Invited.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING of the NATHAN KRAUSKOPF COMPANY will be held on Monday, August 12th, 1912, at [illegible] o'clock noon at 387 4th Av., New York City.

THE ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING of the AMERICAN ROMPER COMPANY will be held on Tuesday, August 13th, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon at 387 4th Av., New York City.

See next Monday's New York Times Weekly Financial Review for information on stock market movements, authoritative articles on every phase of finance and industry, latest quotations of bonds, stocks, and inactive and unlisted stocks, declared dividends and [illegible]. Mailed anywhere in the United States for One Dollar a year.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Wednesday, July 31, 1912.

Total sales July 31, 1912 368,563
From Jan. 1, 1912 76,564,826
Same period last year 59,081,158

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
83	83⅛	10,700	Amalgamated Copper	82½	83⅛	82⅛	83⅛	+1
70⅝	70⅞	3,900	Am. Beet Sugar	70½	71⅛	70¼	70⅝	+⅝
37⅞	37½	14,300	Am. Can	35½	37⅞	35½	37⅞	+1⅜
117⅞	118	1,100	Am. Can pf	117¼	118	117¼	117⅞	+⅝
59	59¼	1,300	Am. Car & Foundry	57¾	59¼	57¾	59¼	+1¼
53	53⅞	800	Am. Cotton Oil	53½	53½	53½	53½	+⅛
5	5½	100	Am. Hide & Leather	5½	5½	5½	5½	+⅛
26	26¼	500	Am. Ice Securities	26¼	26¼	25⅝	26½	...
43	43⅜	500	Am. Locomotive	42⅞	43⅜	42¾	43⅜	+⅞
108¾	110	100	Am. Locomotive pf	109	109	109	109	...
61	62	300	Am. Malt pf	61	61	61	61	+¼
83¼	83⅜	500	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	83¼	83⅜	83	83⅜	+¾
108	108¼	400	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	107⅞	108½	107⅞	108½	+⅛
169	171	900	Am. Snuff	169½	171⅜	169½	171⅜	...
35½	36	300	Am. Steel Foundries	35	35½	35	35½	+1
126⅜	126½	700	Am. Sugar Refining	126	127	126	126½	+½
121½	122	200	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	121⅝	121⅞	121⅝	121⅞	−½
145½	146	700	Am. Teleph. & Teleg.	146	146⅛	145⅞	145⅞	+¼
299½	299⅞	1,700	Am. Tobacco	296	299¾	296	299	+4
104¾	104⅞	160	Am. Tobacco pf. new	104⅜	104⅜	104⅜	104⅜	−⅛
26	28	100	Am. Woolen	27½	27½	27½	27½	...
35½	36	200	Am. Writing Paper pf	34¾	35	34¾	35	...
41⅜	41½	600	Anaconda Copper Co.	41⅜	41⅝	41½	41⅝	+¼
107⅝	107¾	8,700	Atch., T. & S. F. x d.	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞	+¼
102¼	102½	100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞	−⅛
110⅝	110¾	2,100	Baltimore & Ohio	110⅛	110⅞	110⅛	110⅞	+½
35¾	36	700	Bethlehem Steel	35¼	35⅞	35¼	35⅞	...
68	68½	500	Bethlehem Steel pf	68	68½	68	68½	+2½
146¾	147	200	Brooklyn Union Gas	147	147	146⅞	146⅞	+⅜
92⅛	92¼	2,400	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	91¾	92¼	91¾	92¼	+¾
271½	271¾	24,860	Canadian Pacific	268¼	271⅞	268⅛	271⅝	+5⅜
26½	26¾	200	Central Leather Co.	26⅛	26½	26⅛	26½	+¼
80⅞	81	3,200	Chesapeake & Ohio	80⅞	81	80½	81	+½
33⅜	34⅛	125	Chi. Gt. Western pf	33½	33½	33½	33½	−¼
105⅛	105½	7,100	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	103⅞	105½	103¼	105½	+2
138½	139¼	500	Chi. & Northwestern	138¾	139	138½	139	+½
31⅜	32	2,200	Chino Copper	31¾	31⅞	31½	31⅞	...
30½	31	300	Colorado Fuel & Iron	30	30½	30	30½	+½
143⅞	144	1,300	Consolidated Gas	143¼	144	143¼	144	+1
14	14⅝	100	Corn Products Ref.	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+⅛
167½	168½	100	Delaware & Hudson	168	168	168	168	+½
19	19½	100	Denver & Rio Grande	19	19	19	19	...
32	32¼	100	Distillers' Securities	32⅜	32¾	32⅜	32¾	+⅛
9¼	9⅞	600	Duluth, S. S. & A.	9½	9½	9½	9½	+⅛
17½	18	1,525	Dul., S. S. & A. pf	18	19	18	18	+½
35¾	36	5,000	Erie	35⅝	36	35¼	36	+¼
53¾	53⅞	400	Erie 1st pf	53½	53½	53½	53½	+⅞
43¾	44	100	Erie 2d pf	43½	43½	43½	43½	...
182	182¼	300	General Electric	182	182	182	182	...
33¾	34¼	100	General Motors	34	34	34	34	...
77½	78⅞	500	General Motors pf	77	77½	77	77½	+1
140½	140¾	7,300	Great Northern pf	139⅝	140⅝	139⅝	140⅝	+1⅜
42½	43	200	Gt. N. certs. ore prop.	43	43	43	43	+¼
55¼	56	200	Guggenheim Explor.	55	55¼	55	55¼	+¾
133¼	133½	700	Illinois Central	131¾	133¼	131¾	133¼	+1⅜
18¾	19	200	Inspiration Con. Cop.	19	19	19	19	...
20¼	20⅜	800	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs.	19⅞	20⅜	19⅞	20⅜	+½
58⅜	58½	1,000	Inter.-Met. pf	58	58⅝	57⅞	58⅝	+⅜
120	120½	200	Int. Harvester	120½	120½	120½	120½	+¾
15⅞	16	1,000	Int. Paper	15½	16	15	16	+1
56	56½	350	Int. Paper pf	55	56	55	56	...
79½	80	100	Int. Steam Pump pf	79½	79½	79⅛	79½	...
24½	25	100	Kansas City South.	24⅜	24⅜	24⅜	24⅜	−⅛
167½	167¾	3,500	Lehigh Valley	166⅜	167¾	166⅜	167¾	+1⅝
205	206¼	900	Liggett & Myers	201½	206	201½	206	+2¾
45½	45⅝	2,700	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	45½	45¾	45	45⅝	−⅛
103¾	104⅛	100	Loose-W. Bis. 1st pf	104	104	104	104	+¼
91¾	92⅝	200	Loose-W. Bis. 2d pf	91¾	91¾	91¾	91¾	−½
157¾	158	300	Louisville & Nash.	157¾	158	157¾	158	+½
133⅞	135	50	Manhattan Elev.	134	134	134	134	...
15⅞	16⅛	100	Merc. Marine pf	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	+⅛
68	68½	400	Mex. Petrol. ex div.	68½	68½	67⅞	67⅞	−½
29¾	29⅞	2,100	Miami Copper	29⅝	29⅞	29⅝	29⅞	+⅜
19	20	300	Minn. & St. Louis	19¾	20	19½	20	+½
150	150¼	6,000	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	148	152	148	150⅜	+3⅝
26¾	27	800	Miss., Kan. & Texas	26¾	27	26¾	27	...
60	60¼	200	Miss. K. & T. pf	60	60¼	60	60¼	+⅛
36½	36¾	1,400	Missouri Pacific	36½	36¾	36⅜	36⅜	−⅜
140⅛	140⅜	5,800	Nat. Biscuit Co.	136½	140	136¼	139¾	+4
17	17¼	500	Nat. Enam. & Stamp	17⅛	17⅛	17	17⅛	+⅜
58¾	59	300	National Lead	58½	58½	58¼	58¼	−¼
21⅜	21½	310	Nevada Cons. Cop.	21½	21½	21½	21½	+¼
116	116⅞	100	New York Central	116¼	116¼	116¼	116¼	+1
135	135½	150	N. Y., N. H. & H.	135	135	135	135	...
88¾	89¾	100	N. Y. State Rys.	89	89	89	89	−¾
118¼	118½	5,215	Norfolk & Western	117⅞	118½	117⅞	118⅜	+⅞
82¾	83	200	North American	82½	83	82½	83	+1
124⅝	124¾	10,866	Northern Pacific	123⅝	124⅝	123½	124⅝	+1½
123½	123¾	900	Penn. Railroad	123½	123⅝	123½	123⅝	+¼
116	116¼	400	People's Gas, Chic.	116¼	116⅜	116⅛	116⅛	+⅛
191	193	52	P. Lorillard Co.	192	192	192	192	...
108½	108¾	500	P., C., C. & St. L.	108¾	109	108¾	108⅞	+⅝
20¾	21	100	Pittsburgh Coal	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	...
35¾	35⅞	1,000	Pressed Steel Car	35	35¾	35	35¾	+½
101	102	100	Pr. St. Car pf. ex. div.	101½	101½	101½	101½	+1¼
160	161	119	Pullman Co. ex div.	160¼	160¼	160¼	160¼	−¼
20⅞	21	1,800	Ray Consol. Copper	20⅞	21	20⅞	21	+¼
165⅜	165½	42,800	Reading	164	165⅝	163⅝	165⅝	+1½
26	26½	525	Repub. Iron & Steel	25½	26	25½	26	+⅜
84½	85	100	Rep. Iron & St. pf	84½	84½	84½	84½	−⅝
25	25⅛	1,200	Rock Island Co.	24⅞	25⅛	24⅞	25	+½
49⅜	49¾	100	Rock Island Co. pf	49	49	49	49	...
102	103	160	Rumely (M.) Co. pf	102	102¾	101¾	101¾	...
21	21½	200	St. L. & San. F.	21¼	21¼	21	21	...
50	51	2	St. L. & S. F., C. & E. Ill. pf. stk. ctfs.	50	50	50	50	...
72¾	73	200	St. L. S'western pf	73	73	72⅞	72⅞	−½
23½	23¾	800	Seaboard Air Line	23¼	23⅞	23¼	23⅞	−⅛
53½	53¾	800	Seaboard Air L. pf	53⅜	53¾	53⅜	53¾	+⅞
194⅞	195	300	S. Roe. & Co. ex. div.	194½	195	194½	195	+½
55½	57	100	Sloss-Shef. St. & Iron	55½	55½	55½	55½	+1⅝
110⅝	110¾	900	Southern Pacific	109½	110⅝	109½	110⅝	+½
29	29½	7,400	Southern Ry. ext.	28⅝	29⅛	28⅝	29	+¾
77¼	77½	850	Southern Ry. pf. ext.	77	77½	77	77¼	+½
29⅝	30	200	Standard Milling	30	30	29⅞	29⅞	...
36	37	650	Studebaker Co.	35	36½	35	36½	+⅛
42¾	43	250	Tenn. Copper	42¼	42⅞	42¼	42⅞	+1⅝
126	126½	800	Texas Co.	126⅝	126⅝	126¼	126½	+⅞
21	21½	300	Texas & Pacific	21	21	21	21	+¼
37¼	37¾	300	Third Avenue, new	36¾	37¼	36¾	37¼	...
13	14	100	Toledo, St. L. & W.	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	+¼
30	32	200	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	31⅞	32	31⅞	32	+¼
110½	111	100	Underwood T'writer	111	111	111	111	+⅜
12½	13	300	Union Bag & Paper	12⅛	12⅞	12⅛	12⅞	+¾
57½	59	130	Union Bag & P. pf	58	58	58	58	+½
169⅜	169½	17,900	Union Pacific	168½	169½	167⅞	169½	+2
108	110⅝	125	United D. Goods pf	108⅞	108⅞	108⅞	108⅞	+1⅛
29	31	100	United Rys. Invest.	30⅜	30⅜	30⅜	30⅜	+⅛
58	59¼	130	U. S. C. I. P. & F. pf	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞	+2¼
41	45¼	200	U. S. Ind. Alcohol	45	45	45	45	−1
82	82¾	500	U. S. Realty & Imp.	83	83	83	83	...
52	52½	300	U. S. Rubber	52½	52½	52⅜	52⅜	+½
106⅝	106¾	369	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	106½	106⅝	106½	106⅝	+⅛
70⅝	71	61,300	U. S. Steel	70¼	70⅞	69¾	70⅞	+⅛
112¼	112½	600	U. S. Steel pf	112¼	112⅝	112¼	112⅝	+1¼
62	62¼	800	Utah Copper	61¼	62⅛	61¼	62⅛	...
49⅜	49½	100	Va.-Caro. Chemical	49½	49½	49½	49½	+⅝
115	117	50	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf	116⅝	116⅝	116⅝	116⅝	+½
5⅛	5¼	3,700	Wabash	4¼	5¼	4¼	5⅛	...
15⅛	15½	2,700	Wabash pf	14	15⅛	14	15⅛	+⅛
57¾	58	300	Western Maryland	57⅞	58	57⅞	58	+⅞
81¾	82	100	West. Union Tel.	81¾	81¾	81¾	81¾	+¼
80	80½	700	W'inghouse E. & M.	79⅞	80	79⅞	80	−¾
6½	7	200	Wheel. & Lake Erie	7	7	7	7	+⅞
52	54	200	Wisconsin Central	53	54	53	54	...
93	95	100	Woolworth, F. W.	94	94	94	94	−⅞
113½	114½	140	Woolworth, F. W. pf	114½	114½	114½	114½	+½

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales July 31, 1912 .... $1,908,500
From Jan. 1, 1912 455,726,000
Same period last year 526,494,500

Panama 3s, coup
3,000 .... 101⅝
Sao Paulo 5s
17,000 .... 98½
Va 6s, def, Brown Bros & Co ctfs
20,000 55
10,000 .... 55¼
20,000 .... 55⅜
2,000 .... 56⅛
5,000 .... 56⅛
2,000 .... 56½
10,000 .... 56¼
5,000 .... 56½
1,000 57
5,000 56
1,000 .... 56½
4,000 56
10,000 .... 56½
1,000 57
10,000 .... 56½
N Y City 4s, 1957
1,000 99
N Y City 4¼s
1,000 .... 101¼
2,000 .... 101⅜
4½s, 1962, temp rcts
10,000 .... 100⅝
Allis-Chalmers 5s
2,000 .... 60⅝
Tr Co ctfs of dep
10,000 .... 58½
stamped
6,000 56
Am Ag Ch conv 5s
5,000 .... 101¾
Am Sm Secur 6s
5,000 .... 104¾
Am T & T col 4s
15,000 .... 90⅝
30,000 .... 90½
1,000 .... 90⅝
conv 4s
1,000 .... 114¾
Am Wr Paper 5s
8,000 91
20,000 .... 91¼
8,000 .... 91⅛
Armour & Co 4½s
2,000 .... 91½
1,000 c 91¾
A, T & S F gen 4s
3,000 .... 97¼
3,000 .... 97⅛
2,000 .... 97¼
6,000 .... 97⅜
registered
5,000 .... 96⅛
adjsmt 4s, stpd
1,000 89
conv 4s, 1955
2,000 .... 107¾
conv 4s, 1960
74,000 .... 104⅜
100,000 .... 104½
1,000 .... 104⅝
20,000 .... 104½
Atl Coast Line 4s
5,000s15f 94½
registered
5,000 94
Lou & N col 4s
3,000 94
Balt & O gold 4s
6,000 .... 97⅜
2,000 .... 97¼
10,000 c 97½
5,000 .... 97¼
1,000 .... 97⅜
8,000 .... 97½
S W Div 3½s
1,000 .... 90⅝
1,000s10f 90⅝
Beth Steel 5s
5,000 97
1,000 .... 96⅞
1,000 97
B R T ref conv 4s
2,000 .... 92½
23,000 .... 92⅜
55,000 .... 92½
Cal Gas & Elec 5s
10,000 .... 95¾
4,000 .... 95⅝
Canada So 2d 5s
4,000 .... 100⅝
Cent Leather 5s
2,000 .... 95½
Cent Pac gtd 4s
5,000 95
Cent Vermont 4s
8,000 .... 91¼
Ches & O con 5s
2,000 .... 110½
fund 5s
1,000 .... 103½
gen 4½s
2,000 .... 99⅞
conv 4½s
1,000 .... 93⅜
41,000 .... 93½
Chi & Alton 3½s
20,000 65
C, B & Q gen 4s
7,000 .... 95⅞
joint 4s
10,000 .... 96⅛
3,000 96
1,000 .... 96⅛
5,000 96
1,000 .... 96⅛
1,000 96
Ill Div 3½s
3,000 .... 87⅝
Ill Div 4s
10,000 .... 99¼
Southwn Div 4s
1,000 .... 99⅝
Chi & E Ill gen 5s
6,000 107
Chi Gt Westn 4s
6,000 77
8,000 .... 77⅛
Chi, Mil & St P gen 4s, Ser A
2,000 .... 97½
4s, 1934
2,000 .... 90½
conv 4½s, sub rcts, full paid
1,000 .... 104⅞
10,000 .... 104¾
Chi & N W deb 5s, 1929
1,000 105
gen 4s
1,000 .... 97½
Mil, Sparta & N Wn 1st 4s
10,000 .... 93¼
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s
15,000 .... 88⅜
deb 5s
4,000 .... 91⅞
14,000 .... 91⅝
1,000 .... 91⅞
C, R I & P R R 4s
1,000 .... 68⅛
14,000 68
Chi, St P, M & O deb 5s
25,000 .... 102¾
Chi & W Ind con 4s
1,000 .... 89⅝
Chino Copper 6s
25,000 140
Col & Sou 1st 4s
2,000 96
ref & ext 4½s
5,000 .... 95¾
2,000 .... 95⅝
2,000s20f 95⅝
2,000 .... 95⅝
Del & Hud 1st & ref 4s
4,000 .... 99½
Dist Secur Corp 5s
1,000 .... 73⅝
Du P de N Pow 4½s
1,000 .... 88½
Erie 1st con 4s
11,000 .... 89¼
4,000 .... 89½
1st gen 4s
14,000 78
conv 4s, Ser B
2,000 .... 78½
Gen Motors 6s
30,000 .... 100⅛
1,000 .... 100¼
Grand Rap & Ind 1st gtd 4½s
5,000 104
Gt Northn ref 4¼s
5,000 .... 100⅝
Ill Cent ref 4s
4,000 .... 95¼
Lou Div 3½s
3,000 86
Ind Steel 5s, J P M & Co tr rcts
1,000 .... 100¾
Inter-Met 4½s
92,000 .... 82⅝
24,000 .... 82¼
Internatnl Nav 5s
1,000 79
Int Stm Pump 5s
1,000 .... 92¼
Kan City & Mem Bridge 5s
2,000 .... 103½
Kan City So 5s
7,000 .... 98¼
Kan City So 3s
5,000 .... 73½
Lack Steel 5s, 1950
10,000 81
5,000 .... 81¼
2,000 81
Laclede Gas Lgt of St Louis 1st 5s
1,000 .... 102⅝
ref & ext 5s
3,000 .... 101⅝
2,000 .... 101⅝
Lake Shore & Mich So 4s, 1928
15,000 .... 93⅝
Liggett & Myers 7s, temp bonds
10,000 .... 120⅞
Liggett & Myers 5s
3,000 .... 98½
10,000 .... 98⅝
10,000 .... 98½
Lou & N gen 6s
1,000 .... 113¾
St L Div 3s
4,000 3. .... 69¼
Manhattan Con 4s
9,000 96
Mich State Tel 5s
6,000 .... 99⅞
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
500 .... 95⅝
Mo Pacific 4s
8,000 .... 70¼
1,000 .... 70⅛
1,000 70
1,000 .... 70¼
5,000 .... 70⅛
1,000 70
500 .... 73½
Mob & O new 6s
6,000 119
Nat Tube 5s, J P M & Co tr rcts
10,000 .... 99¾
N O, Mob & C 5s
1,000 .... 89⅝
N Y Air Brake 1st conv 6s
3,000 .... 100¼
N Y Central, Lake Shore col 3½s
3,000 81
N Y, C & S L 1st 4s
7,000 .... 99⅝
deb 4s
5,000 89
N Y G, El L, H & Pow col tr 5s
1,000 .... 103½
pur money 4s
4,000 .... 88⅜
N Y, N H & H non-conv deb 4s, 1955
1,000 .... 91½
3,000 92
N Y Railways temp ref 4s
1,000 .... 78¼
4,000 .... 78⅝
temp adj 5s
97,000 58
6,000 .... 58⅛
28,000 .... 58⅜
15,000 .... 58¼
2,000 .... 58⅜
15,000 .... 58¼
4,000 .... 58⅛
30,000 .... 58¼
N Y Teleph 4½s
500 .... 99⅝
N Y, West & B 4½s
7,000 100
8,000 .... 99⅞
Norfolk Southn 1st ref 5s, Ser A
2,000 100
Nor & Wn con 4s
5,000 .... 97⅝
5,000 .... 97½
conv 4s
17,000 .... 117¾
30,000 .... 117½
1,000s20f 117¾
sub rcts, full pd
3,000 117
Pocah C & C 4s
2,000 91
Northn Pacific 4s
8,000 .... 98⅝
8,000 .... 98½
1,500 .... 98⅝
gen 3s
6,000 .... 68⅞
Ore R & N con 4s
10,000 .... 93⅝
Oreg-Wash R R & Nav 1st & ref 4s
12,000 91
Pac Tel & T 5s
1,000 .... 100½
6,000 .... 100⅝
17,000 .... 100⅜
Penn conv 3½s, 1915
1,000 .... 97¼
5,000 .... 97⅛
3,000 .... 97¼
Penn gtd 4½s
5,000 .... 102⅞
P. Lor Co 5s
2,000 .... 99¼
5,000 99
4,000 .... 99¼
2,000 99
Public Serv Corp sink fund 5s
10,000 .... 98½
Reading gen 4s
3,000 .... 97⅝
2,000 .... 97½
registered
5,000 .... 96⅜
St L & S F R R ref 4s
1,000 .... 78¼
St P & Kan City S Line 1st 4½s
1,000 90
2,000 .... 89⅝
St P, M & M, Mon Ext 4s
2,000 97
San A & A P 4s
2,000 .... 86¼
Seab A L adj 5s
7,000 .... 81½
Seab A L ref 4s
2,000 .... 79⅝
So Pac conv 4s
3,000 .... 94⅝
So Ry gen 4s
21,000 .... 78¼
31,000 .... 78⅛
Tenn C, I & R gen 5s
1,000 103
Third Av ref 4s
2,000 .... 82¾
Un Pacific 1st 4s
5,000 .... 100⅛
U S R & Imp 5s
1,000 90
1,000 .... 89⅝
U S Rubber 6s
6,000 .... 104¼
5,000 .... 104⅜
4,000 .... 104⅛
U S Steel Cor s f 5s
5,000 102
20,000 .... 102⅛
19,000 .... 102⅛
registered
8,000 .... 102¼
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s
16,000 .... 98¼
5,000 .... 98⅜
Wabash 1st 5s
1,000 106
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s
10,000 .... 68¼
26,000 .... 68⅜
Wabash ref & ext 4s, Equit Tr Co ctfs of dep, stpd
3,000 .... 65¼
Wab Pitts Ter 1st Cent Trust ctfs
1,000 .... 32¼
Col Tr ctfs for Cent Tr ctfs
10,000 32
W U Tel col tr 5s
3,000 .... 101½
West Shore 4s
10,000 .... 99½
Westingh El & M 5% notes
1,000 .... 97¼

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	100¼	101	Pan 2s, r, 1938	100⅛	101
2s, c, 1930	100½	101¼	Pan 3s, r, 1961	101⅜	101⅞
3s, r, 1918	102	102⅝	Pan 3s, c, 1961	101⅝	101⅞
3s, c, 1918	102	102⅝			
4s, r, 1925	113⅝	114½			
4s, c, 1925	113⅝	114½			
Pan 2s, r, 1936	100⅛	101			

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Exp.	200	206
Alb & Susq.	265½	..
Allis-Chalm.	¼	¾
Do 1st pd.	1¼	1⅞
Allis-Ch pf.	2½	6½
Do 1st pd.	4½	5
Am Ag Ch.	60¼	61
Do pf.	99⅝	101
Am B S pf.	95½	97½
A B S & F.	95¾	96½
Do pf.	137½	142⅝
A Cities pf.	77⅞	78½
A C & F pf.	117¼	120
Am Coal.	70	95
A Cot O pf.	96	102½
Am C Prod.	96	97
Do pf.	108⅞	..
Am Exp.	205	210
A H & L pf	25	26
Am Linseed	13¼	13⅞
Do pf.	34½	36½
Am Malt.	16	18
A S pf. B.	87½	88
Am Sn pf.	106	111
Do new.	100	105
Am T & C.	..	77¼
Am Tob pf.	107	110
Do t r.	109	112
Am W pf.	88¾	89½
Ann Arbor.	15	25
Do pf.	60	90
Assets Real.	124	126
Assoc Oil.	..	44
Atl C L.	140½	140¾
Bald Locom	57½	58½
Do pf.	105¾	106
B & O pf.	87½	88½
Batopilas M	1⅝	2
Bruns Term	8	10
B, R & P.	116½	120½
Do pf.	127	139
But'k Co.	32⅞	37
Canada So.	66	68½
Cent. L pf.	95¼	96½
C R R of N J.	370	395
C & S A T.	112	119
Chi & Alt.	18	23
Do pf.	36	40
Chi Gt W.	17	17⅛
C, I & L pf	50	80
C, M & St Paul pf.	141	143
C & N W pf.	180	195
Chi, St P, M & Om.	130	135
Do pf.	155	161
Chi Un Tr ctfs sta.	2	2¾
Do pf.	6¾	7½
C, C, C & St L.	53⅝	59
Do pf.	98	101¾
Cleve & P.	168⅛	..
C F & I pf.	116	..
Col & So.	40	42
Do 1st pf.	72	77
Do 2d pf.	65	75
C P R pf.	82	83¼
Crex Carpet.	81	87
Cub-Am S.	..	45
Do pf.	..	100
D, L & W.	525	536
D & R G pf.	35	35½
D M & Ft D	5	9
Det & M.	115	..
Do pf.	103	..
Det Un R.	72	75½
Du P de N Pow pf.	95	99½
Ev & T H pf.	..	105
F M & S.	14	21
Do pf.	44	48¾
Gen Chem.	171	190
Do pf.	110	..
G & S Tel.	115½	..
Goldf'd C.	3⅞	4
Granby Con.	..	65
G.W.Helme.	177	197
Do pf.	105	114
Hav Elec.	80	86
Do pf.	90	96
Hock Val.	135	..
Homestake.	95	98
Ill C l l.	88¼	..
Inger-Rand.	105	..
Do pf.	95	..
Inter Agric.	48½	50
Do pf.	95	96
I H pf, ex div.	118	121
Int St P.	26	27
Iowa Cent.	10	13
Do pf.	25	30
K C, Ft S & M pf.	77	79
K C So pf.	58	59¼
K & D M.	6	8
Do pf.	48	60
K I, C, pf.	75	78
Lack Steel.	41	45
Lacl Gas.	106⅛	106½
Do pf.	90	100
L E & Wn.	14	17
Do pf.	38	39½
Lake Shore.	464	..
L & M pf.	112¾	114
Long Island	48	53
Mackay Co.	89	91
Do pf.	69⅝	69¾
Mah C R.	700	1,000
Man Beach.	2	5
M Dep St.	77	79
Do pf.	103	108
Mer Marine	4⅛	4¼
Mich Cent.	..	190
M & St L pf.	46	50
M, St P & S S M pf.	156	157¾
Do l l.	86	89⅝
Mor & Es.	173	180
N, C & St L.	160	190
Nat B pf.	125	129
Nat En pf.	91	98
Nat L pf.	108	110
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	66	69
Do 2d pf.	30	31
N O, M & Chi pf.	17½	30
N Y A Br.	76½	78
N Y, C & St L.	56	59
Do 1st pf.	103	..
Do 2d pf.	84	90
N Y Dock.	19	..
Do pf.	35	45
N Y, L & W.	120	130
N Y, O & West.	32¼	32½
N O T & L.	61	64
Norf South.	47	48
N & W pf, ex div.	88	90
Ont Mining	1½	2
Pabst B pf.	110	114
Pac Coast.	90	100
Do 1st pf.	85	105
Do 2d pf.	90	100
Pac Mail.	30½	31
P T & Tel.	48½	49½
Do pf.	98½	..
Peo & E.	13	15
P. Lor pf.	113¾	..
Pere Marq.	..	30
Do 2d pf.	..	38
Phelps-D'ge.	215½	..
Phila Co.	103½	105
P, C, C & St L pf.	112½	117
Pitts C pf.	91	92
P, Ft W & C.	161	..
Pitts St pf.	102	102½
Pub S Corp.	115½	116⅝
Quicksilver.	4	6
Do pf.	8	9
R R Sec I C stk ctfs.	83¼	89
Ry St Spr.	35¼	35½
Do pf.	102	103
Rdg 1st pf.	89½	90
Do 2d pf.	95	96½
Rens & Sar.	185⅛	..
R G M Co pf.	105	110
St L & S F 1st pf.	60	63
Do 2d pf.	33⅜	34¾
St L & S F, C & E I ctfs.	120	..
Do pf ctfs.	106½	..
St L S W.	32	32½
Sears-R pf.	124	..
So P R S.	70	80
Do pf.	105	110
So Ry, M & Ohio ctfs.	80	88
Stand M pf.	63¾	64¾
Studebaker.	94½	95½
T P L Tr.	92½	97½
T, P & W.	15¼	..
T R & L.	5	5½
T C R T.	107	108
Do pf.	140⅝	145
Und T pf.	112	..
Un Pac pf.	90	90⅝
Un Cig M.	57	57½
Do pf.	104	108
Un Dry G.	99¼	100
U R I pf.	58⅜	59⅜
U S C I P.	18¼	19½
U S Exp.	89	92
U S I A pf.	102	105
U S R & R	1	3
Do pf.	..	6
U S R 2d pf.	75	81
Va I, C & Coke	54	58
Va Ry & P pf.	87½	..
Vulcan Det.	10	21
Do pf.	83	87
W F Exp.	136	140
Weyman-B.	220	280
Do pf.	113	115
W Md pf.	78	82
Westingh'se 1st pf.	122	125
Wh & L E 1st pf.	18	25
Do 2d pf.	8½	12

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Trading on the Consolidated Stock Exchange developed breadth as prices rose in the late afternoon, with strength and activity marking the closing dealings. A forecast of United States Steel to subsequent action was afforded by the active dealings in that stock on the 9:30 o'clock opening call, when it became evident that traders construed the quarterly earnings statement of the night before as satisfactory. Transactions in Steel on the call amounted to 1,300 shares, of which 310 shares sold at 70 and 900 shares at 70⅛, the last being the final price on the call representing an advance of one-half a point compared with Tuesday's closing price for the stock on the New York Stock Exchange.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
840	Amal. Copper	82¼	83¼	82¼	83¼
490	Am. Beet Sug.	70½	71	70⅛	70⅝
1,840	Am. Can	35¾	37⅞	35¾	37⅞
20	Am. Can pf	118	118⅛	118	118⅛
40	Am. Ice	26¼	26⅝	26¼	26⅝
130	Am. Smelting	83	83½	82⅝	83½
130	Am. Sugar	126	127	126	127
260	Anaconda Cop.	41	41½	41	41½
160	At., T. & S.F.	107½	107⅞	107¼	107⅞
490	Balt. & Ohio	110¼	110½	110	110½
150	B'klyn R. T.	91⅛	92¼	91⅛	92¼
550	Can. Pacific	267	271⅞	267	271⅝
60	Cent. Leather	26¼	26½	26¼	26½
290	Ches. & Ohio	80½	81	80½	81
300	Chi., M. & St. P.	103½	105½	103½	105½
70	Col. Fuel & I.	30⅜	30½	30⅜	30½
30	Consol. Gas	144	144	144	144
80	Corn Products	14⅛	14⅝	13⅞	14⅝
20	Dist. Secur	32½	32⅝	32½	32⅝
430	Erie	35⅞	36	35¾	36
590	Gt. Nor. pf	139½	140½	139½	140½
170	Inter.-Met	20	20	20	20
100	Inter.-Met. pf	58⅛	58⅛	58	58
560	Lehigh Valley	166⅜	167½	166¼	167½
40	Louis. & Nash	157¾	158	157¾	158
20	Mo., K. & T.	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾
150	Mo. Pacific	36⅝	36⅝	36½	36⅝
10	Nevada Con	21½	21½	21½	21½
50	N. Y. Central	115½	116	115½	116
170	Norf. & West.	118¼	118½	118⅛	118½
1,460	Nor. Pacific	123¾	124⅝	123¾	124⅝
20	Pennsylvania	123⅝	123¾	123⅝	123¾
40	Ray Consol	20½	20⅝	20½	20⅝
7,840	Reading	164	165⅝	163⅝	165⅝
10	Republic Steel	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¼
120	Rock Island	25	25⅛	25	25⅛
20	So. Pacific	110½	110½	110¼	110½
50	Southern Ry	28¾	29	28¾	29
10	Tenn. Copper	43	43	43	43
10	Third Av	37¼	37¼	37¼	37¼
5,350	Union Pacific	168⅜	169⅝	167⅞	169½
10	U. S. Rubber	52⅜	52⅜	52⅜	52⅜
150	U. S. Rub. rts.	⅜	⅜	7-16	⅜
9,680	U. S. Steel	70	70⅞	69⅞	70⅞
60	Utah Copper	61⅝	62¼	61⅝	62¼
490	Wabash	4¼	5¼	4¼	5⅛
220	Wabash pf	13⅞	15¼	13⅞	15¼
40	Westingh. Elec.	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝
33,850					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,200	Atlanta	.25½	.25½	.25	.25
300	Consol. Va	.88	.88	.88	.88
1,000	Con. Imperial	.04	.04	.04	.04
800	Comb. Frac	.21	.21	.21	.21
1,000	Crackerjack	.02½	.02½	.02½	.02½
500	Dia. Field	.08	.08	.08	.08
500	Elkton	.63½	.63½	.63½	.63½
100	Florence	.94	.94	.94	.94
1,000	Great Bend	.04	.04	.04	.04
300	Jim Butler	.65	.65	.65	.65
600	Jumbo Exten.	.40	.40	.40	.40
400	Mexican	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70
200	Montana	2.45	2.45	2.45	2.45
350	Ophir	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
300	Portland	.90	.90	.90	.90
2,200	Tonopah Merg.	.95	1.05	.95	1.00
10,250					

West Virginia Bank Closes.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The First National Bank of Rowlesburg, West Va., has been closed by National Bank Examiner Blanchard E. Hiatt, who reported to the Controller of the Currency to-day that serious irregularities had been discovered. Thomas P. Kane, [illegible] Controller, appointed Mr. Hiatt temporary receiver. The exact loss of the institution [illegible] not known.

RECORD PROFITS FOR B. R. T.

Year's Earnings the Biggest in Its History.

The Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company issued yesterday its report for 1912, showing the largest earnings of any year in the company's history. Gross revenues from operation were $23,226,550, an increase of $1,240,000, or 5.6 per cent. over 1911. While operating expenses increased $445,692, or 3.6 per cent., and taxes $309,506, or more than 21 per cent., the surplus for the twelve months established a new high record of $3,711,222. This is a gain of $651,000, or 21 per cent. over the preceding year.

The net surplus for the year was $3,731,259, which is equivalent to 8.32 per cent. on the company's stock outstanding. A year ago the surplus amounted to 6.82 per cent. After paying dividends of 5 per cent. the Directors set aside $1,000,000 as a reserve fund, making the total reserves, other than surplus, $2,016,000.

Under the agreement finally reached with the Public Service Commission and the Board of Estimate the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company will construct seventy miles of subways and tunnels, which will be connected with the existing system. With new elevated extensions to be built the company's mileage, which is now 105, will be increased to 269. To provide for the company's share of the cost of the new work $40,000,000 out of an authorized issue of $60,000,000 of six-year 5 per cent. notes were sold recently to the Central Trust Company, Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and Kidder, Peabody & Co.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.07	Justice	.05
Alpha Con	.02	Kentucky Con	.08
Andes	.05	Mexican	2.67½
Belcher	.42	Occidental Con	.50
Best & Belcher	.07	Ophir	.99
Bullion	.02	Overman	.36
Challenge Con	.13	Potosi	.03
Chollar	.11	Savage	.10
Confidence	.80	Sag. Belcher	.12
Con. Cal. & Va.	.86	Sierra Nevada	.20
Con. Imperial	.04	Union Con	.61
Crown Point	.49	Utah Con	.06
Gould & Curry	.06	Yellow Jacket	.61
Hale & Norcross	.11	Silver Bars	.60½
Julia	.07		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	9.25	Comb. Fraction	.17
Jim Butler	.66	Diamondf'd Daisy	.08
McNamara	.22	Diamondf'd B. B.	.08
Midway	.61	Florence	.86
Montana	2.35	Goldfield C. M.	3.90
North Star	.17	Goldfield Merger	.44
Rescue Eula	.16	Great Bend	.03
Tonopah Exten.	2.75	Jumbo Exten.	.40
West End	1.67½	Red Hills	.02
Tonopah Merger	1.15	Sandstorm Kendall	.03
GOLDFIELD.		Silver Pick	.13
Adams	.01	Vernal	.11
Atlanta	.25	Nevada Hills	2.00
Booth	.08	MANHATTAN.	
C. O. D.	10	Manhattan Con.	.15

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	5	6	Jackpot	4	6
Elkton	65¾	66	McKinney	70	71½
El Paso	100	101	Old Gold	3⅞	4½
Findlay	5½	6	Portland	91½	93
Gold Dollar	18	18½	Vindicator	84	86
Isabella	13⅞	15	Raven B. H.	7⅝	8

To Manage Chicago & Northwestern.

Special to The New York Times.

WINSTED, Conn., July 31.—C. S. Lake, Superintendent of the Western division of the New York, New Haven & Harlem Railroad, resigned to-night to become General Manager of the Chicago & Northwestern system. Mr. Lake joined the New Haven Road in 1907, coming from the Southern Railroad, where he was a Division Superintendent.

The Brazilian Trust & Loan Corporation Ltd.
Authorized Capital £1,000,000 in 200,000 shares of .... £5 each
Issued Capital 50,000 shares of .... £5 each
DIRECTORS.
WM. DOURO HOARE, Esq., Chairman.
EDWARD ANTHONY BENN, Esq.
MAX I. BONN, Esq.
Sir WM. EVANS GORDON.
CECIL F. PARR, Esq.
Bankers in London: LONDON & BRAZILIAN BANK, LTD., and GLYN, MILLS, CURRIE & CO.
Bankers in Paris, Portugal, Brazil, Argentina and Uruguay: LONDON & BRAZILIAN BANK, LTD.
The Corporation is prepared to undertake the following class of financial and other business in Brazil, viz.: To act as agents for companies and private parties, trustees for debenture issues and general agency business connected with Brazil.
For further information apply to the offices of the Corporation,
Pinner's Hall, 8-9 Austin Friars, LONDON, E. C.
JNO. HOLLOCOMBE, Secretary.

NOTICE OF CALL

FOR REDEMPTION OF FIRST MORTGAGE FIVE PER CENT. FIFTY YEAR GOLD BONDS OF THE

AMERICAN FELT COMPANY

Holders of First Mortgage 5% 50 Year Gold Bonds issued under an Indenture of the American Felt Company to United States Mortgage and Trust Company, Trustee, dated February 10, 1899, **ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED** that all of said bonds are called for redemption at 110 per cent. of par and accrued interest on January 1, 1913, after which date interest on said bonds shall cease.

For the purpose of redemption said Bonds must be presented at the office of United States Mortgage and Trust Company, 55 Cedar Street, New York City.

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE AND TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By CALVERT BREWER, Vice-President.
New York, July 1, 1912.

American Railway & Lighting Company

To the holders of the Collateral Trust Sinking Fund Five per cent. Gold Bonds of American Railway & Lighting Company, secured by trust agreement dated March 1st, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to Section 1 of Article VI. of said agreement this Company will redeem all of said outstanding Collateral Trust Bonds at 103% of the face value thereof and accrued interest on September 1st, 1912, and on or prior to that date all said bonds should be sent to THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, successor to the Trust Company of America, Trustee under the agreement securing said issue of bonds. On and after September 1st, 1912, upon deposit with the Trustee of the amount required to redeem said bonds, all interest thereon shall cease pursuant to the terms of the said trust agreement.

AMERICAN RAILWAY & LIGHTING CO.,
By J. F. STRICKLAND, President.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
$750,000

Mitchell Lewis Motor Co.

6% Gold Notes Due August 1, 1912

Holders of the above notes may present same for payment at par and accrued interest at either the Continental and COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK, Chicago, or at the FIRST NATIONAL BANK, 7 Wall St., New York, on or after August 1, 1912. (Signed) F. L. MITCHELL, Treas.

WANTED. — Investor who can control $200,000 to invest in a large second mortgage whose interest has never been delayed one day since it was issued and the earnings of the property are more than three times all charges, and value of first and second mortgage only 70 per cent. of property. To one controlling above sum can show them $60,000 profit above interest. Highest references given and required. J., box 39 Station W, Brooklyn, N. Y.

LOST—Lackawanna Railroad Company of New Jersey Stock Certificate No. 01199 for 35 shares, dated Dec. 20, 1911; registered in the name of Louise Maxwell Whitney. Notice is hereby given to show cause why duplicate certificate should not be issued. Louise Maxwell Whitney.

ENGINEERS.

W. S. BARSTOW & CO.
INCORPORATED
CONSULTING and CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERS
PUBLIC SERVICE PROPERTIES FINANCED and MANAGED
50 Pine Street New York

EXAMINATIONS, DESIGNS & ESTIMATES of ENGINEERING STRUCTURES & PROPERTIES
SCHUYLER R. SCHAFF, 5 BEEKMAN ST., Civil Engineer. New York City.

DIVIDENDS.

JEFFERSON & CLEARFIELD COAL & IRON COMPANY.

A dividend of Two and One-half Per Cent. has been declared on the preferred stock of this Company, payable August 15, 1912, to stockholders of record August 9th, 1912, at 3:00 P. M. Checks will be mailed by the Transfer Agents of the Company.

GEORGE H. CLUNE, Treasurer.
Rochester, N. Y., July 30, 1912.

Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Company
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $9,500,000
Member of The New York Clearing House Association
160 Broadway, New York — 188 Montague St., Brooklyn
RECEIVES DEPOSITS subject to check or on certificate, allowing interest thereon. Depository for moneys paid into Court and for money of bankrupt estates.
LENDS ON APPROVED STOCKS and Corporation Bonds as collateral.
ACTS AS TRUSTEE, Guardian, Executor, Administrator, Assignee, or Receiver, Transfer Agent or Registrar of Stocks of Corporations.
Takes Charge of Personal Securities.
OFFICERS:
EDWIN W. COGGESHALL, President.
LOUIS V. BRIGHT, THORWALD STALLKNECHT, LEWIS H. LOSEE, Vice-Presidents.
HERBERT E. JACKSON, General Manager.
ARCHIBALD FORBES, Treasurer.
WALTER N. VAIL, Secretary.
U. CONDIT VARICK, ROBERT I. SMYTH, Asst. Treasurers.
FREDERICK D. REED, GEORGE F. PARMELEE, Asst. Secretaries.
WILLIAM F. BAECK, JAMES A. McCORMICK, Asst. Gen. Mgrs.
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:
EDWIN W. COGGESHALL, Chairman.
GEORGE F. BUTTERWORTH, WILLIAM P. DIXON, JULIAN D. FAIRCHILD, HENRY GOLDMAN, PHILIP LEHMAN, JOHN T. LOCKMAN, HENRY MORGENTHAU, JAMES N. WALLACE, ALBERT H. WIGGIN

Crawford, Patton & Cannon
Bankers
Bankers Trust Co. Bldg., 14 Wall Street, New York. — St. Andrews Hotel, B'way & 72nd St., New York. — North American Bldg., Broad Street, Philadelphia.
Investment Bonds

H. M. Byllesby & Company
Incorporated
Engineers
Insurance Exchange Bldg. CHICAGO — Trinity Building NEW YORK
Purchase, Finance, Construct and Operate Electric Light, Gas, Street Railway and Water Power Properties
Examinations and Reports
Utility Securities Bought and Sold

DIVIDENDS.

Coupons Due and Payable at the Office of

A. B. LEACH & CO.
149 BROADWAY, N. Y.

AUGUST 1ST, 1912.
Austin, Ill., School District No. 2
Bergen County, N. J., Bridge
Bloomington, Ill., Funding
Buncombe County, N. C., Funding
Champaign, Ill., Improvement
Chickasha, I. T., School
Coal Township, Penna., Poor House
Evanston, Ill., Judgment
Fairfield, Iowa, Ref. Water Works
Fairmont, Minn., Water Works Ext.
Greenfield, Ind., Funding
Houghton, Mich., Sewer
Huntington, Ind., School
Iron Mountain, Mich., Sewer
Jackson, Mich., Union School District
Kalamazoo, Mich., Improvement
Lake Forest, Ill.
La Grand, Ore., Refunding
Lancaster, N. Y., Water
Mechanicsville, N. Y.
Morrison County, Minn.
New Castle, Pa., School District
Onero, Wis., Fire House
Portland, Electric Co.
Pulaski Co., Ind., Court House
Rivervale, N. J., Road Imp.
Sherburne Co., Minn., Drainage
Spring Valley, Ill., Bridge
Snohomish Co., Wash., School District
Snohomish Co., Wash., Road
Union City, Ind.
Warren Co., Indiana, Bridge
Wauwatosa, Wis., Water Works
AUGUST 14, 1912.
Swayzee, Ind., School
AUGUST 15, 1912.
Centerville, Iowa
Consolidated Electric Co. of Maine
Vigo Co., Ind., Funding
AUGUST 23, 1912.
Summitville, Ind., School

Winslow, Lanier & Co.
59 CEDAR STREET
NEW YORK

THE FOLLOWING COUPONS AND DIVIDENDS ARE PAYABLE AT OUR BANKING HOUSE ON AND AFTER
AUGUST 1ST, 1912.
American Cotton Oil Co. 4½ Debentures.
Cleveland, Akron & Columbus Ry. Co. Cons. Mtge. 4s.
Cleveland & Pittsburgh Rd. Co. Gen. Mtge. Series "D."
Gas City, Indiana.
Marion County, Indiana, Bridge Bonds.
Massillon & Cleveland Rd. Co. quarterly dividend 2%.
Portsmouth, Ohio, Street Improvement Bonds.
Wheeling Terminal Railway Co. 1st Mtge. 4s.
AUGUST 15TH, 1912.
Grant County, Ind., Gravel Road 6s.

MARYLAND TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE, TIMBER CERTIFICATES, OF BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN THE KIRBY LUMBER COMPANY CONTRACT WITH THE HOUSTON OIL COMPANY OF TEXAS.

Notice is hereby given that the Interest Coupons, due August 1, 1912, on the First and Second Issues, and on the New Series, of Timber Certificates of Beneficial Interest in the Kirby Lumber Company Contract, and the principal of $680,000 of Series R, First Issue of said Certificates, due August 1, 1912, will be paid at maturity upon presentation at the office of the MARYLAND TRUST COMPANY, in the City of Baltimore, Maryland, or at the office of its Agent, THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK, in the City of New York.

MARYLAND TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
Baltimore, Maryland, July 31, 1912.

115TH SEMI-ANNUAL CASH DIVIDEND ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD CO.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a regular semi-annual dividend of three and one-half per cent. (3½%) in cash, payable August 31st, 1912, to the holders of the Capital Stock of the Illinois Central Railroad Company as registered at the close of business Thursday, August 1st, 1912.

D. R. BURBANK, Secretary.
New York, June 26, 1912.

New York, Chicago & St. Louis R. R. Co.
New York, July 18, 1912.

Semi-annual dividends of TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. on the First Preferred and TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. on the Second Preferred Capital Stock have been declared payable at the office of the Treasurer on Saturday, Aug. 31st, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Thursday, Aug. 1st, 1912.

MILTON S. BARGER, Treasurer.

UNION-AMERICAN CIGAR CO.
PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 1.

The Board of Directors has declared a semi-annual dividend of 3½% due Aug. 1st on full shares of Preferred Stock payable Aug. 15th to stockholders of record Aug. 1st. Transfer books closed from Aug. 1st to 15th inclusive. Checks will be mailed. G. P. Waidely, Treasurer.

PEOPLES GAS LIGHT & COKE COMPANY
(of Chicago).

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT. (1¾%) has been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable on August 26th, 1912, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on August 3d, 1912.

L. A. WILEY, Secretary.

General Chemical Company.
25 Broad Street, New York, July 26, 1912.

A dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) has been declared on the common stock of this company, payable September 3, 1912, to stockholders of record at close of business August 23, 1912.

JAMES L. MORGAN, Treasurer.

SAVINGS BANKS.

EXCELSIOR SAVINGS BANK
Is Now Located in the New 19-Story Building N. E. Cor. 23d St. and 6th Ave.
Assets $12,730,590.01
Surplus $600,264.98
Accounts can be opened by mail.
WILLIAM J. ROOME, Pres.
JOHN C. GRISWOLD, Sec'y.

DIVIDENDS.

THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY,
16, 18, 20 and 22 William Street, New York City

COUPONS AND DIVIDENDS DUE IN AUGUST ARE PAYABLE AT THIS OFFICE ON AND AFTER AUGUST 1ST, 1912, AS FOLLOWS:
Arkansaw Water Company
Alliance Water Works Company
Beloit Water Works Company
Birmingham Water Works Company
Clinton Water Works Company
Cornell Steamboat Company
Cincinnati & Muskingum Valley Railroad Company
Citizens' Gas Company of Kankakee
Commonwealth Water & Light Company of New Jersey
El Reno Water Company
Freeport Water Company
Gloversville & Broadalbin Railroad Company
Kalispell Water & Electric Company
Kokomo Water Works Company
Lackawanna Iron & Steel Company 5%
Larchmont Yacht Club
Leadville Water Company, Nos. 205, 211-24, 239-43 (272-4) $500.
Monongahela Valley Water Company
Montgomery Street Railway Company
People's Street Ry. Co., Luzerne County, Scranton, Pa.
Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Ry. Co., [illegible]ies E & H
Pyle, James & Sons
Port of Havana Docks Company
St. Louis Merchants Bridge Company
Seymour Water Company
Stevens Point Water Company
Union Club
Vandalia Railroad Company
Victory Manufacturing Company
Waterford Water Works Company
AUGUST 10TH, 1912.
Consolidated Gas Company
AUGUST 15TH, 1912.
The Cuba Railroad Company 6%
DIVIDENDS.
AUGUST 1ST, 1912.
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
AUGUST 7TH, 1912.
Omaha Water Company 1st preferred stock
AUGUST 15TH, 1912.
The Pullman Company
AUGUST 31ST, 1912.
Sheffield Farms-Slawson Decker Co. Pfd.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.
ISSUE OF $18,000,000.
ORDINARY CAPITAL STOCK.
SPECIAL INTEREST PAYMENT.

As intimated in the President's Circular to the Shareholders, dated January 3d, 1912, an Interest Payment at 7%, or $3.18 per share, will be paid on October 15th next, on the first four installments ($120) from the due date of each installment to September 30th, 1912, on the Shares of the above New Issue represented by the Certificates of Subscription, to holders of record at close of business August 16th next, who have paid these installments on or before their respective due dates. Notice is hereby given that this Interest Payment will be mailed from New York to the registered addresses of holders, or their duly appointed Attorneys, on October 14th, 1912. For the purpose of this payment the Certificate of Subscription books will close August 16th, at 3 P. M., and reopen September 16th, 1912.

W. R. BAKER, Secretary.
Montreal, July 31st, 1912.

REPUBLIC OF CUBA
Four and One-Half Per Cent. Gold Bonds Due 1949.
(External Loan.)

Coupons due August 1, 1912, of the above Bonds will be paid on presentation at our office on and after that date.

SPEYER & CO.
24-26 PINE STREET.
New York, July 27, 1912.

OFFICE OF THE
PORTLAND RAILWAY, LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY,
Portland, Oregon.

The coupon of the First and Refunding Mortgage 5% Bond, due August 1st, 1912, will be paid by the Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Company, upon presentation at their office, No. 60 Broadway, New York.

G. L. ESTABROOK, Asst. Treasurer.

THE B. F. GOODRICH COMPANY.
Akron, O., July 24th, 1912.

At a Meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a dividend of one per cent. (1%) was declared on the Common Stock of the Company, payable August 15th, 1912, to Stockholders of record at the close of business August 5th, 1912. Transfer books will not close.

W. A. MEANS, Treasurer.

DETROIT UNITED RAILWAY.

A Dividend of One and One-Quarter Per Cent. (1¼%) on the Capital Stock of the Company has been declared payable September 3d, 1912, to Stockholders of record August 16th, 1912, at 3 o'clock P. M.

A. E. PETERS, Secretary.
Detroit, Mich., July 24, 1912.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Operators Buy Little Plot in Greenwich Village in Line of Seventh Avenue Extension — Small Houses Popular in Brooklyn — Tenement Construction in Queens—Suburban Deals.

A sale of a curious little plot in the old Greenwich Village section yesterday illustrated in a marked manner the shrewdness of certain operators in buying for prospective profit property which lies in the direct line of authorized civic improvements. The plot which changed hands, and it is an interesting fact that this is its first transfer in fifty-five years, was the southeast corner of Waverley Place and Perry Street, occupied by an old three-story house, built when Greenwich Village was a popular residential community.

The plot is but little over a quarter of a full sized city lot being 22 feet on Perry Street, by 31 on Waverley Place. It was purchased by Harris and Maurice Mandelbaum from Margaret J. Westcott. The Mandelbaums have been prominent operators in many parts of the city and have lately turned their attention to that portion of Greenwich Village which will be affected by the Seventh Avenue extension, authorized some time ago by the Board of Estimate.

The small Perry Street corner just acquired is one block south of the end of Seventh Avenue at Eleventh Street and lies directly in the line of the extension of the avenue south to Varick Street. The Mandelbaums believe it is a good investment and are willing to wait for their profits until the city takes the property, paying cash for their purchase, which is acceptable to many of the old owners who prefer to take their profits now instead of waiting two or three years for payment from the city.

Only a few days ago the Mandelbaums bought two ancient houses on the southeast corner of Varick and Spring Streets, 50 by 50 feet, in the line of the proposed Varick Street widening, and they also lately acquired a row of fourteen old dwellings on the southeast corner of West Fourth and Tenth Streets, a plot 161 by 32 feet.

East Side Tenements Sold.

The two four-story tenements at 113 and 115 East 120th Street, each on plot 20 by 100; the six-story tenement at 2,371 Second Avenue, between 121st and 122d Streets, on plot 37.6 by 100, and the five-story tenement at 311 East Eighty-first Street, on plot 25 by 100, have been sold by E. Sharum to various clients. He has also sold and resold the three-story dwelling at 263 East 122d Street, on plot 14 by 71.8.

Resale in Dyckman Section.

A resale in the Dyckman section was reported yesterday by the Duff Realty Company, which sold to Louis Reiter for improvement, a plot 100 by 200 on the south side of Nagle Avenue, 300 feet west of Elwood Street.

Harlem Dwelling Sold.

Porter & Co. have sold for Philip Howell the three-story brownstone dwelling at 210 West 122d Street, on plot 15 by 100.11, to a client for occupancy.

Bronx Borough.

A builder has purchased from the Moorehead Realty Company the southwest corner of the Southern Boulevard and 180th Street, consisting of a plot 50 by 100.

Alexander Selkin and Bernard Lichtig have sold for William Sinnott 606 Union Avenue, near 151st Street, a four-story brick two-family house on lot 17.6 by 90. Mr. Selkin was the broker in the recent sale to Wolf Burland of a plot on Prospect Avenue, between 163d and 164th Streets.

Brooklyn.

Agnes B. Shepard has sold to a client of Tutino & Cerny, for investment, the three-story and cellar brick store building, on the west side of Fifth Avenue, on a plot 19.5 by 100, known as 5,106 Fifth Avenue.

Peter W. Rouss has purchased from Louis Bonert, a small plot of ground on the south side of Sterling Place, 37 feet west of Flatbush Avenue. The buyer holds title to the adjoining parcel. Charles E. Rickerson was the broker in the sale.

Burrill Brothers have sold the three-story American basement brick and stone house at 593 Third Street, between Eighth Avenue and Prospect Park West, for the Prosser Realty Company to a client for occupancy.

August H. Durbur has purchased through Joseph P. Day the Paul J. Gallagher house on Coleridge Avenue, Manhattan Beach Estates.

2,795 Small Houses Planned for Brooklyn.

One and two-family houses predominated in the plans filed in Brooklyn during the current year, according to the semi-annual report of Patrick J. Carlin, Superintendent of Buildings. Plans were approved at the Building Bureau for 2,795 buildings, and 1,659 buildings were completed. The estimated cost of the projected buildings is 10 per cent. greater than last year.

The report shows that only one ward, the Fourth, out of the thirty-two in Brooklyn Borough, was at a standstill during the period, and in many wards there was a boom in the real estate and construction business. Activities were the greatest in the Twenty-sixth Ward, where 559 new buildings were commenced and 334 completed.

Jews Buy Baptist Church.

Grace Baptist Church, on Forty-seventh Street, near Third Avenue, Bay Ridge, has been purchased by the Congregation Agudath Achim of Bay Ridge, of which S. Polstein is President. The property was held at about $12,000.

It is understood that the members of Grace Church will erect a new edifice at the corner of Fifty-third Street and Sixth Avenue.

Long Island.

Henry Pierson has sold for the Westbury Manor Company, at Westbury, to Samuel S. Cox, a corner plot, 120 by 100, at Butler Street and Tremont; also, a plot, 100 by 100, on Manor Avenue, to William J. McGinnis, a builder, who will erect two dwellings.

Long Island City.

A plot, 100 by 124.4, at the northeast corner of Vernon Avenue and Fourteenth Street, Long Island City, has been sold by Fannie J. Hotchkiss to John J. Radley for investment.

August H. Webber has purchased from the Astoria Heights Land Company a plot, 50 by 100, on the west side of Pomeroy Street, 250 feet north of Grand Avenue.

Investor Buys Flushing Meadows.

Matthew F. Bramley has purchased from the Phoenix Construction Company, for investment, twelve and a half acres on the Flushing Meadows, lying between the Flushing and College Point Causeway and Flushing Creek. The plot has a frontage of 260 feet on the west side of the Causeway, and an extensive frontage on the easterly side of Flushing Creek and on the Creek leading into Flushing Creek.

It also has a frontage of 410½ feet on the south side of the Platt Stratton property. The conveyance includes also the land under water fronting the upland. There were two mortgages on the property aggregating $27,600 and a purchase money mortgage of $22,400 was given.

Suburban.

The Reliant Leasing Company has sold to Samuel Wallach for investment a plot of ten lots on Reid Avenue, opposite the new school in Nepperhan Park, Yonkers. Samuel Ginzberg was the broker.

Tenement Houses for Queens.

Building operations in the Borough of Queens last week showed a decided improvement over those of the previous week, and the aggregate of estimated value of buildings was among the highest of the midsummer months.

The total estimated value of operations was $411,394, in which there were seventy-one applications for new buildings of an estimated value of $368,450, eighteen applications for alterations of an estimated value of $18,644, and sixty-two applications for plumbing permits of an estimated value of $24,300.

Among the tenements which were a feature of the applications were the following: Eight three-story brick tenements to be erected by Kilian Schruger on Woodward Avenue, north of Catalpa Avenue, Ridgewood, at a cost of $64,000; John J. Keegan, a two-story brick tenement at Newtown Avenue and Crescent Street, Long Island City, at a cost of $8,000; a four-story brick tenement to be erected on Van Alst Avenue, north of Eleventh Street, Long Island City, by the Rondout Construction Company, at a cost of $12,000; a four-story brick tenement to be erected on Ninth Avenue, south of Washington Avenue, Long Island City, by the Queens Bohemian Realty Company, at a cost of $18,000.

Factory to Make Way for School.

The old five-story brick factory building at 123 to 135 Maugin Street, and the adjoining frame buildings at 137 to 139, will be offered for sale on Friday, Aug. 9, by the City of New York.

The old structures stand on a plot 206 by 100 feet on the west side of Maugin Street, 70 feet north of Stanton Street, which has been acquired by the city for the erection of a new public school.

Recent Buyers.

Eva Hayman is the buyer of the five-story flat, 420 West 146th Street, reported sold last week.

The Hudson Union Realty Company is the buyer of the Criterion, a seven-story elevator apartment at 60 and 62 West Tenth Street. The property was held at $170,000.

Real Estate Notes.

John C. Freund denies the recently reported sale of his home at 760 West End Avenue. There is no foundation for the report.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings were confined to the Bronx Salesroom. They resulted as follows:

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

Franklin Av, 1,390, e s, 38.1 ft n of Jefferson Place, 37.6x100, five-story brick tenement; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, J. T. Barry, $34,142.

By Charles A. Berrian.

Cypress Av, n w corner of 140th St, 95.9x188.4x25x200.5, vacant; foreclosure, to the defendant, Moser Arndstein, $28,600.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

28th St, s s, 614.4 ft w of 11th Av, for a nine-story storage warehouse, 51.6x98.11; Terminal Warehouse Co., 17 South William St, owner; O. M. Beck, 1,849 53d St, Brooklyn, architect; cost, $35,000.

176th St, n s, 102.4½ ft w of Anthony Av, for a four-story brick tenement, 46x72.11; Henry Cleland, on premises, owner; Charles Schaefer, Jr., 401 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $45,000.

Park Av, w s, 139 ft s of Tremont Av, for a one-story brick store, 23x60; D. Mullins, 157 East Broadway, owner; Horenberg & Bardes, 122 Bowery, architects; cost, $1,200.

179th St, 110.27 ft e of Prospect Av, for a two-story frame store and dwelling, 40x29.6; Carl F. Muxoll, 1,452 Seabury Place, owner; Toelberg & Son, 1,167 Fox St, architects; cost, $6,000.

Marmion Av, n e corner of Elsmere Place, for a five-story brick tenement, 96.3x90; Defender Construction Co., (Max J. Kramer, 35 Nassau St, President,) owner; George F. Pelham, 507 5th Av, architect; cost, $100,000.

137th St, s s, 105.09 ft e of St. Ann's Av, for a five-story brick tenement, 50x88; Hogan & Di Genno, 35 East 135th St, owners; Charles Schaefer, Jr., 401 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $50,000.

Alteration.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

29th St, n s, 73 ft w of 6th Av, to a four-story rooming house; Van Schaick Realty Co., 1,409 Broadway, owner; J. H. Knubel, 305 West 43d St, architect; cost, $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 31.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BRADHURST AV, n e corner of 146th St, (307 West,) 25x75; Millard Veit to Kate C. Boyer, 54 Harrison St, East Orange, N. J., (mtg $22,000,) July 26; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$1

CHARLTON ST, 11 and 13, n s, 49x100; Ellen C. McManus to Sophie and Josephine Longinotti, 200 Prince St, July 30; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway. $100

COLUMBIA ST, 65, n w s, 25x100; Rosie Blum and another, heirs, &c., of Moritz Schneider, to Ignatz Schneider, 71 Columbia St, (also heir of Moritz Schneider,) all title, all liens, March 25, 1911; attorneys, Engel Brothers, 132 Nassau St......$1

CONVENT AV, e s, 459.6 ft n of 141st St, 20x100; William H. Dennis to Helen Vetter, Inc., a corporation, at Manhasset, L. I., (mtg $15,000,) July 24; attorney, E. M. Strong, 18 East 34th St......$1

GRAND ST, 90 to 94, n e corner of Greene St, 75x101; Greene St, 40 to 50, e s, 110.11x100; Sarah E. Watson to Mary A. Watson, 129 4th Av, North Pelham, (mtg $30,000,) all liens, all title, B. & S., July 31; attorney, Jesse G. Roe, 128 Broadway......$100

SAME PROPERTY; John Watson to same, all title, B. & S., all liens, July 31; attorney, same......$1

LUDLOW ST, 110, e s, 25x87.6; Wilder Brothers, a corporation, to Samuel Wilder and another, 120 West 117th St, (mtg $30,000,) July 29; attorney, S. N. Freedman, 55 Liberty St......$1,000

MADISON AV, 2,034, n w corner of 129th St, 18x75; William Kern to John H. Wynn, 501 Court St, Brooklyn, (mtg $20,700,) all liens, June 10; attorney, E. Sharum, 170 Broadway......$100

NAGLE AV, centre line, 430 ft s w from centre line of Ellwood St, runs s e 250x s w 100x n w 250x n e 100; Sumner Deane to Peter J. Shields, 65 Prospect Place, ½ part, (mtg $23,750,) July 12; attorneys, Daly, H. & M., 15 William St......$100

NEW STREET adjoining Manhattan Bridge, e s, 9.9 ft e of East Broadway, runs n 59.3x e 17.3x s 56.8 to beginning; Wilder Brothers, a corporation, to Samuel Wilder, 120 West 117th St, and Charles Wilder, 110 Lexington Av, July 29; attorney, S. N. Freedman, 55 Liberty St......$1,000

OLIVER ST, 49, w s, 24.6x101; Anna Del Negro, heir, &c., of Felipo Del Negro, to Angelina Iorio, on premises, all title, all liens, quitclaim, June 20; attorney, A. C. Finelite, 150 Nassau St......$3,000

SAME PROPERTY; Nicholas Del Negro, heir, &c., of Felipo Del Negro, to same, all title, quitclaim, July 23; attorney, same......$3,000

PEARL ST, 298, s e s, 24x86x25.8x85; Naomi Valentino to Eunice McClellan, Albuquerque, N. M., (mtg $9,000,) quitclaim, May 15; attorney, Odell D. Tompkins, Mount Vernon, N. Y......$1

ST. NICHOLAS AV, s e corner of 135th St, 24x100, (mtg $28,000;) St. Nicholas Av, e s, 24 ft s of 135th St, 36.5x100, (mtg $26,500;) Charles A. MacPherson to Caroline A. Buhler, at Manhasset, L. I., June 24; attorneys, Ferris & S., 165 Broadway......$1

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 1,516, e s, 42x100; Donald Robertson to Eliza C. Pike, 67 Halstead St, East Orange, N. J., July 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$100

2D AV, 1,314, e s, 25x74; Charles J. Smith to W. J. Smith, 1,314 2d Av, (mtg $14,000,) July 31......$100

5TH AV, 2,165, e s, 25x90; Charles J. Smith to William J. Smith, 1,314 2d Av, (mtg $18,500,) July 31......$100

8TH AV, s w corner of 154th St, 37.6x100; Charles J. Smith to W. J. Smith, 1,314 2d Av, (mtg $60,750,) July 31......$100

48TH ST, 367 West, n s, 15x100.5; Kate C. Boyer to Millard Veit, 817 West End Av, (mtg $15,000,) July 25; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$100

55TH ST, s s, 127.6 ft e of Park Av, 18.9x100.5; Mary A. Finnegan to John Bottomley, 254 West 132d St, July 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$100

93D ST, 175 East, n s, 29.11x100.8, (re-mortgage;) Isaac Berither to Rosanna Rosenfeld, 239 East 87th St, quitclaim, July 25; attorney, H. H. Oppenheim, 170 Broadway......—

93D ST, 175 East, n s, 29.11x100.8; Rosanna Rosenfeld to Whipple Security Co., 170 Broadway, (mtg $23,500 and all liens,) July 23; attorney, H. H. Oppenheim, 170 Broadway...$1

107TH ST, s s, 75 ft w of Park Av, 25x100.11, (foreclosure July 12;) Harold J. Friedman, referee, to Abraham and Jeannetta Herbst, 126 East 105th St, July 31; attorney, Hy. S. Cook, 38 Park Row......$16,300

113TH ST, 14 East, s s, 18.9x100.11; Antonio Giordano to Edwin E. Carpenter, 177 6th Av, Brooklyn, all liens, April 29; address, 20 Broad St......$1

116TH ST, 11 and 13 West, n s, 61x100.11; Mitral R. and C. Co. to David Goldberg, Sr., 31 West 94th St, (mtg $57,500,) July 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$100

121ST ST, 518 East, s s, 17x80; Robert J. Moorehead to Value Realty Co., 170 Broadway, all liens, July 30; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$100

131ST ST, 53 West, n s, 25x99.11; Eliza C. Pike to Donald Robertson, 312 West 109th St, (mtg $20,000,) July 8; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway......$100

136TH ST, s s, 375 ft w of Broadway, 100x99.11; J. Frank Kerwin to John V. Casey, 428 East 80th St, (mtg $28,000 and all liens,) B. & S., Feb. 27, 1911; attorneys, Sullivan & Cromwell, 49 Wall St......$1

137TH ST, 114 and 116 West, s s, runs s 99.11 x w 41.7x n — x again n — to street x e 41.6 to beginning; Harry Bonat to David H. Argel, 277 Rivington St, (mtg $30,000,) April 18; attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway. $100

148TH ST, 608 West, s s, 16.6x99.11; Anna M. Aldred and another, executors of John Aldred, to Julia K. Lyon, Newark, N. J., all liens, July 17; attorney, Lewis T. Knox, 208 5th Av......$1

148TH ST, 608 West, s s, 16.6x99.11; Julia K. Lyon, widow, to Anna M. Aldred, Newark, N. J., (mtg $10,000 and all liens,) B. & S., July 17; attorney, Lewis T. Knox, 208 5th Av......$1

156TH ST, 554 West, s s, 17x99.11; Marion G. Hoey to Frank J. Gunther, 577 West 180th St, (mtg $15,500 and all liens,) July 30; attorney, N. H. W. Schutt, 55 Liberty St...$100

Bronx.

BROOK AV, 915, w s, 24.9x67.1; Charles Walker to Mary Cermak, 417 East 69th St, July 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$1

SAME PROPERTY; Mary Cermak to Frank A. Schorer, 2,241 Tiebout Av, (mtg $17,500,) July 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$100

COLLEGE AV, e s, 539.10 ft s of 170th St, 16.8x100; John H. Budelman to Herman H. Budelman, 1,328 College Av, July 30; address, 2,717 Broadway......$100

HOE AV, 1,172-1,174, e s, 50x100; William Sinnott Co. to Owl Construction Co., 652 Broadway, July 31, (mtg $38,000;) attorney, Jacob Freeman, 115 West 42d St......$100

HOFFMAN ST, e s, 275.10 ft n of 184th St, 34x119.8; Giuseppe Borrello to Giuseppe Borrello, 2,358 Hoffman St, Feb. 5; attorney, G. Lordi, 62 Mulberry St......$100

KELLY ST, 826, e s, 40x100; Kelly St, 846 to 850, e s, 80x100; Longvale Construction Co. to S. K. B. Realty Co., 836 Westchester Av, July 29, (mtg $82,000;) attorneys, Strasbourger, E. & S., 74 Broadway......$100

KELLY ST, 859 to 867; same to same, July 30, (mtg $51,000;) attorneys same......$1

KELLY ST, 827, w s, 40x100; same to same, July 30, (mtg $28,000;) attorneys same......$1

LA FONTAINE AV, e s, 36.4 ft s of 180th St, 32.1x100; Charles H. Miller and another, trustees, to John J. O'Grady, trustee, 166 East 111th St, July 25; attorneys, O'Grady Brothers, 277 Broadway......$1

LOTS 164 to 166, map of Wakefield; Monatiquot Real Estate Co. to Andrew Mancini, Mount Vernon, N. Y., July 1; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$100

LOTS 383 to 386, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Adam Wiener, referee, to Diedrich Tietjen, 601 9th Av, July 17; attorneys, Rabe & Keller, 258 Broadway......$4,200

LOTS 194 and 195, map near Williamsbridge station; Antonio Yeardi to Domenico Costaldo, 793 Bartholdi St, June 29; attorneys, Knox & D., 27 Cedar St......$1

LOTS 139 to 142, map of land of Max Morgenthau; Patrick J. Dobson, referee, to Chelsea Realty Co., 135 Broadway, July 29; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$3,750

MORRIS AV, w s, 225 ft n of 179th St, 21.10x100; Lambert Suydam to Anthony M. Majeski and others, 2,089 Webster Av, July 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$100

UNION AV, 606, e s, 17.6x90; Herrman Friedman to William Greenberger, 55 East 103d St, July 31, (mtg $6,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$100

WASHINGTON AV, s e corner of 184th St, 22.3x135.1; Value Realty Co. to Robert J. Moorehead, 415 East 140th St, July 25, (mtg $7,500;) attorneys, Smith & Philps, 435 East 149th St......$1

WOODLAWN ROAD, e s, 52.3 ft s of Hull Av, 26.1x112; Edward J. Owens to Charles J. Byrnes, Yonkers, N. Y., July 31......$100

2D AV, n w s, part of Lot 73, map of Claremont, 50x125; Jane A. Merrill to Harriett H. Keith, 5 West 122d St, June 24, (mtg $2,200;) attorney, Reno R. Billington, 50 Broadway..$1

134TH ST, 450 East, 17.10x100; Isidor Fleckenstein to Joseph F. Cashman, 252 East 51st St, (mtg $3,500,) July 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$100

238TH ST, s s, 380 ft e of Keppler Av, —x—; 239th St, s s, 145 ft w of Katonah Av, —x—; Martha Av, s e corner of 240th St, —x—; 236th St, n s, 85 ft w of Katonah Av, —x—; 236th St, n s, 425 ft e of Keppler Av, —x—; 241st St, n s, 100 ft e of Katonah Av, —x—; Oneida Av, n e corner of 237th St, 100x125; Otto P. Schroeder to John H. Prince, Albany, N. Y., July 30, (mtg $22,750;) address, 12 West 32d St......$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

CHARLTON ST, 11 and 13, n s, 49x100; Sophia Longinotti to Ellen C. McManus, 965 Madison Av, July 30, due as per bond; attorney, V. Victory, 99 Nassau St......$8,000

11TH ST, s w s, 329.6 ft n w of 2d Av, 43x—; Annie Hochstein to Ann J. Seelig, 47 Hooper St, Brooklyn, July 29, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, S. Zipris, 157 East Broadway..$2,000

27TH ST, 251 West, 15.8x—; M. Groh's Sons to Dorothy A. Crovat, guardian, 327 West 77th St, July 30, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$125,000

55TH ST, 112 East, 18.9x100.5; John Bottomley to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due as per bond, July 31; address, 176 Broadway......$25,000

60TH ST, 25 West, 18x100.5; Locomobile Co. of America to Bankers' Trust Co., trustee, 16 Wall St, July 22, due as per mtg, dated June 1, 1912, supplemental to mtg for $1,500,000, dated June 1, 1912; attorneys, Marsh, S. & D., 164 State St, Bridgeport, Conn....$1

107TH ST, s s, 75 ft w of Park Av, 25x100.11; Abraham Herbst to Harris Harris, 55 East 105th St, July 31, 3 years; attorney, A. Cohen, 13 Park Row......$14,000

113TH ST, n s, 250 ft w of Broadway, 50x100.11; Maze Realty Co. to Walter H. Watson, Tappan, N. Y., July 31, prior mtg $110,000, due as per bond; attorney, Maze Realty Co., 148 East 49th St......$15,000

125TH ST, 525 and 527 West, 50x99.11; Patrick H. Fern to Irene B. Braman, 321 Clinton Av, Brooklyn, installments, 6 p. c., July 30; attorneys, Noble & C., 2 Wall St...$5,000

148TH ST, 608 West, 16.6x99.11; Julia K. Lyon to Anna M. Aldred, Newark, N. J., July 17, 3 years; attorney, L. T. Knox, 208 5th Av......$10,000

Bronx.

BARRETTO ST, w s, 112.6 ft n of 169th St, 30x—; Anthony Mancuso to Freehold Construction Co., 290 Broadway, July 29, (prior mtg $7,515,) due Jan. 29, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney, Philip D. Shapiro, 119 Nassau St..$4,500

BELMONT AV, 1,804, 100x50; Farnolo Realty Co. to Seligman Fuld and another, 312 East 50th St, July 30, prior mtg $38,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, L. F. Fuld, 130 East 110th St......$5,500

EAST 50 feet of Plots 491 and 492, map of Arden property; Barbara Strauss, executrix, to Carrie Hamburg, 231 East 87th St, July 30, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Crane & B., 116 Nassau St......$600

GLEBE AV, s w corner of Parker Av, 208.2x100.4; William A. Braun to Frederick Einberger, 948 Olmstead Av, July 27, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Frank Gass, Inc., Westchester, N. Y......$2,000

HOE AV, 1,172 and 1,174, e s, 50x100; Owl Construction Co. to William Sinnott Co., 967 East 165th St, July 31, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. J. Egan, 258 Broadway......$8,000

HOFFMAN ST, e s, 275.10 ft n of 184th St, 34x119.8; Giuseppe Borrelly to Giovanni Lordi, 26 1st Pl, Brooklyn, Feb. 5, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, G. Lordi, 62 Mulberry St......$285

KELLY ST, 823, w s, 40x100; Longvale Construction Co. to Margaret Knox, 478 Mott Av, July 30, (prior mtg $28,000,) 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. Knox, 198 Broadway......$5,000

LOTS 164 to 166, map of Wakefield; Andrew Mancini to Edw. McK. Whiting, guardian, 606 West 116th St, July 25, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$1,500

LOTS 287 to 289, map of St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum; Charles E. Vodrazka to Antoine Drda, Astoria, L. I., July 13, 3 years..$4,000

LOT 92, map of Olinville, 65x100; Mabel H. Durant to Susanna Bauerle, 636 East 219th St, July 30, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$1,500

MOHEGAN AV, s w corner of 176th St, 115.10x23; Schorn Co. to Board of Foreign Missions of the Reformed Church in America, 25 East 22d St, July 31, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$30,500

MORRIS AV, w s, 225 ft n of 179th St, 21.10x100; Anthony M. Majeski and others to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, July 30, due as per bond......$7,000

OAKLAND PLACE, s s, 125 ft w of Crotona Av, 25x100; Eleanor Murray to Dominick Stanislaw, 428 5th Av, July 1, prior mtg $3,200, 1 year, 5¼ p. c.; attorney, E. Harlwig, 430 5th Av......$800

PLOT begins on s boundary line of land of Oswald Cammann, 128.1 ft e of Sedgwick Av, runs e 138.3x s 70.3x w 130.3x n 14.2; Mary D. Wheeler to Mutual Bank, 49 West 33d St, July 30, prior mtg $9,000, due Jan. 30, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Rushmore, B. & S., 46 Wall St......$3,500

PLOT begins 240 ft e of White Plains Road at point 425 ft n of Morris Park Av, 25x100; Martha Hickey to Dollar Savings Bank, 2,805 3d Av, July 30, due Dec. 1, 1915, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Lexow, M. & W., 43 Cedar St..$3,000

SOUTH ½ of Lot 304, map of Unionport; Anna Mensch to Martha A. Arnow, 2,525 Westchester Av, July 3, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Frank Gass, Westchester, N. Y......$500

ST. PETER'S AV, n e s, 55 ft n w of Glebe Av, 96x—; William A. Mallet to Marie T. Dunn, Rousset at Poitier, France, July 29, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, L. E. French, 41 Park Row......$3,500

WASHINGTON AV, 1,586, e s, 50x109.7; Marie Robinson and another to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, July 29, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$10,500

SAME PROPERTY; same to Fiberloid Co., 1 Waverly Place, July 31, prior mtg $10,500, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Ralph H. Raphael, 220 Broadway......$5,500

WHITLOCK AV, e s, 363 ft s of Tiffany St, 78x90; Lockwhit Co. to Charles A. MacPherson, 7 5th Av, July 31, prior mtg $44,000, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Ferriss & S., 105 Broadway......$5,600

WOODLAND ROAD, e s, 52.3 ft s of Hull Av, 26.1x111.7; Charles J. Byrnes to Edward J. Owens, 269 Coles Lane, July 31, due Oct. 1, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, Joseph J. Berry, 2,649 Webster Av......$3,000

3D AV, s e corner of 180th St, 98.10x113.6; Kellwood Realty Co. to Julius Siegbert and others, 139 Riverside Drive, July 30, 3 years; attorneys, James, S. & E., 170 Broadway. $75,000

134TH ST, 450 East, 17.10x100; Joseph F. Cashman to Isidor Fleckenstein, 1,028 Simpson St, July 30, prior mtg $3,500, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$1,200

175TH ST, 661 East, 50x100; Farnolo Realty Co. to Seligman Fuld and another, 312 East 50th St, July 30, prior mtg $32,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Leonhard F. Fuld, 130 East 110th St......$4,500

191ST ST, s w s, 100 ft e of Hoffman St, 29x100; Rosina C. Sellito to G. B. Raymond & Co., 16 East 42d St, July 25, due Jan. 2, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorneys, de La Mare & M., 140 Nassau St......$303

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

CASTLE HILL AV, s e corner of Ludlow Av, all; Margaret Broker to George Gick, 970 Castle Hill Av, 5 years from Sept. 1, 1914; attorney, Frank Gass, Unionport......$660

MANHATTAN ST, 39 and 41, two east store floors, &c.; First United Presbyterian Church to R. J. Kramer, 27 Lawrence St, 5 years from Sept. 30, 1912; address, 39 Manhattan St. $1,032

SULLIVAN ST, 144, six-story tenement; Francesco A. Petronio to Giuseppe Bello, 48 Leroy St, 5 years from Aug. 1, 1912; attorney, A. J. Fugazy, 153 Bleecker St......$4,500

VAN DAM ST, 47, store and basement; Matilda Thompson to Patrick J. Cullen, 103 West 107th St, 5 years from May 1, 1916; attorney, James M. Tully, 271 Broadway......$1,500

3D AV, 449, all; Johanna McMahon to Arthur Schuboth and another, 499 3d Av, 5 years from April 1, 1912; attorney, Alex Schuboth, 499 3d Av......$26,000

15TH ST, 142 East, store; Kate Nolden to Harry Moy, 43 Mott St, 5 years from July 1, 1912; attorney, Charles E. Moses, 154 Nassau St......$336

54TH ST, 347 East, all; Edward Fredrich to Anton Orowitz, 347 East 54th St, 5 years from July 12, 1912; attorney, B. & S. P. Brewery Co., 127th St and Amsterdam Av......$1,080

72D ST, 415 East, store, floor, &c.; Herman Drucker to Otto Lion, 415 East 72d St, 6 years from March 1, 1911......$540

114TH ST, 166 and 168 East, all; Clara Heyman to Charles Milikow, 166 East 114th St, 3 years from Aug. 1, 1912; attorney, Jacob L. Diamond, 130 Fulton St......$4,300

207TH ST, 534 West, store and cellar; Charles Hensle Realty Co to Louis Eibsen, 39 West 60th St, 5 years from Oct 1, 1911; address, 534 West 207th St......$900

MECHANICS' LIENS.

AMSTERDAM AV, s w corner of 175th St, 100x150; Gus Luckes, Inc., against Lentz Realty Co., owner and contractor......$1,336

FULTON AV, w s, 100 ft s of 171st St, 150x80; North Sand Co. against Bethel Construction Co., owner and contractor......$411

1ST AV, 862, and 48th St, 403 East; Morris Spergel against estate of Anthony Dugro, owner; Lorenzo Building Contracting Co., contractor......$310

34TH ST, 11 West; Max Blechner against R. S. S. Co., Francis A. Harris and Isaac H. Rubenstein, owners; Elsinger & Zimmerman Construction Co., contractor......$80

55TH ST, 309 East; Solomon Kaminer against David Osterweis, owner and contractor...$28

55TH ST, 307 East; same against same....$19

56TH ST, 323 West; Roddis Lumber and Veneer Co. against Young Men's Christian Association, owner; George Mulligan Co. and Cauldwell-Wingate Co., contractors...$2,257

86TH ST, 158 and 160 East; Cramp & Co. against Herman Bachrach, owner; A. Geller, contractor, (renewal)......$100

LIS PENDENS.

ORCHARD ST, 23, and 63 Canal St; Abraham J. Dworsky against Israel D. Shlachetzki and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Straus & Dworsky.

110TH ST, 158 East; Dorothea Bauer against Salvatore Isalli and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. Miller.

JACKSON AV, w s, 100 ft n of 158th St, 136.10x84.8; Trinity Av, e s, 50 ft n of 158th St, 25x98.11; City of New York against Matilda S. Davis and others, (action to acquire title, &c.;) attorney, A. R. Watson.

LOT 40, Block 2,242, Section 8; City Real Estate Co. against Edward J. McGuire and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorney, H. Swain.

148TH ST, s s, 175 ft e of Convent Av, 100x99.11; Seamen's Bank for Savings in the City of New York against Emanuel M. Krulewitch and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Strong & Cadwalader.

161ST ST, s s, 21.6 ft e of Trinity Av, 2 inches x100x6 inches x100; August Meyer and others against S. E. & M. E. Bernheimer Co. and others, (action to recover possession;) attorney, A. S. Sanborn.

2D AV, 1,435; Jonas Kahn against Emma A. Porth and others, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, M. Sulzberger.

SOUTH ST, 152; Morris Greenblatt against Marine and Contractors' Supply Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, I. Siegeltuch.

108TH ST, n s, 175 ft w of Broadway, 25x100.11; City Real Estate Co. against Hyman D. Baker and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Swain.

25TH ST, s s, 200 ft w of 4th Av, 50x98.9; Anna D. Atterbury and others against Hilah A. Davis and others, (partition;) attorneys, Ludlow & Townsend.

CHERRY ST, 391 and 393; National Academy of Design against Emma Bloch and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Phelps & East.

GRAND ST, 90 to 94; Greene St, 40 to 50; Mary A. Watson against Sarah E. Watson and others, (partition;) attorney, J. G. Roe.

13TH ST, 637 East; Catherine E. Muldoon against Moses Pechter and others, (action to recover dower, &c.;) attorney, C. S. Simpkins.

13TH ST, 631 East; same against Carmana Realty Co. and others, (action to recover dower, &c.;) attorney, C. S. Simpkins.

13TH ST, 635 East; same against Hannah Schwartz and others, (action to recover dower, &c.;) attorney, C. S. Simpkins.

13TH ST, 633 East; same against Henrietta Harris and others, (action to recover dower, &c.;) attorney, C. S. Simpkins.

113TH ST, n s, 200 ft e of 5th Av, 25x100.11; Lincoln Trust Co. against Amelia Cohen and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. S. Borland.

145TH ST, s s, 150 ft w of St. Ann's Av, 25x100; William F. A. Kurz against Thomas H. Roff and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. F. Frees.

GERARD AV, e s, 156 ft n of 158th St, 25x80; Mathias Haffen against Barbara Simpson and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. F. Frees.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Second Mortgage Money.

We will buy good second mortgages. Also junior interests in good first mortgages.

Company's Own Funds.

Quick Action.

McVickar, Gaillard Realty Co.

49 BROADWAY Tel. 6320 Broad.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

THE GEORGE A. JUST CO.
STEEL CONSTRUCTION
LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y.
'PHONE 3751 HUNTERS POINT

THEODORE STARRETT COMPANY
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION
103 Park Ave. New York

Reduce Plumbing Bills
We will PROVE how. The Solo Plumbing Inspection System, 1,651 Park Av. 'Phone 259—Harlem.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

KAHN RENTING AGENCY
Established 1895,
OFFICE 144 SECOND AVE.

Solicits the management of apartment and tenement houses. Let us show you how we can put your property on a better paying basis, just what we are doing with others under our management.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Attention! Big Bargain! $1,000 Cash. Why take only 3½% from savings banks when you can make 12% by buying the finest three-family brick house in the Bronx? Six and seven room apartments, tiled baths, all improvements; fine location; great bargain; thorough inspection invited; call or write for particulars. Owner, 949 Ogden Av.

To Close Estate.—3-story and basement brick private house; Washington Av.; must be sold at once; bargain to quick buyer; mortgage $5,500. Hartmann, 225 Alexander Av. (138th.)

CITY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished.

434 MADISON AVE.
Four-story and basement brownstone dwelling to let; size 20x52x70; has 16 rooms and bath; rent low; possession at once.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

For other advertisements of Country Houses and City Houses to Rent and Wanted, see Page 19.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

IDEAL HOME FOR RENT
In Heart of Brooklyn
Very Reasonable

Seven rooms, laundry, and bath; modern; fully equipped; gas and electric light; parquet floors, hardwood trim; ample closets; large porch; lawn and garden; wide street; near trolley and elevated, (only 2 minutes;) 30 minutes to Broadway, N. Y.; 15 minutes to ocean. Schools and stores near by. Rent very moderate. Write for photograph. R. D. Gray, Box U 217 Times Downtown.

A Home With Garden
Can Now Be Bought at a Sacrifice, $100 Down, Balance Same as Rent.

In the park section of Brooklyn; 30 minutes from New York; 5c. fare; 7 rooms, tiled bath, laundry, large, cool porch; shade trees; parquet floors, hardwood trim; every improvement, including gas and electricity; is 10 degrees cooler than the city; vegetable garden; house overlooks a parked boulevard; costs $5,500. Will sell for $100 down, $35 per month. Send for particulars. Address Executor, Box V 219 Times Downtown.

BE YOUR OWN LANDLORD.
2-FAMILY BRICK HOUSES.
One flat rented pays all expenses; all modern improvements.
Handsomely decorated and halls carpeted.
2015 Silver St., Ridgewood Heights,
2 blocks from Forest Av. Sta. Myrtle Av. Elevated R. R., direct from City Hall, N. Y.
S. ADELMANN, on premises.

Midwood Manor, Flatbush; corner plot; sacrifice less than price paid four years ago. V 170 Times.

Sale or Exchange—Twenty lots on Coney Island Av. and Locust. V 216 Times Downtown.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

AN 85-ACRE FARM

Station 1¼ miles. House 12 rooms, bath, improvements; 3 large barns, garage, other outbuildings; 70 acres of high rolling land; over 400 fruit trees; extensive State road frontage. Must be sold. Address Estate, 126 Times.

A client of mine will sell two lots, with all desirable improvements, near Knollwood Golf Club; big sacrifice; easy terms. Samuel Cohn, 16 Railroad Av., White Plains, N. Y.

Mount Vernon.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y.
All the desirable houses for sale or to rent. Send for particulars.
ANDERSON REALTY COMPANY

New Rochelle.

Unusual Opportunity.—PREMIUM POINT PARK, New Rochelle, N. Y. Water-front plots at 60% of value. All city improvements. C. J. Van Slyke, 331 Madison Av., N. Y.

Scarsdale.

SCARSDALE and HARTSDALE REAL ESTATE. Angell, Depot Park, Scarsdale, and 16 East 42d St., city.

LONG ISLAND—SALE OR TO LET.

Beacon Hill
Port Washington. Long Isl

ARE YOU A FATHER? Then it's your duty to look into the benefits your children will derive from a home in this healthful residential park. Each plot equals 3 or more city lots—plenty of room for children to play out of doors. No traffic to endanger life or limb. For the children's sake, write for facts.

Views for the asking

TUXILL REALTY CO.
339 Fifth Avenue. Telephone 8135 Mad. Sq.

WAMPAGE SHORES
Without a Drawback.

A carefully restricted Waterfront Park of the highest type, with every improvement ready; nothing left to promise. One mile of perfectly clean, gently sloping private beach. Trees, shrubbery, hedges and lawn on every plot extending to the beach.

"WAMPAGE SHORES,"
at Sands Point, R.R. Sta. Port Washington, L. I., represents the highest type of residential water front near New York.

Particulars from
S. OSGOOD PELL & CO.,
Bryant—5610. 542 5th av.

IF THERE EVER WAS A CHANCE TO GET A BARGAIN IN A BRAND NEW HOME HERE IT IS:
$5,950 BUYS A $7,900 HOUSE.

Easy terms. Payment same as rent, or will rent with option of buying. A beautiful suburban house between the Sound and the Sea, artistic in design and handsome interior, hardwood finish, large plot, in beautiful restricted residence park where every one owns their own home. Steam heat, beamed ceilings, parquet floors, spacious concrete cellar, tiled bathroom, water, gas, electricity; large veranda; twenty-eight minutes from Manhattan; very close to trolleys and depot. Call, 'phone, or write. CASTLEMAN, Room 403, 334 5th Av. 'Phone Madison Square 8425.

A Shore Front Plot in
Douglas Manor

We offer, to a quick buyer, one of the finest shore front plots in Douglas Manor, having for five miles a magnificent, uninterrupted view of Little Neck Bay and Long Island Sound.

Plot lies on a high bank, contains eleven city lots, and is located right on the point, with a road on three sides of it.

RICKERT-FINLAY REALTY CO., 45 W. 34th St. (Tel. 5600 Greeley.)

Beautiful Country Home
of seven large rooms, plot 50x100 feet; pantry, large foyer hall, veranda, artistic fireplaces, hardwood floors, trim, beamed ceiling, electric light, gas; laundry in cellar; shades; beautifully decorated throughout, built to order, in private estate; bargain $7,500; easy terms; cannot be duplicated at price. Restricted residential neighborhood; 5 min. to station, 15 min. to N. Y. City; near golf course, tennis courts. Superb views ocean, bay, river and Sound; 20 min. to ocean beaches. Write for particulars and photographs. OWNER, X 21 Times.

BARGAIN $7500 EASY TERMS
Will build **Artistic Stucco and Shingle Home**
on plot 50x100 ft.; high in healthy hills of private estate; 170 ft. elev.; superb views of Sound, Ocean, Bay; seven rooms; pantry, large foyer hall, tiled bath; light attic, large veranda, fireplace; hardwood floors, trim; beamed ceiling; electric light; laundry in cellar. Beautiful lighting fixtures, shades; decorated throughout; 15 min. to N. Y. C.; low fare; restricted neighborhood; five min. to station; near tennis courts, golf course, schools, churches; markets; 20 min. to ocean beaches. OWNER, 1146 Marbridge Bldg., 47 West 34th St., N. Y. C. Tel. 5250 Greeley.

BATHING, BOATING AND FISHING
Cottage, 8 rooms, all improvements; large plot, at Beechhurst; 11c. carfare; 20 minutes from Herald Square; at station; elegant shade, yacht club; price $4,400; terms $300 cash, $25 monthly. Address CLEVELAND, Box 159 Times.

Manhasset Estate.—Three acres; thoroughly modern, 3-story, 12-room house; every convenience, including electric light, steam heat, 3 baths; $50,000 place for $42,000, if quick; $20,000 Title Company mortgage, 5%; no brokers. F 149 Times.

7-room house, 2 to 4 lots; 35 minutes from Pennsylvania Station; low taxes; no objection to chickens; small amount cash, balance same as rent. S. W., Box 149 Times.

Long Beach lots for sale, 60x100, on Riverside Boulevard, near depot and ocean; mortgage to suit purchaser; price, $3,300. Frederick Jones, 334 5th Av., New York.

REAL ESTATE—Out of City.

For Sale.—$1,500,000 will buy one of the best corners in Chicago for hotel or office building; $1,300,000 cash is offered. For particulars address J. L. McKeever, 304 Delaware Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Management wanted of one or two large high class apartment houses. Have had entire charge of such properties with successful results. Highest reference and bond furnished. Edward A. Davis, 1 Manhattan Av.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Offices for Rent
Also Show and Sales Rooms
Oppenheim Collins Bldg.
34th Street—West,
Between Broadway and Fifth Ave.
Best Location in New York.
Desirable, Well Lighted Offices,
Suitable for Any Line of Business or Profession.
Most Reasonable Rents in New York City.

23D ST. LOFT
No. 256 West; very light; about 25x90; steam heat; elevator; well-kept building.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR LET.

GOOD HEALTH NEWS.
New Shore Resort Building.
2½ Miles Clean, Sandy Beach
No Sand Dunes — Plenty of Shade
$100 A Lot and Up $3 A Month

No grander spot for self and family. Another one of those delightful Resorts on the East Jersey Coast. Lovers of water and other outdoor recreative sports and those who like living next to nature will find here all advantages.

OCEAN GATE IS YOUNG, BUT IS GROWING FASTER THAN ANY SHORE RESORT ON ANY COAST, AND WATER FRONT LOTS AND OTHER SITES AT PRESENT PRICES ARE A GOOD PURCHASE FOR BIG PROFITS IN THE NEAR FUTURE. Ocean Gate is within easy riding distance by rail from Asbury Park, Sea Girt, Point Pleasant and Bay Head.

Write, call or phone for tickets for our Free Guest Train next Sunday.

Great Eastern Building Corporation,
45 West 34th St., Phone 187 Greeley

A SEMI-BUNGALOW,
JUST COMPLETED,
surrounded by grand old shade trees, in a restricted residential section of Elizabeth (El Mora), near country club; six rooms and bath, steam heat, electric light and gas; J. L. Mott plumbing fixtures, sewer connection; lot 50x140; a bargain for $4,950; small payment down, balance as rent; photos and plans on application.
EL MORA LAND COMPANY,
J. W. DOOLITTLE, PRESIDENT,
341 5th Av. 'Phone, 5960—Madison Square.

FINE HOUSE AT SACRIFICE.
9-room new house at Hillsdale; delightfully situated in hills of Bergen County. Express station, excellent train service; near city. Parquet floors throughout, laundry in basement, tiled bath, white enamel bedrooms; sun parlor; rustic open fireplace; all improvements; electricity, gas, water. Low taxes, no assessment. Four minutes from station. $6,500, most reasonable terms. W. J. Rich, 801 Singer Building.

AMONG THE HILLS
AT BALDWIN PARK,
South Orange, N. J.
40 Minutes from Broadway, N. Y.
Bungalows and artistic homes.
Little cash required. Write or 'phone.
C. A. BALDWIN, 156 Broadway.

35 MINUTES FROM BROADWAY.
At beautiful Roselle Park. Fine old trees; express station. Refined neighborhood. Near station. $275 for 7,400 square feet. $5 monthly. Small payment down. Will build, to suit purchaser, for easy monthly payments. 10c. commutation. 100 trains daily. Write Owner, 234 Times Downtown.

SOUTH ORANGE, N.J.
EIGHT-room house; all improvements; large living room, beamed ceiling, open fireplace; 2 baths; steam heat; very cozy and attractive; owner must sell; little cash. BALDWIN, 156 Broadway. Room 55.

About 13,000 Acres Productive Soil.
Farming or colonization tract; 10 stations, on 3 railways. Miles of rail and road frontage. Farming land, not sand or waste; title perfect; under $30 per acre; might divide.
SAMUEL A. SMITH, 50 Church St.

A MODEL FARM of 110 acres in the Hills of Sussex Co., near several R. R. stations and pretty lakes, high altitude; no mosquitoes; artistic home with big shady piazza, modern improvements. For sale at cost, $136 per acre, with $15,000 worth of buildings included. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

Leonia.—For sale or rent, good 10-room house, all improvements; good barn, suitable for garage; chicken house, lots of fruit, large plot; 5c. fare to West 130th St. Ferry; very reasonable. Charles Kroner, Grand Av., near Hudson River trolley, Leonia, N. J.

New bungalows and cottages; 6, 7, 8 rooms and bath; all improvements; select neighborhood; 35 minutes from Liberty St., four blocks from C. R. R. station; 100 trains daily; $3,200 to $6,500; easy terms; plots 10,000 square feet from $700 up. Warman-Boardman, Roselle, N. J.

At Leonia.—Charming villa, large rooms, attractively arranged; half acre; exceptionally attractive grounds; continuous stream of pure spring water; near train and trolley; $6,800, or will divide. Coover-Hitchcock Co., Agents, Leonia, N. J.

ACRES on the LACKAWANNA
Several parcels fertile farm land, 2½ to 5 acres each, $250 to $300 per acre; ½ mile to station; hour out; home community; loan made for building. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 Broadway.

HILLTOP BUNGALOW, $275
Among the oaks and cedars; 3 rooms; nice porch; outhouse; large plot, $95; $10 down, $5 month; 52 trains. MOUNTAINSIDE, 69 Times Downtown.

Three-quarter acre and three-room bungalow, with fruit orchard, in residential park; large town; hour out; price, $575; will take $75 cash, balance monthly. Owner, 82 Times Downtown.

Commuters farm, hour out, near station; high, healthful; 8-room house, barn, poultry house; lawn, shade, fruit, garden; $500 cash, balance monthly. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 B'way.

"HOW TO KNOW THE FARM TO BUY" contains valuable advice to farm buyers and is mailed free by E. E. SLOCUM, 141 Broadway.

Fairmount, Hackensack, Oradell.—Beautiful locations; houses $3,000, $4,500, $6,500; $500 cash. Falkinburg, 1,133 Broadway.

Builder sacrifices modern house, near by; excellent location; $3,000; $300 down. Box 383 Madison Square.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

TWIN LAKES, CONN., BERKSHIRE HILLS, three hours from New York, 102 miles. Bungalow, 11 rooms, three bathrooms, completely furnished; everything new; garage; tennis courts. Summer houses; right of way to lake. Unsurpassed mountain and lake views. Mountain water; ten minutes to station and Post Office. 18 acres, some wooded. For sale at sacrifice price to quick buyer, $12,500, ½ cash. Worth $20,000. Possession at once. Anderson Realty Company, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

What Rent Are You Paying for Your N. Y. Office?
If More Than $60 Per Year It's Too Much.
We have completely furnished offices, desk and stenographer at $60 per year; location, the Herald Square Building, Broadway and 36th St.
The International Service Corp., 141 West 36th St., New York City.
Tel. 4022—Greeley.

OFFICE SPACE TO SUBLET.
Publishing Company will sublet part of desirable suite in Hudson Terminal Building. Total floor area 522 square feet. Part time of stenographer can be arranged for. Address V 218 Times Downtown.

S. E. COR. 145TH ST. AND 8TH AV.—Large, light loft for manufacturing purposes or any business; 4,000 square feet; light on four sides; exceptional transit facilities; cheap rent. Inquire 507 5th Av. Room 604.

Two rooms facing Broadway to sublease. Inquire Lawyers Title Building, 160 Broadway, Room 902.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

For Sale or Rent.—New ten-room cedar shingle house, artistic design, best construction, all improvements; large piazza; near station; 89 trains daily; 25 minutes from Pennsylvania or Flatbush stations; also trolley, 20 minutes from the ocean; surrounding property restricted; price $9,500. P. B. Purdy, 50 Church St., New York.

ALL YEAR HOME.
22 minutes from Penn. Station; 8 rooms, all modern improvements; sidewalk, water, gas and electric lights; fine bathing, boating, and fishing; reasonable terms. F., Box 106 Times.

Flushing.—Eight-room residence, up-to-date; oak finish; improved street; fine, restricted neighborhood; six minutes to depot or trolleys; large plot; garage. Powell, 300 Lincoln St., Flushing.

COUNTRY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Delightful Home.—Two-family cottage, new, containing one five-room and one seven-room apartment; every improvement and convenience; all hardwood; steam heat and electric light; connects with Subway by Broadway trolley, 100 feet distant; time, one hour to Wall St., N. Y.; little cash; rent of half the house nearly carries it. J. Romaine Brown & Co., 506 So. Broadway, Yonkers.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

$38 PER ACRE!
A combination dairy and fruit farm of 190 acres in Orange County, with good buildings, fine water supply, and fertile soil. Owner must sell and offers a bargain. Howard Goldsmith, Nyack, N. Y.

AUCTION SALES.

To Whom It May Concern: Pursuant to the provisions of Section 17 of the banking law, notice is hereby given that twenty-five (25) shares of capital stock of the Broadway Safe Deposit Company belonging to the estate of Myer Foster; fifteen (15) shares of said capital stock belonging to Morris J. Meyer; ten (10) shares of said capital stock belonging to Charles N. Taintor, and fifteen (15) shares of said capital stock belonging to Samuel Weil will be sold at public auction on the 7th day of August, 1912, at 12:30 o'clock P. M. on that day, by the Directors of the Broadway Safe Deposit Company, through the agency of Adrian H. Muller & Son, auctioneers, at the Exchange Salesrooms, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, State of New York. CHARLES STRAUSS, Secretary.

Samuel Van Poznak, Auct.,
BY CHAS. SHONGOOD,
Will sell TO-DAY, Aug. 1, 10:30 A. M.,
THE LARGE STOCK OF
Automobile Supplies
C. L. WILLIAMS, RETIRING,
At 312 Halsey St., Newark, N. J.
Contents of the Entire Building.
Trains every 20 minutes (time only 20 minutes) from 33d Street or Hudson Terminal.

FOR SALE.

Roll Top DESKS
Office Furniture
in great variety of Style and Price.
T. G. SELLEW
111 FULTON ST.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 MONTHS FOR $5.00
and upwards. We also have them to sell. All makes. All prices. Latest models. Fully guaranteed. Liberal allowance for machines taken in exchange. Send for catalogue.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO.
345 Broadway, Cor. of Leonard St. Tel. 5408 Franklin.
10 Barclay St., 7 Doors from B'way. Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

SAVE-THE-HORSE SPAVIN REMEDY
Druggists everywhere sell Save-The-Horse with a legal contract to cure or refund money.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

WINTERROTH PIANOS,
105 East 14th St. and 14 West 125th St.
Pianos for seashore, country; uprights, $75; squares, $10; easy payments; player pianos, $250 up.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

14 East 60th St.—To sublet, one, two and three rooms, handsomely furnished, at special Summer rates.

SURROGATE CITATION.

GUGGENHEIM, BENJAMIN.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Benjamin Guggenheim, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of their attorneys, Seligman & Seligman, No. 3 South William Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 10th day of December, 1912.

Dated New York, the 23d day of May, 1912.

DANIEL GUGGENHEIM,
ISAAC GUGGENHEIM,
MORRIS GUGGENHEIM, } Executors.

SELIGMAN & SELIGMAN, Attorneys for Executors, 3 South William Street, New York City.

Your Apartment at a Glance
The New York Times
Apartment House Directory
Every Sunday in August and September

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

Rexor

Broadway
115th to 116th St
Two 12-story Fireproof Apartment Buildings
Just Completed
Occupancy August 15

Overlooking Columbia University, Barnard College; with an ideal view of the River; unusually large rooms, with an extra number of clothes and linen closets; extra large reception foyers, etc.

4, 5, 6, 7 Rooms with 1, 2, 3 Baths
Rents $800 to $2200

Also in the

Colosseum

Riverside Drive
South Corner 116th St.
12-Story Fireproof Building Overlooking the Hudson River
One Apartment to Rent
12-room Simplex with large Foyer & 4 Baths occupying entire floor, Rent $3700

Aqua Vista

460 Riverside Drive
Just north of 116th St.
New Fireproof Building.
Most exquisite part of the Drive, overlooking the River.
6, 7, 8 very large Rooms, with 2 and 3 Baths, $1100 to $1600

Sophomore

21 Claremont Ave.
Few steps north of 116th St. Ovelooking campus of Barnard College and grounds of Columbia University.
4, 6 Rooms & Baths
Rents $600 to $1600

PATERNO BROS., Inc.
Owners and Builders
Office on Premises

Can Offer a Very
ATTRACTIVE PROPOSITION
on some of the
FOLLOWING APARTMENTS:

Riverside Dwellings
619 WEST 114TH ST., 8 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS; OVERLOOKING THE HUDSON. RENTS $1,200 TO $1,500.

The Lucetine
85 WEST 96TH ST., RENTS $780 TO $1,200. 7 ROOMS AND BATH:

The Annamere
609 WEST 115TH ST., 7-8 ROOMS AND BATH; RENTS $1,000 TO $1,200.

Carlisle Dwellings
450 WEST END AVE., corner 82d st., ONE APARTMENT OF 11 ROOMS and 3 BATHS; RENT $3,000.

The Savoy
610 WEST 111TH ST., 5-6 ROOMS AND FOYER. RENTS $780 TO $1,200.

The Markenfield
605-611 WEST 111TH ST., 4-5-6 ROOMS and BATH. RENTS $600 TO $1,020.

Leroy Coventry
Agent,
156 W. 72d St.—Tel. 4939 Col.

Strictly **MILANO** fireproof.
127 West 58th.—Only one apartment left, 8 rooms, bath, all improvements. Day and night elevator, hall, 'phone service; $2,000.

200 WEST 78TH ST.
Corner apartment, 7 rooms and bath, $690. Steam heat, hot water, hall service.

REVERE HALL,
622 W. 114th, Near Riverside Drive.—5-6-7 rooms and bath; light sunny rooms, elevator, all improvements; 'phone $660 to $1,000.

IRVINGTON,
407 C. P. West, Facing Park, (100th.)—7-8 rooms and bath; all improvements; first floor doctor's apartment: $900 & $1,140.

CARROLLTON,
601 W. 168th, Opposite Subway Station.—5-6-7 rooms and bath; light rooms, large closets, elevator, all improvements. Resident Agent; $690 to $1,000.

COURTWOOD,
600 W. 169th, Cor. B'way.—Elevator house, all improvements; 5-6-7 rooms and bath; 'phone; 24-hour service; $510 to $900.

Broadway **REMCO** 98th Street.
'Phone 1300 River.

CENTRAL PARK
APARTMENT BUILDINGS

7th Av., 58th & 59th Sts.
(Navarro Apartments).
One Large Corner Apartment with 5 Bathrooms. Smaller Ones with 2 and 3 Baths.
Most Centrally Located.
APPLY AT OFFICE,
175 WEST 58TH ST.

GAINSBOROUGH STUDIOS
222 WEST 59TH ST.
Also apartments of three rooms and bath to lease from $1,200; ideal for bachelor or couple; furnished and unfurnished.
JAMES E. BALL, Manager.

To Sublet, 7 Rooms & 2 Baths.
On account of party going West will rent $1,800 apartment for $1,600, in the
Borchardt
S. E. Cor. 98th St. and Broadway; 12-story fireproof apartment house recently completed. Louis Kempner & Son. Agents on premises.

For other advertisements of Apartments to Rent, see Page 19.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

NEW APARTMENTS

405 Park Avenue

Northeast Corner 54th Street
10 to 13 Rooms, 4 Baths. *Ready September 1*
$4,200 to $6,000
One physician's apartment of 4 rooms and bath.

118 East 54th Street

Near Park Avenue
8, 9, 10 Rooms, 3 Baths. *Ready August 1*
$2,500 to $3,300
One physician's apartment of 3 rooms and bath.

Now open for inspection. Over 50% rented. Leases from October 1. Light protected by ownership of adjoining property. Booklets and list of tenants accepted to date on application.

MOORE & WYCKOFF, Agents,
546 Fifth Avenue
CORNER FORTY-FIFTH STREET TELEPHONE 1263 BRYANT

Manhanset

61-65 East 59th St.,
NEAR MADISON AVE
The Most Accessible Location in New York City.
High Class Modern Apartments, 3 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Chambermaid service
RENTALS, $45, $55, and $65.
See Superintendent on Premises.

At 48th Street
413 MADISON AVENUE.
2-3-4 rooms & 1-2 baths
Maid service, elevator, steam heat
Apply to
H. BRIGHAM HALL & WM. D. BLOODGOOD
542 5th Ave. 7632 Bryant

Strictly **NEW ENGLAND** Fireproof.
48 to 51 E. 58th St., 54 E. 59th St., 480 Park Av.

7 rooms and 2 baths	$1,100 to $1,500
2 and 3 rooms and bath	$420 to $600
8 rooms, 3 baths, physician's Apartment	$1,800

All-night elevator, standard service.
Broadway **REMCO,** 98th Street.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

120 West 86th St.

Between Columbus and Amsterdam Avs.

JUST COMPLETED

A TWELVE-STORY strictly fireproof Apartment building, situated in an exclusive private residential block, under the supervision of the park authorities, with exceptional transit facilities. The building is equipped with every known improvement conducive to comfort, convenience and luxury. Its appointments are sumptuous and its decorations will please the most critical.

6-7-8 Rooms
Each with Foyer, Pantry and 3 Baths
Rentals, $1650 to $2550
Apply to Owner on premises.

Lasanno Court

307 West 79th Street
Fireproof. Driveway Entrance.
Passenger and Service Elevators.
Vacuum Cleaner. Best of Service.
6 Rooms, $1200 to $1500.
8 Rooms (2 baths) $1700 to $2200.

Ridgewood

N.E. cor. of Broadway and 107th St.
Only Two Apartments to let from October 1st.
All Outside Rooms.
7 Rooms, $1300 to $1400.

George Rosenfeld
of H. Morgenthau Jr. Co.
Tel. Cort. 1884. *95 Liberty St.*

FREMONT

310 WEST 94TH ST.
Bet. Riverside Drive & West End Av.
High Class Apartments,
8 rooms and 2 baths.
Rooms are exceptionally large.
Rents $1,200 to $1,500.
Ground floor for doctor.

IVY COURTS
210-220-230 West 107th St. Adjoining Broadway.
FIVE, SIX, and SEVEN room apartments; to lease from Oct. 1; all modern improvements and conveniences, including ELECTRICITY, furnished from our own PLANT, at a very moderate COST; NO INTERIOR ROOMS; all LARGE and EXCEPTIONALLY BRIGHT; the CLOSETS are a particular feature; a home for refined people, who demand the BEST SERVICE and appreciate value.
Rents $660-$960 Per Year
Superintendent on premises.

Big Concessions

315 WEST 94th STREET
Near Riverside Drive.
High class, with all improvements; elevator.

Front apt., 6 Rooms & Bath	$46 to $52.50
Rear apt., 5 Rooms & Bath	$42.50

INVERNESS
200-210 WEST 57TH ST.
Handsome, extra large light apartments of eight rooms and bath, with all modern improvements; rents reasonable; possession October 1.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

Life Building Apartments
19-21 WEST 81ST ST.
two to six Rooms to lease, from October 1; high cellings and open fireplaces; meals served in apartments. WILLIAM HARVEY.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

LAUREATE HALL
Amsterdam Av., N. W. Cor. 119th St.
2-3-4 ROOMS,
Kitchenettes and bath, $32.50 to $75.00.
Apply 430 W. 119th St., opp. Laureate Hall.

---

970 PARK AV.

Corner of 83d Street.
12-Story Absolutely Fireproof Building, JUST COMPLETED.
Now Ready for Occupancy.

8	Rooms, 3 Baths, 11 Closets, Rents	$3,100
10	Rooms, 3 Baths, 16 Closets, Rents	$3,400

ONE 4 AND ONE 5 ROOM APARTMENT ON GROUND FLOOR.
With private entrance on 83d St.
Size of rooms, number of closets and finish throughout for those accustomed to fine private houses.
H. F. Huber & Co. of 13 East 40th St. have furnished one of the apartments, which you are invited to inspect.
APPLY ON PREMISES, OR
BING & BING, 505 Fifth Ave, (42d St.)

PROSPECT HILL
1,270 Madison Av., Cor. 91st, 8 large rooms, bath, elevator; possession now; $690 to $840.
Broadway **REMCO** 98th Street.

27-29 East 27th St.
A very desirable apartment of three rooms and bath; open plumbing, steam heat and electric light; rent low; possession now.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS.
237 Lexington Av.; rents, $30 to $45; furnished or unfurnished.
Hibson Co., 34th St. and Lexington Av.

THE CLEVELAND
126-130 East 24th St.
Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, etc.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THOMAS REINHARDT, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Aug. 1st, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 48 West 67th St., at the garage of William Woop, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of one Pullman automobile, subject to lien for repairs.
BENJAMIN W. B. BROWN, Receiver.
AVERY F. CUSHMAN, Attorney for Receiver, 27 Cedar Street, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of AERIAL EQUIPMENT CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, Aug. 12th, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of chairs, desks, filing cabinet, settee, safe, typewriter, typewriter desk, electric fan, &c.
ROBERT H. EWELL, Trustee.
LITTLEFIELD & LITTLEFIELD, Attorneys for Trustee, 11 Pine St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL D. ISAACSON, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Aug. 1st, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of broadcloth, woolens, &c.
WARREN I. LEE, Trustee.
ROSENBERG & LEVIS, Attorneys for Trustee, 170 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAX ROTH, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Aug. 1st, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 74 Greenwich St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of bottles, glasses, safe, machinery, office fixtures, &c. BERNARD J. MacCORRY, Trustee.
JOSEPH LICHTENBERG, Attorney for Trustee, 299 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEORGE E. COHN, Bankrupt.—No. 16,851.

To the creditors of George E. Cohn of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 22d day of July, A. D. 1912, the said George E. Cohn was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 12th day of August, A. D. 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated July 29, 1912.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL A. KATZ, Bankrupt.—No. 16,539.

To the creditors of Samuel A. Katz of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 23d day of May, A. D. 1912, the said Samuel A. Katz was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 13th day of August, A. D. 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated July 30, 1912.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

SUMMER RESORTS.

NEW YORK—Westchester County.

THE REAL COUNTRY
THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE
VALHALLA, WESTCHESTER CO., N. Y.
7th season. 45 minutes of 42d St. on Harlem R. R.; capacity 200; 70 acres, park and lawns; 500 feet elevation; 10 minutes from station. Unsurpassed for health and picturesque surroundings. Own dairy and vegetable garden. Music, Dancing, Tennis, Euchre. Rates $8 and up. 'Phone 1165 White Plains. Booklet.

NEW YORK—Saratoga Springs.

SARATOGA SPRINGS *New York State's Mineral Springs Reservation.*
Splendid Bathing Facilities for Mineral Water Baths.
For Booklet address Publicity Commission, Room 20, THE ARCADE, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

NEW YORK—Adirondacks.

"HAPPY DAYS" Cottage, on beautiful Raquette Lake, will accommodate few congenial persons at $12 per week; good board; good fishing, bathing, motor and row boats; bath in house. Charles Maurice, Proprietor, Raquette Lake, N. Y.

MORLEYS Elevation, 2,000 feet; hotels, cottages; heart of Adirondacks; overlooking 200,000 acres of forest; 100 Mt. peaks; 2 most beautiful lakes in world; booklet.
JOHN A. COLE, Lake Pleasant, N. Y.

THE WINDSOR ADIRONDACKS. PARTICULARS AND BOOKLETS O. KELLOGG & SON, Elizabethtown, N. Y.

SUMMER RESORTS.

NEW ENGLAND.

THESE ARE GREAT DAYS AT NEW

Mt. Kineo House

ON MOOSEHEAD LAKE

Managed by the Rickers, who have made the Poland Spring House and the Sam-O-set famous

The season's at its best, this month, at this most marvellous of summer resorts—away down here in the Maine wilderness.

Nowhere else in all America is there such diversified, such unusual summer enjoyment.

THE BIG OUT-OF-DOORS

TRAMPING, CAMPING, EXPLORING. Canoeing on sunlit forest rivers. Riding, driving, archery, trap-shooting.

GAME FISHING. The most plentiful and exciting inland game fishing in America. Lake trout, bass, salmon.

MOTOR-BOATING. Regattas that bring high power boats from everywhere. The largest yacht club on inland waters.

GOLFING. On the most picturesque of links. Tennis, sailing, bathing. Special playgrounds and games for children.

JOY-O-LIVING

A GREAT, LUXURIOUS HOTEL, set down in the unbroken wilderness.

ON THE SHORE OF MOOSEHEAD, one of the world's wildest and most beautiful lakes. Forty miles long, but with 400 miles of shore line.

ON ALL SIDES THE SPLENDOR and mystery of the deep woods. Northward they stretch a hundred miles to Canada.

COOKING BY A GREAT CHEF, with fresh delicacies every morning from Mt. Kineo model farm and dairy. And appetites to match.

You will revel in the absolute rest and change, the beauty of wild lake and trackless forest, the coolness, the wonderful pine and spruce-laden air.

You'll never have a more fascinating or beneficial vacation.

SEND FOR THE BOOKLET.

ADDRESS VACATION BUREAU

THE NEW ENGLAND LINES

Room 1,229, South Station, Boston, Mass., or call at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, N. Y.

NEW YORK—Long Island.

Edgemere Club Hotel

Directly on the Ocean
30 minutes from New York

European plan exclusively. A remarkable success, demonstrating the feasibility of operating a large resort hotel exclusively for the accommodation of club members, their families and guests.

'Phone 600 Far Rockaway
T. D. GREEN, Manager
also Hotel Woodward, Broadway and 55th Street, New York

CHATEAU BEAUX ARTS

NOW KNOWN AS
CHATEAU BEAU RIVAGE
HUNTINGTON, LONG ISLAND
Music, Singing, Dancing.
E. M. BRAWNER, Prop. 'Phone 200 Huntington.

Sea View House.
Sag Harbor, L. I., on Peconic Bay.
J. K. MORRIS, Proprietor.
Now open. Bathing, boating, fishing, driving. All modern improvements; homelike and comfortable. Rooms single and en suite, with bath, $10 and upward. Table bountifully supplied from our own farm. Catering to automobile parties a specialty. Reached by L. I. R. R. or N. Y. and New London boats. N. Y. Office, 12 West 44th St.

LAKE FRONT HOTEL
LAKE RONKONKOMA, L. I.,
END OF THE MOTOR PARKWAY.
HORACE S. CHASE, Proprietor.
Under entirely new management. Newly refurnished, redecorated. Fifteen acres Lawn and Shade Trees. Directly on the water, 50 miles from New York. Garage. Unsurpassed American Plan Table. Moderate Rates. SPECIAL SUNDAY DINNER, $1.00. Boating, Bathing, Fishing, Tennis, Croquet, Music, Dancing. Refined. Booklet.

Massapequa Hotel, Massapequa, L. I. Open June 20th.
Massapequa Hotel Co., 310 Times Bldg., N. Y. City.

ELSTONE PARK HOTEL.
Far Rockaway, L. I.
35 minutes from Broadway.

NEW YORK—Orange County.

Ramapo Inn

IN THE RAMAPO MOUNTAINS,
¾ hour from New York City.
Sloatsburg, N. Y.
One mile south from Tuxedo Park, on the Orange Turnpike.
Phone Sloatsburg 352. WM. H. ORMES.
Rates $2.00 upwards. Erie R. R.

NEW YORK—Cooperstown.

Cooperstown, N. Y., is a delightful hill-country resort, made even more delightful by a charming hotel. The O-te-sa-ga, on Otsego Lake.

NEW YORK—Catskill Mountains.

THE
Catskill Mountains

noted for picturesque and romantic scenery. The glorious air, the magnificent views, and comfortable accommodations are a great attraction in this mountain region, which is a paradise for children and a sanitarium for everybody.

THE ULSTER & DELAWARE R. R.
in connection with West Shore Railroad form the only all-rail through car line between New York and all points in this famous mountain region.

An illustrated Book with map of the Catskills and list of hotels and boarding houses will be sent free on receipt of 6 cents postage.

N. A. SIMS,
General Passenger Agent,
Kingston, N. Y.

THE HEIDELBERG ON THE HILL
OPEN ALL THE YEAR.
Commands a fine view of many miles of both River and Mountains and the Berkshire Hills.
Best of Beds. Table First Class.
On High Ground, two minutes from Main St.
MRS. CHARLES BEARDSLEY, Prop., Catskill, N. Y.

NEW YORK—Staten Island.

MIDLAND BEACH
STATEN ISLAND
Refined Amusement Amid Refined Surroundings
Reached via Staten Island Ferry, foot of Whitehall St., terminus of Subway, elevated roads and surface lines; 20 minutes' invigorating sail through the lower bay and a short trolley ride through the most picturesque part of Staten Island. Cleanest and safest bathing on the Atlantic Coast.

NEW YORK—Ulster County.

Cragsmoor Inn

Cragsmoor, Ulster Co., N. Y.
NOW OPEN.
High-class mountain inn. Large verandas. Suites. Open fires. 107 guest rooms, 48 with private bath. 1857 feet above sea level. Guaranteed milk from tested herd. Tennis, Golf. Garages. Livery. Special June rate $14-$15 weekly. Booklet. R. D. COMPTON, Mgr.

NEW YORK—New York City.

In the Country—in New York City.
It's an ideal spot, 300 feet above the Hudson; eight-acre park; attractive, rambling hotel, accommodating 50 guests; modern conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; accessible by train or Subway, 30 to 45 minutes. Address for booklet, THE CHESTNUTS, Riverdale-on-Hudson, (in New York City.) Tel. Kingsbridge 135.

NEW YORK—Sullivan County.

LAKEWOOD FARM, Hotel and cottages.—Open June to October; highest elevation in Sullivan County; magnificent scenery, private lake, bass fishing; excellent cuisine; special June and September terms. Booklet and rates on application.
ARNEY B. SHAVER, Mgr., Roscoe, N. Y.

NEW YORK.

Grand View Farmhouse, Burlingham, N. Y., (Station Bloomingburgh.)—Ideal Summer resort; large, airy rooms; abundant table; pure spring water; piano; accommodates 50; free transportation; $7. WILLIAM E. SMITH.

NEW JERSEY—Budd Lake.

FOREST HOUSE
Budd Lake, N. J.
Only Hotel on Lake Front.
Newly furnished. Gas, shady ground, sloping to water. Bathing, fishing. Music. Capacity 200. 48 miles Lackawanna. Ideal place for families. Booklet. Duryea.

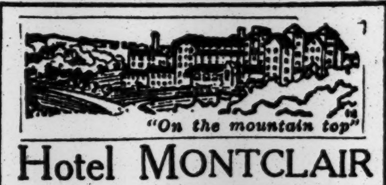
NEW JERSEY—East Orange.

The Edgemere East Orange, N. J., a quiet, refined family hotel, every modern improvement. W. H. Culbert.

NEW ENGLAND—Vermont.

LAKE BOMOSEEN.—The Prospect and 10 cottages; all outdoor sports; garage; booklet. H. B. Ellis, Castleton, Vt.

NEW JERSEY—Montclair.



"On the mountain top"

Hotel MONTCLAIR

A delightful "breathing place," with every form of recreation at your command—and only 45 minutes from Broadway!
AUTO BUS MEETS ALL TRAINS.
T. EDMOND KRUMBHOLZ, MONTCLAIR, N. J.
Also: "The Sagamore" on Lake George.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Best Moderate-Rate Hotel
ELBERON

And fireproof annex, Tennessee Ave., near Beach; central, new throughout; capacity, 400; opposite Protestant and Catholic churches; running water in rooms; private baths; excellent table; fresh vegetables from our own farm; windows screened; white service; booklet; special rates. R. B. LUDY, M. D.

HOTEL
RUDOLF

Ocean front; every appointment for comfort and luxury; sea water in all baths; no charge for use of baths; American and European. A. S. RUKEYSER, Mgr.; JOEL HILLMAN, Pres.

GRAND ATLANTIC
Virginia Av., near Beach, Atlantic City.
Rooms en suite, with hot and cold sea water baths. Elevator from street level. $2.50 daily and up. Special weekly rates. Auto coach meets trains. Capacity 500. Write for booklet.
COOPER & LEEDS, Owners and Props.

FRONTENAC Kentucky Ave., 100 yds. from Beach. As good as the best. Cap. 250; new, homelike, elevator, large, cool, ocean view rooms, baths, phones, excellent table, white service, metal beds. Special rates, $8 up weekly, $1.50 up daily. Sat. to Mon. $3. Booklet.
W. F. WATTS.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Av. and beach, Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator, &c. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Open all year. Booklet. SAMUEL H. ELLIS.

HOTEL STANLEY
South Carolina Ave., near Beach. Extensively improved and refurnished. Rooms en suite, with private baths. Capacity 300. Booklet.
J. A. MILLER, Prop., formerly Hotel Lamborn.

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Josiah White & Sons Company.

THE CALVERT
Virginia Av., near Beach. All outside rooms. Private baths. Homelike and comfortable; excellent table. Moderate rates. E. H. LUNDY.

HOTEL DENNIS,
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Directly on the ocean front; always open.
WALTER J. BUZBY.

NEW JERSEY—Asbury Park.

THE BRISTOL-BELVEDERE
Direct ocean front. Fourth and Ocean Ave. Spacious verandas; elevator to street; capacity, 400; orchestra. Banta & Hilyard.

Send two-cent stamp for illustrated Asbury Park folder. Municipal Information Bureau, 901 Boardwalk, Asbury Park, N. J.

NEW JERSEY—Spring Lake.

The NEW MONMOUTH
SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
Automobiling, riding, driving, tennis, golf, canoeing, sea bathing, sailing, fishing.
275 ROOMS. 200 BATHS.
FRANK F. SHUTE, Manager.

NEW ENGLAND—Connecticut.

EDGEWOOD INN
GREENWICH, CONN.
EVERY CITY COMFORT.
EVERY COUNTRY CHARM.
A delightful Summer Hotel forty-five minutes from New York, with every modern comfort and convenience.
Automobile Livery and Train Service.
Special facilities for transient motorists.
TENNIS, GOLF, BOWLING, BILLIARDS, MUSIC.
Booklet and Road Map. D. P. SIMPSON, Mgr.

SILLECK HOUSE GREENWICH, CONN.
Directly on the Sound, catering to first-class patronage only: $15.00 to $35.00 per week.
E. A. SILLECK.

NEW JERSEY—Monmouth Beach.

MONMOUTH BEACH INN
Monmouth Beach, N. J.
Annex on ocean front. Cottages.
Luxurious pool and ocean bathing.
MONMOUTH BEACH CLUB HOUSE CO.,
20 West 34th St., New York, Room 33.
Telephone, 379—Greeley.

NEW JERSEY—Montclair.

THE OAKDALE Summer Boarders. Transients $2.
Tel. 2977 Montclair. 271 Claremont Ave.

PENNSYLVANIA—Delaware Water Gap.

Coolest location. Most Delightful View.
THE KITTATINNY
Leading Hotel at Delaware Water Gap, Pa.
Capacity 500. Every convenience. Own farm and dairies. Orchestra, social diversions. Golf, tennis, boating, bathing, fishing on hotel grounds. Livery, garage, saddle horses.
ATTENTION AUTOMOBILISTS!
TOURING CLUB OF AMERICA'S INFORMATION BUREAU FOR THIS REGION LOCATED AT KITTATINNY HOTEL.
Write for booklet of views and auto maps. Bell 'phone 92. Telegraph offices. Special September and October rates. American plan. Cafe and grill. G. FRANK COPE.

The Hotel of Delaware Water Gap, Pa.
WATER GAP HOUSE
THE MOUNTAIN PARADISE.
Open until Dec. The most modern and finest located hotel in this region. Cuisine of the highest standard; white service. Orchestra; social diversions; every amusement. New beautiful Palm Court and Cafe. Booklet and auto maps mailed. Sixth season.
JOHN PURDY COPE.

THE GLENWOOD, Delaware Water Gap, Pa. Capacity 400. Modern brick hotel. Orchestra, Tennis Courts, Golf, Bathing, and all amusements. Superior accommodations at moderate rates. Booklet.
P. R. JOHNSON.

PENNSYLVANIA—Canadensis.

NEW SPRUCE CABIN INN. Rooms en suite with bath. Bowling, Pool. All outdoor Amusements. Garage, Livery, Saddle Horses. Illus. Booklet. Lacka. R. R. to Cresco Sta.
W. J. & M. D. PRICE, Canadensis, Pa.

PENNSYLVANIA—Pike County.

VILLA MADELEINE
Milford, Pike Co., Pa. French cuisine; accommodate 30; $10 up. Booklet. Stephanus & Gloriot.

PENNSYLVANIA—Stroudsburg.

HIGHLAND INN.—Modern, high-class mountain resort; specially noted for its table. I. L. & M. S. Hudders.

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Mountain Bridle Paths
Always cool. NO FLIES OR MOSQUITOES. Every Outdoor Sport. Magnificent Swimming Pool. Sulphur and Medicinal Baths. Half a million spent in improvements. Same management as Hotel Chamberlin, Old Point. For information address
GEO. F. ADAMS, White Sulphur, W. Va.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS
Greenbrier County, W. Virginia

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:56|Sun sets..7:16|Moon rises..9:12

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	9:25	9:34	3:20	3:21
Governors Island	9:45	9:53	4:03	4:00
Hell Gate	11:35	11:48	5:43	5:40

Arrived—Wednesday, July 31.

SS President Grant, Hamburg, July 20.
SS Cavour, Santos, July 12.
SS Purus, Santos, July 21.
SS Montosco, Porto Rico, July 25.
SS Lampasas, Tampa, July 26.
SS San Jacinto, Galveston, July 25.
SS Commodore Rollins, Port Antonio, July 24.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
Clio	Rotterdam	July 17
Curityba	Nipe Bay	July 26
Hostilius	San Juan	July 25
Majestic	Southampton	July 24
Pannonia	Gibraltar	July 22
Santa Marta	Kingston	July 27
Pilar de Larrinaga	Montevideo	July 7
El Rio	Galveston	July 26
Momus	New Orleans	July 27
Bermudian	Bermuda	July 29
Argenfels	Hamburg	July 18
Trinidad	Quebec	July 26
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Lusitania	Liverpool	July 27
Cedric	Liverpool	July 25
Michigan	Antwerp	July 19
Stolzenfels	Hamburg	July 20
City of Atlanta	Savannah	July 30
Morro Castle	Vera Cruz	July 26
Zulia	Mayaguez	July 27
San Guglielmo	Naples	July 20
DUE SATURDAY.		
Savoie	Havre	July 27
St. Louis	Southampton	July 27
Cynthiania	Fowey	July 17
Louisiane	Havre	July 20
Colon	Colon	July 28
Galileo	Hull	July 20
Val Salice	Leghorn	July 18
Kazama	Gibraltar	July 21
Grenada	Port of Spain	July 26
Manuel Calvo	Havana	July 31
Oranje Nassau	St. Marc	July 30
Guantanamo	Progreso	July 27
Vasari	Rio Janeiro	July 17
Sommelsdyk	Rotterdam	July 20

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.	Mails Close	Vessels Sail.
Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, Hamburg	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Baltic, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saxonia, Madeira	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Monterey, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Isabella, Pernambuco	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Altai, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Oscar II., Christiansand	——	2:00 P.M.
Hyperia, Argentina	3:00 P.M.	5:00 P.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
El Occidente, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
El Dorado, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Rio Grande, Brunswick	——	1:00 P.M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Maracas, Grenada	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Korona, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Allianca, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Philadelphia, Southampton	6:00 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
Majestic, Southampton	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Stephano, St. John's	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Tennyson, Rio Janeiro	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Carolina, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Carrillo, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Prinz Eitel Friedrich, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Ikaria, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Tagus, Kingston	——	1:00 P.M.
Calabria, Naples	——	12:00 M.
Vaderland, Antwerp	——	10:00 A.M.
Columbia, Glasgow	——	11:00 A.M.
Europa, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Lampasas, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
Apache, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Montoso, Havana	——	12:00 M.
Yumuri, Santiago	——	12:00 M.
City of Atlanta, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Comus, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
El Siglo, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
San Jacinto, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., JULY 31.

SS San Guglielmo, Naples to New York, was 420 miles E. at noon; due Aug. 1, 4 P. M. Italian Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville to New York, was 767 miles S. at 5:25 P. M. Clyde Line.

SS Rio Grande, Brunswick to New York, was 143 miles S. at 8 P. M. Mallory Line.

SS El Rio, Galveston to New York, was 111 miles S. at 6 P. M. Morgan Line.

SS Momus, New Orleans to New York, was 128 miles S. at 8 P. M. Morgan Line.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Carpathia, at Naples, July 31.
SS Austrian Prince, at Buenos Aires, July 29.
SS Welsh Prince, at Cape Town, July 30.
SS Themistocles, at Piraeus, July 23.
SS Hellig Olav, at Copenhagen, July 31.
SS Neidenfels, at Lyttleton, July 28.
SS Paul Paix, at Calais, July 29.
SS Warturm, at Batavia, July 29.
SS Whitefield, at Lisbon, July 29.

Sailed.

SS Oceanic, from Southampton, July 31.
SS Ivernia, from Messina, July 31.
SS Koranna, from Colombo, July 30.
SS Swazi, from Port Sudan, July 29.
SS Indiana, from Seville, July 27.
SS Santa Theresa, from Rio Grande, July 28.
SS Bramley, from Perim, July 30.
SS Thames, from Southampton, July 31.

Passed.

SS Aros Castle, for New York from Bombay, passed Gibraltar.
SS Lothian, for New York from Yokohama, passed Gibraltar.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Manila, —— —; Hongkong, July 2; Shaghai, July 6; Yokohama, July 13, and Honolulu, July 22—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Siberia, were dispatched east at 6:40 P. M. July 28. Due in New York on the morning of Friday, Aug. 2.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.	
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (via Vancouver)—Marama	Aug. 2	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Honolulan	Aug. 2	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Antilochus	Aug. 2	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Tacoma)—Canada Maru	Aug. 2	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Orteric	Aug. 5	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, and China (via San Francisco)—Sibiria	Aug. 5	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of Japan	Aug. 9	6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (via San Francisco)—Aorangi	Aug. 16	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (via San Francisco)—Sonoma	Aug. 22	6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

STEAMSHIPS.

BATHING ON THE CORAL REEFS OF BERMUDA

You Can Almost Hear the Songs of the Mermaids

As they play along the peaks of the lost Atlantis. There's still-water and surf-bathing in the clearest, bluest water you ever saw. There are many other recreations at this ideal Summer resort. All-expense tours of varying length and price by the well-known Royal Mail Steamer "Orotava," 10,063 tons displacement, from 5 days, $27.50 up. Sailings every five days in connection with the Quebec S. S. Co. Tickets interchangeable. Ask for illustrated literature. The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co. SANDERSON & SON, Gen. Agts., 22 State St.; Thos. Cook & Son, 245 and 2389 Broadway & 264 and 553 5th Av.; Raymond & Whitcomb, 225 5th Av., or any Steamship Ticket Agent.

OLD DOMINION LINE
DAILY SERVICE.
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, D. C., and the entire South and West.
Freight and Passenger Steamers sail from Pier 25, N. R., foot of North Moore St., every week day at 3 P. M. W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager.

STEAMSHIPS. | STEAMSHIPS.

CUNARD
The Fastest Steamers in the World
Lusitania Aug. 7, 1 A. M. Sept. 18
Aug. 28, 1 A. M. Oct. 9
Mauretania Aug. 21, 1 A. M. Oct. 2.
Sept. 11, 1 A. M. Oct. 23.
CAMPANIA Aug. 14, 1 A. M. Sept. 4, 1 A. M. Sep. 25
CARONIA Aug. 24, 10 A. M. Oct. 19 Sept. 21, 10 A. M. Nov. 16
CARMANIA Sept. 7, 10 A. M. Oct. 5, 10 A. M.
LIVERPOOL, LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
VIA QUEENSTOWN AND FISHGUARD.
Mauretania and Lusitania do not stop at Queenstown, eastbound.
New York-Mediterranean-Adriatic Service
Calling at Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Trieste, Fiume.
Write for Itinerary. Sailing hour noon.
PANNONIA a b Aug. 8 a b Sept. 26
IVERNIA Aug. 22 Oct. 10
CARPATHIA a Sept. 5 a Oct. 24
SAXONIA Sept. 19
a Omits Madeira. b Omits Genoa. Quotations furnished for any Tours.
WINTER CRUISES—RIVIERA, ITALY, EGYPT
NOVEMBER TO MARCH.
Round the World Trips, $513. Special through rates to Egypt, India, China, Japan, Manila, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, South America.
Piers Foot W. 14th St., North River, N.Y. Offices, 24 State St., Opp. Battery.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
SUMMER SAILINGS
LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
SAILINGS AT 10 A.M.
Kronprinzessin Cecilie . Aug. 6 Sept. 10 Oct. 8 Nov. 7
George Washington . . Aug. 10 Sept. 5 Oct. 3 Oct. 31
Berlin . . . . Aug. 17
Kronprinz Wilhelm . . Aug. 20 Sept. 17 Oct. 15 Nov. 12
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm . Aug. 24 Sept. 21 Oct. 19 Nov. 23
Kaiser Wilhelm II . . . Aug. 27 Sept. 24 Oct. 22
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse Sept. 3 Oct. 1 Oct. 29 Nov. 26
TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE
Friedrich der Grosse Aug. 13 Sept. 19
Bremen . . . . . Aug. 31
Grosser Kurfuerst . . Sept. 12 Oct. 17
Koenigin Luise . . Sept. 28
The Mediterranean Koenig Albert . . Aug. 17 Sept. 21
Prinzess Irene . . Sept. 7
Berlin . . . . Oct. 5
OELRICHS & CO., Gen. Agts., 5 Broadway, New York

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS
The Largest Steamer in the World
New 45,324 Ton OLYMPIC Sails from New York AUG. 17 12 noon, SEPT. 7 SEPT. 28 OCT. 19 NOV. 9
NEARBY SAILINGS FROM NEW YORK.
BALTIC............Aug. 1, 12 noon.
PHILADELPHIA...Aug. 3, 9:30 A. M.
VADERLAND.......Aug. 3, 10 A. M.
MAJESTIC..........Aug. 3, 12 noon
CEDRIC............Aug. 8, 12 noon
AMERICAN Pier 62, N. R. 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Philadelphia..Aug. 3 | New York...Aug. 17
St. Louis....Aug. 10 | St. Paul.....Aug. 24
ATLANTIC TRANSPORT
New York—London Direct. Pr. 58,N.R.
Minnewaska.Aug.10,8AM | Min'apolis.Aug.24
Minn't'ka.Au.17,10:30AM | Minne'ha.Aug. 31
RED STAR Pier 61, N. R. 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
Vaderland....Aug. 3 | Finland .....Aug. 17
Lapland.....Aug. 10 | Zeeland.....Aug. 24
WHITE STAR Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Majestic....Aug. 3, noon | Oly'c(new)Ag.17
Oceanic.....Aug. 10, noon | Majestic.Aug.24
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Baltic..Aug. 1, noon | Celtic ....Aug. 15
Cedric..Aug. 8, noon | Adriatic .....Aug. 22
Boston-Mediterranean Ports.
Canopic.......Aug. 15 | Cretic........Sept. 14
PASSENGER DEPARTMENT, 9 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

A Cool Sea Trip To SAVANNAH
Is as delightful a vacation as you can take, and one of the most beneficial. You'll find refreshing ocean breezes all the way and Savannah to-day a charming place to visit.
ROUND TRIP FARE, $35.00
Including meals and stateroom accommodations on palatial steamships built especially for Southern traffic and with every known device for comfort and safety.
Get a copy of new illustrated booklet at any Tourist, Steamship or New York Transfer office.
CITY TICKET OFFICE: 501 FIFTH AVE.
Wharf Office: Pier 35, North River.
Savannah Line

ANCHOR LINE
Glasgow via Moville Londonderry
TWIN SCREW STEAMSHIPS
Columbia, Sat., Aug. 3, 11 A. M.
California, Sat., Aug. 10, 3 P. M.
Cameronia, Sat., Aug. 17, noon
Caledonia, Sat., Aug. 24, 8 A. M.
SPLENDID ACCOMMODATIONS
EXCELLENT SERVICE.
OCEAN PASSAGE, 7½ DAYS.
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50 and Upward.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
For new illustrated Book of Tours apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17 and 19 Broadway.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
DIRECT LINE TO HAVRE-PARIS (France).
Sailing Every Thursday at 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot of West 15th St.
*La Savoie.....August 8 | *La Provence..Aug. 29
*La Lorraine....August 15 | *La Lorraine..Sept. 5
‡France (new).August 22 | ‡France (new).Sept. 12
*Twin-screw steamer. ‡Quadruple-screw steamer.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3 P. M.
One-class Cabin (II) and Third-class Passengers Only.
‡ROCHAMBEAU (new)......................August 10
General Agency, 19 State St., N. Y.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
Paris—London—Rotterdam.
Twin-screw sailings Tues. 10 A. M.
†Rotterdam..............Aug. 13
*Potsdam................Aug. 20
†New Amsterdam.........Aug. 27
*Noordam................Sept. 3
*VIA BOULOGNE s/M.
†PLYMOUTH & BOULOGNE.
Office 39 B'way, N. Y.

ALWAYS SOUTHERN ROUTE
FABRE LINE TO THE RIVIERA
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Weekly Sailings (approx.) Write for literature.
1st class rate, $75.00 & up. 2nd class $55.00.
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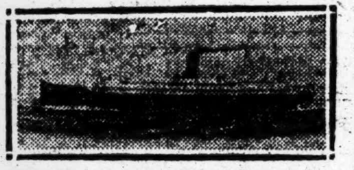
E.H.LOW AGENT ALL LINES REGULAR RATES.
1123 B'WAY, N. Y. TEL. 1303 MAD. SQ.

Vacations on the Ocean



On finest coastwise steamers in the world, with direct connections to all famous resorts of the Southwest and Pacific Coast.
5 to 21 DAYS
Attractive vacation voyages at $32 to $75, including meals and accommodations on steamers. Don't decide before visiting
CLYDE LINE - MALLORY LINE
TOUR BUREAUS:
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Piers 36 & 45, North River, New York.
39

VACATION CRUISES
To Quebec
via Halifax, N. S., most delightful cruise of 1500 miles. Magnificent scenery: Gut of Canso, Northumberland Strait, Gulf and River St. Lawrence, and far-famed Saguenay River. S. S. "Trinidad" from New York August 3d and 17th. From Quebec, August 9th and 23d.
Go To Bermuda
Tours, Inc. Hotels, Shore Excursions, Lowest Rates. Twin Screw S. S. "BERMUDIAN," 10,518 tons displacement. Electric fans; wireless telegraphy.
Fastest, newest, and only Steamer landing passengers at the dock in Bermuda without transfer.
Sailings every five days in connection with R. M. S. P. Co. Tickets interchangeable.
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RUSSIAN-AMERICA LINE
REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE
NEW TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER STEAMERS
CZAR Aug. 7 RUSSIA Aug. 10 KURSK Aug. 24
9 days to Rotterdam. 11 days to Libau
$65 upw. FIRST CABIN $75 upw.
$48 upw. SECOND CABIN $50 upw.
A. E. Johnson Co., Gen. Pass. Agts., 27 B'way, N.Y.

LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
SOUTH AMERICA
THE WORLD'S GREAT GARDEN
BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, BUENOS AYRES & ROSARIO.
By the Large, New and Fast Passenger Steamers of the
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
From New York 5th and 20th of each month.
For rates, etc., apply local ticket Agents, or BUSK & DANIELS, General Agents, 30 Produce Exchange, New York.

*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
†LA VELOCE. ‡ITALIA Societa di Navigazione a Vapore.
ITALIAN LINES 21-24 State St., N. Y.
To Naples & Genoa Direct.
†Europa...Aug. 3, 11 AM
*America..Aug. 7, 11 AM
‡Verona..Aug. 10, 11 AM
†Oceania..Aug. 17, 11 AM
New, large, Twin Screw Steamers, all outside rooms. HARTFIELD, SOLARI & CO., General Agents.

New Cunarder, "Laconia" leaves Feb. 15; 71 days, $400 up, including hotels, guides, drives, shore trips. Stop-overs. Round World and So. America Tours. F. C. Clark, Times Bldg., N. Y.
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HAMBURG-AMERICAN
Largest S. S. Co in the world
Over 400 SHIPS 1,210,000 TONS
ATLANTIC SERVICE
LONDON, PARIS, HAMBURG
Pres. Grant..Aug. 8, 12 noon
Amerika...Aug. 15, 11 A. M.
¶Pennsylvania.Aug.17, 12 noon
Cincinnati..Aug. 22, 1 P. M.
¶Hamburg direct, second cabin only.
MEDITERRANEAN
Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa
S. S. MOLTKE
August 20, 11 A. M.
S. S. MOLTKE, Oct. 1, 1 P. M.
TWO IDEAL CRUISES
AROUND THE WORLD
Oct. 19, 1912 From New York | Feb. 6, 1913 From San Fran.
By the S. S. CLEVELAND (17,000 Tons.)
DURATION EACH CRUISE 110 DAYS | COST $650 UP
including all necessary expenses aboard and ashore, railway, hotel, shore excursions, carriages, guides, fees, etc.
VACATION CRUISES
SPECIAL SUMMER RATES TO
JAMAICA and the PANAMA CANAL
Cuba, Hayti, Colombia, Costa Rica
WEEKLY SAILINGS
by "PRINZ" and other steamers of our
—ATLAS SERVICE—
11 to 18 Days $75
25-Day Cruises $110 and $115
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Colon and Port Limon, round trip.................$115
☞ For accommodations in any location excepting suites
—NEXT SAILING—
S. S. PRINZ EITEL FRIEDRICH, August 3, 2 P. M.
Write for booklet of any cruise.
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Phone 1900 Rector
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$2.00 ONE WAY TO ALBANY AND TROY ROUND TRIP $3.50
"The Best Way North"
PEOPLE'S AND CITIZENS' LINES.
DAILY SERVICE.
Leaving Pier 32, N. R., (foot of Canal St.) 6 P. M. People's Line calling at West 129th St. at 6:45 P. M.; Citizens' Line calling at Yonkers at 7 P. M., Poughkeepsie at 11 P. M. Steamer C. W. MORSE leaves New York on odd dates, ADIRONDACK on even dates, Sunday Day Boat leaves at 8:45 A. M.; West 132d St. 9:15 A. M.
Passage and stateroom tickets delivered by special messenger. 10-Ride Family Books, $15, ($1.50 per trip.)
Special excursion to Poughkeepsie and return, Sundays, $1.00.
HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY,
Pier 32, N. R. 'Phone Spring 9400.

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE
Steamer HENDRICK HUDSON, ROBERT FULTON or ALBANY leaves Desbrosses St. 8:40 A. M., W. 42d St. 9 A. M., W. 129th St. 9:20 A. M. Landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill; Hudson, and Albany. Also Desbrosses St., 9:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 10 A. M.; W. 129th St., 10:20 A. M., for Yonkers, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie. Daily except Sunday. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant.
Steamer Mary Powell
Afternoon boat for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston, and way landings leaves Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M., W. 42d St. 2 P. M., W. 129th St. 2:20 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Ideal outing to West Point, returning by Str. Albany, $1, or by rail, $1.10. 8

BOSTON
All-the-Way-by-Water
METROPOLITAN STEAMSHIP LINE
The Great White Steel Steamships
MASSACHUSETTS & BUNKER HILL
Leave Pier 14, N. R., foot Fulton St., Week Days & Sundays 5 P. M. Due Boston about 8 A. M. Fare $4.
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MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE, Steel Steamships North Land & North Star, Leave Pier 15, N. R., foot Vesey St., Tues., Thurs. & Sats., at 5 P. M.; also Mondays 10:30 A. M. A delightful 22 hour trip. Round Trip Fare $10.00.
EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

BOSTON $2.40
BAY STATE LINE
VIA BOAT AND TROLLEY $2.25
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Steel Steamships
GEORGIA and TENNESSEE
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, E. R. Improved Service.
Write for Illustrated Summer Folder.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.
Uptown Ticket Office, B'way and 23d St.

To Albany & Troy
$1
HUDSON RIVER BY NIGHT
Commodious Steamers "Iroquois" & "Mohawk"
Spacious staterooms, every convenience; electric light; excellent service. Wistaria Dining Room; open till midnight. Music. Through tickets to all points. Baggage checked. Strs. Lv. (West Houston St.) 5:30 P. M., West 129th St. at 6:00 P. M. Daily. Phone Spring 9220.
Manhattan Line

Delightful Afternoon Excursion to West Point, Steamer Mary Powell
Leaving Desbrosses St. 1.45 P. M., W. 42d St. 2 P. M., W. 129th St. 2.20 P. M., Daily except Sunday. Return to New York by Str. Albany, $1.00, or by rail $1.10. Orchestra. Cadets in camp. See new public buildings, etc.

To ALBANY 50¢
THE ECONOMICAL WAY.
STEAMERS FRANK JONES, KAATERSKILL
Leave Pier 46, N. R., Foot of W. 10th St., at 5:30 P. M.
W. 129th St. at 6 P. M. daily.
CAPITAL CITY LINE,
Pier 46, N. R. Phone Spring 507.

BLOCK ISLAND, ORIENT, GREENPORT SHELTER ISLAND & SAG HARBOR
Str. "Shinnecock" of Montauk Steamboat Co.'s Line leaves N. Y., Pier 8, E. R., Tuesdays and Thursdays 5:30 P. M.; Saturdays, 1:00 P. M. See time table for additional service—Steamer "Montauk."

HARTFORD LINE
From New Pier 20, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M. for Connecticut River landings. Write for illustrated folder.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—During the last twenty-four hours showers occurred over all portions of the country except the Pacific States, Montana, Oklahoma, Texas, the Lower Ohio and Upper Mississippi Valleys, and the upper lake region, but the rainfall was light, except in portions of Tennessee, Alabama, and Louisiana. Pressure has risen east of the Rocky Mountains, except over portions of the South Atlantic and East Gulf States, and there was a general fall in temperature except in Texas, where it is still quite warm. There will be showers Thursday morning in the Middle Atlantic States, followed by fair weather that will continue during Friday, and showers will continue Thursday and Friday in the South Atlantic States.

Temperatures will continue high in the Southwest and moderately low over the remainder of the country, but with a rising tendency by Friday in the Rocky Mountain region, the Plains States, the Upper Missouri Valley, and the upper lake region.

The winds along the New England and Middle Atlantic Coast, light to moderate variable; South Atlantic Coast, moderate southwest and south, except variable on the Florida Coast.

Steamers departing Thursday for European ports will have light to moderate variable winds with generally fair weather to Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair Thursday, preceded by showers in morning in the extreme southeast portion. Friday, fair, light to moderate variable winds.

New England—Fair Thursday, preceded by showers in extreme south portion. Friday, fair, light to moderate variable winds.

New Jersey—Fair Thursday, preceded by showers in morning. Friday, fair, light to moderate variable winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Generally fair Thursday and Friday, light to moderate variable winds.

Western New York—Fair Thursday and Friday, light to moderate north winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1911.	1912.		1911.	1912.
3 A. M.	69	68	4 P. M.	84	72
6 A. M.	68	74	6 P. M.	81	72
9 A. M.	78	71	9 P. M.	76	66
12 M.	84	72	12 P. M.	74	67

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 70 degrees; for the corresponding date last year it was 77; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 74.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 70 degrees; at 8 P. M. it was 66. Maximum temperature, 76 degrees at 4:30 P. M.; minimum, 65 at 8:15 P. M. Humidity, 54 per cent. at 8 A. M., 95 per cent. at 8 P. M.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BLIZZARD, MARY A., (died July 4;) left $10,000 personalty; legacies of unestimated value to William J. Elliott, nephew; Dennis M. Mahony, brother, and Mary E. Lockeye, niece.

FETTRETCH, JOSEPH, (died July 14;) left more than $10,000 realty and more than $10,000 personalty to Emma G. Fettretch, wife.

ULFELDER, HENRY, (died July 18;) left $6,000 personalty, $500 each to Sidney and Leonard Kapp, nephews; $1 each to Leo Ulfelder, son; Sidney Ulfelder, son, and Sarah Levy, daughter; sixth of residue each to Milton, Oscar, and Lester Ulfelder, sons, and Lettie Kapp and Cecelia Bernard, daughters, and Abraham Levy.

WEINER, ALFONSE W., (died July 23;) left $2,000 personalty to Catherine A. Weiner, wife.

STEAMBOATS.

FALL RIVER LINE
(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)
Always cool down on Cape Cod—how you'll enjoy it! —Fall River Line or Providence Line gets you there.
Lve. New York, Pier 19, N. R., ft. of Warren St., 5:30 P. M. Arrive Boston 7 A. M. or 8 A. M.
Fare to Boston, $4
City Ticket Office, 171 B'way. Phone 5121 Cort.

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED"
TAKE
COLONIAL LINE
To BOSTON, PROVIDENCE, and New England Summer Resorts.
BOSTON - - - - - - $2.65
PROVIDENCE Direct, $1.75
WORCESTER Boat and Rail, $2.65
FALL RIVER " $2.00
First-class service, palatial steamers, excellent cuisine, clean, comfortable staterooms (all outside rooms).
Leave Week Days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M.; from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St.
'Phones, Spring 9491 and 9492.
Uptown Office, Broadway and 23d St.

CATSKILL EVENING LINES
For CATSKILL, HUDSON, COXSACKIE, and way landings. Direct connection with Catskill Mountain Railroads for CAIRO, PALENVILLE, OTIS SUMMIT, HAINES FALLS, TANNERSVILLE, and
All Points In the Catskill Mountains
Magnificent Steel Steamers "Clermont" (new) and "Onteora" leave Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., at 6:30 P. M.; Yonkers, 7:30 P. M., daily except Sunday. Saturday Special leaves Pier 43, N. R., 1 P. M.; Yonkers 1:45, for Malden, Catskill, all Catskill Mt. points, Hudson and Athens. Time tables giving full information mailed on request, or can be obtained at all hotels and railway ticket offices. 'Phone 1097 Spring.

Iron Steamboat Co
CONEY ISLAND
Fishing Banks, Str. "Taurus"
Rockaway Beach
Steamer "GRAND REPUBLIC"
For full Schedule see inside of front cover of New York City Telephone Directory.

Central Hudson Line
For Newburgh, Po'keepsie, Kingston, from ft. Franklin St., week days, except Saturday, 4 p. m.; West 129th St. at 4.30 p. m. Saturdays 1 p. m. West 129th St., 1.30 p. m.
For Newburgh and lower landings, week days, except Saturday, Franklin St., 5 p. m. Saturdays 3 p. m.; West 129th St., 3.30 p. m.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

"All Expense" Tour
One Low Rate Covers All.
California, Yellowstone, Yosemite, Grand Canyon, Alaska, etc.
23 days, $191.95 and up.
FRANK TOURIST CO.,
Telephone 4530 Franklin. 396 Broadway.

GLEN ISLAND BOATS
ROUND 50¢ TRIP
FAMOUS FAMILY RESORT on Long Island Sound. Weekdays lve. Battery 10, 11:30 A. M.; 1:30, 2:30, 4, 6 P. M. Sun., 9, 10, 11, 12 A. M., 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 6, 7 P. M. E. 24th St. ½ hour later. McAllister St'b't Co.

SEEING NEW YORK YACHT MANHATTAN. 40-mile sail all around New York and Hudson River Palisades, and all points of interest, fully explained by lecturer. Leaves daily and Sunday, West 23d St., 10:30 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.; East 23d St. 11:15 A. M. and 3:15 P. M. Phone Gramercy 6336.

Sight-Seeing Yachts
OBSERVATION Around Manhattan Island. Daily. Battery Pier, So. Ferry, 10:30-2:30.
HALCYON SEE THE OCEAN, Sandy Hook Lightship & Forts. 1:15, ret. 5. Phone Broad 3373.
"THE ORIGINAL"
Sight-Seeing Yacht Clifton
Around Manhattan Island. Lecturer aboard. Daily, 10:30 A. M., 2:30 P. M. Foot West 42d St. Office Flatiron Bldg. Tel. 5461 Gram.

PACIFIC COAST TOURS.—Yellowstone and Alaska. Leave frequently. RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO., 225 Fifth Av., N. Y.

FIRE RECORD.

A.M.	Loss.
12:35—10 Goerck St.; Jacob Behman	Trifling
3:05—1,140 1st Av.; Henry Miller	$15
3:10—126th St. and Park Av.; New York Central	Slight
3:45—137 Allen St.; Molly Shier	$100
8:45—161 Rivington St.; F. Faltenberg	Trifling
8:50—222 Lexington Av.; H. Steer & Son	Trifling
8:50—47 West 53d St.; L. B. Grady	Slight
9:30—425 East 122d St.; B. Goldman	$100
10:55—425 West 51st St.; Mrs. Till	Trifling
P.M.	
4:25—619 East 18th St.; Carroll Box and Lumber Co.	Trifling
5:45—309 West 29th St.; Mr. Hoffman	Trifling
5:55—1,487 Amsterdam Av.; J. Reuss	Trifling
6:15—338 East 106th St.; J. Inimici	Trifling
6:35—New Bowery and New Chambers Sts.; Interborough Co.	Trifling
6:40—11th Av. and 53d St.	False alarm
6:45—151 Broad St.; unknown	No damage
7:25—125 Park Plaza; I. Stringham	$5,000
7:40—25 W. 44th St.; A. Schatz	$200
7:50—1,530 Webster Av.; N. Fishbaum	Slight
8:15—485 Lenox Av.; J. Silverburg	Trifling
9:25—55 6th Av.; Joseph Balli	Slight
11:25—157 East 49th St.; Joseph Smyth	$5

ESTATES APPRAISED.

Deputy State Controller Wallace S. Fraser transmitted the following appraisals under the inheritance tax law yesterday to William H. Loughran, Chief Clerk of the Transfer Tax Office of the Surrogates' Court:

BAKER, WILLIAM P., (died Jan. 5, 1912;) realty, lots in Brentwood Park, $400; lots at Arthur Manor, $450; 389 Convent Av., $8,500, less mortgage of $7,500; 3,954 White Plains Road, $9,000, less mortgage of $7,500; one Dunwoodie Club bond, $25; one share same club, $50; forty-eight shares Childs' Restaurant Company, $10,800; fifty shares Sound Realty Company, $2,500; net realty and personalty, $13,033.03.

MEALEY, EDWARD W., (died April 28, 1911;) net personalty, $23,853; bonds of Hempstead Gas and Electric Light Company, $22,310; bonds of Metropolitan Safe Deposit Company, $1,500.

MILDEBERGER, ANNA H., (died Nov. 29, 1911;) net personalty, $102,694.46, including forty shares capital stock Hudson County National Bank of Jersey City, $14,800.

MILTON, ELIZABETH, (died July 9, 1906;) realty, 1,372 Franklin Avenue, $11,000, less mortgage of $9,000; net realty and personalty, $1,907.

RIETMANN, MATHILDE, (died June 4, 1910;) net personalty, $944.04.

SILVERMAN, CECELIA, (died May 24, 1910;) net personalty, $1,049.15.

SMITH, JOHN J., (died March 1, 1907;) no estate.

SPARKS, BENJAMIN C., (died Dec. 27, 1910;) realty, 1,045 Third Avenue, assessed at $24,000 and appraised at $28,000; 1,047 Third Avenue, assessed at $25,000 and appraised at $27,500; net realty and personalty, $57,669.22.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Service Commission has approved the following reports of Chief Examiner Ireland:

Relative to request from the Department of Public Charities that the eligible list for promotion to apothecary be promulgated. It is certified by Certification Bureau that there are two names on the promotion list for apothecary, Bureau of Institutions, Manhattan and the Bronx. As the examination held June 19, 1912, was ordered for the entire Department of Public Charities, Mr. Ireland recommends that the list be so described on the records of this commission, and that it be certified to fill the vacancy referred to by the Secretary of the Department of Public Charities.

Relative to a request of John J. Curren, first grade clerk in the administration division of the commission, to be permitted to enter the coming examination for promotion to the position of second grade clerk. An examination for promotion to the position of second grade clerk for various departments has already been ordered by the commission, and it is recommended that if the request is approved, the examination be open to all first grade clerks employed in the commission who have served for not less than two years in the grade and who are otherwise eligible.

The commission has also approved the following:

Employment by the Public Charities Department of ten persons as lecturers in the Metropolitan Training School.

Certification to the Tenement House Department of twenty names from which to appoint six first grade clerks at $300 a year each.

Certification to the Water Supply Board of twelve names from which to make three appointments as stenographer and typewriter for a period not to exceed four months at the rate of $900 a year.

Certification to the Water Supply Board of twenty names from which to appoint two first grade clerks at $300 each a year.

Temporary employment by the Department of Parks, Queens, of William J. Zartmann, 1,908 Avenue K, Brooklyn, as assistant engineer, with knowledge of landscape, engineer, and constructive work, at the rate of $4,000 a year, pending the establishment of an appropriate list of assistant engineers.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an examination at the New York Custom House on Aug. 21 to fill vacancies in the position of aid in pomology at $720 a year in the Bureau of Plant Industry, Department of Agriculture. As the commission has experienced considerable difficulty in obtaining a sufficient number of eligibles for this position, qualified persons are urged to enter this examination. Men only will be admitted. The subjects will be as follows, weighted as indicated: Spelling, 10; arithmetic, 15; penmanship, 10; report writing, 15; copying and correcting manuscript, 10; outline drawing, 10; pomology, 30. Applicants must have reached their seventeenth but not their twenty-fifth birthday on the date of the examination.

The position of aid in the various branches of the Bureau of Plant Industry offers many advantages to young persons who desire to take up certain lines of special or scientific work, either in the Department of Agriculture, the State Experiment Stations, or elsewhere. The preliminary training, practical, theoretic, and scientific, to be obtained while serving as a laboratory aid, will be valuable to any young person who has a taste for scientific work in agriculture or who contemplates taking a course at some agricultural college. While the pay of an aid is necessarily low, as in case of all inexperienced workers, in comparison with that of persons doing a higher class of work, yet opportunities will be afforded for advancement to more remunerative positions. Any ambitious young person who has had the advantage of a high school education or its equivalent, and has a general knowledge of pomology, will be eligible as an applicant, provided he meets the other requirements.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

MAUCH CHUNK
GLEN ONOKO
AUG. 4 $1.50 ROUND TRIP
BELLEWOOD
EVERY SUNDAY $1.00 ROUND TRIP
Lehigh Valley Railroad
Trains leave Pennsylvania Ferries, Cortlandt and Desbrosses Sts., for
Mauch Chunk..8:30 A. M.
Bellewood.....9:00 A. M.
Jersey City 20 Minutes Later. Hudson River Tube Trains connect at Jersey City Station.

5 TO 15 DAY TOURS
With Personal Escort. All Travelin Expenses Included.
Leave every few days for the ST. LAWRENCE, NOVA SCOTIA, NIAGARA, THE LAKES, ETC.
$55 and up
Send for Program 17.
THOS. COOK & SON
245 Broadway, 264 Fifth Avenue.
553 Fifth Ave., 2389 Broadway, New York.

EXCURSIONS
LAKE HOPATCONG, $1.00
EVERY SUNDAY and HOLIDAY
Lv.W.23d St.8.50; Liberty St.9.00 a.m.
Atlantic City, $2.50
NEXT SUNDAY, ALSO WEDNESDAY, AUG. 7
Lv.W.23d St.7.50; Liberty St.8.00 a.m.
VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
HARD COAL! NO SMOKE! COMFORT!

CONEY ISLAND DREAMLAND PIER
ROCKAWAY BEACH TO-DAY
Strs. ROSEDALE & SYLVESTER.
Lv. W. 129th St. *9:00, 9:30, 1:30.
Lv. W. 23d St. *9:30, 10:00, 2:00, 3:00, *7:30.
Lv. Battery *10:00, 10:30, 2:30, 3:30, *8:00.
Lv. Coney Island 1:30, 6:00, 7:00, 9:30.
Lv. Rockaway Beach 12:30, 5:00, 6:00.
*Boat does not go to Rockaway Beach.
Exc'n tickets 129th St. to Coney Isl. & Rockaway, 35c. To Coney Island from W. 23d St. and Battery, 25c.
FREE ADM. TO LUNA PARK
Weekdays with Each Round Trip Ticket.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Special Orders No. 177.—Relieved and placed on the roll of the pension fund on Police Surgeons' certificate: Sergeants—Frank J. Driscoll, 5th Precinct, at $875 per annum; George W. Jackson, 13th Precinct, at $680 per annum; Philip F. Gleason, 17th Precinct, at $875 per annum. Patrolmen—Patrick Dooley, 13th Precinct, at $700 per annum; Harry C. Williams, 14th Precinct, at $575 per annum; Edward J. O'Connor, 14th Precinct, at $700 per annum; Luke Miley, 21st Precinct, at $700 per annum; Patrick J. Muldoon, 31st Precinct, at $700 per annum; Isaac W. Decker, 37th Precinct, at $700 per annum; John J. Nevins, 42d Precinct, at $650 per annum; Thomas McGillin, 150th Precinct, at $700 per annum; John H. Schoppmeyer, 153d Precinct, at $700 per annum; Wilber F. Thompkins, 153d Precinct, at $700 per annum; George Davis, 167th Precinct, at $515 per annum; Charles T. Beiger, 171st Precinct, at $700 per annum; Maurice Ryan, 275th Precinct, at $700 per annum; Patrick J. Purcell, Traffic Precinct B, at $700 per annum.

Transfers.—Sergeant—Denis F. McCarthy from C. O. Squad to 39th Precinct. Patrolmen—From C. O. Squad to precincts indicated: James C. Waite, 8th; Charles C. Steinert, 31st; Herman Schwartz, 16th; Joseph B. Shepherd, 37th. From precincts indicated to C. O. Squad: Augustus S. Handwerg, 8th; James A. Connors, 16th; John E. Bulman, 29th; Thomas Cahill, 16th; Christian Klei, 26th.

Assignments—Patrolman John E. Bulman, C. O. Squad, to Bookkeeper's office. Temporary—Lieut. Richard Manning, 35th Precinct, to command 42d Precinct for 12 days from 12 midnight, Aug. 3, 1912, during absence of Captain. Patrolmen Louis Major, 29th Precinct; James V. Scully, 32d Precinct, and John Hodur, 36th Precinct, to Harbor Precinct for 5 days from 8 A. M., Aug. 1, 1912. John G. Davis, 87th Precinct, to Detective Bureau for 5 days from 8 A. M., July 30, 1912.

Discontinued—Sergt. Denis F. McCarthy, C. O. Squad, to Bookkeeper's office from 1:15 P. M., July 30, 1912.

Leave of Absence with Full Pay—Capt. Edward I. Walsh, 42d Precinct, for 12 days. Without Pay—Patrolmen Robert H. J. Duggan, 37th Precinct, for 3 days from 12 midnight, Aug. 3, 1912; John Martin Manning, Jr., 61st Precinct, for 1 day from 12:01 P. M., Aug. 2, 1912.

Fines Imposed—Patrolmen Louis Moses, 16th Precinct, July 8, used insubordinate language to Lieutenant, 5 days; John S. Wallace, 22d Precinct, July 11, allowed an unknown man to enter alleged gambling house and put him out of possession of same, 30 days; John F. Pryor, 22d Precinct, July 12, did not properly patrol, could not be found on post, 5 days; Theodore R. Unger, 22d Precinct, July 10, absent from special post, coming from clothing store, 15 days; Michael J. Philbin, 37th Precinct, July 13, absent from post, standing in liquor saloon, 15 days; Oscar A. J. Hague, 149th Precinct, July 10, (1) assigned to fixed post, was leaning against elevated railroad column; (2) physically unable to perform police duty, due to the use of intoxicating agent, 20 days.

Reprimanded—Acting Detective Sergt. Michael Sullivan, Detective Bureau, July 17, allowed a prisoner to escape.

Dismissed—Lieut. John Millmore, Detective Bureau, July 15, failed to make prompt report of a swindle reported to him by citizen; Patrolmen Thomas F. Diskin, 14th Precinct, July 12, struck citizen in face with his fist and across shoulder with his baton; Eugene A. Healy, 16th Precinct, July 6, (1) refused to make arrest for assault, (2) took hold of and interfered with citizen; John E. Daly, 22d Precinct, July 13, struck citizen on the face with his hand and kicked him on the legs; Bernard Kobler, 23d Precinct, July 15, standing in conversation; Joseph G. Oak, 26th Precinct, July 4, failed to provide clean linen, had bed linen in soiled and unclean condition; Joseph Nally, 26th Precinct, July 4, failed to provide clean bed linen, had bed linen in soiled and unclean condition; Russell McKee, 26th Precinct, July 4, failed to provide clean bed linen, had bed linen in soiled and unclean condition; Frederick P. Hembdt, 26th Precinct, July 4, failed to provide clean bed linen, had bed linen in soiled and unclean condition; John G. Burns, 26th Precinct, July 4, failed to provide clean bed linen, had bed linen in soiled and unclean condition; Otto M. Whitney, 32d Precinct, July 5, standing in conversation with citizen; Frederick Wendell, 32d Precinct, July 5, standing in conversation; John J. Wall, 32d Precinct, July 5, standing in conversation; Matthew T. McKeon, 32d Precinct, July 11, failed to report for duty as ordered; Frederick E. Best, Jr., 36th Precinct, June 27, struck man in face with fist and night baton without cause.

Restored to Duty—Henry D. Lewis, 149th Precinct, July 30, 1912; suspended from duty without pay—Henry D. Lewis, 149th Precinct, to take effect 11:04 A. M., July 30, 1912.

Death Reported—Mounted Patrolman Richard S. Chaffee, 168th Precinct, at 6:27 A. M. July 27, 1912.

Fire Department.

As the result of the rehearing, held July 24, 1912, of the charges, two in number, of absence without leave, preferred against Probationary Fireman James J. Collins, Engine Co. 104, Borough of Brooklyn, on a finding of guilty of which he was dismissed the service of the department, to take effect at 8 A. M. Aug. 1, 1911, it appearing that he was unjustly dismissed, the penalty imposed having, in my judgment, been too severe in view of the facts and circumstances of the case, it is ordered that said James J. Collins be reinstated as a probationary member of the uniformed force of this department, with compensation at the rate of $1,000 per annum. He will report to the Chief of Department for assignment to duty with Engine Co. 28.

Denis J. Buckley is appointed an Inspector in the Bureau of Fire Prevention, for an emergency period of fifteen days, with a compensation at the rate of $1,200 per annum.

The services of Emergency Examiner Denis J. Buckley and Provisional Inspector Daniel J. Fogerty, Bureau of Fire Prevention in this department, will terminate in such capacities at 4 P. M. July 31, 1912, and their names will be dropped from the rolls accordingly.

The compensation of the following named Assistant Fire Marshals, Bureau of Fire Prevention, Division of Fire Marshal, Boroughs of Manhattan, the Bronx, and Richmond, is hereby designated, in each case, at the per annum rate below specified: Thomas B. McGuire, $2,500; Samuel B. Willis, $2,000; Rudolph Dillman, $1,800.

Daniel J. Fogerty is hereby appointed an Examiner in the Bureau of Fire Prevention for an emergency period of fifteen days, with compensation at the rate of $1,500 per annum.

Transfers: Engineers of Steamer—Eugene Daly, Engine 76 to Engine 60; John Kelley, Engine 7 to Engine 19; John Coady, Jr., Engine 1 to Engine 30; John C. Cregan, Engine 60 to Engine 74; John J. Harmon, Engine 30 to Engine 1; Timothy Donohue, Engine 31 to Engine 140; Michael J. Kally, Engine 2 to Engine 7; Albert Orth, Engine 19 to Engine 76; George Stilley, Jr., Engine 80 to Engine 36, and George Casey, Engine 163 to Engine 161. Firemen, First Grade—John E. Nixon, Hook and Ladder 6 to Hook and Ladder 16; Charles E. Schmidt, Engine 1 to Engine 136; Rudolph Wolken, Engine 28 to Engine 58; Christopher J. Wolfe, Hook and Ladder 5 to Engine 34; John J. Murphy, No. 3, Engine 33 to Engine 150; William Luhmann, Hook and Ladder 11 to Engine 66; William J. McEwan, Hook and Ladder 22 to Engine 169; Denis O'Shaughnessy, Hook and Ladder 40 to Engine 22; William J. Halpin, Engine 28 to Engine 155; William Welsch, Engine 44 to Engine 163; Frank P. Hamill, Engine 53 to Engine 160; Patrick J. Kane, Engine 76 to Engine 140; Joseph O'Hara, No. 2, Hook and Ladder 10 to Hook and Ladder 51; John J. McGrath, Hook and Ladder 14 to Hook and Ladder 104; Patrick J. O'Brien, No. 3, Hook and Ladder 36 to Hook and Ladder 21; Martin G. Mannix, Hook and Ladder 21 to Hook and Ladder 36; Thomas D. Hassett, Engine 36 to Engine 53; Frederick D. Kutzleb, Hook and Ladder 37 to Hook and Ladder 8; Thomas Meehan, Engine 83 to Engine 16; Martin T. Robinson, Engine 27 to Engine 33; John A. Shearer, Engine 55 to Engine 77; John J. Harvey, Engine 41 to Engine 86; Max C. Benisch, Hook and Ladder 20 to Hook and Ladder 1; Daniel Rogers, Engine 15 to Engine 77; John J. A. Coughlan, Engine 27 to Engine 30; David J. Sullivan, Engine 85 to Hose 9; William F. Irving, Engine 24 to Engine 35; Donald C. McCune, Hook and Ladder 16 to Hook and Ladder 35; Charles F. Kilmer, Hook and Ladder 34 to Hook and Ladder 21; Matthew Kelley, Hook and Ladder 5 to Hook and Ladder 37; Edward C. Berry, Engine 176 to Engine 146; Peter J. Groom, Hook and Ladder 72 to Engine 155; Philip J. McMahon, Engine 160 to Engine 153; William P. Breason, Engine 187 to Engine 138; Thomas F. Connelly, No. 2, Engine 138 to Engine 137; Edward L. Fritz, Hook and Ladder 72 to Hook and Ladder 80; John J. O'Keefe, Engine 146 to Engine 150; Thomas M. Shea, Hook and Ladder 68 to Hook and Ladder 64; Thomas F. Tutty, Hook and Ladder 101 to Engine 145; Timothy F. Conlin, Engine 145 to Hook and Ladder 101; Joseph P. A. Ryan, Hook and Ladder 18 to Engine 132, and James A. Lynch, Hose 1 to Engine 35.

Firemen, Second Grade—Frederick Hoffmann, Engine 121 to H. and L. 73; James S. Norton, H. and L. 35 to H. and L. 20.

Firemen, Third Grade—John T. McGuire, Engine 30 to Engine 44; Timothy F. O'Leary, Jr., H. and L. 15 to Engine 15.

Firemen, Fourth Grade—Thomas F. Farrell, H. and L. 1 to H. and L. 20; Otto E. Klein, Engine 27 to Engine 28; Henry D. Bell, H. and L. 20 to H. and L. 2; Joseph P. Collins, H. and L. 9 to H. and L. 53; Henry Wertheimer, H. and L. 15 to H. and L. 11.

Mutual Transfer of Firemen, First Grade—Arthur L. X. Boylan, Engine 14 to Hose 1; John J. Walsh, No. 3, Hose 1 to Engine 14; Rudolph H. Frey, Engine 76 to Engine 88; Herman R. Bartels, Engine 88 to Engine 76; John H. Siemann, H. and L. 23 to Engine 207; Charles F. Payne, Engine 146 to Engine 176; Thomas Florence, Engine 176 to Engine 146; John J. Loftus, H. and L. 26 to H. and L. 38; William Feder, Jr., H. and L. 38 to H. and L. 26; George Grattenthaler, H. and L. 9 to H. and L. 52; James A. Quinn, H. and L. 52 to H. and L. 9; Charles L. Moeller, Engine 160 to Engine 163; Hugh F. Golden, H. and L. 35 to Engine 74.

Firemen, Second Grade—Max E. H. Wietzke, Engine 207, to H. and L. 23; Alexander J. Kelly, H. and L. 52 to H. and L. 9; James C. Tuttle, Engine 163 to Engine 160; Louis J. Riebling, Engine 103 to Engine 135.

Fireman 3d Grade—Joe A. Siefring, H. and L. 52, to H. and L. 9.

Firemen 4th Grade—William F. Arnold, Engine 74, to H. and L. 35; Charles F. A. Hentler, Engine 135, to Engine 103.

Special leaves of absence, without pay, are hereby granted to the following members of the department: Fireman 1st Grade John J. Gilmartin, Engine Co. 56, for 12 hours, from 8 A. M., Aug. 1, 1912; Fireman 1st Grade Patrick J. Kane, Engine Co. 76, for 36 hours, from 8 P. M. Aug. 1, 1912; Assistant Foreman James F. Connor, Engine Co. 18, for 12 hours, from 8 A. M. Aug. 2, 1912; Fireman 1st Grade John T. Sullivan, H. and L. Co. 11, for 12 hours, from 8 A. M. Aug. 4, 1912; Fireman 1st Grade Daniel F. Tully, Engine Co. 4, for 12 hours, from 8 A. M. Aug. 3, 1912; Assistant Foreman William Ward, H. and L. Co. 68, for 4 days, from 8 A. M. Aug. 27, 1912.

EDUCATION NOTES.

City Supt. Maxwell announced yesterday that licenses as substitute teacher in the high schools have been granted to the following:

Biology—Jeannette Frank, Aleita Hopping, Helen Wilkes; Clerical Assistant—P. E. Hasselbrink; Cooking—Edith J. Swan; Drawing—F. C. Bock; Elocution—Mrs. Sara S. Pryor; Lucile F. Kelsey; English—F. Mantiband, D. H. Perlman, Gertrude Cusack, Edith M. Deacon, Ruth French, Kathleen Gray, Doris Long, Florence A. McCaskie, Edith Musgrave, Florence Riley; French—M. Kurz, Rebekah Natelson, Mrs. Margaret W. Noyes, Susan M. Spiller; German—S. Pulvermacher, Meta J. Aronson; History—S. P. Abelow, S. L. Goldbloom, Clare H. Reese; Latin—Eleanore Goldberg, Ethel F. Huggard, Edna McKeever.

Mathematics—J. E. Laden, R. J. MacColl,

Music—Florence Marsh.

Physics—Georgia A. Cerow.

Physical Training—Helen Downie, Helen S. MacLaughlin, Charlotte Walls, Mercedes Ward.

Sewing—Mary J. McKeon.

Spanish—Margarita M. de Tova.

Stenography and Typewriting—A. H. McElhinney, H. Schwager, G. van Casteel.

Dr. Maxwell also announced yesterday the granting of license No. 1 to twenty men and 486 women. Their names go on the eligible list as of July 29, 1912, and will be appended under the anti-merging law to the previous list of about 560 women holders of license No. 1, who have not yet been appointed to teach in the elementary schools. The lists, with the rating, follow:

MEN.

S. S. Berkowitz, 86.052; E. Teufer, 85.895; H. I. Shultz, 84.708; B. Salmanowitz, 83.75; J. X. Healy, 82.166; W. H. Blauvelt, 81.75; G. J. Rumpf, 81.375; W. Gittelson, 81.291; H. J. Behn, 80.375; F. Mantinband, 80.291; J. Simonson, 79.958; J. Phillips, 79.75; N. J. Cafaro, 79.33; M. Puletz, 78.425; F. W. Johnson, 77.666; H. A. Krall, 77.52; D. Fried, 77.437; W. Ober, 76.208; O. Kerpen, 75.979; M. A. Becker, 75.033.

WOMEN.

Grace H. Gilmore, 87.666; Adele S. McKenna, 85.766; Minnie Kabatchnick, 85.333; Mary M. Guilfoy, 84.866; Mary A. O'Malley, 84.566; Emelia Scheidecker, 84.366; Henrietta Lipschutz, 83.983; Bertha L. Shafer, 83.466; Bessie C. Beasley, 83.383; Catherine A. Jacques, 83.3; Florence Newman, 83.283; Caroline Van Leeuwen, 83.283; Juliette G. Hannoch, 83.25; Lillian M. Hundley, 83.066; Adele E. Streeseman, 83.066; Emma J. Miller, 83.05; Edith R. Weiller, 82.85; Janette V. Marconi, 82.736; Agnes W. Sauerbrunn, 82.6; Grace M. Horton, 82.116; Lucy A. Neely, 82.166; Frances Reynolds, 82.166; Margaret L. Wills, 81.983; May F. Holmes, 81.8; Anna Halperin, 81.666; Esther Schander, 81.583; Sophia Boorstein, 81.575; Leah R. Demby, 81.566; Ethel F. Huggard, 81.533; Mae A. Schuck, 81.5; Edith M. Davis, 81.4; Dorothy Chadwick, 81.333; Sadie Cantor, 81.316; Beatrice E. Lewinson, 81.3; Dorothy Litson, 81.3; C. Rosella Payne, 81.09; Yetta Seidman, 81.033; Gabrielle A. Raszewski, 81; Johanna M. Hirtreiter, 80.966; Alice H. Hasluck, 80.933; Gertrude E. Isaacson, 80.65; Crystal R. Beckwith, 80.633; Regina M. O'Shea, 80.4; Beatrice Price, 80.366.

Ray Dreeben, 80.016; Helen L. Bull, 79.966; Irene M. Dailey, 79.966; Pauline Eisenstein, 79.933; Frances E. Donnelly, 79.923; Augusta K. Grautengen, 79.766; Laura E. Cowell, 79.75; Edith V. Trice, 79.733; Emma Gartelmann, 79.716; Nancy V. Williamson, 79.69; Agnes E. Fitzsimons, 79.683; Gladys L. Levy, 79.666; Charlotte R. Decker, 79.633; Veronica M. Smith, 79.633; Florence O. Main, 79.516; Marie A. Accles, 79.483; Margaret M. McCarty, 79.466; Sarah K. Curry, 79.45; Anna M. Brittain, 79.433; Mary Horn, 79.416; Harriet J. Arnold, 79.366; Mae E. Driscoll, 79.35; Fannie Sokolow, 79.3; Julia F. Jaquith, 79.266; Lucy V. Massa, 79.233; Emma A. Moehling, 79.183; Charlotte A. Rogers, 79.166; Catharine C. Conkling, 791.33; Helen V. Bly, 79.116; Sarah Hiller, 79.066; Martha E. Schule, 79.033; Lillian Schrempf, 78.923; Olga M. Sorensen, 78.9; Corinne B. Brownold, 78.866; Laura A. Young, 78.85; Helen M. Weaver, 78.833; Marie F. Ostendorf, 78.766; Nettie D. Pape, 78.766; Theresa A. O'Donnell, 78.733; Marjorie W. Sanders, 78.733; Adele Rushinsky, 78.633; Theresa M. Hennessy, 78.616; Winifred C. Marshall, 78.6; Martha V. Thorne, 78.566; Fanny Weingard, 78.533; Fannie Remis, 78.433; Susan H. Chester, 78.4; Florence E. Wilson, 78.383; Jeanette C. Berner, 78.35; Edna V. Jackson, 78.35; Dorothy A. Schultz, 78.316; Marion E. Beecher, 78.3; Adelaide B. Rugen, 78.266; Sara Trachtenberg, 78.25; Cecil Huebschman, 78.233; Loretta M. MacFarland, 78.233; Helena A. McCarty, 78.166; Alice L. Edgerly, 78.133; Esther A. Smith, 78.116; Bessie B. Haskell, 78.1; Jessie M. David, 78.05; Veronica Sands, 78.05; May E. Dermody, 78.033; Nena M. Jones, 78.016; Frances L. Hild, 78; Bessie O'Brien, 77.825.

Dorothy F. Coker, 77.766; Helen W. Lake, 77.75; Rebecca B. Levine, 77.733; Anna C. Gernannt, 77.7; Grace L. Sturdevant, 77.666; Elizabeth Mulcare, 77.633; Bertha Feldman, 77.583; Lillie J. Winter, 77.55; Evalyn Burchan, 77.433; Eleanor M. McGregor, 77.433; Frances Weinstein, 77.4; Martha R. Zimmerman, 77.34; May Trainor, 77.3; Margaret E. Ludewig, 77.216; Mary C. Hunt, 77.2; Winifred M. Malone, 77.183; Nellie A. Judge, 77.166; Dorothy E. Pratt, 77.133; Grace Binkley, 77.106; Marguerite A. Powers, 77.1; Lena Belnik, 77.066; Mary E. Whelan, 77.033; Ruth Hamm, 76.983; Jennie E. Conkey, 76.95; Minnie Green, 76.95; Margaret E. Kitchelt, 76.933; Doretta C. Baum, 76.9; Edna M. Hale, 76.883; Helen A. Taylor, 76.883; May E. Wilson, 76.875; Augusta Geier, 76.853; Anne Poling, 76.816; Mary E. Weymar, 76.8; Lillie A. Barenborg, 76.7; Harriet E. Moore, 76.7; Marjorie Quortrup, 76.7; Mary C. Carroll, 76.683; Helen McEvoy, 76.666; Mita Bloom, 76.65; May C. Hatton, 76.64; Ida Leistner, 76.633; Eugenia Ryan, 76.633; Elsie E. Halbert, 76.583; Lillian A. Mehrtens, 76.566; Veronica Keegan, 76.55; Rose Meeks, 76.55; Agnes C. Luth, 76.526; Florence E. Margot, 76.51; Grace A. Stonebridge, 76.5; Myra R. Keely, 76.416; Ella Bernath, 76.35; Flora Cohen, 76.183; Mary F. Donovan, 76.183; Rachel C. Clune, 76.166; Rose Greenberg, 76.166; Ethel Miller, 76.15; Florence E. Jones, 76.116; Anna A. Shark, 76.116; Maud E. Carson, 76.033; Florence L. Edwards, 76.033; Elizabeth C. Trunk, 76.016; Julia A. Sullivan, 75.966; Miriam Lemowitz, 75.933; Lilian M. Oakman, 75.9; Sadie Singer, 75.866; Marguerite M. Young, 75.866.

Bertha Patzelt, 75.85; Lillian R. McLeod, 75.8; Gertrude Marx, 75.8; Edith A. Mecklenburg, 75.783; Emma Ernst, 75.716; Jean Wetteran, 75.666; Mary E. Travers, 75.65; Rose Newfeld, 75.633; Elizabeth A. Kehoe, 75.616; Sarah Lipschitz, 75.6; Estelle M. Kenzel, 75.566; Claudine P. Smith, 75.566; Margaret F. McCarthy, 75.55; Marion Becker, 75.5; Eleanor Dorman, 75.5; Madeline Ford, 75.5; Charetta F. Teeple, 75.5; Anna J. A. McQuaid, 75.466; Maud V. A. Klein, 75.416; Effie M. Perkins, 75.333; Charlotte Gutter, 75.3; Loretto A. Blaber, 75.283; Adeline Van Bruen, 75.273; Christine F. Baurle, 75.266; Florence E. Guntz, 75.266; Genevieve A. O'Connell, 75.266; Rose Oshman, 75.233; Hannah Cohen, 75.216; Marie A. Hufeland, 75.183; Edna Waller, 75.183; Ida A. Hyams, 75.1; Erna M. A. Radtke, 75.1; Ida Bergman, 75.05; Jessie E. Isaacs, 75.033; Lillie Hurwitz, 75; Rebecca Rubenstein, 75; Laura K. Hibbs, 74.933; Celesto A. Sparacio, 74.933; Olivia Leipner, 74.916; Marie A. Elskamp, 74.883; Sara C. O'Connor, 74.866; Eva Bonner, 74.833; Mary V. Coleman, 74.833; Edna Wolff, 74.833; Agnes M. Duffy, 74.816; Irene A. Kehoe, 74.783; Mary R. Doyle, 74.733; May M. O'Hara, 74.733; Alice E. Simon, 74.716; Pauline Levy, 74.633; Suzanna C. Rieber, 74.633; Madeline H. Looney, 74.61; Florence Gough, 74.566; Anna J. Woods, 74.533; Madeline R. Drucker, 74.516; Alice C. Kavanagh, 74.5; Maud Cohen, 74.491; Adele C. Stubbings, 74.483; Helen S. Brinker, 74.466; Bertha I. Francis, 74.45; Mary E. Traugott, 74.433; Frances Berzinsky, 74.4; Henriette F. Noetzoldt, 74.4; Catherine Plunkitt, 74.4; Florence F. O'Raw, 74.383; Jane E. Padden, 74.358.

Dorothy V. Walsh, 74.35; Edith M. Crockett, 74.333; Anna M. Barry, 74.3; Hilda Ulmann, 74.3; Hanna Becker, 74.275; Adele Birnbaum, 74.266; August Miller, 74.266; Irene P. Gebhardt, 74.25; Ethel I. Wall, 74.233; Agnes M. Russell, 74.216; Anna Mensher, 74.2; Florence E. Ball, 74.116; Jennie K. Bresel, 74.166; Magdalene R. Milne, 74.166; Alta E. Roberts, 74.1; Jeanette Wolff, 74.083; Margaret McDonagh, 74.066; Anna C. Blecker, 74; Grace S. Dunn, 73.983; Mary I. Forbes, 73.983; Alice M. Picard, 73.983; Marguerite Munzing, 73.966; Millicent L. Mullineux, 73.94; Louise Mulbert, 73.9; Elizabeth C. Reilly, 73.9; Mary E. McCay, 73.866; Marguerite C. Bagley, 73.833; Mabel A. Haggblom, 73.833; Edith L. Bechtold, 73.766; Agnes V. Peterson, 73.766; Gertrude Erickson, 73.75; Gertrude E. Fowler, 73.75; Louise Roemer, 73.716; Grace M. Colgan, 73.7; Grace L. Hansen, 73.7; Mildred Borowsky, 73.666; Jennie M. Basen, 73.633; Clara E. Jukker, 73.583; Anna M. Gillespie, 73.566; Marguerite C. V. McIntyre, 73.566; Sylvivian Samenfeld, 73.566; Mildred Lieberman, 73.516; Grace D. Meyer, 73.456; Marie Shannon, 73.45; Bertha L. Schwarzbach, 73.433; Lois V. Ward, 73.433; Kathleen D. Norris, 73.426; Lillie M. Kettelhodt, 73.4; Florence B. Watkins, 73.383; Madeline M. Stewart, 73.366; Ellen J. O'Connor, 73.333; Edna M. MacEathron, 73.3; Helen Steuerwald, 73.3; Ella I. Conlin, 73.283; Mary A. Fox, 73.283; Frances Hodgson, 73.283; Mary Walsh, 73.25; Laura Kaspareit, 73.233; Emma F. Meyer, 73.223; Anna Eletz, 73.216; Mabel F. Bridges, 73.2; Sarah Levitch, 73.2; Katherine L. Turbush, 73.2; Elsa Burgi, 73.15; Martha A. Guiry, 73.15; Wynona M. Hopkins, 73.133; Ada F. Roach, 73.125; Libby Neuman, 73.12; May J. Burns, 73.116; Dora Bradshaw, 73.083; Ethel M. Thomson, 73.073; Helen A. Zimmer, 73.05; Gertrude M. Davis, 73.033; Mary I. Doran, 73.033; Violet Furoy, 73.033; Catherine Tubridy, 73.033; Fanny Rosen, 73.016; Frances M. Robinson, 73; Loretta M. Smith, 73; Edith G. Bergman, 72.983; Martha W. Stork, 72.966; Lydia E. Wiemokly, 72.95; May A. Murphy, 72.933; Rose Auspitz, 72.9; Gertrude Kunzman, 72.85; Catherine O'Mahoney, 72.833; Catherine V. Gremse, 72.8; Julia W. Ryan, 72.8; Loretto F. Clarke, 72.766; Isabelle B. Smith, 72.766; Cecilia A. Harte, 72.75; May B. Patterson, 72.75; Florence Deasy, 72.733; Alice M. Ahern, 72.716; Eterline M. Dennis, 72.666; Pauline Green, 72.633; Nellie A. McElhinny, 72.616; Anna J. Hausch, 72.566; Helen C. Donovan, 72.55; May I. McCarthy, 72.525; Lavinia E. Bedell, 72.516; Daphine R. Bellows, 72.5; Lucy E. Price, 72.5; Mary A. Smith, 72.466; Gertrude E. McNaught, 72.4; Grace Wightman, 72.4; Meta D. Ahrens, 72.366; May A. Saum, 72.366; Evelyn James, 72.35; Jeannette Frank, 72.35; Lillian C. Shelley, 72.333; Agatha F. Boylan, 72.316; Anna Freund, 72.3; Theresa M. Boylan, 72.266; Irene G. Fehn, 72.266; Marie E. Kaufman, 72.266; Janet I. Thompson, 72.25; Elizabeth N. Herzberg, 72.233; Luella F. Carlsten, 72.2; Marguerite L. Way, 72.2; Margaret E. Burke, 72.183; Myrtle E. Corliss, 72.183; Marie A. Brady, 72.166; Lillian A. Cummins, 72.166; Tessie McNeill, 72.15; Mary B. Downey, 72.116; Louise Bornkamp, 72.083; Eleanore Grace, 72.083; Henrietta Degen, 72.07; Mary E. Murray, 72.066; Grace Skinner, 72.066; Claire M. Smith, 72.066; Harriet L. Ghette, 72.033. Hannah Goldenson, 72.023; Jean S. Lindsal, 72.016; Mathilda Glick, 72.016; Leah Bletsky, 72; Alice Hammarth, 71.983; May E. Thompson, 71.983; May Clemente, 71.95; Dora R. Kleison, 71.933; Dora H. Freedman, 71.916; Augusta Huth, 71.916; Marie P. Price, 71.916; Victoria E. Baumann, 71.9; Julia Ederer, 71.9; Augusta E. Lind, 71.9; Loretta T. Shields, 71.9; E. Irene Pendergast, 71.9; Hanna Anderson, 71.85; Mary W. Trousdell, 71.783; Mary E. Toy, 71.83; Alice M. Sexton, 71.8; Josephine M. Sheehan, 71.75; Gertrude Rosenfeld, 71.733; Mildred N. Smith, 71.733; Frances I. C. Heely, 71.7; Julia M. Noonan, 71.7; Helen Dallin, 71.666; Adele A. Parks, 71.666; Josephine A. Wolff, 71.066; Henrietta Elias, 71.65; Cora M. Florance, 71.6; Hazel S. Nelson, 71.566; Florence B. Little, 71.533; Elsie A. Schierloh, 71.533; Ethel M. O'Leary, 71.5; Marguerite M. Farrell, 71.466; Grace V. Carroll, 71.45; Edith E. King, 71.433; Margaret McCanless, 71.366; Irene V. Rage, 71.333; Helen M. Rottger, 71.333; Mary F. Cahill, 71.316; Charlotte Schindhelm, 71.316; Hazel Blumenfeld, 71.29; Martha C. Borth, 71.266; May Katz, 71.266; Elizabeth F. Cassler, 71.25; Grace O. Delahanty, 71.216; Maud Freedman, 71.216; Marguerite J. Morris, 71.2; Jeannette Diamond, 71.166; Margaret V. O'Neill, 71.166; Alice V. O'Leary, 71.133; Anna M. Metzger, 71.133; Ella A. Kemp, 71.066; Dorothy Chandler, 71.033; Josephine D. Paterno, 71; Bessie G. Fraser, 70.983; Florence Lennon, 70.966; Grace H. Cedarholm, 70.933; Minnie B. Fabregas, 70.933; Elvera A. Brown, 70.9; Gladys Galindo, 70.9; Katherine M. Palmer, 70.866; Florence L. Ahrenholz, 70.8; Emily V. Goldman, 70.8; Jessie A. Dick, 70.766; Josephine M. Anglin, 70.7; Margaret Blackburn, 70.65.

Vivien Perrine, 70.65; Mary A. Flanagan, 70.616; Rose V. Galla, 70.616; Zema Passmore, 70.6; Julia E. Smith, 70.6; Isabelle A. Roth, 70.566; Lena K. Zeldman, 70.533; Loretta V. McEachran, 70.483; Florence B. Chambers, 70.45; Mary C. Kelly, 70.416; Marguerite G. Daly, 70.3; Lillian Cohen, 70.24; Loretta Leary, 70.2; Margaret R. Durland, 70.183; Caroline Holzberger, 70.176; Margaret Jones, 70.15; Ida G. Held, 70.066; Ella J. Ryan, 70.066; Elizabeth B. Thurling, 70.066; Florence Betts, 70.016; Elizabeth B. Baker, 70; Marie Bondy, 70; Rose M. Casey, 70; Anna V. Conroy, 70; Madge W. Dower, 70; Grace L. Duffy, 70; Marguerite E. Hastings, 70; Rebecca Heller, 70; Eunice M. Joslyn, 70; Eleanor V. Lovingham, 70; Mae C. McCabe, 70; Marie T. McGrath, 70; Catharine C. McNeil, 70; Mary MacManus, 70; Sarah Markowitz, 70; Esther Meyerson, 70; Josephine R. Murphy, 70; Salome R. O'Brien, 70; Margaret M. O'Mara, 70; Rose Palley, 70; Dora Schulman, 70; Elsie Witt, 70; Tillie Wolff, 70.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Col. T. Ridgeway, Coast Artillery Corps, relieved command Fort Andrews, Mass., Sept. 1, to Fort Barrancas, Fla., and assume command of that post of the artillery district of Pensacola.

A board to consist of Major D. F. Duval, Medical Corps; Major Weigel, Twenty-third Infantry; Capt. W. S. Faulkner, Twenty-third Infantry; First Lieut. G. V. Quackenbush, Twenty-third Infantry, and First Lieut. G. B. Lake, Medical Corps, is appointed to meet at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind., Aug. 6, for examination of applicants for commissions in volunteer forces.

Transfers.

First Lieut. B. B. McCroskey from Thirtieth to Twenty-third Infantry.

First Lieut. F. J. Osterman from Twenty-third to Thirtieth Infantry.

Lieut. Col. C. B. Baker, Deputy Quartermaster General, will make necessary visits to Newport News, Va., to attend meetings of a board to consider question of equipment of army transports with additional lifeboats and rafts.

Lieut. Col. R. M. Blatchford, Sixth Infantry, relieved from station at Jefferson City, Mo., to Kansas City, Mo., in connection with duties as Inspector instructor of organized militia of Missouri.

Orders July 25 relating to Second Lieut. H. W. Wagner, Third Cavalry, revoked.

The name of Lieut. Col. H. C. Benson, Fifth Cavalry, placed on list of detached officers and the name of Col. W. D. Beach, General Staff, removed therefrom.

Lieut. H. C. Benson, detailed as member General Staff Corps vice Lieut. Col. W. D. Beach, General Staff, relieved. Lieut. Col. Benson will proceed to Manila and report to commanding General, Philippines Division, for duty as Chief of Staff of that division.

Capt. D. B. Case, Commissary, to Island of Hawaii to inspect Kona coffee district.

The name of First Lieut. K. T. Riggs, Cavalry, removed from list of detached officers.

The following named officers detailed to enter second-year class at Mounted Service School for trial and will report Sept. 25 to commanding officer:

First Lieuts. B. Larr, Jr., (Fifteenth Cavalry,) C. S. Scott, Twelfth Cavalry,) B. T. Merchant, (Thirteenth Cavalry,) and Second Lieuts. J. G. Quekemeyer, (Fifth Cavalry,) and H. W. Wagner, (Third Cavalry.)

First Lieut. R. H. Dunner, Naval Reserve Corps, to Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia, for duty and report by letter to commanding General Eastern Division.

First Lieut. Love, Naval Reserve Corps, relieved duty Philippines Division and take transport from Manila to San Francisco, Cal., thence to home and report arrival by telegraph to the Adjutant General of Army.

Capt. J. W. McKee, Coast Artillery Corps, assigned to Third Company.

Lieut. Col. W. E. Craighill, Corps of Engineers, to Governors Island, New York, Aug. 8, and report to commanding General Eastern Division for duty pertaining to Connecticut manoeuvre campaign.

The resignation of Second Lieut. L. V. Greer, Eighteenth Infantry, has been accepted.

First Lieut. W. F. De Niedman, Medical Reserve Corps, relieved duty in the Philippines Division, take transport from Manila Oct. 15 for San Francisco, thence to home and report arrival by telegraph to the Adjutant General of the army.

Col. H. P. Kingsbury, cavalry, detailed to Inspector General Quartermaster's Department.

Col. J. L. Lamaroux, Quartermaster, relieved from detail, Quartermaster's Department, to Fort Baker, California, for duty.

Leave—Capt. W. T. Merry, Ninth Infantry, leave extended fifteen days; First Lieut. J. W. Love, Medical Reserve Corps, fourteen days; First Lieut. F. W. Bosshen, Sixteenth Infantry, leave extended one month; First Lieut. W. F. De Niedman, Medical Reserve Corps, sixteen days.

The Navy.

Commander C. D. Sters, detached the Mississippi to the Ohio as executive officer.

Lieut. Commander J. R. Freese, detached the Mississippi to the Ohio as First Lieutenant.

Lieut. Commander P. N. Olmsted, detached the Ohio to the Mississippi as executive officer.

Lieut. H. J. Fuller to Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.

Lieut. Williams, detached the Florida to Naval War College.

Lieut. L. Noyes, detached the Florida to home and await orders.

Lieut. J. Rodgers, detached Naval Academy to command the Yankton.

Lieut. I. E. Bass, detached the Ohio to the Mississippi as senior engineer officer.

Lieut. E. J. Marquart, detached the Mississippi to the Ohio as senior engineer officer.

Lieut. J. A. Monroe, detached the Ohio to works of Sperry Gyroscope Company, New York.

Ensign W. F. Amsden, detached the Mississippi to the Ohio.

Ensign R. E. Hughes, detached the Raleigh to fitting out the Wyoming and on board when commissioned.

Ensign A. E. Rieger, detached the Mississipp to the Ohio.

Ensign V. N. Beig, detached the Mississippi to the Delaware.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Marietta at navy yard, New York; Wilkes at Port Royal, Stringham, Bailey, and Fanning at navy yard, Norfolk; Alabama at Tompkinsville, Boston at Punta Arenas, Costa Rica, and Potomac at Washington.

Sailed—Caesar from Sewells Point for Portsmouth, N. H., and Petrel from Santo Domingo City for Puerto Plata.

The Mississippi has been ordered placed in first reserve at navy yard, Philadelphia, Aug. 1.

Lost and Found

Per line—1 time, 30c.; 3 times, 75c.

Lost advertisements in The New York Times are reprinted without extra charge in more than 1000 Bulletins posted in public places throughout the city—railway stations, ferry houses, police stations, pawnshops, employment and advertising agencies, hotels and theatres.

Lost

LOST.—$50 reward for information leading to return of team and truck stolen from 1,924 Park Av., July 23; one bobtail sorrel, white face, white hind fetlock, well built, about 16 hands; one gray, about 16.1 hands, long tail, dark feet, mane, and tail, big ears; ¾ truck, high rack, slat top, white body, red gear, black stripe back of seat, broken. Hudson Distributing Company.

LOST—Lackawanna Railroad Company of New Jersey Stock Certificate No. 01199 for 35 shares, dated Dec. 20, 1911; registered in the name of Louise Maxwell Whitney. Notice is hereby given to show cause why duplicate certificate should not be issued. Louise Maxwell Whitney.

LOST.—July 30, 11 A. M., vicinity of Orchard and Hester Sts., small case containing pencils, weight about 60 pounds; private marks on case, "A. W., 195." Liberal reward and no questions asked if returned to A. J. Barrett & Co., 144 Barrow St.

LOST—Y. M. C. A. identification card case and membership ticket containing $13, 50-trip ticket between Newark, N. J., and New York, photograph, and cards; reward if returned to R. B. Yarnall, Y. M. C. A., Newark, N. J.

LOST—Gold watch chain and medal at Celtic Park, Saturday, July 27; medal inscribed "Special Six Run to Seniors Cross Country Championship, 1909"; liberal reward if returned to George J. Obermeyer, 11 Cedar St., Brooklyn.

LOST.—$100 reward for return of black leather bag containing 3 rings, little money; July 11, Lackawanna waiting room or 23d St. boat; no questions. Weisbart, Henderson and 20th Sts., Jersey City.

LOST, July 5.—Lady's breastpin, cluster of enameled forget-me-nots, with eight diamonds. Liberal reward or send pawn ticket. Chapman, 172 East 61st St.

LOST.—Diamond pendant and chain, set in platinum, Plaza Hotel or Wanamaker's, July 25. $25 reward. 21 Claremont Av. Apartment 101.

LOST.—Double-cased gold watch with chain attached; Elgin movement; case No. 15,378; movement No. 1344077. Reward. F 152 Times.

LOST.—Four loose diamonds enclosed in papers, wrapped in memorandum bill. Reward. A. C. Chase, 6 Maiden Lane.

LOST.—Pocketbook, $700, at 33d, Broadway, Monday; liberal reward to finder. Hubinger, Knickerbocker Hotel.

LOST.—Hackett, Carhart's; lady's gold watch and pin, monogram "M. M. C." Reward. 385 4th Av. Culver.

LOST.—A sunburst with karat diamond stone in centre, on Tuesday. Reward. Address R 125 Times.

LOST.—Carved opal surrounded with six diamonds; liberal reward; no questions. F 144 Times.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

Per line—1 time, 30c.; 3 times a week, 75c.

LOST.—White French poodle; answers to name "Beauty." Reward. 161 West 74th St.

Found

Per line—1 time, 30c.; 3 times, 75c.

FOUND, July 31.—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Lost property recovered by the police and awaiting claimants, 240 Centre St., Manhattan: Lady's cape, satin lining; automobile number plate, M 2542; cap, leather fob, initials P. N. on reverse side.

FOUND, July 30—INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT CO. Apply 9 Morris St.: SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, book, keys, music, gloves, photos, hat, knife, brush. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Cane, umbrella, parasol, handbag, purse, candy, gloves, hats, 3 pairs shoes, overalls, trimming, stockings, suit, goods, towel, awning, pants clip, safe, salt. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, purse, wallet, books, gloves, hats, waist, handkerchief, stockings, medicine, polish, samples, bottle. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Two umbrellas, stockings, satchel. SUBWAY—Cane, satchel, suitcase, purse, handbag, bill fold, charm, card, book, hats, keys, gloves, coat, apron, cover, medicine, pipe, book.

FOUND, July 30.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO.—Hudson Tubes. Apply Concourse, 30 Church St.: Saw, coat, veil, bicycle pedals, button, 3 packages, 2 umbrellas.

Country Board

Telephone Want Advertisements to The New York Times, 1000 Bryant, any time until 10 P. M., for insertion on the following day. No display allowed except agate capitals and white space. Count seven average words to the line, in small type, or four words to a line in agate capitals.

Per line—1 time, 20c.; 3 times, 57c.

Long Island.

An elegant well-furnished (ocean) room in strictly private boarding house; running water, electric light; table and service the best; 8 blocks from ocean and Edgemere Station. Mrs. Spier, (Alivin Cottage,) Atlantic Av., Far Rockaway.

Richmond Hill.—Charming Summer home; large grounds, shade, spacious porch; near park, golf links, tennis, &c.; large, airy rooms; excellent table. 342 Oak St. Telephone 313 Richmond Hill.

Douglaston.—Douglaston Manor Inn; convenient, comfortable Summer residence; on Little Neck Bay; thirty minutes. Telephone Flushing 290. Open the year round.

BOARD in private family at Greenport, L. I.; near water; all conveniences; $7 per week. Mrs. I. M. Rayner, Greenport, L. I.

ROOMS to rent, with board, in fine neighborhood; from $10 up. Mrs. Breng, 186 Franklin Av., Far Rockaway.

Maryland Cottage; attractive, ocean view rooms; good board. 40 2d Av., Rockaway Park, L. I.

New York State.

SYLVAN LAKE COTTAGE, Hopewell Junction, N. Y.—Homelike, cosy farmhouse, where rest and good cooking are supreme; all table products from farm; near lake; rates reasonable.

One large and two small rooms, with first-class board; three minutes from station; 30 minutes from Grand Central; country, exceptional locality. Taylor, 142 Nyack Av., Pelham, N. Y.

HILL CREST.
Large, airy rooms, all conveniences; tennis, billiards; own garden; good table. M. G. Brown, Tuckahoe, N. Y. Box 57. 'Phone 54.

Private family wants 2 boarders; German table; airy rooms; restful place. For information address Room 1,612, 31 Union Square.

New Jersey.

YOU WILL GO ONLY 35 MINUTES FROM BROADWAY ! ! !
$18 PER WEEK AND UP FOR TWO PEOPLE INCLUDES ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ELECTRIC-LIGHTED ROOM, WITH PRIVATE TILED BATHROOM AND SUPERB HOTEL MEALS, AT THE ELMWOOD, 43 SOUTH WALNUT ST., EAST ORANGE, N. J.
Special rates for families.
Southern exposure; billiard room, palm room, smoking room, vacuum cleaned; electric candles on dining room tables give a fairyland effect; four minutes from station; not a country hotel, but a first-class metropolitan house; why continue to pay same rates in a boarding house with one bath to fifteen people?
Take the wonderful McAdoo tube, either from your office door, at Broadway and Cortlandt St., or the centre of the theatre, shopping district, at Broadway and 33d St.; no crowded Subway and warm cars; no ferries; charmingly located in metropolitan zone.

HILLSIDE HOUSE.—Elegant surroundings; homelike; excellent table; airy rooms. Mrs. Mary Jacobus, Caldwell, N. J.

CRANFORD, N. J.—Fairleigh Villa, 30 minutes from New York; canoeing, tennis, golf; large, sunny rooms; large grounds; terms reasonable.

Business Opportunities

Per line—1 time, 30c.; 3 times, 84c.

The New York Times offers a reward of $100 for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person obtaining money through the insertion of a fraudulent or misleading advertisement in its columns.

IF YOUR SON IS WORTH TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS TO YOU,
here is an excellent opportunity for you to start him in business successfully in the most thrifty city up-State—Troy, N. Y.—where he will learn to buy and sell men's clothing at retail profitably; also become proficient in the management of his own store. A well-established men's clothing business, including complete line of leading makes; the most up-to-date fixtures that money can buy, low rent, long lease, and located on Troy's liveliest business street, is offered by the owner, who is going West. Also an excellent opportunity for some clothier who desires to branch out. Write to-day for complete information or make an appointment with us. Communicate with RICE ADVERTISING AGENCY, Times Building, Troy, N. Y.

A young partner wanted; must invest $600 and assume management with a manufacturer whose business is increasing daily; essential products, thoroughly established; rigid investigation and verification of testimonials from customers allowed; money absolutely secured pending success. Splendid Opportunity, 218 Times Downtown.

An unequaled opportunity for parties with capital; business netting immense profit; only those meaning business need answer; state address for personal interview. O. H. H., Times.

Manufacturer of fine children's dresses wishes an experienced salesman for a partner; I am ready with a full line of Fall samples. H. Shachter, 48 East 8th St.

For Sale.—Controlling interest in an established plant making the best electric vacuum cleaner on the market. R 128 Times.

One-quarter interest in patent; royalty contract; attractive proposition. R 121 Times.

Boarders Wanted

Per line—1 time, 15c.; 3 times, 36c.

East Side.

15TH ST., 210 EAST, (opposite Stuyvesant Park.)—Double and single rooms; private bath; excellent table; telephone; references.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Large, small rooms, private baths, newly decorated; excellent table.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Well-furnished parlor suite, with private bath; other rooms; Southerners accommodated.

16TH, 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private baths; table boarders; telephone.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms, including board, $10 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting of parlor, sleeping apartments, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heat throughout; elevator service. Phone 793 Bryant.

48TH, 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private bath; house and table strictly first class; references.

53D, 57 WEST.—Very attractive rooms; Summer rates; table guests; telephone; reference.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Table board; rooms with or without board; Summer rates; references.

72D, 131 WEST.—Very attractive large and medium rooms; private baths; table guests; references.

76TH, 129 WEST.—Desirable rooms; clean, well kept; superior cooking; telephone; table guests; reasonable.

76TH, 105 WEST.—Furnished rooms, cool, homelike; parlor, dining, special rates; Schuyler 7655; accommodations.

76TH, 237 WEST, Near Broadway.—Desirable rooms; parlor dining; excellent table; Summer rates; telephone.

Boarders Wanted

Per line—1 time, 15c.; 3 times, 36c.

West Side.

76TH ST., 238 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with good table; between Broadway and Riverside; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Suitable rooms; parlor, dining; table board; references.

78TH ST., 121 WEST.—For gentlemen, desirable, medium; also small rooms; adjoining baths; private family.

79TH ST., 162 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms in small private boarding house; exceptionally cool; references.

50-52 WEST 82D ST.
Attractive rooms for desirable people.
Schuyler 8397.

83D, 11 WEST.—Newly furnished, cool rooms, overlooking Park; Summer tourists solicited. 5326 Schuyler.

83D, 44 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large and small rooms; finest table; refined Jewish family.

84TH, 37 WEST.—First-class accommodations for adults appreciating homelike surroundings; superior table; Jewish family.

93D, 117 WEST.—Large, small, attractive rooms; abundant hot water; telephone; excellent table; reasonable.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable room in well appointed house; good board; telephone; references.

94TH ST., 36 WEST.—Large and small room; excellent board; all home comforts; Jewish family.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with board; homelike. Telephone 7442 Riverside; reference.

102D ST., 243 WEST, (near Riverside.)—Elegant, large room; baths; liberal table; reasonable; refined parties.

103D ST., 879 West End Av.—Attractive corner room; lavatory; excellent cuisine; gentlemen, Summer rates.

625 WEST 113TH ST.
Adjoining Riverside Drive; large, front rooms; southern exposure; lavatory; unusual table. Telephone Morningside 8136.

113TH, 544 WEST (near Columbia.)—Double, second floor; table guests; home cooking; Summer rates.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Double, single corner rooms; Morningside Heights, overlooking park; glorious view; delightfully cool; celebrated restaurant; rooms, $3-$6; references.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Delightful Summer location; roof garden; large rooms; electricity; homelike; table guests.

144TH, 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptionally homelike, desirable accommodations; excellent table board; reasonable rates.

145TH, 613 WEST.—Large, airy room, overlooking Hudson; running water; good board; reference; telephone.

157TH, 600 WEST.—Subway station; physician's home; rooms fronting Broadway; suitable invalids. Apt. 16.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 855, Woodbury.—Overlooking Hudson; shady grounds; two blocks north 157th Subway. 4412 Audubon.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 888, (near Subway and L.)—Pleasant rooms; wide porches; good table.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, Heights.—Water view; ideal location; Subway, trolley; convenient Wall St. district; high-class; rooms, board; spacious apartments. 905 Main.

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, 142.—Beautiful suite; private bath; overlooking bay; small room; excellent cuisine; phone; table guests.

PIERREPONT ST., 76.—Convenient Borough Hall Subway; delightfully cool rooms; excellent table; near river. 'Phone 1159W Main.

Board Wanted

GENTLEMAN wants room and board with private family. F 153 Times.

Furnished Rooms

Per line—1 time, 15c.; 3 times, 36c.

East Side.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Desirable, well furnished rooms; private house; reasonable.

21ST ST., 55 EAST.—Large, front rooms with bath; Southerners accommodated; Summer rates; telephone.

22D ST., 34 EAST.—Nicely furnished large, small rooms; attractive rates; modern; all conveniences; 'phone.

29TH ST., 40 EAST, (Between Madison and 4th Avs.)—Large and small rooms; Summer prices.

31ST ST., 47 EAST.—Large, well-furnished rooms to let; all modern conveniences; telephone.

44TH ST., 136 EAST, near Lexington Av.—Large, attractive room; all conveniences; private house.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Attractive rooms, double, single; baths, running water; gentlemen; references; Summer rates.

48TH, 19 EAST.—Special inducements Summer; excellent large room, bath; smaller rooms; cuisine optional.

165 EAST 60TH ST.
Large and small rooms; first-class; telephone.

IRVING PLACE, 55.—Newly furnished rooms; bath on each floor; steam heated; electric lights, telephone; $4 upward.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Beautiful large and small room; $3.50 up; telephone 1978 Gramercy; references.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box-spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness. Wolcott Building.

LEXINGTON AV., 586, (52d.)—Homelike rooms; also back parlor, bath; breakfast; telephone; references; select.

MADISON AV., 175, (Near 33d St.)—Comfortable large room; hall room; bath; references.

West Side.

8TH AV., 650, (near 42d St.)—Parlor suite, kitchen privileges; absolutely clean; no other roomers. Tolan.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Well-furnished, very superior rooms for refined persons; moderate prices.

12TH ST., 61 WEST.—Elegantly furnished parlor floor; single or en suite; also single rooms.

14TH ST., 355 WEST.—Lovely furnished room for gentleman; hot, cold water; convenient all cars.

21ST, 158 WEST.—Two connecting rooms; airy; suitable gentlemen or married couple; separate rooms; reasonable.

29TH ST., 351 WEST.—Large front room, well furnished, private house; suitable for two; references.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Clean comfortable room; running water, bath; private house; $4.50.

38TH ST., 51 WEST.—Large, $4 up; kitchenette; small, $2.50; continuous hot water; piano; telephone.

42D, 322 WEST.—Clean, cool rooms; bath; $2 weekly; gentlemen; also double rooms. Hughes.

44TH ST., 256 WEST.—Parlor floor; suitable doctor, dentist.

46TH ST., 318 WEST.—Large and small rooms; telephone; all conveniences; block from Broadway.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—New management; renovated rooms, large, small; private baths; references. 4589 Bryant.

47TH, 41 WEST.—Large, newly furnished rooms; single or en suite; bachelors; breakfast if desired.

48TH ST., 235 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room, bath; hall room; modern house; refined family.

55TH, 344 WEST.—Large rooms; also 2 connecting; bath; running water; telephone; quiet house.

58TH ST., 49 WEST.—Several large, beautifully furnished rooms; doctor's house; private baths, electric lights, telephone; breakfast optional; references; Summer rates. Phone 298 Plaza.

58TH ST., 126 WEST.—Large, small rooms, parlor floor, suitable for doctor; private bath; running water, hot and cold. Telephone 3672 Columbus.

58TH ST., 148 WEST.—Handsome large rooms; private bath; select, quiet house; breakfast; phone; references.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept, unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

69TH ST., 104 WEST.—Large, airy room; dressing room; 'phone; small room; meals optional.

70TH ST., 130 WEST.—Physician or dentist's office; reception room; electricity installed; hot water supply; references.

70TH ST., 307 WEST.—Newly furnished room; running water; 'phone; private house; near Subway.

262 WEST 70TH ST.
LARGE FRONT ROOM.

71ST ST., 351 WEST.—Cool bachelor apartments; private bath; single rooms; $4 up; Summer rates.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Well furnished large room; private house; for business couple; reference.

72D ST., 302 WEST.—Nicely furnished, including piano; large front room; second floor, bath adjoining; scrupulously clean; homelike; 'phone.

73D ST., 238 WEST, (Opposite Hotel Ansonia.)—Bachelor accommodations; bath adjoining; Summer rates; telephone; references.

74TH ST., 107 WEST.—Attractive, cool rooms in private house; breakfast optional; Summer rates; references.

Furnished Rooms

Per line—1 time, 15c.; 3 times, 36c.

Call Bryant 1000 and say "Wants." An intelligent operator is waiting for your call until 10 o'clock in the evening and will tell you all about Times Service.

West Side.

74TH, 167 WEST.—Two large, well-furnished rooms for gentlemen; no other roomers; references.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Cool, airy rooms in first class neighborhood; telephone; references; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 57 WEST.—Large, desirable room; attractive neighborhood; all modern conveniences. Phone 8124 Schuyler.

77TH ST., 109 WEST.—Large rooms, with bath, first floor; exceptionally beautiful, comfortable; moderate; telephone.

80TH ST., 149 WEST.—Beautiful, airy rooms; lady's private residence; all conveniences; shower baths; park and river breezes. 'Phone 7314—Schuyler.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Bachelors; exceptional rooms, modern conveniences; select, private house; Park, Riverside; references.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Newly furnished large rooms, with or without bath; private house.

82D ST., 327 WEST.—Semi-detached house, overlooking Drive; continuous hot water; shower; telephone; moderate. Campbell.

82D ST., 56 WEST.—Large, well-furnished rooms; electric light; all conveniences; Summer rates.

82D ST., 128 WEST.—Delightfully cool; parqueted; private baths; between Riverside and Park; Summer rates.

84TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large, light, well-furnished rooms; running water; adjoining bath; $4. Anderson.

85TH ST., 112 WEST.—Couple occupying handsome residence will rent one large room; bath; gentlemen.

86TH ST., 6 WEST.
Southerners and out-of-town guests accommodated; special Summer rates; near Central Park.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Desirable rooms; private baths; refined, private house; convenient location; telephone; moderate.

91ST, 46 WEST.—Large rooms; private baths; medium-sized rooms; suitable two; telephone; moderate.

93D ST., 129 WEST.—Large attractive room, suitable for two; bath; telephone; reference; private family.

93D ST., 35 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms; running water; L; telephone; reasonable.

93D, 46 WEST.—Attractive parlor suite, small bedrooms; telephone; L station. Sutton.

(95TH,) 710 West End Av.—Airy, comfortable rooms; running water; Subway; reasonable. Dick.

97TH ST., 143 WEST.—Attractive, comfortable rooms, suite or singly; dressing rooms; telephone; reasonable.

97TH ST., 256 WEST.—Private Jewish family; room suitable two; high-class elevator apartment. Grossman.

98TH ST., 243 WEST.—Two handsomely furnished rooms, near Riverside Drive and Subway; every convenience. Apt. 3B.

102D ST., 202 WEST.—Outside room for young, refined business lady or gentleman. Apt. 3.

105TH ST., 80 WEST.—Large front room; running water; telephone; private house; "L," Subway.

106TH, 38 WEST.—Large, room, one flight; private house, near Park; telephone; gentlement; reference.

112TH ST., 504 WEST.—Large front parlor; independent connecting room; private table; seen evenings. Cook.

112TH ST., 505 WEST.—Outside room, vacant lot; lavatory, bath, telephone; $3. Wilford.

113TH ST., 523 WEST.—Beautifully furnished parlor and other rooms; baths, electricity; private house; reasonable.

114TH ST., 525 WEST.—Large, airy rooms; healthful location; private house; all conveniences; Southern people desired.

116TH, 404 WEST.—Summer location; overlooking Morningside Park; airy rooms; elevator; Broadway Subway. Morse.

118TH, 364 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms, single, double; suitable for couple; conveniences; $1.75 up.

121ST ST., (Broadway.)—REED HOUSE; $5, $7 rooms, $12 suite; references. 5120 Morningside. Miss Panny.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive, cool rooms; elevator; home atmosphere; kitchen; corner apartment, (21.)

129TH ST., 76 WEST.—Physicians or dentists may secure parlor floor. Call, 'phone 7725 Schuyler.

130TH, 156 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure; running water; gentleman; $3.50; reference. Owners.

146TH ST., 600 WEST.—Large cool room; running water; homelike; elevator; Subway. Apartment 62.

147TH ST., 535 WEST.—Refined young men find good home and board; private family; references.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished suites of one and two rooms, with attached kitchen if desired; elevator, telephone, and maid service all night; $3 to $12 weekly; special day rates. The Ludington, 205 West 101st, three doors from Broadway. Best transportation. Telephone, 1763—River.

BROADWAY, 2,848-2,850, (110th St. Subway Station.)—Apartment hotel, with home comforts; beautifully, newly furnished single room; also 2 and 3 room suites, kitchenette, with large window; private bath; telephone; maid service; weekly, monthly; Summer rates. Trianon. Telephone Morningside 4245.

FOR SUMMER.—Furnished rooms, with bathrooms, dressing rooms, elevator, electric light service, in a handsome private residence on Riverside Drive in the eighties; Summer rates. 'Phone 8911—Riverside.

Handsomely furnished parlor; private house; piano; accommodations for persons visiting city. Telephone 9153 Spring.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 16, (116th St.)—Private family; rent one or two sunny rooms; elevator. Price.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 600, corner 137th (overlooking Hudson.)—Single, double; running water; hotel service. Pierson.

Furnished Rooms Wanted

Per line—1 time, 15c.; 3 times, 36c.

YOUNG GENTLEMAN wishes cheerful room permanently; preferably with private family in seventies; $15 to $20 monthly; refined surroundings. V 220 Times Downtown.

Young business girl desires room with kitchen privileges in apartment on west side below 125th St.; reasonable. R 118 Times.

Unfurnished Rooms

Per line—1 time, 15c.; 3 times, 36c.

72D ST., 253 WEST.—Exceptionally large light room with kitchenette; private bath; large closets.

Apartments To Let
FURNISHED

Per line—1 time, 20c.; 3 times, 54c.

Cathedral Plaza, 100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th St and Columbus Av.—One, two, and three rooms, bath, and kitchenette; high-class elevator apartments; elegantly furnished; restaurant in building; monthly $30 up; open evenings. Telephone 3970 Riverside.

To Sublet.—Best apartment in the Great Northern Hotel, 118 West 57th St., New York; four rooms, three baths; twelfth floor; southwestern exposure. Apply to Hugh M. Wilson, 239 West 39th St., or George B. Rodgers, Assistant Manager, at the hotel.

Young man will share his four-room apartment, half block from Riverside Drive, with young man during August and September; well appointed; every convenience; $20 monthly. V 169 Times.

Bachelors' quarters, $25-$60 monthly; private baths; cleanliness. Telephone 5891 Columbus. 22 West 60th St.

87TH ST., 63 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; private entrance; August, $40; year, $70; mornings.

Apartments To Let—Unfurnished.

Per line—1 time, 20c.; 3 times, 54c.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

Attractive modern elevator apartments, 308 West 97th, near Riverside; five spacious, light, airy rooms; living room, size 16x20; foyer halls; servant's toilet; $50, $60, $65; 287 Edgecombe Av., (145th,) facing Park; five, six rooms. $45 to $60; at West View, 342 West 71st St., eight, nine immense, beautiful rooms; bedroom, 16x18; foyer halls; two baths; $125; apply premises. Mrs. Fitton, telephone 1755 Columbus.

Sublet, apartment eight large, light rooms, sixth floor; elevator, electricity, shower, 'phone; permanent lease from October. Wells, 504 West 112th St.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

636 5th Av., (corner 51st St.)—To sublet, corner apartment, eleven rooms, (including servants' rooms,) five baths; rent reduced. Inquire on premises.

5th Av., 2,206.—Five rooms, bath; steam heat; hot water; $18 and $20.

Long Island.

Five-room apartments and bath in a new corner house; steam heat, hot water, janitor service; rent only $19 a month. 70 Wilson Av., corner 14th Av., Long Island City. Take Steinway or North Beach car from the 59th St. Bridge.

Situations Wanted

Per line—1 time, 15c.; 2 times, 25c.

Female.

AUDITOR or any other kindred responsible position; the advertiser is competent through experience and records, to handle responsible position. F 123 Times.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER.—Makes ladies', children's dresses reasonable. Mme. Juliet, 126 East 12th St. 408 Stuyvesant.

COMPETENT dressmakers can be obtained at the Clara de Hirsch Home, 225 East 63d St. Phone Plaza 1768.

GRADUATE of massage institute, Stockholm, Sweden, with hospital experience, wishes position as masseuse and nurse for invalid lady; good sewer; highest reference. 133 East 46th St.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Danish lady, 29 years old, with little girl, wishes situation as housekeeper; good cook. F 151 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Useful; good cook; salary $30. M., 1,392 St. Nicholas Av.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Young woman of experience, ability, college education, wishes afternoon, evening employment; legal, literary, commercial; will substitute; own machine; would consider permanent, full-time position. X 20 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; 1½ years' experience; conscientious, adroit. Miss Glanzer, 447 East 137th St.

TRAINED NURSE, graduated masseuse; highest references; capable, refined, neat, obliging; care of semi-invalid; useful companion or managing housekeeper. F 148 Times.

Male

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systematized, disentangled; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 621 Broadway, Room 512. Tel. 6626 Spring.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up, kept part time, reasonable. Rappaport, Flatiron Building. Telephone 5334 Gramercy.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up, kept part time, reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized, $5 monthly up; trial balances, financial statements. Friedlander, 878 Broadway. 'Phone 4876 Gramercy.

ACCOUNTANT.—Part time disengaged; ten years' experience; books opened, closed, balanced, &c. D 314 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, long, varied experience all lines, desires additional work. P. O. Box 225, Madison Square.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, systematized, audited; kept part time, $5 up monthly. F 146 Times.

AN ACCOUNTANT, thorough, reliable, desires desk room in exchange for services. V 204 Times Downtown.

ARCHITECTURAL draughtsman and designer and perspective artist; first class. U 215 Times Downtown.

BARTENDER.—A1; best references; five years last position. F. Manken, 1,243 Southern Boulevard.

BOOKKEEPER, expert accountant, writes up books regular intervals; moderate. Dixie, 114 East 28th St.

BOY, 17, stenographer, bookkeeper, neat, willing, capable; moderate salary. Stenographer, 198 Riverdale Av., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR.—Expert driver and first-class mechanic; personal references furnished; wishes position with first-class people only; salary, $25. V 167 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—8 years' experience, Packard, Pierce, Fiat; careful driver; mechanic; A1 references former employer. Pine, 1,052 Park Av. Tel. 1058 Lenox.

CHAUFFEUR.—Colored, neat appearance, long experience; careful driver. James Powell, 317 West 36th St.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced; city, country; do all repairs; best references. M. Trace, 251 East 119th St.

DRIVER.—Young man, (21,) honest, ambitious, wishes position. Thomas Berger, 1,797 Bergen St., Brooklyn.

ELECTRICIAN desires position at maintenance in factory, office building, or hotel; ten years' experience; best references. Box 12, 1,310 Boston Road.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED by clerk evenings, Saturday afternoons and Sundays, or part. X 34 Times.

EXPERIENCED BUYER general ladies', gentlemen's furnishings, wishes connect large concern; best references. Box 483 Times.

IN URGENT NEED.
I am a university man, aged 30, and have had considerable experience in teaching; will undertake education of young folks or accept any other kind of work; I have accepted positions calling for tact, ability, and knowledge, and hold first-class references; utterly reduced in circumstances; my wife and self are actually in need of food; all our available property has been pawned, and we are on the verge of starvation. Address R 122 Times.

JAPANESE wishes to study and work in a private chemical laboratory, 61 West 38th St.

SALESMAN.—Eight years' city and road experience, desires to connect with manufacturer of staple line for city or traveling; highest references. V 162 Times.

SALESMAN or PURCHASING AGENT.—Appearance; reliable; executive; practical; interview. Box 1, 247 East 123d St.

SALESMAN desires position in a cloak, suit, dress, or waist factory, city or traveling. Address T 310 Times Downtown.

SCOTSMAN, university education, extensive business experience, specially conversant all branches shipping, desires responsible position; best recommendations. F 150 Times.

TUTOR.—A private tutor is unexpectedly disengaged; unimpeachable references; excellent record. Harvard, V 168 Times.

USEFUL MAN.—Experienced in all work around private place or hotel; understands waiting, plain cooking, good care of horses; references; country. George O'Neill, 132 Grand St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 19, educated, earnest worker, wishes position with chance for advancement, where knowledge of foreign languages is valuable; importing house preferred; will start from bottom; knows English, Italian, French. Henry Mascolo, 2,159 Belmont Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 23, four years' banking experience in Foreign Exchange, desires position in similar capacity. Address Willing, Box V 221 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, business experience, desires position where hard work will be appreciated; resides with parent. B. M., 610 West 152d St.

YOUNG MAN.—18; good worker; willing work anything; learn trade; city or country; best references. Zeno, 156 East 79th St.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) ambitious, wishes position at anything. Thomas Berger, 1,797 Bergen St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 19, industrious, desires position with chance for advancement. V 206 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, desires clerical or outside position with a commercial house. V 123 Times.

Employment Bureaus.

Per line—1 time, 20c.; 3 times, 54c.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS. High-Grade Office Helpers.
BOOKKEEPERS. Office Service Co., (Agency,)
STENOGRAPHERS. 149 B'way. Tel. 3409 Cort.

Domestic.

BOND $1,000.—Old Dominion Agency, 33 West 134th St.; reliable colored help. 1119 Harlem.

COLORED HELP.—Thoroughly investigated, supplied shortest notice. 6370—Harlem. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 5th Av.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, (thoroughly investigated,) want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786 Columbus. Established 1899.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP of all trades supplied. Riverside Employment Agency, 12 West 99th St. Riverside 1538.

COOKS, houseworkers, chambermaids, laundresses, elevator runners, porters. Porter's Employment Agency, 142 West 133d St.

COUPLES, cooks, general workers; city, country; colored. Instant Relief Agency. Telephone 7288 Morningside.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied, day, week, month; male, female. 507 West 133d St. 6916 Morningside.

More Help?

To satisfactorily fill the gap in your working force telephone your Help Wanted advertisement to the Times Building, Bryant 1000, before 10 o'clock to-night. It will be printed to-morrow morning and probably answered before noon. If the telephone is not convenient use the mail. Bill will follow.

The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print."
1000 Bryant.

Help Wanted

Per line—1 time, 15c.; 2 times, 25c.

Female.

A WELL-EDUCATED WOMAN, over 30, possessing a pleasing personality, to travel and demonstrate a child's course to members of mothers' clubs, &c., to capable woman we will guarantee expenses and give an opportunity of making $40 per week in commissions. Room 711, 110 West 34th St.

SALESLADIES.—Two young ladies, between 25 and 35 years of age, to learn our business as salesladies; must be of good education and address; honest and energetic; commission. Mr. Ryan, 156 5th Av.

SOLICITOR wanted to get members; commission basis; $1 monthly; we pay $60 if sick or hurt; death benefit. Ballard & Garrett, 84 William St., New York City.

STENOGRAPHER, OFFICE.—Young lady experienced in office work and dictation required from August 1st to October 15th at large vegetable canning plant of old established firm in Delaware. Party can board in good home very cheaply and trip should be pleasant work for some one desiring two months in quaint country town. Free transportation both ways. Apply Stetson & Ellison Co., 105 Hudson St., before 12.

A.—Wanted, for musical comedy, show girls of smart appearance; permanent positions in New York. Apply 11 A. M. Riverside Theatre, Broadway and 96th St.

WANTED—A governess for child; personal references demanded. Call between 3 and 5 P. M. Thursday or before 12 A. M. Friday, 301 West 92d St.

Male

It is a certificate of good character to have your advertisement admitted to the columns of The New York Times, because an effort is made to exclude advertisements of a questionable character and those that decoy and deceive.

BOOKBINDERY FOREMAN
wanted by an edition bindery in the eastern part of Massachusetts; first-class position to the right man; must have good executive ability; write, giving full particulars as to experience, &c. S. H., Box 2,872 Boston, Mass.

CUTTER EXPERIENCED ON SILK PETTICOATS; STATE REFERENCES; COMMUNICATIONS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. ADDRESS S. H. & M., BOX 168 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

EXPERIENCED GENERAL OFFICE MAN in building material, sand, and crushed-stone business; married man preferred. State experience in detail in writing only. E. F. C., 659 West 50th St.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
require the services of
an experienced Designer for their Drapery Department. An exceptional opportunity for the person possessing the required ability.
Apply in person at Employment Office, 5th floor, 32d Street side.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
require the services of
an experienced Salesman for their Wall Paper and Drapery Department. An exceptional opportunity for the person possessing the required ability.
Apply in person at Employment Office, 5th floor, 32d Street side.

HIGH-CLASS ATHLETIC UNDERWEAR as Side Line.—Salesman of high standing, calling on the best haberdashery and dept. store trade, wishing to carry a side line that takes up little space and an article of special merit, (a patented device,) recognized as the best of its kind, will apply, with full particulars as to experience and territory, also references, to "J. Leon," 107 W. Fayette St., Baltimore, Md. Strictly commission basis.

MANAGER TO TAKE CHARGE OF HIGH-CLASS CLOAK AND SUIT DEPARTMENT, CAPABLE OF ASSISTING IN BUYING; A GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR A LIVE MAN. APPLY LIEBERMAN,

PACKER AND PORTER wanted for wholesale hosiery and underwear house; only young and sober men need apply. Address, stating salary, D 313 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.
High-class salesman for entirely new line business; one who talks well, dresses well, and has been earning upward of $50 week; though not an advertising proposition, a knowledge of that business will prove of value to the successful applicant; exceptional commission proposition. Call in person after 9:30, Room 904, 39 West 34th St.

SALESMAN.—Cloak and suit salesman wanted for a strong popular-priced line, for city and vicinity; salary and commission. Rosenthal Cloak and Suit Co., 132 West 21st.

SALESMAN, resident of Chicago, to represent us with a very strong line of dresses; one with a big following; commission. American Shirtwaist Co., 151 West 25th St.

SALESMAN, experienced, to sell young men's and boys' overcoats to city trade on commission. Rosenberg & Son, 80 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN for hand-made waists and children's dresses; man with established trade only. French & Co., 19 West 26th St.

SALESMAN, Southern or Western, to handle side line of waists. V 209 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, about 19 years old, who is well qualified from the standpoints of personality, refinement, and education, (general and stenographic;) resident of Washington Heights or Harlem preferred; state age, nationality, school, and business training. A., P. O. Box 111, Madison Square Branch.

WANTED—A high-grade accountant to assist chief accountant in large casualty insurance company. Give education, experience, and salary desired; excellent opportunity. V 201 Times Downtown.

WANTED—A high-grade accountant and statistician familiar with casualty insurance. Give education, experience, and salary desired; excellent opportunity. V 202 Times Downtown.

WANTED—A high-grade bookkeeper; must be familiar with casualty insurance and be first-class penman. V 203 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Fox lathe hands and bench hands for brass factory. Write Kettler Brass Manufacturing Co., Houston, Texas.

WANTED—Experienced salesman on good line of dresses. Address R 127 Times.

Employment Bureaus.

Per line—1 time, 20c.; 3 times, 54c.

Commercial.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER.—Permanent position; good opportunity; $15. Call National Employment Exchange, (Agency,) 30 Church St.

Credential Employment Corporation—High grade office positions for men and women. 253 Broadway. (Agency.)

METROPOLITAN SERVICE AGENCY.—Several good positions open for female stenographers, $15 to $20. Call, 154 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Experienced girls for permanent position; $10, $15. National Employment Exchange, (Agency,) 30 Church St.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Several permanent positions, $8 to $18. National Employment Exchange, (Agency,) 30 Church St.

Domestic.

A. A. HOFMAYER, Reed & Barton Building, 320-322 5th Av., 9th floor; telephone 4527 Madison Square; agency for superior domestic help.

WANTED—Married couple for boys' industrial school; matron and master. Call before 11, Thursday, Bureau Social Requirements, 15 East 43d St. Agency.

Pianos and Organs

Per line—1 time, 25c.; 3 times a week, 69c.

Steinway mahogany upright piano, in excellent order, will sell for $100. 318 W. 42d St.

For Sale

Per line—1 time, 30c.; 3 times, 84c.

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, cash registers, multigraphs, filing cabinets, Neostyles, addressograph, wardrobes. Nathan's, 102 Worth, near Broadway.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished

Per line—1 time, 25c.; 3 times, 63c.

162D ST., 523 WEST.—Three-story and basement, eleven rooms and bath; three toilets; large rooms; fine location; $85 monthly. J. P. Leo, Jr., agent, 2,050 Amsterdam Av., (162d.)

ALL TITANIC CLAIMS WILL BE CONTESTED

White Star Line Agents Say No Damages Have Been Paid by the Company.

NEED OF A FEDERAL LAW

Steamship Companies Would Not Oppose Bill to Make Them Pay for Loss of Life, Lawyers Say.

The White Star Line agents said yesterday that no claims had been paid to the survivors of the Titanic for loss of property when the ship sank, or to the relatives of those who were drowned. In spite of the number of letters received by the company within a few days of the disaster, so far only four suits have been begun in this country, of which two are in Chicago, one in St. Louis, and another in Wisconsin.

According to the verdict given in London on Tuesday by Lord Mersey, the owners of the Titanic and the Captain were released from all responsibility in the matter, the agents said. The company does not intend to pay any claims, and will contest any actions that may be brought to recover damages, they declared.

In England there is a law by which a steamship company can be held responsible for loss of life or damage to property if it is proved to be caused by the negligence of the Captain and officers in command of the ship at the time of the disaster, but the steamship companies provide against it by printing a rule on the back of the passage ticket which is virtually a contract, and limits its liability to about $500.

A bill on similar lines was introduced at Washington by United States Senator Hoar eight years ago. This was pigeon-holed, and similar treatment was given to another bill on the same lines introduced about five years ago by Senator Lodge. On July 7, 1911, a third bill authorized the maintenance of actions for negligence causing death in maritime cases was introduced by Senator Brandegee and then was lost sight of.

The bill provided for damages for personal injury on the high seas, and in case of death actions for the benefit of the surviving members of the family. It provided that such action for injury received must be begun within a year or, in the case of death, within two years, the damages, not to exceed the sum of $5,000, to be divided among the relatives by the court.

It is understood that the White Star Line will not fight every action if the four suits now pending against the company are decided against it. The decisions would probably be used as a basis on which to settle similar cases without the cost of taking them to the courts.

A member of a firm of lawyers who handle many actions brought by passengers against the big steamship companies told a TIMES reporter yesterday that he did not see how the White Star Line could be sued successfully by survivors of the Titanic for loss of baggage or for the loss of a relative, as the verdict by Lord Mersey had exonerated the officers of the Titanic from the charge of negligence.

"The suits could be brought," he said, "in this country as well as in England, but it must be remembered that the law here on the amount of liability is the same as it is over there—that is, it does not exceed the value of the ship in any case, and as she is gone there is nothing left to make a claim upon.

"If a bill is brought before the House making the steamship companies responsible for loss of life on the high seas I am sure it will not be opposed by the steamship companies, as it would take a lot of trouble off their hands, and they would cover risks by insuring against loss of life as they do on the ship itself. This will also induce owners to adopt devices for safety. Another thing they will have to do in the future is to guard against fire at sea. Two transatlantic liners not long ago were swept by fire in daylight in dock.

"The only case in which relatives recovered damages from a steamship company for loss of life at sea was after a collision between two of the Old Dominion liners, in which seven persons were killed, and the lawyers won the suits on the ground that the Hamilton was built in Wilmington, and was therefore a part of that territory off the coast at the time of the accident. That, of course, was legal fiction, but they got the money."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—There is no law in the United States under which relatives of the victims of the Titanic disaster may bring suit for damages. The question was discussed here informally by Senators shortly after the disaster, when the widow of Col. Astor's valet attempted to hold as material witnesses the officers of the ship who had testified before the Senate Committee.

Many lawyers contended at the time that the Senate had no authority to hold as winesses officers and passengers of an English vessel in connection with something that happened on the high seas, and it seemed certain at the time that if Chairman Smith handled them too roughly diplomatic representations would have been made.

But in the case of damages the legal situation is perfectly obvious. The United States has no law that could touch a single person connected with the disaster, even if personal culpability were proved, and the same thing is true in regard to damages.

Lawyers here are agreed that suits in this country for damages resulting from the Titanic's loss will fail.

TITANIC VICTIM'S WILL LOST.

His Sons Object to Charitable Bequests His Widow Says Were Made.

Special to The New York Times.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 31.—North Dakota has a remarkable "lost will" case involving the $2,000,000 estate left by a victim of the Titanic disaster, and affecting two Minneapolis organizations, the Plympoth Congregational Church and the Minnesota Division of the International Sunshine Society, which has its headquarters here.

The estate is that of H. R. Chaffee of Amenia, N. D., who, according to his wife, had drawn a will naming the two Minneapolis organizations among his legatees. In Fargo to-day Mrs. Chaffee, who says she desires to carry out the wishes of her husband, began a legal fight to prove the contents of the will even though the document itself has been lost.

It is said that her two sons oppose this action, and will demand that the estate be divided according to the inheritance laws of North Dakota. Mr. Chaffee placed his wife in a lifeboat, and refused to leave the Titanic.

NEW RULES FOR VESSELS.

British Board of Trade Acts on the Titanic Report.

LONDON, July 31.—Sydney Buxton, President of the Board of Trade, announced in the House of Commons to-day that the board had framed new rules governing life-saving precautions on merchant vessels, based on the recommendations of the court which had considered the Titanic disaster. The new rules must, said Mr. Buxton, be approved by the House of Commons before their adoption.

Mr. Buxton said that there would be no time to discuss the rules or Lord Mersey's report on the Titanic disaster this session, although many members of the House were anxious for a debate on the subject. The rules, he continued, would be announced in the course of the Parliamentary recess and would come up before the House of Commons early next session. He refused to give any inkling as to their nature.

Several newspapers assert that the Board of Trade is entirely in the hands of the shipping interests, and cannot be expected to act impartially.

ANTAGONIZED SPRECKELS.

Lost Friendship by Entering Refining Field, Says Hawaii Planter.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 31.—In the hearing to-day of the Government's suit to dissolve the sugar combination, John Buck, Hawaiian planter and sugar manufacturer, told how his entrance into the refined sugar business caused him to lose the friendship of the late Claus Spreckels, once the sugar king of the West.

"When I came to see Claus Spreckels about the business," said Mr. Buck, "he told me that I had no right to enter the refined field. I had been selling him bone black and raw for thirty years. He told me I was not doing the right thing. He never spoke to me after that interview. He told me that if I went into the business he would see to it that I lost money."

John L. Howard, President of the Union Sugar Company of Bellaravia, Cal., and the Alameda Sugar Company of Alvarado, Cal., testified that in February, 1903, the American Sugar Refining Company purchased more than 13,000 shares of the 30,000 shares of the Alameda Sugar Company, thus coming into possession of 48½ per cent. of the common stock. An agreement with Mr. Havemeyer for the sale of the output of the Alameda Company similar to the then existing agreement between Mr. Havemeyer and the Oxnard Company, was entered into by Mr. Howard and his associates. Under its terms the Alameda Company paid Mr. Havemeyer one-quarter of a cent a pound on every pound of sugar it sold. The agreement was canceled in September, 1907, when Mr. Howard's attorney advised him that it was in violation of the terms of the Cartwright law, passed by the California Legislature that year. On June 30, 1910, the stock of the Alameda Company was doubled and the Havemeyer portion consequently was reduced to 24¾ per cent. of the total.

Louis Saroni, a jobber, testified that for four years preceding 1907 he was able to buy sugar from the Western Sugar Refining Company at prevailing prices because he was not a member of the jobbers' pool, which had been organized to keep the market price ¼ of a cent above normal quotations.

PITTSBURGH TRADE GROWS.

Clearings Largest for July Since 1907—Increase in Cincinnati.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, July 31.—Exchanges passing through the Pittsburgh Clearing House for July were $247,191,958. They were $250,599,895 in January, 1906, and $250,602,941 in April, 1907.

The increased activity on the Pittsburgh Stock Exchange recently in a measure accounts for the increased clearings, but other causes are the remarkable boom in iron and steel and the advance in wages for nearly all classes of labor. Exchanges for seven months this year were $1,598,432,116.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 30.—Bank clearings for July were $116,227,300, comparing with $107,610,700 for June and $103,482,600 in July of last year.

NORTHWEST TRADE ACTIVE.

Big Demand for Harvesting Implements for Heavy Crops Expected.

Special to The New York Times.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 31.—Minneapolis railroad yards present the appearance of great activity. Flat cars carrying threshers and all sorts of harvesting implements crowd the yards. Most of the tractors are equipped with headlights for night work.

Wisconsin will figure heavily in the production of a banner grain crop in the Northwest, and the railroads are furnishing equipment as rapidly as possible. The chances of a car shortage loom large on the horizon, with the prospects of a record-breaking crop, and the farmers are getting anxious about the twine shortage.

HOBOKEN MAYOR IN PERIL.

Heavy Bar Falls on His Desk a Foot from His Head.

Mayor Martin Cooke of Hoboken, N. J., had a narrow escape from death yesterday morning while at work at his desk in the old Court House, on Washington Street. A careless workman, at work on the floor above, dropped a three-foot crowbar through an opening in the ceiling. The heavy bar landed on the desk, about a foot away from the Mayor's head, and then, striking the Mayor a glancing blow, continued on to the floor

A somewhat similar accident occurred in the Recorder's Court later on, when some plaster from the ceiling landed on the desk at which Clerk John F. Callahan was sitting. Some of the plaster struck Callahan on the head and back, but he was not injured.

ADMIT ALIBI LETTERS AGAINST MRS. GRACE

State Asserts They Were Written by Her as Part of Alleged Murder Plot.

MRS. GRACE TESTIFIES TO-DAY

She Says It Won't Take Long to Tell the Truth—Grace Not in Court, Owing to Fever.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 31.—The State played its strongest card this afternoon in the trial of Mrs. Daisy Grace on the charge of shooting her husband, when it got before the jury two "alibi" letters, which, it is alleged, Mrs. Grace wrote to herself, signed with her husband's name, addressed to herself at Newman, and mailed in Atlanta just before she left for Newnan to visit her husband's mother several hours after Grace asserts he was shot by her.

The State also got before the jury the conversation between Grace and his wife at the hospital after she had returned to Atlanta from Newnan.

George C. Bullard, city detective, was the witness who told of the meeting.

"Who spoke first?" asked Solicitor Dorsey.

"Mrs. Grace."

"What did she say?"

"She said, 'How did this happen, Gene? What have you been telling these people? They tell me you say I shot you.'"

"Did she kiss her husband?"

"No, she stood straight up beside the bed."

Judge Roan would not permit the witness to relate to the jury the subsequent conversation. He admitted her first statement because the prosecution alleged it had proved by witnesses who were with Mrs. Grace from the time she heard of the shooting until the meeting at the hospital that no one had told her she had been accused.

They say there is nothing in the evidence to connect Mrs. Grace with the letters.

Mrs. Grace was in good spirits to-day except for a few minutes, when she was attacked by Solicitor General Dorsey. The jury was out at the time.

"This woman was so mercenary," said the Solicitor, "that she put extra sheets and an oilcloth on the bed where Grace was lying wounded to prevent damage to the mattress because it was among the furnishings covered in the lease."

During the Solicitor's arraignment of the accused woman she sat at the table with her counsel and attempted to interest herself in a newspaper. She failed, however. Her hands clenched, she bit her lips, her face flushed, and she shook her head.

Mrs. Grace was all in brown to-day, even to brown stockings and brown velvet pumps. Around her throat was a gold chain, from which was suspended a large Masonic locket, a gift from Mr. Grace. On her left wrist was the Alpha Tau Omega bracelet which she wore on Monday, and on her right wrist was the diamond-studded bracelet which Mr. Grace placed on her arm when they were married. Mrs. Grace declares that the bracelet has never been removed since her husband placed it there, it having been put on her arm with a wish. "It will never be taken off by me," she said.

The defense will open to-morrow, and it is said to-night that Mrs. Grace will take the stand at once in her own behalf.

"It will not take long for the defense to present its side," said Mrs. Grace. "What our witnesses will say will be the truth. It doesn't take long for the truth to be told. I want to get through with it. I want it over. I don't believe that they could convict me if I didn't take the stand, but I am going on anyhow."

While the State attaches great importance to the "alibi" letters, alleging they show that Mrs. Grace deliberately planned to murder her husband and establish an alibi for herself, the defense asserts the evidence has not connected Mrs. Grace with them in any way. Mrs. Grace did not receive the two letters, which were inclosed in one envelope, through the mails. They were postmarked "Atlanta, 4:30 P. M.," on the day of the shooting, and they reached Newnan after she had returned to Atlanta.

They were forwarded to her, but fell into Grace's hands. The handwriting on the envelope has been identified as that of Grace by a witness. None of them was able to identify the handwriting of one of the letters, which was scribbled with a pencil. The other was typewritten.

Mr. Grace was suffering from a slight fever to-day and was too ill to be brought into court. Dr. Willis Jones testified today that he examined Grace yesterday and found he was completely paralyzed from the waist down, and that he was losing strength.

PUZZLE OF A MUSICAL EDITOR

Whose House Is Reported Sold and Has Not Been Sold.

John C. Freund, proprietor of Musical America, is trying to puzzle out a peculiar combination of circumstances attending the recently reported sale of his house, on the northeast corner of West End Avenue and Ninety-seventh Street. Not only has Mr. Freund's residence not been sold, but he never heard of Mr. Dickelman, the reputed buyer.

It may be only a natural mistake, says Mr. Freund, but then, again, it may have some connection with a suit for libel brought against his publication by a rival musical journal and now pending, over reports published in his paper of litigation against his rival, in which Nathan Burkan, a lawyer, of 165 Broadway, recovered a verdict for $5,000.

As a result of the actions instituted against the other periodical by Moritz Rosenthal, the pianist, and a large Chicago firm, officers of that journal were indicted in Chicago. Musical America's reports of these proceedings caused the suits against the latter.

Mr. Freund wonders what, if any, connection these can have with the unfounded announcement of the sale of his residence, which he has had no intention of selling.

HARRIMAN ROAD CHECKS HILL

It Lays a Track to Prevent Hill Interests Getting a Franchise.

Special to The New York Times.

PORTLAND, Ore., July 31.—What is believed to be a clever coup of the Harriman interests to block the granting to the Hill interests of a franchise in Central East Portland is now being attempted.

The Harriman interests under their present franchise are laying another track parallel to the tracks they have now in operation. The Harriman officials assert that this is merely to secure their own property along the street, but those in close touch with the situation declare it is nothing less than an effort to prevent the Hill interests from laying their tracks.

HELD FOR PLOT AGAINST FUNK

Three Indicted for Framing Up Suit Against Harvester Trust Manager.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 31.—Daniel Donahoe, a lawyer; Miss Aileen Heppner, a stenographer, and Isaac Stiefel, a private detective, were indicted to-day on the charge of conspiring against Clarence S. Funk, General Manager of the International Harvester Company. These indictments have grown out of the suit brought by John C. Henning, a checker at the Congress Hotel, for $50,000 damages against Mr. Funk for the alleged alienation of the affections of Mrs. Henning.

Henning was not indicted because his wife, who confessed to the alleged conspiracy, would not be able to testify against him. There is, however, a perjury warrant out against him. He fled from Chicago when a jury threw his suit out of court.

Stiefel is said to have been in the employ of Donahoe, the lawyer who filed the suit, and he, it is charged, arranged with Michael Deuter and two other former bellboys at the Grand Pacific Hotel to give false testimony at the trial. The boys have confessed to their share in the plot. Mrs. Henning in her statement declared that Donahoe promised her a large sum of money if she would assist in the alleged conspiracy.

SNYDER ESTATE DWINDLES.

Catsup Manufacturer Left $197,704—Held $93,628 Worthless Stock.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 31.—An inventory of the estate of the late Thomas A. Snyder, catsup manufacturer, was filed in probate court here to-day. His personal estate amounted to $97,704.50, with real estate valued at $100,000. Among his effects was found $93,628 worthless stock, and worthless debts to the amount of $5,720. Debts collectible to the amount of $22,500 also were listed.

Mr. Snyder and his wife, whom he had recently married, were killed several weeks ago in an automobile accident in Pennsylvania. Attached to the inventory is a notation saying that the wife survived him by about 10 minutes, and that he left no minor children.

CRANE STAYS IN COMMITTEE.

Senator Re-elected as a National Committeeman from Massachusetts.

BOSTON, July 31.—Senator Winthrop Murray Crane was to-day elected to succeed himself as Republican National Committeeman from Massachusetts at a meeting of the Republican State Committee.

The election of a National Committeeman generally lies with the delegation to the National Convention, but as this delegation was equally divided between Taft and Roosevelt, it failed to act. The State Committee to-day assumed the responsibility and chose Senator Crane, a strong Taft supporter.

It also fixed Oct. 5, and Tremont Temple in this city, as the time and place for the next State Convention, which will select eighteen Presidential electors and adopt a platform.

"A NATIONAL INSTITUTION"
Browning, King & Co
CLOTHING, FURNISHINGS AND HATS FOR MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN

The Event of the Season
Two-Piece Suits Added to Our Semi-Annual Sale

Our Half-yearly sale of Men's Summer Suits has been most successful. But in order to make a good showing of what are left and to make a final clean-up of all this season's goods, we have added all our Two-piece Suits at the following reductions in price:

MEN'S SUITS & TWO-PIECE SUITS
$15 to $18 values now $12.50
$20 to $22 " " $14.50
$25 to $28 " " $18.50

These are seasonable goods and all that are left of a busy summer's best selling suits.

FINAL SHIRT REDUCTIONS
All our $1.50, $2 and $2.50 French Cuff Pongee Shirts, this season's best sellers, all marked down to one final price, $1.15.

SEMI-ANNUAL NECKWEAR REDUCTIONS, 25c
Best variety ever offered in any sale of this kind.

BROWNING, KING & CO.
Broadway at 32nd Street—Cooper Square at 5th Street—
Brooklyn: Fulton at DeKalb.

Wallach's Straws
603 Broadway (at Houston St.)
Broadway, at 29th St.
647 Eighth Ave. (at 42d St.)
Third Ave., corner 122d St.
246-248 West 125th St.

$5 and $10 Panamas and Bankoks, now $2.85

At regular prices Wallach Panamas and Bankoks cannot be equalled for value. This because we have very unusual connections in Central America. That is why it is worth your while to buy one of these hats even if you hold it over for next year.

And Every $2 Straw Hat Now $1.

Double Value
Remnant Sale

$18 $30, $35, $40 piece ends made into satisfying suits at $18. Coat and trousers, $16, made to your measure. Fit and finish guaranteed. Close at 1 o'clock Saturday. $18

Arnheim
Broadway and 9th Street

TRADE E&W MARK
RED-MAN
The long pointed collar worn outside the vest found only in our Red-Man.
EARL & WILSON.
Ask for Red-Man.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
Outclosing of short lots of our Finer Low Shoes
Were $5.00 and $6.00
RUSSET & BLACK
Now $3.85
A wind up of broken lots of $3, $4 and $5 Low Shoes
at $2.49
200 pairs odd lots of $3.00 and $4.00 Shoes
at $1.50
White New Buck Oxfords, $2.95
with heavy rubber soles, regularly $5
New Buck Oxfords (leather sole) $2.85

ZIEGFELD MOULIN ROUGE
FORMERLY NEW YORK THEATRE—SHOWING
MATINEES WED. AND SAT. 2:15.
BIGGER AND BRIGHTER THAN EVER
A WINSOME WIDOW
75—WONDERFUL CHORUS—75

GLOBE B'way & 46 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. (Pop. Price) and Sat. 2:15.
THE ROSE MAID Greatest Summer Time Musical Success in Town.

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. NEXT MONDAY Seats To-day.
RICHARD CARLE HATTIE WILLIAMS THE GIRL FROM MONTMARTRE.
70 FUNMAKERS and BEAUTY CHORUS.

LYCEUM 45th St. Eve. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:30. 25c. to $1.00.
PAUL J. RAINEY'S AFRICAN HUNT

Winter Garden Evenings 8 Sharp. Mat. To-day 50c, 75c. & BEST SEATS $1.00.
Phone 9260 Col's. THE PASSING SHOW OF 1912

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:10. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:10.
BOUGHT AND PAID FOR

William Collier's COMEDY 41 St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day 2:15.
BUNTY PULLS THE STRINGS

BROADWAY Thea., Cor. 41st. Beginning Mon., Aug. 5
Lew Fields' Midsummer Production. HANKY PANKY Seats Now.

Manhattan OPERA HOUSE Stock Co. REOPENS AUG. 5
Mats. Wed., Thurs., Fri., Sat., 10c, 20c, 30c The Big Success. Wildfire

MADISON SQ. ROOFGARDEN Talk of the Town. Open-Air Dancing. 3 Ring Cabaret. All Seats 50c.

HAMMERSTEIN'S ROOF & Daily Matinee. Kinemacolor Pictures; Houdini, 12 others and THE TALKING DOG.

WEST END CORSE PAYTON STOCK CO. in Matinee Daily, 10, 20 & 30c THE WHITE SISTER

PROCTOR'S N. Y. THEATRES.
5th AVE. B'way, 28th St. Mat. 25c. Ev. 25c-$1. "THE FLYING PIANO." Walter & Georgie Lawrence, Emma O'Neill, Bedini & Arthur, Nonette, John T. Doyle & Co., Will Oakland & Co., others.
23RD ST. nr. 6th Av. 58TH ST. & 3d Av. 125TH ST. Lex. Av. SUPERIOR VAUDEVILLE. CHANGED MON. & THURSDAYS—LATEST PHOTO PLAYS CHANGED DAILY. Continuous 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Aft. 5, 10, 15c. Evs. 10 to 25c. Come Any Time.

B. F. KEITH'S UNION SQ. B'way, 14th St. 8 Texas Tommy Dancers; Linden Beckwith, Brenner & Ratliff, others. Daily Mats. 25c.

Steeplechase Fun
CONEY'S HIGH-CLASS AMUSEMENT PLACE

CONEY IS. LUNA Biggest Show on Earth

NEW—Daily Mat. 25c. BRIGHTON Brighton Beach Clarke & Hamilton, Howard & McCane, Lyons & Yosco, Avon Comedy Four, Max's Circus, Asahi Troupe, Frey Twins, others.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

LUCHOW'S
106 to 112 East 14th St. Tel. 1480—Stuyvesant.
FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT
Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.
WURZBURGER HOFBRAU
Pilsner Genossenschafts-Brau
GRAND PRIX—Brussels Exposition, 1910

NORTH BEACH
RESTAURANTS AT CITY PRICES
Boats from East 99th and 134th Sts.
Queensboro Bridge Trolley Also Direct.
Free Fireworks Tuesdays & Thursdays

A. J. PURSSELL'S LUNCH COUNTER & RESTAURANT IS NOW OPEN AT BROADWAY AND 31ST ST.

SCHOOLS.

New York—Manhattan.

HOGE Tutoring School
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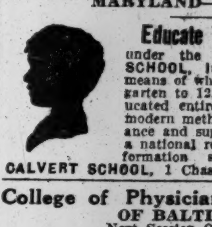

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